

Administration Report,
Mysore,
1873-74 & 1874-75



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REPORT
ON THE
ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,
FOR THE YEAR

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1873—74.



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GENERAL REPORT
ON THE
ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,
FOR 1873—74.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Sir Richard Meade, the Chief Commissioner, was absent at Baroda, on special duty, for which he was deputed by His Excellency the Viceroy from 28th October 1873 to 4th March 1874. During his absence the duties of Chief Commissioner were conducted by Mr. Gordon, the Judicial Commissioner ; Colonel Pearse, the Commissioner of Nundydroog, acting as Judicial Commissioner.

2. Among the more prominent measures and events of the year may be mentioned the initiation of the "Munsiff's scheme," by its introduction into the Nundydroog Division ; the commencement of the reorganization of the Police, throughout the Province ; the reduction of the Siledar Force with the view of restricting its strength to 1,000 sabres ; the introduction of the new Postal tariff in the local Anche Department ; the commencement and completion of several new roads especially in the ghât country ; the introduction of the Forest Dépôt system in Ashtagram and Nagar ; the modification of the still-head duty on arrack throughout the Province ; the introduction of new forms of account in the Revenue Department ; the exercise of systematic control over Municipalities ; and the introduction of a scheme of temporary remuneration for village servants. Among minor items may be mentioned the Camp of Exercise held near Bangalore in January, at which a Regiment of Mysore Siledars acquitted itself, with credit ; the improvements at the Lal Bagh carried out under Colonel Puckle's supervision, and the formation of a Keddah in the Mysore District on a plan conceived by Mr. Sanderson, in which a large number of elephants were captured. .

3. The Survey and Settlement Department continued its work in the Province during the year with fair, but not exceptionally good results. There was a small decrease in the number of acres (943,655) measured. On the other hand there was a considerable increase in the number (1,051,076) of acres classified. These variations are simply due to the character of the country in which operations were carried on. The measurers worked in the "Malnad" where holdings are small and the land generally wooded, while the classifiers were occupied in the "Maidan" country, where their work was light and easy. During the year the new settlement was introduced into a portion of the Shikarpur Taluk, and all was ready for its introduction into the Sagar and Honnali Taluks. The Chief Commissioner was, however, anxious that before these important taluks were resettled, the opinion of the District Officers on the Survey Commissioner's proposals should be obtained, for he felt that not only would the additional test of accuracy thereby obtained be in itself useful, but also that it is becoming more and more imperatively necessary for District Officers to become familiarized and interested with the details of a system, the working of which will hereafter rest with them. The result was that new settlement was not introduced into the Sagar and Honnali Taluks until the close of the year under review, but there can be no question that the disadvantages caused by this delay were more than compensated for by the additional knowledge of the principles of the survey acquired by the District Officers, as well as by the advantage of criticism to the Survey Officers. It is moreover very important for the interests of the people at large that the Survey and Revenue Departments should work in unison. This was specially illustrated during the year under review in the case of boundary marks. It had formerly been usual for the Government to erect these, and subsequently to recover the cost from the ryots through the taluk authorities: but during the year under review the influence of the Revenue Officers induced the ryots to put up the marks themselves, and thus the risk of extortionate or uneven charges was avoided.

4. The work of the Inam Settlement Department fell off during the year under review; 5,261 cases of all descriptions having been registered as against 10,476 in the preceding year. The falling off may in great measure be accounted for by the experimental introduction of a new system under which all the inams belonging to one person, or entered against him in Purnaiya's "Jari Inamti" accounts, were registered as one case

and one title-deed was granted in lieu of the previous practice of granting a separate title-deed for each "Sanuad" or grant. This system involves great delay, and it is very questionable whether this new system ought to be continued, for it undoubtedly retards work, and is besides distasteful to the inamdars, who, like most other landholders, naturally prefer a separate title-deed for each estate.

5. Much progress was effected during the year in the improvement of the Police, although matters were necessarily in a transition state. The scheme which had been proposed by Mr. Mangles, under which only about twenty policemen were allotted to each taluk, broke down utterly in the Chitaldroog District, and a new scheme was partially introduced on a more liberal scale both as regards the pay and the numbers of the Force. The Chief Commissioner obtained the sanction of the Government of India to the introduction of a special rate of gratuities and pensions under which members of the old Kandachar Force can be discharged merely for "incapacity" on a somewhat lower scale of pension or gratuity than that ordinarily allowed. This measure was absolutely necessary in order to rid the Force of the numerous incapables with whom it was encumbered, and many years of careful supervision and discipline must elapse before the Mysore Police can purge itself from the evil habits of an irregular and underpaid Force.

6. The introduction of Act X of 1872 (the new Criminal Procedure Code) was the principal feature in the administration of criminal justice during the year. The effects of this measure are differently reported on. The Act has certainly afforded much needed relief to overworked Judicial Officers, but there has been a tendency to resort too often to summary procedure, which it has been found necessary to check. There was a general diminution of crime throughout the Province during the year; the total number of offences reported having been 14,164 against 16,015. There was also a diminution in the number of heinous offences.

7. Under the head of "Civil Justice" the introduction of the "Munsiff's Scheme" into the Nundydroog Division was the event of the year. This measure is an undoubted success principally owing to the care in the selection of the Munsiffs exercised by Mr. Gordon, the Judicial Commissioner. All are educated men of a type very different from that of the old-school Mysore Amildar, and the Chief Commissioner earnestly

hopes that by assiduity and perfect integrity they will not only maintain a high tone among themselves, but also raise the tone of the native officials throughout the Province, and form the nucleus of an able and independent subordinate judicial service. The relief which the appointment of Munsiffs affords to Amildars will enable those Officers to give a larger portion of their time to their revenue and miscellaneous duties, which in Mysore under the ryotvari system are heavy to an extent which Officers accustomed to the zemindari tenure of Lower-Bengal find difficult to realize. Indeed it seems doubtful whether the separation of judicial from executive functions might not with advantage be carried on considerably further. The Commissioners of Divisions are heavily burdened by their criminal and civil work; the Commissioner of Nundydroog alone disposing of an average of 90 Sessions cases per annum. Thus hampered and tied to head-quarters these Officers are prevented from giving their active personal supervision to the Districts under their charge, and it is a question whether incomplete supervision is in this instance a benefit, for the Deputy Commissioners deprived of patronage and weakened in their authority by the near presence and the constant interference of a higher official, lose interest in their Districts, and the friction between the two classes of Officers checks progress. Besides, it is doubtful whether under a purely native administration the system of Divisions and Districts could be successfully worked, for its success depends upon forbearance and unity of purpose—qualities which it is not always easy to find in a Native State. For these reasons it seems worthy of consideration whether two Civil and Sessions Judges and possibly two Revenue Commissioners might not advantageously be substituted for the three Commissioners.

8. The Forest Department in Mysore, owing to the abundance of sandalwood which is a royalty of Government, always yields a large amount, and in the year under review the net revenue was Rs. 2,87,709. The year was distinguished by the extension of the depôt system as opposed to that of licenses and vouchers. Under the new system the forests are closed to the people who have to resort to the depôts for their timber. But this scheme has latterly been shewn to be too ambitious, and considerable modifications in it have consequently been made. If the Revenue authorities can only be induced to interest themselves in forest matters, there is no reason why the license and voucher system should be a failure, and this raises a question which engaged the Chief

Commissioner's attention during the year, *viz*, the expediency of placing Forest Assistants under the control of Commissioners. In the Madras Presidency all Forest Assistants are under the Collectors; the Conservator, or Inspector of Forests as he is termed, has no authority over the subordinates of his own Department, and his sphere of action is confined to the suggestion of measures either to the Collectors, the Board of Revenue, or the Government. This system which must be looked upon as the natural re-action from the opposite régime which prevailed before has been found a failure, but it would not be difficult to draw up a scheme for Mysore under which the aid and supervision of Commissioners could be secured without perniciously interfering with the Conservator's authority. In respect of the future of the Province this would be a step in the right direction, for there can be little doubt that under a native administration the Forest Department *as a department*, though not necessarily as a skilled agency for the growth and preservation of timber, will disappear.

9. In the Military Department the year witnessed a reduction of the number of *Sikdars* and a corresponding increase in their efficiency. It is intended to reduce the Force to 1,000 sabres, and with this object a liberal scale of pensions has been sanctioned by the Government of India, and the discharged men are besides encouraged to take up land. One regiment took part in the Camp of Exercise held near Bangalore and earned the approval of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

10. The Department of Public Works shewed more than ordinary progress during the year. Many new ghat-roads were begun. It is very important that the establishments should not be weakened, for it is to the Department Public Works that Government must look for the utilization of the surplus.

11. The abkari revenue engaged the Chief Commissioner's attention during the year to a great extent. The *Sadar* Distillery system in Mysore is not proving a success. The theory of the system is that competition among the distillers will keep down the price of the arrack. But in practice it is found that competition does not exist; the accommodation within the distillery enclosure is necessarily limited, and those distillers who are admitted, naturally combine when they find themselves within the same enclosure. The result is that the price of arrack becomes abnormally high; smuggling from Her Majesty's Territory is encouraged;

and the Government does not realize its proper share of the profits. The Chief Commissioner with a view of partially remedying this state of things raised the still-head duty on arrack to Rs. 3 in Bangalore, Rs. 2—12—0 in Mysore, and Rs. 2 elsewhere, in the belief that the increase would fall on the distillers. This was partially the case, but after the close of the year a new system was tentatively introduced into one District, which will be described in next year's report.

12. The year was on the whole not so favorable for the crops as the preceding year. During June and July there was an almost total failure of rain. In August and until October rain fell in abundance, but the late rain was also deficient.

PART II.

I. POLITICAL.

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION.

The principal change in the Civil Administration during the year under review was the formation in the Nundydroog Division of Munsiffs' Courts. To meet the necessary cost of the scheme six taluks were abolished. Since its introduction Amildars have been relieved of all jurisdiction in civil cases, and they are thereby enabled to give more attention to their revenue duties which, partly owing to the pending introduction of the new survey and settlement, are becoming increasingly heavy. The Munsiffs are entrusted with ordinary jurisdiction up to Rs. 300 and small cause jurisdiction up to Rs. 20. Appeals from their decisions lie to the Deputy Commissioners who are vested with power to transfer such appeals to Judicial Assistants. The Judicial Assistants exercise ordinary jurisdiction from Rs. 300 to Rs. 5,000. Deputy Commissioners possess original jurisdiction between Rs. 5,000, and Rs. 10,000, and Commissioners exercise original jurisdiction above Rs. 10,000 and hear appeals from the original decisions of Deputy Commissioners and Judicial Assistants. The advantages of this scheme are that it is a step towards separating judicial and executive functions, and also that it relieves all executive officers, who in Mysore are heavily burdened with work, from a large portion of their charge.

II. ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEYS AND SETTLEMENTS.

2. **REVENUE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT.**—The system of survey and settlement introduced into this Province was fully described in paras 67 to 75 of the last Annual Report, and it will therefore only be necessary to notice here the results of the Survey and Settlement operations for the past year, during which period the Department continued under the control of Colonel Anderson as Survey and Settlement Commissioner.

3. *Changes in the Department.*—The strength of the Department was added to during the year by the transfer from the Beerar Survey of

Lieutenant R. L. Price, who joined the Department on the 13th November 1872, and by the return to duty from England of Captain J. W. M. Anderson, Deputy Superintendent, on the 31st March last. Mr. W. E. A. James, Assistant Superintendent, joined the Department on the 3rd April. No Probationary Assistant Superintendents were appointed during the year; Lieutenant A. McCally, the only Officer of that grade, qualified himself for independent charge on the 11th September, and relieved Captain Ward who proceeded on furlough to England.

4. *Measurement.*—The following statement shews the results of the measurement operations for the survey year from 15th November 1872 to 31st October 1873, as contrasted with the previous year:—

YEAR.	No. of measuring establishments.	Average No. of chains to each establishment.	Measurement.						Average error per cent.	Average cost per acre.
			Fields.			Acres.				
			Surveyed.	Tested.	Percentage.	Surveyed.	Tested.	Percentage.		
1871-72	8	23	61,933	4,579	7.39	1,81,163	37,342	3.4	27.13	Rs. A. P. 2 7 5
1872-73	9½	20	55,830	4,998	8.95	943,655	49,262	5.2	24.12	3 4 3
Increase	...	...	...	419	1.56	...	11,920	1.8	...	0 6 3
Decrease	...	3	6,103	...	...	137,508	...	...	3.1	...

5. *General Results of Measurement.*—The year under report compares unfavorably with the year previous, for, with 9½ measuring establishments against 8, the out-turn has been only 55,830 fields and 943,655 acres, against 61,933 fields and 1,081,163 acres in the previous year; being a decrease of 6,103 fields and 147,508 acres, nearly equivalent to the work of a full establishment.

6. Among the direct causes of this decrease may be mentioned the falling off in the average number of chains per establishment which was only 20, against 23 of the year previous. It was necessary to form a new establishment for Lieutenant Price in January, another for Mr. James in April, and to take some 8 measurers at the same time, for the Inam measuring establishment under Captain F. W. Major. It was absolutely necessary to make these arrangements, and although, for the time being, the resulting diminution of the strength of the establishments

shews unfavorably, the formation of the nucleus of new establishments will bear fruit in after years.

7. The true reason for the comparatively deficient out-turn will however be found in the *locality* in which the work was carried on. A large proportion of the land has been measured in the Malnad, and in taluks abounding with small villages and small holdings and containing but little unarable land, which little is of a wooded character.

8. The distribution of days is shewn in the following statement for the whole measuring branch :—

			1871-72.	1872-73.
Days lost on account of	boundary disputes	...	5.48	6.34
Do	Do	Sickness	5.39	6.32
Do	Do	Non co-operation	2.32	2.77
Do	Do	Rain	0.93	0.24
Do	Do	Travelling	7.31	6.94
Do	Do	In-door work	1.24	2.17
Do	Do	Holidays, Leave, &c.,	3.62	2.30
			26.29	27.58
Actual measuring or boundary mark inspection		...	73.71	72.42
			100	100

9. A somewhat less percentage of the whole number of working days was devoted to actual work in 1872-73 than in 1871-72, but the difference is more than accounted for by the loss under sickness and boundary disputes, whilst a slight gain appears under the head of travelling.

10. *Measurement Test.*—So far as accuracy is concerned there is little left to be desired, the mean average difference between test and original work being only $\frac{2.4}{40}$ ths of an acre, against $\frac{2.7}{40}$ ths in the year previous, whilst there have been very few large errors. The original work to which the test was applied represents 8.5 per cent of fields, 5.2 per cent of the whole area, arable and unarable, and 12.1 per cent of the arable area only, whilst in the year previous these figures stood at 7.3, 3.4 and 7.6 respectively.

11. *Boundary Disputes.*—The following statement shews the area of boundary disputes and length of boundary settled personally by the Officers in charge of Measuring Establishments :—

Year.			No. of disputes.	Area conserved.	Length of boundary in miles.
1871—72 ...	...	...	114	14,813	112
1872—73 ...	...	...	83	8,571	116
Increase.....			...	...	4
Decrease.....			31	6,242	...

12. On the whole the work connected with boundary disputes has been less harassing than in the year previous, although many disputes which do not appear in the above statement and which were settled by mutual agreement entailed a great deal of correspondence and trouble. The small size and large number of villages in Mysore naturally add to the number of boundary disputes.

13. *Monsoon Office Work of measurement.*—The boundary mark accounts of only 46 villages remained to be finished at the close of the season, against 77 in the year previous. The mapping work progressed satisfactorily, the rough original maps remaining to be completed for only 13, and the fair maps for 28 villages. Of the latter 12 maps were of inam villages, regarding which there was no great urgency. All arrears of the year previous were wiped off, and the monsoon work generally may fairly be said to have been completed in a satisfactory manner.

14. *Classification.*—There were 3 classing establishments against 2½ establishments in the year previous. The progress made in this branch is shewn in the following statement. The work of the classers attached to the Inam measuring establishment appears in the statement. It is discarded for the purpose of estimating the average number of classers and percentage of test on original work, but not the cost.

Year.	No. of Establishments	Average No. of Classers in each Establishment.	Classification.						Average error per Acre.			Average cost per Acre.
			Fields.			Acres.						
			Classed.	Tested.	Percentage.	Classed.	Tested.	Percentage.	Rs.	A.	P.	
1871—72	2½	10	48,910	4,857	9.4	6,58,005	2,455	3.57	0	0	6	0 1 2.6
1872—73	3	10	56,784	5,296	9.3	10,51,076	37,713	3.58	0	0	5	0 0 11.5
Increase.....	½	...	7,874	459	0.1	3,93,070	13,158	.01	0	...	...	...
Decrease.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	0	1	0 0 3.1

15. *General Results of Classification.*—There is an increase as compared with the year previous of 7,874 fields and 393,071 acres, although there were only 3 establishments against 2½. The increase is in every way large from whatever point it may be viewed. The country classed was undoubtedly easier than the scene of operations the year before, when the Sagar Taluk was classed, which, as stated in the last year's report, is one of those taluks which presents most difficulties.

16. In classing, as in measuring, great fluctuation in the amount of work turned out must be expected from year to year as the scene of operations varies.

17. In the year now under report the arable area classed has been 470,169 acres, against 314,051 in the year before, a result, the importance of which it is needless to describe.

18. The following statement shews distribution of days for the whole classification branch :—

			1871—72.	1872—73.
Days lost in testing doubtful measurement	...	...	3.10	3.05
Do Sickness	...	..	3.13	5.82
Do Non-co-operation	...	...	0.73	1.67
Do Rain	...	...	0.34	1.72
Do Travelling	...	...	10.65	12.16
Do In-door work	...	...	2.38	3.36
Do Holidays, leave, &c.	...	...	2.61	4.43
			22.94	32.21
Ordinary classification and boundary mark inspection			77.06	67.79
			100	100

19. *Classification Test.*—The amount of test applied to original work has been ample. The criterion of the amount of test applied is the percentage it bears to the original work as comprised in fields and arable area. The unarable area is gone over by the classers, but is not classed.

20. The mean average difference between test and original classification was only 5 pies, against 6 pies in the year previous, which shews that the younger classers are becoming much more steady and their work more reliable. The accuracy attained contrasts favorably with the previous year.

21. *Measurement of Inam Villages.*—In the month of April a new establishment composed at first of about 6 measurers and 2 classers under Captain F. W. Major was formed for the measurement of inam villages. The work performed by this establishment appears in the subjoined statement :—

						Villages.	Filed.	Acres.
Measured	...	...	...	...	...	29	1,948	27,217
Classed	...	...	...	...	...	11	719	8,164

22. The above villages are scattered over the whole Province, and therefore the supervision of more than 8 measurers and 3 or 4 classers was beyond the power of the Officer in charge. The duties of the newly formed establishment were very efficiently carried out by Captain Major and as a beginning the work got through is as much as can be expected. The inamdars on the whole gave their assistance to operations very freely.

23. *Preparation and Distribution of Village Maps.*—There were only 145 villages the maps of which at the close of the year had to be copied and distributed to the local Officers. This branch of the work has never been in such an advanced state as in the year under report, but the interruption to settlement operations, alluded to in the next para, is the real cause of the apparently small arrears of work. Had Sagar and Honnali been settled as was originally intended, the mapping branch would have shewn very different figures and the arrears been quite as heavy as in former years.

SETTLEMENTS.

24. During the year the settlement was introduced into three Magnis of the Shikarpur Taluk, the remainder of the taluk having been settled in the previous year ; and all was ready for the introduction of the settlement in the Sagar and Honnali Taluks of the Shimoga District, but a discussion regarding the rates of assessment proposed by the Survey Commissioner involved the postponement of the settlement of these taluks.

25. *Cost of Operations.*—The total cost of all operations has been Rs. 2,65,322—1—5, against Rs. 2,28,108—12—4 of the year previous, shewing an increase of Rs. 37,213—5—1 as per details shewn in the subjoined statement :—

SETTLEMENTS.

7

YEARS.	Pay of Survey Commissioner.		Pay of Superintendent and Assistant Superintendents inclusive of supernumeraries.		Pay of Establishment.		Contingent Charge for stationery, instruments, dead Stock, &c.		Construction of field boundary Works.		Total Expenditure.	
	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.	Rupees.	Per cent.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1871—72 ...	14,966 10	0 6 9 0	98,262 7 4 43	1 3 85,049 7 0 36 6	20,731 1 0 9 11 5	11,099 3 0 4 13 10	2,38,108 11 4	100				
1872—73 ...	14,968 10	0 5 10	31,30,071 9 7 49 0	4 90,261 4 3 34 0 5	1,185 12 5 7 15 9	8,836 13 2 8 5 3	2,35,322 1 5	100				
Decrease, 1872—73...	...	0 14 9	...	...	...	2 6 1	...	1 1 8	2,262 5 10 1 8 7	...	...	...
Increase, 1872—73...	...	...	31,809 2 8	5 15 1	7,211 13 3	...	454 11 5	...	...	...	37,218 5 1	...

26. The above increase is almost entirely under the head of "Pay of Officers." As already explained it was necessary to form no less than three new measuring establishments during the year, a step which as a matter of course had the effect of, for a time, diminishing the average strength of measuring establishments and of creating great temporary disproportion between them and their supervision. This disproportion will of course disappear as the various establishments attain their full strength. The cost of the inam measuring establishment, Rs. 9,141, has moreover been included. In all other points of expenditure the year under report contrasts most favorably with the year previous, considering the number of establishments.

	Cost per Acre.			Rs.	As.	P.
Measurement.	{ 1871—72	...	...	0	2	7·5
	{ 1872—73	...	...	0	3	4·3
Classification.	{ 1871—72	...	...	0	1	2·6
	{ 1872—73	...	...	0	0	11·5
Total for both	1871—72	...	...	0	3	10·1
Operations	1872—73	...	...	0	4	3·8

27. The cost per acre for all operations has thus been increased by 5·7 pies, the chief causes of the increase being (1) the extra and unusual expense of the establishment employed upon inam villages; (2) the temporary disproportion between establishments and supervision; and (3) the great natural difficulty of the country measured. The out-turn by the classing branch has fortunately been exceptionally large, otherwise the cost per acre for all operations would have been greatly increased. Some of the best measurers have been employed during the year under report on work which gives no return in acres, such as the fixing in of roads, streams, village junctions, &c., with a view to improving the taluk maps. This work has been carried out at the expense of the show of acres, but its importance is so great as to make the loss of a few acres measured a matter for little regret.

28. Of the 75 taluks comprised in the Province, exclusive of Yelandur Jahagir, Survey operations have as yet been extended to 36. The progress made in the survey and assessment of the several taluks from the commencement of operations in 1863—64, up to the close of the survey year ending 31st October 1873, is shewn below:—

SETTLEMENTS.

9

Taluks of which the measurement and classification have been completed and the new rates of assessment have been introduced.	Taluks of which the measurement and classification has been completed but the Survey rates of assessment have not as yet been introduced.	Taluks of which the measurement has been completed and the classification is still in progress.	Taluks of which the measurement is still in progress.
1. Harihar 2. Davangere 3. Kankuppa 4. Chitaldroog 5. Hosdurga 6. Hiriya 7. Budhal 8. Pavagada 9. Doderi 10. Mokalmuru 11. Sorab 12. Channagiri 13. Shikarpur 14. Sira 15. Tumkur	1. Hoynali 2. Sagar 3. Shimoga 4. Anantapur 5. Koratagere	1. Bangalore 2. Gudibanda 3. Nelamangala 4. Honnavalli	1. Kavaledurga 2. Nagar 3. Chiknayakanhall 4. Magadi 5. Belur 6. Harnahalli 7. Kadur 8. Tarikere 9. Lakvalli 10. Koppa 11. Banavara 12. Maddagiri

29. The following table exhibits at a glance the actual area measured and classed, the cost per acre and the total cost of the Survey operations in each year from the commencement of the Department in 1863—64 up to the close of the survey year ending 31st October 1873:—

Years.	Total area arable and unarable.				Cost of both operations per acre.	Total Cost of Survey.
	Measured.*		Classed.			
	Acres.	Cost per acre.	Acres.	Cost per acre.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1863—64 ...	291,595	0 2 3-75	200,176	0 0 11-00	0 8 2-75	53,675 0 0
1864—65 ...	507,288	0 1 11-00	248,244	0 0 10-50	0 2 9-50	74,810 0 0
1865—66 ...	817,304	0 1 8-25	454,620	0 0 7-75	0 2 4-00	1,04,873 0 0
1866—67 ...	743,041	0 2 0-50	478,996	0 0 8-25	0 0 8-75	1,14,764 0 0
1867—68 ...	789,780	0 2 0-74	689,521	0 0 9-16	0 2 9-30	1,33,733 0 0
1868—69 ...	995,428	0 2 3-55	680,645	0 0 11-06	0 3 2-61	1,82,078 11 3
1870—71 ...	1,015,756	0 2 6-94	526,567	0 1 2-70	0 3 9-67	2,04,069 0 5
1871—72 ...	972,819	0 2 10-74	998,142	0 0 7-77	0 3 6-51	2,47,503 11 8
1872—73 ...	1,081,163	0 2 7-59	658,005	0 1 2-64	0 3 10-23	2,28,108 12 4
1873—74 ...	943,655	0 3 4-35	1,057,076	0 0 11-52	0 4 3-87	2,65,322 1 5
Total.....						

30. In addition to the figures given above 410,840 acres were measured and 344,750 acres were classed during the five months from 1st November 1873 to 31st March last. This work will appear in the

B

report of the Survey operations for the Survey year ending 31st October 1874.

31. It will not be out of place to state here that the villagers are now erecting their own boundary marks more generally than has ever before been the case. They erect all the marks themselves as a community, and no boundary mark accounts are required. Thus the ill-feeling which often arises when the agency of Government is employed in the erection of boundary marks is avoided, and the recovery of the boundary mark money by the taluk authorities, which is a fertile source of complaint, is escaped.

32. Considerable attention has been paid during the past year to seeing that the village accounts, the basis of all good financial administration, were properly kept, and much has been done to effect an improvement in the mode of preparing and keeping village accounts.

33. A temporary scale of remuneration for village officers has been in the past year completely introduced into all settled taluks, pending the introduction of the final scale of remuneration, which has been recently sanctioned by the Government of India.

INAM SETTLEMENT.

34. The theory of the Inam Settlement, its rules, and the nature of the constitution of the Commission were fully explained in paras 82 to 85 of the previous year's report. It is therefore sufficient here to review the operations of the year ending with the 31st March 1874.

35. During that period Colonel Anderson was in charge of the Inam Department as its Commissioner and Colonel Puckle continued to officiate as Inam Superintendent. The only important change in the *personnel* of the Department was the transfer of Mr. Assistant Soob Rao on probation for one year to the 6th Grade in the General Department, ordered by the Chief Commissioner with the approval of the Government of India on the 15th May 1874, for the benefit of the public service, Mr. Soob Rao's place in the Inam Department being supplied by Mr. T. Kitto, an Assistant Commissioner in the General Department.

36. No new taluks were taken up by the Inam Assistants during the year, their operations having been confined to the marginally noted taluks which were taken up in the previous year, and to the settlement of certain stray cases in the taluks already settled, for which absent inamdars turned up and presented statements.

Devanhalli.
Hoskote.
Mulbagal.

37. The number of cases of all description registered in the year was 5,261, as against 10,476 of the previous year. There was thus the large falling off of 5,215 cases, which is ascribed to the same causes as operated in 1872—73; added to which the Assistants had, during the greater part of the year, to go over the same ground in the re-arrangement of the previously recorded inams, according to the recently introduced grantvar system, which consists in the registration as one case of each group of inams entered against one person in the standard inamti accounts, in supersession of the previous practice of clubbing into one case only such of the inams as came into existence under one sannad or grant, and confirming them under distinct title-deeds. The grantvar system however has been only tentatively introduced for one year, at the end of which a report has been called for as to its working, and it is very doubtful whether the system will be continued in force any longer; for it undoubtedly retards work and is distasteful to the inamdars. There were at the close of the preceding official year 3,448 cases pending in the Central Office, as against 7,107 remaining at the close of the year previous.

38. During the year under review the Assistants transmitted 5,371 cases or 4,948 less than in the preceding year, making a total of 3,819, as against 17,426 in 1872—73. Of these 7,936 cases were disposed of as against 13,978 in 1872—73, leaving a balance of 883 cases on the 31st March 1874, or 2,565 less than the balance remaining at the close of the preceding official year.

39. In the statement given in the margin are shewn the results of

How disposed of—	No. of Cases.	Area.						Assessment.		Former Jodi.		Quit-rent.		Combined Quit-rent.															
		Dry.		Wet.		Garden.										Total.													
		K.	K. P.	K.	K. P.	K.	K. P.									D.	K.	K.	K. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.						
Confirmed	3,022	2,253	15	6½	3,524	6	9	13	5	43½	966	5,791	7	4½	40,873	15	7	17,213	1	8	4,240	7	4	21,453	9	0			
Malnad cash payments	102	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	553	8	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Resumed	757	45	5	7½	537	19	14	7	14	7½	956	590	19	0	3,542	3	3	383	11	8	3,156	7	7	..	..	..			
Struck off	633	46	4	13½	745	6	13	0	4	14½	7032	791	14	9	5,365	2	7	363	8	2	5,021	10	5	5,385	2	7			
Village Service Inams	3,422	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7,032	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Total	7,936	2,345	5	11	4,807	12	7½	21	¾	10½	18,566	7,174	2	13½	50,354	13	5	17,962	5	6	12,418	9	4	26,838	11	7			
Combined Quit-Rent for 1872—73	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32,986	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	74,395	12	10		
																										Decrease.....	47,557	1	3

the operations of the Inam Department during the year under report, and they are contrasted in their financial aspect with those obtained in the previous year. The quit-rent charged on inams confirmed in the year amounted to Rs. 4,240—7—4, as against Rs. 11,874—7—10 of the year before, resulting in a decrease of Rs. 7,634—0—6 which is attributable partly to the *ad-interim* quit-rent on whole inam villages being computed on the old assessment and partly to the comparatively smaller number of inams disposed of as above shewn.

40. The total quit-rent due for 1873—74 was shewn by the Inam Superintendent at Rs. 40,825, but the amount realized as per Treasury accounts during the revenue year from July 1873 to June 1874 was Rs. 19,389 only. It is possible that some of the Districts may have mixed up quit-rent with other sub-heads of land revenue, but the discrepancy being

sufficiently large to call for special enquiry, a circular order No. 6647,—Revenue 43, dated 10th December 1874, has been addressed to the several Deputy Commissioners concerned, as well as to the Inam Superintendent, calling upon them to render such explanation as they can afford regarding the difference in question.

41. Eight hundred and twelve religious and charitable inams assessed at Rs. 8,234—12—0 were confirmed, as against 2,771 and rupees 52,570—3—11 respectively of the previous year. Of those 438 were confirmed on rent-free tenure, 168 on the existing jodi, and 206 were charged with a quit-rent of $\frac{1}{8}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the assessment under the rules to cover defect of title or validity.

42. Of personal and miscellaneous inams 1,439 bearing an assessment of Rs. 29,021—9—10 were settled, as against 4,707 and rupees 93,687—6—6 respectively in the previous year. Of those 953 were charged with $\frac{1}{8}$ th, 3 with $\frac{1}{4}$ th, and the remaining 483 with $\frac{1}{2}$ quit-rent. In the year under report it will be observed with satisfaction that the holders of inam villages having the option of refusal agreed to enfranchise their holdings by assenting to the *ad-interim* quit-rent, there being but one minor inamdar who declined enfranchisement, owing perhaps to the insignificant value of his inam which is assessed at not more than 8 annas.

43. Four hundred and ninety-six kodigi cases were registered during the year under report, as against 33 in 1872—73. They were brought on the registers, but title-deeds were not issued, as at the time final orders had not been received on the general question of kodigi tanks. Of these cases 5 had no land attached to the grant, the inam consisting merely of a certain share in the out-turn of the crop from the land cultivated under the irrigation works concerned.

44. During the current year 147 kodigi inams assessed at rupees 2,417—0—6 were resumed, as against 218 inams in 1872—73.

45. The Government of India having on the Chief Commissioner's recommendation sanctioned the abolition of the kodigi system, as being unsuited to the present state of the irrigation question, orders have been issued to resume no more kodigi inams for default of the performance of the condition of service attached to them. It is however under the Chief Commissioner's contemplation again to move

the Government of India to reconsider that part of their order which directs the confirmation of the inams in question without any recompense to the State, with a view to their holders being made to contribute an equivalent in money for the privilege of being divested of the obligation of service which they were bound to render at their own cost in the construction and up-keep of works to which their inams have been attached.

46. Of kodigi inams situated in inam villages and attached to kodigi tanks belonging to the inamdars of whole villages, 19 were confirmed on the existing tenure. There was but one case of a bavadi

Secy.'s No. 2172—442, dated 23rd July 1872,
and No. 782—43 of 12th May 1873.

dasavandam or inam granted for the up-keep of wells dug by private individuals for the irrigation of Government lands, as against 575 cases settled in the year previous, and that one case was confirmed on the existing tenure under the marginally noted orders of the Chief Commissioner.

47. The village service inams alluded to in the statement given in the margin of para 39 above, were

A. 1. Shanbhog. 2. Patel. 3. Talari.
4. Nirganti. 5. Toti.

granted for service rendered to the Government. During the year under report 3,422 inams of this description (A) were registered and reserved for final disposal by the Survey Department, as against 3,104 of the previous year.

48. There is another class of service inams (B) not included in the statement referred to, which consist of those granted in return for

B. 1. Carpenter. 2. Blacksmith. 3. Goldsmith
and Shroff. 4. Barber. 5. Washerman.
6. Potter.

service rendered by artizans to the village communities, and of this class 360 inams were confirmed free, 277 on the existing jodi, and 112 on the full rates of quit-rent properly imposable, making a total of 749 cases, as against 448 of the preceding year.

49. One hundred and fifty whole inam villages, viz., 9 devadaya, 141 personal, were confirmed during the year under report, as against 129 in 1872—73. Under the orders in force the Inam Department have only imposed an *ad-interim* quit-rent on those holdings, the proper and final quit-rent being fixed by the Survey and Settlement Department when they come under the operations of the latter.

50. Two hundred and sixty-eight inams were placed for default of inamdars' attendance under attachment in accordance with Rule XIII.

No. of Inams attached in 1873—74.	Area.	Assessment.	Jodi.	No. of Inams attached in 1872—73.	Assessment.
268	K. 130 K. 6 P. 7	3,523 4 11	2,136 6 6	158	985 11 6

51. The above shews an apparent increase of 110 cases in the year under review ; but it must be explained that 139 of the inams under attachment were released on the attendance of the inamdars, so that only 129 remained under sequestration on the 31st March 1874.

52. The following statement affords a comparative view of the resumption of inam lands made on account of the variety of causes described in para 131 of last year's report, and calls for no special remarks.

	No. of Cases.	Dry.	Wet.	Garden.	Total Area.	Assessment.	Former Jodi.	Net Amount.
		K. K. P.	K. K. P.	K. K. P. D.	K. K. P. D.			
1873—74	557	45 5 7½	537 19 1½	7 14 7½	590 19 0½	3,542 3 3	385 11 8	3,156 7 7
1872—73	1,656	979 49 Acres.	1,370 57 Acres.	109 87 Acres.	2,459 93 Acres.	9,244 14 1	1,714 7 4	7,530 6 9
Increase	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Decrease	1,099	...	...	...	...	5,702 10 10	1,328 11 8	4,373 15 2

53. Six hundred and thirty-three inams bearing an assessment of Rs. 5,385—2—7 and subject to a jodi of Rs. 363—8—2 were struck off the accounts, as against 286 assessed at Rs. 5,076—15—1 and charged with a jodi of Rs. 662—6—11 of the previous year.

54. These nominal inams consisted (a) of lands which though registered as inam contained no net jari after the deduction for "Nashita" was made, (b) of non-existent inams, and (c) of lands fraudulently claimed as inam though paying full assessment at the time. These results are, it is true, merely nominal, and will not bring in any additional revenue to the State exchequer, but they are not the less useful for that reason, inasmuch as they tend to simplify accounts by divesting them of all unreal entries and making them represent the actually existing state of things more correctly than has hitherto been the case.

55. The total income from all sources amounted to Rs. 9,624—14-3, and the total expenditure was Rs. 66,495—9—0, as against 72,391—1—7 of the year before. Of the amount of receipts, Rs. 2,027—8—10 were from miscellaneous sources, such as savings from pay, fines, stamp duty and the like, but the balance of Rs. 7,597—5—5 or 11·42 per cent of the year's outlay represents a clear permanent addition to the annual revenue of the Province in the shape of quit-rent and the value of resumptions. The Inam Commissioner has not stated however what proportion of the said addition is the result of the resumption of waste lands, which will not of course bring in any immediate increase of revenue to the Government.

56. The results of the operations of the Department from the institution of the Commission to the 31st March 1874 can be conveniently seen in the subjoined table, which, excluding all miscellaneous items, exhibits, at the close of 1873-74, a permanent annual addition to the revenue, from the imposition of quit-rent on inams confirmed, and the net value of those resumed, of Rs. 63,451 at a cost of Rs. 5,54,185, which, omitting fractions, represents the total outlay incurred by the State on account of the Department from 1868 to the close of the past official year.

YEAR.					Total Annual Addition.	Total.
1868—69 ...	...	...	...	...	4,915	4,915
Addition in 1869—70	...	...	...	...	4,974	
Total for Do	...	...	...	...	9,889	9,889
Addition in 1870—71	...	...	...	...	9,885	
Total for Do	...	...	...	...	19,774	19,774
Addition in 1871—72	...	...	...	...	16,642	
Total for Do	...	...	...	...	36,416	36,416
Addition in 1872—73	...	...	...	...	19,438	
Total for Do	...	...	...	...	55,854	55,854
Addition in 1873—74	...	...	...	...	7,597	
Total for Do	...	...	...	...	63,451	63,451
Total recouped to 31st March 1874...					...	1,90,299

WASTE LANDS.

57. The total unoccupied culturable waste land at the disposal of Government in the year under report may be reckoned at 2,918,600 acres, as per subjoined particulars :—

	Acres.
Balance available at the close of the year 1872—73 ...	2,846,194
Resigned during the year 1873—74, being chiefly Batayi wet land ...	72,406
	<u>Total 2,918,600</u>

58. Of this extent, 43,108 acres were taken up for purposes noted in the * margin during the year 1873—74,	
	Acres.
*Granted on usual applica- tion ...	42,894
Sold to the highest bidder on competition ...	140
Granted or sold for build- ing purposes ...	24
	<u>Total 43,108</u>
	leaving a balance of 2,875,492 acres, in which are included 285,590 acres of pasture reserves called Amrut Mahal Kavals in the possession of the Madras Government, and the Palace of His Highness the Maharaja.

59. No rules under which waste lands can be sold in fee-simple are in force in this Province.

60. The rules regulating the grant of waste lands for coffee and cardamom cultivation in Mysore are given in pages 27 to 29 of the Report for 1872—73.

61. The unculturable waste lands in the Province comprise an area of 14,090 square miles, or 14,090,314 acres.

GOVERNMENT ESTATES.—WARDS' ESTATES.

62. There are no estates falling under this head, except those mentioned in para 143 of the last Annual Report.

III. PROTECTION.

POLICE.

63. The principal feature of the year was the progress made in the reorganization of the Police in seven out of the eight Districts, and the subject will accordingly be briefly noticed.

64. In the Administration Report for Mysore last published, it was stated that, in consequence of a long felt necessity for an improved organization of the Police system in Mysore, certain principles had been laid down as the basis for a comprehensive scheme for the whole Province, and that rules drawn up in accordance with those principles had been sanctioned by the Government of India at the close of the then past year.

65. One of the principal features of this scheme was the recognition of the Village Police, and its utilization after being restored to a condition of reasonable vigor and efficiency as the basis for the future Police system of the Province. The first step therefore to be taken towards the adoption of the scheme in its integrity was the resettlement of the Village Police, and this was regarded as dependent on the progress of the Revenue Survey. It was accordingly observed in the last report that, the greater portion of the Chitaldroog District being surveyed and settled, the new measure was being introduced into it in its integrity, the restoration of the Village Police being provided for by the Survey Department.

66. The scale both as regards strength and pay according to this scheme was based upon two important conditions, *viz.*, that every officer and man of the Force is thoroughly efficient in all respects, and that the Village Police is rendered fairly efficient, and performs the duties assigned to it under the scheme. Subject to these conditions the numerical strength of the Force was placed on the lowest possible scale.

67. The scheme was introduced in its integrity into the Chitaldroog District some time before the close of the year. But it at once became apparent that the above necessary conditions were as yet defective in that District. The men available for employment in the new constabu-

lary were necessarily taken from those belonging to the old Kandachar Force, and could not for some time to come be regarded as efficient for the new duties required of them. Similarly, the Village Patels were wholly illiterate and incapable of performing in a trustworthy manner the duties prescribed for them under the new system. From all these causes the introduction of the scheme in this District was beset with difficulties, and it was found necessary to adopt an *ad-interim* measure at a slightly enhanced cost, which provided for a greater strength of men than that contemplated in the sanctioned scheme, while the rates of pay were reduced below the scale adopted in it. This *ad-interim* or provisional measure was sanctioned since the close of the year under report.

68. *Revision of Police in other Districts.*—With regard to the other Districts of the Province, the progress of the Survey and Settlement is as yet only partially advanced, and the satisfactory adjustment of the remuneration of the village officials cannot therefore be finally dealt with for some time to come. The same difficulties that have been experienced in introducing the scheme into Chitaldroog, exist to a greater or less degree in all the other Districts, and it is proposed, pending the replacement of the Village Police on a footing which will admit of their performing in a fair degree the duties expected of them under the scheme, to revise provisionally the present Kandachar Force in each District (1) by reducing its strength to about the standard of the Bangalore District Police, all officers and men unfitted for police duties being removed from the Force, (2) by raising to moderate rates the pay of the officers and men, (3) by providing for the due instruction of all classes of the Force in police duties, and requiring the officers to pass an examination in those subjects which they should know, and (4) by regulating the duties and responsibilities of and the respective relations of the Police and the Magistracy in accordance with the rules sanctioned by the Government of India.

69. It is hoped that this measure, which is being gradually carried out in these Districts, will be productive of satisfactory results, and will pave the way for the eventual effectual introduction of the sanctioned scheme in its integrity. During the year under review reductions with the above object were effected in the Mysore and Hassan Police, by the removal of unqualified and unserviceable men whose vacancies as well as those created by casualties remained unfilled; arrangements were made

for imparting instruction in their duties to the Police in Mysore, Hassan, Kadur and Tûmkûr; and in the last mentioned District also the Force was materially reduced and some progress was made in placing it upon a more efficient footing.

70. *Results—Strength and Cost and Variations therein.*—The strength of the organized Police in all the Districts was 5,472 at the close of the year, against 6,440 at the commencement, shewing a reduction of 968 men. The cost of the Force was Rs. 4,70,491, as against Rs. 5,05,652 in 1872. Of this sum, Rs. 4,08,888 or 87 per cent were borne by Government, and the remainder or 13 per cent was met from Local or Municipal Funds. Subjoined is a statement shewing the variations in strength and cost in each District:—

Statement A.

District.	Strength.			Cost.		
	1872.	1873.	Difference.	1872.	1873.	Difference.
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Bangalore	996	1,017	+ 21	1,35,353	1,36,679	+ 827
2. Kolar	915	875	—40	58,378	54,744	—4,134
3. Tûmkûr	751	611	—140	42,042	43,421	+ 1,379
4. Mysore	1,323	1,070	—253	88,240	78,145	—10,095
5. Hassan	693	541	—152	47,321	36,856	—10,465
6. Shimoga	722	659	—63	52,693	46,092	—6,601
7. Kadur	430	491	+ 61	36,465	29,914	—6,551
8. Chitaldroog	610	208	—402	44,160	44,640	+ 480
Total.....	6,440	5,472	968	5,05,652	4,70,491	35,161

71. In Chitaldroog there was a large decrease in the numerical strength without a corresponding decrease in the cost. This was because, as already explained, the sanctioned scheme was introduced in its integrity. In Mysore and Hassan the decrease in strength as well as cost is due to the discharge of men found unfit and their vacancies remaining unfilled in order to facilitate a revision of the establishment. In Tûmkûr where a reduction in strength and an increase in cost are shewn, the District Magistrate remarks that a “great deal was done during the year to render the Police more efficient.” In Kolar, Shimoga and Kadur it is remarked that the Police continue to be employed on revenue and miscellaneous duties not strictly pertaining to the Police, and that the Police Budget is thus charged with the cost of work of other departments—a condition of things which the new organization will remedy.

72. The strength of the Cantonment Police of Bangalore is stated to have been the same during the past ten years, during which the Cantonment has much increased in area and population, while its duties have otherwise been much enhanced by the introduction of the Contagious Diseases and other Acts. Further the pay of the Inspectors has been found too low to attract and to retain competent men. A revision of the Force on these points was considered to be imperatively called for, and since the close of the year under review measures with this object have been provisionally adopted, pending the orders of the Government of India. The charge of both the Town and District Police of Bangalore, which had devolved upon the Assistant Superintendent of Police, was found too heavy for a single officer to administer, and that of the latter was accordingly transferred to the Deputy Commissioner of the District at the close of the year.

73. The necessity for affording the District Officers some relief from the minor executive details of the Police of their Districts having been strongly urged by the Judicial Commissioner, one of the General Assistants in each District has during the current year been placed in special charge of its Police, under the Deputy Commissioner's orders and control. This measure, which was no doubt urgently called for, will, it is hoped, greatly facilitate the reorganization now in progress.

Bangalore District.

74. *Cognizable Cases.*—Exclusive of 598 cases which after investigation were struck off as false in 1873 against 421 in 1872, there were 1,716 cases of offences cognizable by the Police. Of these 1,291 cases or 75·2 per cent were brought to trial, and 425 or 24·8 per cent escaped detection. The cases were distributed as follows over the different classes of crime :—

	True Cases.	Cases convicted.
I. Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice	7	4
II. Serious offences against the person	82	41
III. Do Do against property or against person and property	166	56
IV. Minor offences against the person	9	4
V. Do Do against property	545	315
VI. Other offences including public and local nuisance cases	907	871
Total.....	1,716	1,291

75. *Persons involved in cognizable cases.*—The number of persons arrested was 2,254, of whom 203 were released without trial,

81 were discharged or acquitted after trial, 1,882 or 83·5 per cent of those arrested were convicted, 9 escaped, died or were transferred before trial, and 79 remained pending final disposal at the close of the year.

76. *Property stolen and portion thereof recovered.*—Property to the value of 18,934 Rs. was represented to have been stolen in 492 cases, of which 4,577 Rs. worth was recovered in 252 cases.

77. *Heinous Offences.*—Subjoined are particulars connected with a few of the more heinous offences:—

OFFENCES,	True Cases.		Persons.		
	No. reported.	No. convicted.	Arrested.	Put on Trial.	Convicted
Murder	10	6	23	13	10
Attempt to murder	3	2	2	2	2
Culpable homicide	5	4	15	10	9
Grievous hurt	5	1	8	4	4
Rape	2	0	0	0	0
Dacoity	2	1	7	6	6
Robbery	13	4	32	7	7
Theft, ordinary	428	248	404	341	326
Theft (cattle)	34	25	54	43	41
Burglary	135	43	94	71	70

78. *Non-cognizable Cases.*—Of non-cognizable offences, there were 202 cases in which the police were employed. They arrested or summoned 233 persons as involved in them, but only 177 of these were convicted.

79. *Conduct of the Police.—Rewards and Punishments.*—Sixty five officers and 240 men were either judicially or departmentally punished; of these the cases of 9 officers and 109 men were those of forfeiture of pay for absence without leave. On the other hand, 60 members of the Force were rewarded by promotion and one by award of money.

80. *Instruction.*—Forty-three per cent of the officers and 17 per cent of the men could read and write, and 17 per cent of the officers and 5 per cent of the men were under instruction during the year.

Other Districts.

81. Statistical Returns A to G were kept for the first time in the Districts other than Bangalore in 1873. The returns are yet but imperfectly understood, and this tends to make the figures doubtful,

82. *Cognizable Cases.*—Exclusive of false cases which were struck off the file, the number of reported cases cognizable by the police aggregated 3,699. Of these, convictions were obtained in 1,691 cases, or in 45·7 per cent of the total number. The remaining 2,098 escaped detection. The cases were distributed as follows over the several classes of offences :—

	True Cases.	Cases convicted.
I. Offences against the State, public justice, safety and tranquillity...	67	40
II. Serious offences against the person ...	391	149
III. Serious offences against property, or property and person ...	879	229
IV. Minor offences against the person... ..	97	43
V. Minor offences against property ...	2,039	1,033
VI. Others offences including cases of public and local nuisance ...	226	197
Total.....	* 3,699	1,691

83. *Persons involved in Cognizable Cases.*—The number of persons arrested was 7,269, of whom 2,353 were released without trial, 1,581 were discharged or acquitted after trial, 2,879 were convicted, 77 escaped died or were transferred, and 379 were pending final disposal at the end of the year.

84. *Property lost and the portion recovered.*—Property to the value of Rs. 95,770 was represented to have been stolen in 1,553 cases, of which 22,284 rupees worth was recovered in 1,205 cases.

85. *Heinous Offences.*—Subjoined are a few particulars connected with some of the more heinous offences:—

Offences.	True Cases.		Persons.		
	No. reported.	No. convicted.	Arrested.	Put on Trial.	Convicted.
Murder	48	19	162	104	46
Attempt to murder	17	6	41	22	10
Culpable homicide... ..	22	9	36	25	13
Grievous Hurt	67	29	151	115	62
Dacoity	49	12	274	137	45
Robbery	172	52	476	191	92
Theft	1,644	903	2,938	1,932	1,265
Burglary	566	143	818	463	246

* Of these 322 are false cases not struck off, and included in the Returns of the Shimoga District.

86. *Offences against human life.*—From the figures noted in the

	True Cases.		Persons.		
	Reported.	Convicted.	Arrested.	Put on trial.	Convicted.
<i>Murder.</i>					
Kolar	6	5	32	22	20
Tumkūr	8	3	30	27	8
Mysore	7	0	16	13	0
Hassan	8	7	42	16	10
Kadur	3	0	11	2	0
Shimoga	7	1	15	15	1
Chitaldroog	9	3	16	9	7
Total.....	48	19	162	104	46
<i>Attempt to murder.</i>					
Kolar	2	2	2	2	2
Tumkūr	3	1	9	7	4
Mysore	4	1	4	2	1
Hassan	1	1	8	1	1
Kadur	3	1	9	7	2
Shimoga	3	0	8	2	0
Chitaldroog	1	0	1	1	0
Total.....	17	6	41	22	10
<i>Culpable homicide.</i>					
Kolar	2	2	3	3	3
Tumkūr	5	1	7	5	2
Mysore	7	3	10	6	3
Hassan	2	1	6	3	2
Kadur	3	0	5	4	0
Shimoga	1	0	1	0	0
Chitaldroog	2	2	4	4	3
Total.....	22	9	36	25	13

margin, it will be observed that the three classes of offences against human life above noted are distributed more or less equally over all the Districts ; but the operations of the police in regard to them appear in the worst light in Mysore, Kadur and Shimoga, and to the best advantage in Kolar and Hassan. It is possible that these unsatisfactory results in the case of the former may be due to the Force being under-handed in consequence of vacancies created by casualties, and by the discharge of unserviceable men not having been filled up.

87. *Non-cognizable Offences.* Of non-cognizable offences there were 626 cases in which the police were employed.

They arrested or summoned 1,426 persons as concerned in them, and of this number about half, *viz.*, 718, were convicted.

88. *Conduct of the Police.—Rewards and Punishments.*—Sixty-two officers and 745 men were either judicially or departmentally punished. On the other hand but six members of the Force were rewarded by promotion.

89. *Instruction.*—Eighty per cent of the officers and 20 of the men could read and write, and 16 per cent of the officers and 10 of the men were under instruction.

90. The police operations of the year shew indications of progress, which, with continued care and attention on the part of the District

Magistrates, aided by the Assistants specially employed on police duty in each District, will be more apparent as the provisional scheme of revision is carried out. But this cannot be the case unless every District Officer recognizes the imperative necessity for vigorous exertion on his part to effect the desired object. While some Deputy Commissioners have really improved the condition and working of the police of their Districts by their own commendable efforts, others have done little or nothing in this direction.

91. The main difficulty against which the Police of Mysore has to contend is that to which all agencies comparatively in their infancy are exposed—*viz.*, the want of trained men. The fact that the Province had for long possessed a notoriously inefficient police must be looked upon rather as a danger to be faced than as an aid to organization, for there can be no doubt that the evil habits of the old Kandachar Force will not easily be rooted out and will be for some time traceable in the new police. With the view of lessening the influence of these old habits by an infusion of fresh blood, the Chief Commissioner procured the sanction of His Excellency the Governor General in Council to the introduction of a set of provisional rules for the grant of pension and gratuity to discharged members of the Force. These rules merely require the Deputy Commissioner to certify that the discharged Police Officer is *inefficient*, and dispense with a certificate of absolute incapacity for further service. On the other hand the scale of pensions and gratuities awarded is lower than that in force under the Regular Rules.

92. Another difficulty is presented by the delicacy of the task of harmonizing the action of a regular police with that of the village servants, but it is hoped that these and other impediments will be overcome by the exertions of District Officers joined to those of the Judicial Commissioner and his subordinate the Deputy Inspector General of Police.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

93. During the year Act X of 1872, the new Criminal Procedure Code, came into force. It is doubtful whether this enactment has proved altogether a success in Mysore. It has certainly afforded relief to overworked Judicial Officers, but on the other hand there has been a tendency on the part of some Officers to resort to summary trials more frequently than the exigencies of the case demanded. It has become necessary to

issue instructions in order to check this abuse, and to enjoin greater care and discretion upon Magistrates in the exercise of the authority conferred upon them by the Act.

94. *Reported Crime.*—The total number of offences reported during the year 1873 aggregated 14,164, as compared with 16,015 in 1872, being a decrease of 1,851 or 11·5 per cent, and with reference to the number of 1871, the decrease in crime was 30·3 per cent.

95. *Comparison of Crime in 1872 and 1873.*—The number of offences reported during the years 1872 and 1873 are compared below :—

Offences.	Nundydroog.		Ashtagram.		Nagar.		Total.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
I. Against State, Public Justice, &c.	385	1,597	448	419	210	249	1,043	2,265
II. Against person ...	4,268	3,117	2,453	1,922	1,518	1,366	8,239	6,405
III. Against property ...	1,890	1,903	1,864	1,034	1,243	1,244	4,397	4,186
IV. Against Special Laws ...	1,345	708	198	365	193	255	1,736	1,308
Total.....	7,888	7,330	4,963	3,740	3,164	3,094	16,015	14,164

96. There was a general diminution of crime throughout the Province, except in the Kolar and Shimoga Districts, where there was an increase. The largest decrease was in the Ashtagram Division.

97. Of the total number of offences reported, 51·8 per cent were in the Nundydroog Division, 26·4 per cent in Ashtagram and 21·8 per cent in Nagar. These proportions are nearly the same as in 1872. But on reference to the classes of offences, considerable variation is observable, as can be gathered from the subjoined table of the percentages of offences of each class to the total number for the whole Province and for each of the Divisions during 1872 and 1873.

Class of Offences.	Nundydroog.		Ashtagram.		Nagar.		Total.	
	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
I. Against State ...	38·9	70·5	43·0	18·5	20·1	21·0	100	100
II. Against person ...	51·8	48·7	29·8	30·0	18·4	21·3	100	100
III. Against property ...	37·8	45·6	37·3	24·7	24·9	28·7	100	100
IV. Against Special Laws.	77·5	54·1	11·4	27·9	11·1	18	100	100
Total.....	49·2	51·8	31·0	26·4	19·8	21·8	100	100

98. *Offences against the State.*—Offences against the State, public justice, &c, have apparently increased, the number reported during the year under review being more than double the aggregate of 1872. Nearly the whole of this increase was in the Nundydroog Division, and it was chiefly in the number of “nuisances under Police, Municipal and Local Acts,” under which head alone there are exhibited 703 offences as compared with none in the previous year. In the statement for 1872, there were 909 offences entered opposite to the heads of breaches of laws relating to the Municipalities and the Police in Class IV, while for the year under review, only 178 offences are entered under these headings. It therefore seems clear that there has been some transposition of figures in the statement for the Nundydroog Division, due probably to the ambiguous character of the headings above referred to. Another class of offences falling under Class I, in which there is a large increase in the same Division, is “Frivolous and vexatious complaints.” There were 545 such complaints as compared with only 33 in 1872. It is a matter of considerable surprise that there should be such a very great variation in the number of complaints dismissed as frivolous and vexatious in the different Divisions ; the figures for each are given below :—

Ashtagram	..	..	..	126
Nundydroog	..	.	..	545
Nagar	..	..	..	26

99. With regard to Nagar, the question as to whether the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code have been acted up to or not naturally arises, whereas in the case of the Nundydroog Division it is evident either that either the Magistrates have been overzealous, or the people unduly prone to resort to the Criminal Courts to obtain revenge or redress, for private differences of a trivial character.

100. *Heinous Offences.*—In offences affecting the human body as well as in the more heinous offences there has been a considerable diminution during the year. Murders have fallen from 72 in 1872 to 54 in 1873. Nine of these were perpetrated by means of poison, one for the sake of robbery and eight from other motives, and eight others were from motives connected with women.

101. Fifty-two cases of murder were brought to trial, 28 were prosecuted to a conviction, and 8 were pending at the end of the year, the accused brought up in two cases died before the completion of the trial. The remaining 14 cases resulted in the discharge of the accused persons,

102. *Culpable Homicide*.—There were 21 attempts to commit murder, and 37 culpable homicides not amounting to murder, as against 28 and 35 in the preceding year. The offenders in 6 of the former and 24 of the latter were convicted.

103. *Attempt to commit Suicide*.—In 22 cases of attempt to commit suicide, the prisoners were convicted and punished.

104. *Grievous Hurt*.—The number of grievous hurts reported fell from 61 in 1872, to 37 during the year under report.

105. *Kidnapping*.—Eleven cases of kidnapping or abduction were reported, against 25 in the previous years, 7 in Ashtagram and 4 in Nundydroog; 3 of the former and 1 in the latter were prosecuted to conviction. No cases of this nature have been reported from the Nagar Division during the past year.

106. *Dacoities and Robberies*.—It is remarkable that the number of dacoities and robberies have dwindled down to less than half the number of the previous year, there having been only *34 dacoities and 91 robberies as compared with 73 and 183 respectively during the year 1872.

107. Ninety-four dacoits in 22 cases and 76 robbers in 41 cases were convicted and punished.

108. The decrease in the number of these serious crimes may be due to the apprehension and punishment of the leaders of several bands of professional dacoits and robbers during the year 1872 and previous years, and it is to be hoped that a still further decrease in the number of such crimes will take place; many of the gangs have been hunted down, and the apprehension of several ring-leaders has doubtless deterred many from joining the remaining gangs who would at other times have been very willing recruits.

109. Paras 4 and 5 of a special report on dacoity, submitted in conformity with

4. Regular weekly reports of each case up to time of final disposal had to be submitted by Deputy Commissioners to this Office; every report was scrutinized, and delay and supineness on the part of subordinates was at once punished. Where individuals resisted the dacoits rewards were given. The village authorities were instructed to the instructions of Government.

* One of these has since been reported as false.

rities were called upon to aid the Police, and a certain amount of responsibility was considered to attach to the Heads of villages in the neighbourhood. The defective measures adopted had to be reported, and the action taken by each Police authority had to be noted in detail, and not only the Killejar, or Head of Police, but the Taluk Magistrate also was directed to visit the scene of the occurrence and aid to the best of his ability in all important or intricate cases.

5. Registers of doubtful characters, men of known bad conduct, or who had been previously concerned in criminal cases, were ordered to be kept, and in the Bangalore District the beat peons were directed to ascertain the reason for such individuals leaving their villages and to keep a watch on their movements.

ring the past year.

110. *Rape*.—As in the previous year, 12 cases of rape were reported; but only two of these proved to be true, one in Ashtagram and the other in Nagar.

111. *Thefts and House-breaking*.—The number of thefts and house-breakings for the commission of theft have also considerably decreased, the total number being 2,424 reports in 1873, as compared with 2,942 during the previous year. These were mostly petty thefts, the commission of which was to some extent facilitated by carelessness on the part of the complainants. In 65 per cent of these there was detection and conviction.

112. *Cases tried*.—Thirteen thousand four hundred and forty Magisterial and 201 Sessions cases, making a total of 13,641 cases, were brought to trial, being about 96·3 per cent of the number of offences reported, as compared with 91 per cent in 1872. The number of cases in which convictions were secured was 9,172, or 67 per cent of those brought to trial. The corresponding proportion in 1871 was 43·7 per cent, and in 1872, 63 per cent; and it is satisfactory to note that, favorable as were the results in this respect achieved in 1872, still further improvement is apparent from the returns of the past year.

113. The following table shews the number of cases brought to trial and convicted in the several Districts :—

Districts.				Number of Cases brought to trial in all the Courts in the District.	Number of Cases in which Conviction was obtained.	Percentage of Case in which Conviction was obtained.
Bangalore	...	...	...	3,501	2,363	67·4
Kolar	...	...	...	2,112	1,487	70·4
Tumkūr	...	...	...	1,553	1,047	67·4
Mysore	...	...	...	1,590	1,012	63·6
Hassan	...	...	...	2,088	1,324	63·4
Shimoga	...	...	...	1,019	670	64·8
Kadur	...	...	...	670	477	70·9
Chitaldroog	...	...	...	907	639	69·4
Total.....				13,440	9,019	66·9

ment, detail the arrangements adopted with a view to the suppression of dacoity during the past year.

114. The greatest number of offences brought to trial was in the Bangalore District, and the least in Kadur.

115. The highest percentage of cases successfully prosecuted (about 70 per cent) was in the Kadur and Kolar Districts, and the lowest (about 63 per cent) was in the Hassan and Mysore Districts.

116. As regards Sessions trials, the three Courts in the Province may be arranged as follows :—

Sessions Courts of—	Cases sent up for trial.	Cases convicted.	Percentage.
Nundydroog	91	79	87.5
Nagar	81	54	66.6
Ashtagram... ..	29	20	68.9
Total.....	201	153	76.1

117. *Result of Criminal Trials, Statement No. 3.*—The total number of persons actually brought to trial, excluding those received by transfer, was 27,858 persons, as against 30,210 in 1872. The decrease is 9.5 per cent.

118. The number of persons brought to trial was 1.02 to each square mile of the area, and 5.4 per thousand of the population, and in this respect the Province compares favorably with other parts of India as shewn below :—

				Proportion of persons brought to trial to—	
				1 square mile of the Area.	1000 persons of the Population.
Oude	1872	...	...	2	4.3
Panjab	...	...	...	1.2	7.4
North-Western Provinces, ...	...	...	...	1.4	3.7
Madras Presidency	...	...	...	2.1	11.4

119. Of the persons brought up 3,427 were discharged without trial, 8,258 were acquitted and 16,058 convicted, 8 persons died or escaped, and there were 107 persons pending trial at the close of the year.

120. *Arrests made by the Police without Warrants.*—Of persons

arrested by the Police without warrants, 1,169 or about 16 per cent were discharged without trial. The remaining individuals arrested were sent up for trial, and 5,102 of them, being 68·9 per cent of the total number of arrests made, were convicted.

121. The results in the several Districts may be arranged as follows :—

	Persons arrested.	Persons convicted.	Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.
1. Bangalore	2,262	2,040	90·2
2. Kolar	1,015	737	72·6
3. Mysore	973	588	60·4
4. Shimoga	741	445	60·0
5. Tūmkūr	679	402	59·3
6. Kadur	445	284	59·3
7. Chitaldroog	597	329	55·1
8. Hassan	691	297	43·0
Total.....	7,403	5,102	68·9

122. *Persons brought to Trial by order of the Magistrate.*—The result of the investigations in the cases of persons brought to trial by order of the Magistrates in each District, is arranged as follows :—

Districts.	Persons brought to Trial.	Persons convicted.	Percentage of convicted.
1. Chitaldroog	1,180	758	64·2
2. Kadur	1,024	599	58·5
3. Kolar	2,822	1,642	58·2
4. Shimoga	1,322	755	57·1
5. Hassan	3,969	2,232	56·2
6. Tūmkūr	2,813	1,506	53·5
7. Mysore	2,775	1,410	50·8
8. Bangalore	4,636	1,773	38·2
Total.....	20,531	10,675	52·

123. Taken as a whole, the results of the criminal trials during the year under report may be accepted as satisfactory, and notwithstanding a decrease, as compared with 1872, of about 9·5 per cent in the number of persons brought to trial, still there is an increase of nearly 6 per cent in the number of convictions. It is certain also that a still larger percentage would have been shewn, had it not been for the large number, aggregating 2,933 persons, concerned in petty summons cases which were dismissed for default or allowed to be withdrawn, and which are shewn in the return referred to as acquitted.

124. The proportions of convictions increased in the following Districts :—

	1872.	1873.
Bangalore.	46.0	56.4
Tumkur	51.3	55.5
Mysore	46.6	54.01
Hassan	40.4	54.9

But diminished in those below mentioned :—

Districts.	1872.	1873.
Kolar	70.5	62.9
Shimoga	70.3	58.85
Kadur	64.5	62.58
Chitaldroog	64.6	62.47

125. It is remarkable and satisfactory that better results have been obtained in the more populous Districts. It shews that the Police and Magistracy are working better, and great improvement may be looked for in the more thinly populated parts of the country hereafter, once the authorities understand thoroughly their duty.

126. It may not be out of place to remark here that, as regards the proportion of convictions to persons brought to trial, this Province compares favorably with other parts of India, with the exception of Oude and the North-Western Provinces, as shewn below :—

1873, Mysore	57.6
1872, Madras Presidency	42.8
„ North-Western Provinces	68.2
„ Oude	68.6
„ Panjab	52.4
„ Bengal	53.4

127. *Cases pending.*—The number of cases and persons pending undisposed of at the close of the year was as follows:—

	Persons.				
	Cases.	In Custody.	On Bail.	On Recognizance.	Total.
Nundydroog	25	34	9	4	47
Ashtagram	9	17	9	...	26
Nagar	18	21	12	1	34
Total.....	52	72	30	5	107

Only seven of these cases were more than a month old.

128. *Average Duration of Trials.*—The average duration of criminal trials in the Magisterial Courts was also more favorable than in the previous year, being 4·3 days, as against 6 days in 1872. In the Sessions Courts it increased from 26 to 51 days; this increase was chiefly in the Nagar Sessions Court, in which several cases during Colonel Elliott's time were left pending for a considerable period, notwithstanding frequent orders on the subject.

129. The total average duration in the Bangalore District was 2·8 days, owing chiefly to the large number of petty cases brought before the Sar-Amin and the Cantonment Magistrate, which were generally disposed of as soon as brought up.

In the other Districts, the average duration varied from 3 to 6 days, which is fairly satisfactory.

130. *Punishment.*—Of the total number of persons convicted, 35 persons, as against 40 in 1872, were sentenced to suffer the extreme penalty of the law; but the number of persons sentenced to transportation for life increased from 28 to 33.

131. Only three persons were sentenced to suffer transportation for terms of years.

132. The number of persons from whom security was taken, and recognizances to keep the peace or for good behaviour, was 316 in 1873, against only 138 in 1872.

133. There were 3,561 sentences of imprisonment as compared with 3,437 in 1872, the increase being for terms above 15 days and below two years. The decrease in the number of individuals imprisoned above seven years is, in a measure, counterbalanced by the increase in the number of transportations. 24·3 per cent of the imprisonments were simple, and the remainder rigorous.

134. The total number of persons fined was smaller than in 1872, being 13,496, as against 13,605; 11,900 or 74 per cent of the total number of punishments were simple fines; in 1872 there were 12,158 such punishments, being about 76 per cent.

135. The number and amount of fines imposed in 1872 and 1873 are compared below:—

	1872.	1873.
Sentenced to fines of Rs. 10 and under	12,567	12,460
Do above " 10 to 50	852	896
Do " 50 to 100	120	89
Do " 100 to 500	62	49
Do " 500 to 1000	2	1
Do " 1000 ..	2	1
Total.....	13,605	13,496

136. The total amount of fines imposed during the year was Rs. 88,471—5—6, or Rs. 4,679—10—2 less than in the previous year, and the average amount of fines imposed was Rs. 6—8—0, as against Rs. 6—12—9 in 1872.

137. The amount realized was Rs. 64,783—9—3, being 73·2 per cent of the aggregate amount imposed. In 1872, only Rs. 61,865—4—2, or 66·4 per cent, were realized.

138. The annexed table exhibits the amount of fines imposed, realized, and outstanding, in the several Divisions of the Province.

Amount of Fines.	Nundydroog.	Ashtagram.	Nagar.	Total.
Outstanding balance of previous years ...	41,291 13 1	34,976 2 0	30,327 1 11	1,06,595 1 0
Imposed during the year ...	32,448 0 1	22,201 5 11	33,821 15 6	88,471 5 6
Total.....	73,739 13 2	57,177 7 11	64,149 1 5	1,95,066 6 6
Realized on account of the former years ...	2,350 0 0	1,772 4 0	2,306 6 3	6,429 5 3
Do on account of this year	25,502 2 10	18,243 13 3	21,037 9 2	64,783 9 3
Struck off being of more than six years' standing	9,993 12 8	12,166 12 0	3,098 11 3	25,259 11 11
Remitted on appeal	769 8 0	925 5 3	1,514 8 3	3,209 5 6
Balance unrealized at the end of the year ...	35,123 10 8	24,069 5 5	36,191 14 6	95,384 14 7

139. The subjoined statement shews how the total receipts on account of fines were disposed of :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Received on account of fines imposed during the year	64,783	9	3
Do do in previous years.	6,429	5	3
Total.....	71,212	14	6
Amount ordered to be paid as compensation to injured parties	4,734	7	0
Amount credited to Municipal and other funds	3,005	1	9
Do remitted to the Treasury	63,473	5	9

140. *Compensation to injured Parties.*—In all, Rs. 6,041—15—7 were paid as compensation to injured parties, Rs. 4,637—2—8 being on account of the past year, and Rs. 1,404—12—11 on account of former years.

141. Rupees 4,855—10—1 were at the close of the year in deposit in the Treasury to be paid as compensation. This is a large amount to be lying in the Treasury under this heading, and orders will be issued to pay it at once to the parties entitled to receive it, and, as suggested by the Commissioner of Nagar, the several Courts concerned will be directed to give notice to the parties to whom this money has to be paid.

142. *Whipping*.—During the year under review, the punishment of whipping was awarded more frequently than in previous years. There were, in all, 215 persons whipped, as against 152 in 1872 and 95 in 1871.

143. In many cases it was found rather difficult to execute sentences of whipping in strict accordance with Section 302 of the Criminal Procedure Code, but as the section has been recently amended in Act XI of 1874, the introduction of which has been asked for, there will be no difficulty hereafter about carrying out the sentence of whipping at once.

144. *European British Subjects*.—The Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore and the District Magistrate of Tunkúr tried as Justices of the Peace 73 European British-born subjects in 70 cases, as compared with 52 persons in 47 cases in 1872. Twelve cases were either withdrawn or dismissed for default. The prisoners were acquitted in two cases, while in the remaining 56 cases they were convicted. Of the persons convicted, 35 were fined in sums under Rs. 100, and 22 were sentenced to suffer a month's imprisonment.

145. The important change introduced by the new Criminal Procedure Code in the system of the trial of European British-born subjects, giving the Magistrates jurisdiction to try them, has had but little practical operation in this Province. The one person tried in the Tunkúr District was convicted of ordinary assault, while the 72 tried in the Bangalore Cantonment were mostly old pensioners found in the streets drunk and incapable of taking care of themselves.

146. *Juries and Assessors*.—The system of trial by jury has not been initiated in this Province. Under Section 36 of Act X of 1872, trials before District Magistrates exercising enhanced jurisdiction were conducted in accordance with the procedure prescribed for Magisterial trials, and no assessors were therefore employed to assist in such trials. The Commissioners of Divisions as Sessions Judges employed assessors in 173 cases,

as against 190 in 1872. In only 19 cases did the judges differ from the assessors.

147. *Criminal Appeals*.—The total number of appeals received in the Magisterial and Sessions Courts was 455. These, added to the 5 cases pending at the beginning of the year, gave a total for disposal of 460 appeals, being 50 less than in 1872. Of these, 451 were disposed of in the manner shewn below, leaving 9 cases pending at the close of the year:—

58	or	12·7	per cent	rejected.
193	"	42·8	do	confirmed.
65	"	14·5	do	modified.
124	"	27·5	do	reversed.
11	"	2·5	do	referred.

148. The percentage of sentences modified and reversed is less favorable, being about 7·5 per cent in excess of the previous year.

149. The disposal of appeals by the several classes of Appellate Courts in the Province is shewn below:—

Appellate Courts.	Number of Appeals.						Total.
	Rejected.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Referred.	Pending.	
Assistant Commissioners (full power Magistrates) ...	11	38	17	35	...	1	102
Deputy Commissioners (District Magistrates) ...	26	104	28	68	11	1	238
Commissioners (Sessions Judges) ...	21	51	20	21	...	7	120
Total.....	58	193	65	124	11	9	460

150. The average duration of appeals was 10·3 days in the Magisterial Courts, and 18·5 days in the Sessions Courts, as compared with 11 and 16 days respectively in the previous year.

151. *Judicial Commissioner's Court as a Court of Reference*.—Capital sentences passed on 34 persons in 17 cases were referred to the Judicial Commissioner for confirmation. There were 6 persons in two cases under sentence of death and awaiting the final orders of the Judicial Commissioner at the beginning of the year. Thus there were altogether 40 persons who were sentenced to death, and the sentences passed upon 31 were confirmed as shewn below:—

Referred by Sessions Judge of—	Persons whose sentences were confirmed.	Persons whose sentences were modified.	Persons acquitted.	Total.
Nundydroog	9	4	3	16
Ashtagram	14	...	1	15
Nagar	8	...	1	9
Total.....	31	4	5	40

152. The time occupied for the disposal of each reference was 38 days as compared with 25 days in the preceding year.

153. *The Judicial Commissioner as an Appellate Court.*—The work of the Judicial Commissioner as an Appellate Court has been lighter than in the previous year. In all, there were 140 appeals with 233 prisoners for disposal, as compared with 203 appeals with 316 persons in 1872.

154. The sentences were confirmed in 109 cases, modified in 13, and reversed in 15. There were pending at the end of the year only three appeals. The percentage of appeals confirmed was 77·85, or 8·81 less than in 1872.

155. *Appeals against Acquittals.*—The new Criminal Procedure Code provides for appeals against judgments of acquittal, with the permission of the Local Government, but no such appeals were preferred during the past year.

156. *Public Prosecutors.*—This Code also provides for the Public Prosecutors appearing before the Appellate Court in support of the judgments of the Courts below. In all appeals from the Nundydroog Session Court, and in a few important cases from the Ashtagram Court, the Public Prosecutor appeared. In appeals from Nagar, the Public Prosecutor did not appear, owing to the great distance of the head-quarter station (Shimoga) from Bangalore.

157. *Enhancement of Sentences.*—Another important change in the procedure of criminal appeals was the power given to an Appellate Court to enhance the sentence passed against the appellant by the lower Court.

158. In the whole Province, in 12 cases only were the sentences appealed against enhanced during the past year, shewing that the power under reference has been sparingly and cautiously exercised.

159. In the Judicial Commissioner's Court, it was found necessary to sentence two prisoners to transportation for life, in lieu of the ten years' transportation and seven years' imprisonment to which they had been respectively sentenced by the Sessions Judge of Nagar. This was the result of the appellants having been found guilty of murder instead of a minor offence. In another case from the same Court, the sentence was enhanced from three to seven years' rigorous imprisonment, as the evidence shewed that the appellant had committed a far graver offence than that with which he had been charged. In the four other cases in which the Judicial Commissioner enhanced the sentences appealed against, the punishment awarded by the lower Court was considered to be inadequate. In the other Appellate Courts of the Province, there were only five instances in which sentences were enhanced, and these do not appear to call for any special remark.

160. *The Judicial Commissioner as a Court of Revision.*—One hundred and four cases came up before the Judicial Commissioner for revision, mostly submitted by the Commissioners of Divisions upon references made to them by the District Magistrates.

161. The Judicial Commissioner declined to interfere with the proceedings of the lower Courts in 9 cases, and in 37 they were quashed. In 33 cases, sentences were modified, and in 19 they were reversed. Further enquiry was ordered in five cases, and only one referred case was pending at the close of the year. The errors most frequently brought to notice were misapplications by the Taluk Magistracy of the provisions of Section 31 of the Court Fees Act (in 21 cases) and of Section 209 of the Criminal Procedure Code (in 10 cases).

162. *Criminal Miscellaneous Cases and Petitions.*—The miscellaneous work of all the Courts in the Province appears to have been lighter than in previous years, which is probably the result of more careful tabulation and the exclusion, from the returns, of petitions and cases which did not require formal judicial orders.

163. There were for disposal 1,051 cases and 4,268 petitions of a miscellaneous nature, and all, with the exception of 8 cases and 11 petitions, were disposed of before the close of the year.

164. The following table exhibits the miscellaneous work done by each class of Criminal Courts during the year under retrospect :—

	Number for disposal.		Number disposed of.		Number pending.	
	Cases.	Petitions.	Cases.	Petitions.	Cases.	Petitions.
Amildars	575	2,827	574	2,226	1	1
Sar-Amin	0	532	0	529	0	3
Town and Cantonment Magistrates ...	188	245	187	243	1	2
Assistant Commissioners	226	538	226	533	0	5-
Deputy do	62	629	53	629	6	0
Commissioners	0	65	0	65	0	0
Judicial Commissioner	0	32	0	32	0	0
Total.....	1,051	4,268	143	4,257	8	11
Total for 1872.....	2,002	6556	1,994	6,549	8	7

None of the cases or petitions pending were more than six weeks old.

PRISONS.

165. *Inspection of Jails.*—The Kolar, Mysore and Shimoga District Jails, and the Bangalore Central Jail, were inspected by the Judicial Commissioner. A large proportion of the lock-ups were inspected by the Deputy Commissioners during the year, some once, others oftener.

166. *Construction of New Jails.*—At Bangalore a new District lock-up for the accommodation of under-trial prisoners was completed, and the new District Jail at Hassan has been occupied. Owing to the abolition of 6 taluks in the Nundydroog Division there has been a reduction in the number of taluk lock-ups.

167. *Number of Convicted Prisoners.*—The number of prisoners incarcerated during the year was 4,254. These added to the number (1,615) remaining at the end of the year previous, together with those received by transfer (405), gave a total of 6,274, (5,744 males and 530 females) as compared with 5,927 (5,457 males and 470 females) in 1872. The daily average strength has increased from 1575 in 1872 to 1677·3 in 1873.

168. *Their Disposal.*—Of the total number 488 were transferred to other jails, 29 were executed, 25 died, 2 escaped, 2 were transferred to the Lunatic Asylum, 116 released on appeal and 3,440 on expiry of sentence, thus leaving in the jails 1,774 at the end of the year, as against 1,615 in 1872.

169. The proportion of convicts to free population was 1 to 861.

170. *Religion of Convicts.*—There was a slight decrease, among Christians, in the proportion of convicts to prison population, while the proportion of Hindus and Muhammadans was much the same as in 1872. The marginally noted figures give the proportion of convicts to free population according to religion.

Christians	·89	per cent.
Muhammadans	·29	"
Hindus	·09	"
Other Classes	4·36	"

171. *Age of Prisoners.*—The number of juvenile prisoners, *i. e.* those under 16 years, rose from 120 in 1872 to 178, and is nearly double the number in 1871.

172. The Nagar Division is answerable for more than one-half the number.

173. Seventy-five per cent of the prison population was between 16 and 40 years.

174. One thousand and fifty-two or 18 per cent of the convicts were sentenced to simple imprisonment. This shews a falling off of 8 per cent when compared with the returns of the previous year.

175. *Sentences of Convicts.*—As in the previous years, so in the year under review the term of sentence of about one half the number of convicts was less than a month. There is a slight increase in the number sentenced to "between 3 and 6 months" and "1 year and 3 years," while there is a decrease in that "between 5 years and 10 years." Otherwise the returns for the past and previous year are much the same.

176. *Old Offenders.*—The number of old offenders has increased from 329 in 1872 to 377 in 1873. This increase was entirely among male convicts, for the number of female convicts fell from 13 in the previous year to 8.

177. *Escapes and Re-captures.*—Two prisoners escaped, one from the Hassan lock-up, the other from the Central Jail. The former was re-captured, the latter not. The number of escaped prisoners at large was the same (33) at the end of the year 1873, as it had been in 1872.

178. *Breaches of Prison Discipline.*—Two hundred and seventy two convicts, all males, as against 191 in 1872, were guilty of offences against prison discipline—"filting or cutting irons" and "consulting to

escape" are the two more common crimes. Jail offences are becoming more numerous every year, and the Judicial Commissioner hopes this is the result of increased vigilance and stricter enforcement of the rules.

179. *Employment of Convicts as Prison Officials.*—One hundred and nineteen males and five females were employed in some of the jails as warders, and work overseers ; six of these in the Bangalore Central, and four in the Mysore Jail had to be reduced for misconduct.

180. *Education.*—Ninety per cent of the convicts admitted were illiterate. About one hour every week-day was devoted in the Bangalore Central, and the Mysore and Shimoga District Jails to education. The daily average was 693 or 43 more than previous year ; 697 or 11·8 per cent learned to read and write a little.

181. *Expenditure.*—Owing to the increased daily number of prisoners, the total cost was Rs. 1,42,914, or Rs. 4,983 more than it was in the previous year. On the other hand, owing to the fixed charges being divided over a greater number, the cost per head has been reduced from Rs. 87—8—0 in 1872 to Rs. 85—3—0 in 1873, shewing a decrease of Rs. 2—5—0.

182. The bulk of the increase is under the head "Rations," and is due to the increase in the number of convicts and the rise in the price of ragi. The increase in the "fixed establishment" is balanced by a decrease of extra establishment. It is due to the transfer of the Central Jail Contingent Establishment to its "Fixed Establishment."

183. *Hospital Charges.*—The increased charge under this head in the Mysore and Shimoga Jails is due to a larger number of sick during the year under review.

184. *Addition to Jails, &c.*—Rs. 4,858 were expended in additions, alterations, &c. to jails, which sum added to Rs. 1,42,914, the cost of guarding and maintenance, raises the gross expenditure to Rs. 1,47,773, or Rs. 2,782 more than in 1872. Deducting Rs. 25,944 remitted to the Treasury, the net cost per head of average strength was Rs. 72—9—10, as compared with Rs. 80—1—1 in 1872. The decrease of Rs. 7—7—3 per head is satisfactory.

185. *Convict Labor.*—Although the average number of convicts sen-

tenced to labor was 1,558·6, yet, owing to 130·2 prisoners being too ill or old to work, the actual number available for labor was only 1,428·4. The total estimated value of whose earnings amounted to Rs. 60,654, giving an average yearly earning of each prisoner sentenced to labor of Rs. 38—15—0, or Rs. 2—12—0 less than last year. 30·5 per cent of the average strength of the convicts were employed on work connected with the jail, 49·2 per cent on gardens and manufactures and 20·3 per cent on public roads, &c.

186. *Diet.*—No change was made in the scale of diet.

187. With the exception of the Shimoga Jail the accommodation of the other jails is reported to have been ample.

188. *Health of Convicts.*—14·93 convicts were admitted into hospital, giving an increase of 146 over the previous year. Only 27 deaths, against 30 in 1872, occurred however during the year. The greater number (12) of deaths was in the Mysore Jail. This is considered by the Medical Officer in charge to be due to dengue, which, although directly fatal in one case only, conduced to reduce the general health of the prisoners attacked.

189. No deaths from cholera occurred during the year, while fever was less prevalent. Diarrhœa was more common among the convicts than in the previous year.

190. *Civil Prisoners.*—The total number of civil prisoners was 243, as against 285 in 1872; 35 males remained in jail at the end of the year. The expenditure per head of average strength was Rs. 42—14—3, as against Rs. 45—12—11 in previous year.

191. *Under-trial Prisoners.*—The total number of under-trial prisoners was 5,654, of whom 3,240 were released, 2,270 convicted, 4 transferred, 2 escaped and 6 died, leaving 132 awaiting trial at the close of the year. The average annual cost per head was Rs. 116—11—4, or 8 Rs. less than in 1872.

192. In the foregoing paras the result of the Jail Administration of the Province for 1873 has been generally reviewed, and it only remains to compare the returns for the different District jails and lock-ups.

193. *Convicted Prisoners.*—The comparative table in the * margin shews the number of convicted prisoners in the different District jails of the Province. The Chitaldroog and Tûmkûr Jails shew a decrease, while

	1872	1873.
*Bangalore (Central) ...	1,561	1,334
Kolar ...	286	335
Tûmkûr ...	280	242
Mysore ...	557	650
Hassan ...	164	196
Shimoga ...	500	696
Kadur ...	109	136
Chitaldroog...	139	139

all other jails shew an increase. The most marked being in the Mysore and Shimoga Jails. Although there was a decrease in the total number of prisoners incarcerated in the Bangalore Central and the Tûmkûr Jails, the daily average in the former was 73·4 or 4 in excess of the preceding year, and in the latter it rose from 64·09 in 1872 to 70·65 in 1873. This proves that in these two jails there was a larger number of long-term prisoners. While the converse must have been the case in the Mysore and Hassan Jails where, notwithstanding an increased number of prisoners, the daily average fell from 282·59 in 1872 to 268·52 in 1873 in the former, and from 22·14 in 1872 to 21·66 in the latter.

194. The average cost per head of the convicted prisoners in the different District jails of the Province was as

	1872.	1873.
*Central Jail, Bangalore...	80	81
Kolar ...	89	70
Tûmkûr ...	109	106
Mysore ...	78	83
Hassan ...	136	136
Shimoga ...	75	69
Kadur ...	137	100
Chitaldroog ...	91	101

*marginally noted. The Mysore and Chitaldroog Jails shew an increase, the Hassan Jail is stationary, while in all others there is a decrease. The high cost per head in the Hassan Jail, when compared with that of the other jails of the Province, requires explanation. The attention of the District

Officer has been drawn to the subject.

195. The total number of under-trial prisoners is shewn in the margin.

	1872.	1873.
Central Jail, Bangalore...	45	14
Kolar ...	106	97
Tûmkûr ...	246	115
Mysore ...	107	95
Hassan ...	322	353
Shimoga ...	187	187
Kadur ...	156	164
Chitaldroog ...	161	167

	1872.	1873.
†Shimoga...	10·24	21·85
Kadur ...	5·3	14·83

The most marked decrease is in the Central Jail, and in the Tûmkûr Jail the number is one-half what it was in the year previous. Although the number of under-trial prisoners in the Nagar Division has not increased to any great extent, yet, the very marked increase in the average daily strength of this class of prisoners in the marginally † noted jails would tend to prove

that the Criminal Courts of these two Districts are not as expeditious in the disposal of cases as is desirable. On the other hand, it is satisfactory to observe that in the Hassan District with an increased number of under-trial prisoners there has been a decrease in the daily average strength from 13·84 to 10.

196. In the Tūmkūr Jail there has been a decrease from 8·15 to 5·69.

197. The average cost per head of under-trial prisoners is given in the margin. It is satisfactory to observe that while in 1872 the average cost was Rs. 76, in 1873 it was reduced to Rs. 66. The most marked alteration has been in the Kadur Jail, where the cost has fallen from Rs. 153 to Rs. 80, or nearly one-half what it was in the previous year.

	1872.	1873.
	Rs.	Rs.
Central Jail,		
Bangalore ...	55	64
Kolar ...	85	63
Tūmkūr ...	77	79
Mysore ...	40	41
Hassan ...	49	55
Shimoga ...	73	65
Kadur ...	153	80
Chitaldroog ...	81	83
	613	530

198. *Lock-ups*.—Owing to the abolition of six taluks the number of lock-ups as before noticed has been reduced by six.

199. The marginally noted table gives the number of convicted prisoners incarcerated during the year under review in the lock-ups of the different Districts of the Province. Five out of the 8 Districts shew an increase which is most marked in the Shimoga Jail, where the number rose from 179 in 1872 to 324 in 1873.

	1872.	1873.
Bangalore ...	500	419
Kolar ...	410	466
Tūmkūr ...	261	296
Mysore ...	230	292
Hassan ...	176	208
Shimoga ...	179	324
Kadur ...	382	268
Chitaldroog ...	292	273
	2,430	2,746

200. The figures noted in the margin give the average cost per head of convicted prisoners in the lock-ups of the different Districts. The marked increase when compared with the average cost of convicted prisoners in jails, is said to be due entirely to the low daily average strength, which raises the average cost of guarding against each prisoner. At the same time the returns for some of the Districts apparently call for explanation. Mysore with

	1872.	1873.
	Rs.	Rs.
Central Jail,		
Bangalore...	244	216
Kolar ...	255	216
Tūmkūr ...	128	121
Mysore ...	549	278
Hassan ...	188	265
Shimoga ...	305	202
Kadur ...	200	210
Chitaldroog...	264	159

a daily average strength of 7·728 in 1873, as against 5·32 in 1872, gives

	1872.	1873.
Bangalore ...	1,697	1,310
Kolar ...	557	316
Tumkūr ...	1,030	406
Mysore ...	1,055	836
Hassan ...	1,104	420
Shimoga ...	645	517
Kadur ...	307	358
Chitaldroog...	589	309

a decreased average cost per head of exactly one-half. With the exception of the Kadur District lock-ups there has been a general decrease in all the lock-ups of the Province. In the Kolar, Mysore, Shimoga and Kadur Districts there has been an increase in the

daily average strength which, as before pointed out, would lead to the belief that under-trial cases have not been disposed of by the Criminal Courts as expeditiously as is desirable. The marked decrease from a daily average strength of 38·05 in 1872 to 13·2 in 1873 in the Hassan District is creditable to the officers concerned.

201. The total cost of the lock-ups is divided proportionately among

	1872.	1873.
	Rs.	Rs.
Bangalore ...	145	166
Kolar ...	180	138
Tumkūr ...	80	108
Mysore ...	184	139
Hassan ...	112	189
Shimoga ...	127	117
Kadur ...	254	146
Chitaldroog ...	208	101

the different classes of prisoners, and the marginally noted comparative table gives the average cost per head of under-trial prisoners. These figures compare unfavorably with those of a similar kind for jails. The figures for the Chitaldroog District

where the average strength of prisoners was 11·5 with an average cost of Rs. 208, as against an average strength of 10·26 with an average cost reduced more than half, *i. e.* Rs. 101 in 1873, would lead to the supposition that either the returns are incorrect, or that there has been an error in the apportioning of costs to the different classes of prisoners.

202. The number of reconvicted prisoners in 1872, as compared with that for 1873, is shewn in the margin.

	1872.	1873.
Bangalore, Central Jail ...	223	247
Kolar ...	37	39
Tumkūr ...	25	12
Mysore ...	15	23
Hassan ...	2	10
Shimoga ...	23	36
Kadur ...	0	3
Chitaldroog ...	2	1

In the face of so large an increase the Chief Commissioner is of opinion that special arrangements should be made as to the discipline to which reconvicted prisoners should be subjected. Sir Richard Meade thinks that there is some ground for the Officiating

Judicial Commissioner's opinion that "Manufacturing work is not sufficiently deterrent in its character, in the case of old or hardened criminals" and that the subject is one calling for serious consideration.

203. *General Remarks.*—The total expenditure, though 3·6 per

cent in excess of that of 1872, has not been disproportioned to the increased number of convicts. The general administration of the different jails has been satisfactory during the year under review.

204. The acknowledgments of Government are due to Doctors Henderson, Houston and McGann and the other Officers concerned for the satisfactory manner in which discipline has been maintained and the interior economy of the jails under their charge supervised, as well as to Mr. Gordon, C. S. I. and Colonel Pearse, who officiated as Judicial Commissioner for some months, for their labors in this Department of the Administration during the year under review.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

205. *Number of Suits instituted.*—The total number of civil suits instituted in the Courts of the Province during 1873 was 21,414, being only 7 more than the number instituted in 1872.

206. The number filed in the three Divisions during 1872 and 1873 may be compared as follows :—

Divisions.				1872.	1873.	Increase.	Decrease.
Nundydroog	...	...	...	12,867	12,699	0	168
Ashtagram	...	...	...	4,268	4,338	70	...
Nagar	...	...	...	4,272	4,377	105	...
Total...				21,407	21,414	7	...

207. There has been a decrease of 525 suits in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division, other than the Bangalore Small Cause Court which is rather remarkable, though, consequent upon an increase of 357 suits in the Bangalore Small Cause Court, the net decrease is only 168 suits. Referring to it, the Officiating Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division states that "no adequate reason can be given for such decreased litigation, and it may be assigned to the ordinary fluctuations which naturally take place from year to year." The decrease, however, occurred during the two last quarters of the year under review, and may be due to the institution of the Munsiffs' Courts at the beginning of the last quarter, as a change of jurisdiction invariably causes many to hesitate for a time about instituting their suits, until they have found out for a certainty where they should file their plaints.

208. Out of the total number of suits instituted during the past year, 20,148 or 94·1 per cent were mere claims for money of a nature cognizable by the Small Cause Courts. The corresponding percentage was 94·2 in 1872, and 94·4 in 1871.

209. The aggregate value of the suits filed during the year was Rs. 22,07,369—13—1, as compared with Rs. 22,08,631—4—8 in 1872. The average value of each suit was nearly the same in both years, *viz.*, Rs. 103.

210. The litigation of the Province was distributed among the several classes of Courts as follows:—

	1872		1873.	
	Number.	Percentage.	Number.	Percentage.
Bangalore Court of Small Causes ...	5,609	26·2	5,966	27·8
Amildars	9,972	46·6	8,618	40·3
Munsiffs	...	...	1,313	6·1
Judicial Assistants	5,760	26·9	5,451	25·5
Deputy Commissioners	53	3	57	3
Commissioners	13		9	
Total.....	21,407	100	21,414	100

211. The proportionate decrease in the Courts of Amildars and Judicial Assistants has been counterbalanced by an increase in those of the Munsiffs, and in the Bangalore Small Cause Court.

212. Taking the Nundydroog Division alone we find that to the Courts of the Munsiffs fell about 19·5 per cent of the total number filed during the year, and as they started work only on the 1st of October, this shews that a very fair proportion of suits were filed in those Courts during the last three months of 1873.

213. Of the 1,374 suits filed in their Courts, 61 were transferred to them by the Amildars and the Judicial Assistants, the remaining 1,313 suits having been filed before them during the last quarter of the year.

214. *Value of Suits instituted.*—The aggregate value of suits filed in 1872 and 1873 in the several classes of Courts is shewn in the annexed table:—

	1872.			1873.		
Bangalore Court of Small Causes	1,95,812	4	9	2,50,620	9	1
Amildars	2,49,361	4	1	2,18,026	13	8
Munsiffs	...	...	...	84,093	7	8
Judicial Assistants, ...	12,34,568	15	4	12,25,222	13	0
Deputy Commissioners	1,60,015	1	5	2,17,246	15	6
Commissioners	3,68,873	11	1	2,12,159	3	0
Total.....	22,08,631	4	8	22,07,369	13	11

215. There has been a marked increase in the value of suits instituted in the Bangalore Small Cause Court, and in the Deputy Commissioners' Courts.

216. Of the total value for the whole Province, about 55·5 per cent was in the Courts of the Judicial Assistants; about 11·3 per cent in the Bangalore Court of Small Causes, 3·8 per cent in the Munsiffs' Courts, the remaining 29·4 per cent being distributed almost equally among the Courts of the Amildars, Deputy Commissioners and Commissioners.

217. With regard to the value of suits instituted, the three Divisions may be arranged as follows :—

1. Nundydroog	...	...	41·8	per cent.
2. Ashtagram	...	...	30·8	"
3. Nagar	...	...	27·3	"

218. *Disposal of Civil Suits.*—Including 681 suits pending from 1872, and the 79 suits received by transfer, there were for disposal 22,174 suits in the whole Province. Out of these 21,242 were disposed of before the close of the year, leaving a balance of 932 suits, as compared with 681 in 1872 and 974 in 1871.

219. The total number of suits decided by each class of Courts, excluding the 67 transfers, and the average number decided by a tribunal of each class, are shewn below :—

	Total Number of Suits disposed of.			Average Number disposed of by each Tribunal.		
1 Bangalore Small Cause Court	...	...	...	5,954	2,977	
82 Amildars	...	...	...	8,632	105	
8 Munsiffs	...	...	...	1,041	130	
9 Judicial Assistants	...	...	...	5,486	660	
8 Deputy Commissioners	...	...	...	55	7	
3 Commissioners	...	...	...	7	2	

220. The Courts which had the greatest average number of regular suits to dispose of, were those of the Judicial Assistants, and during the last quarter, the Munsiffs. The latter Officers whose Courts had been opened only for three months have disposed of 130 suits on an average.

221. The percentage of cases disposed of to the total number for disposal was nearly 90 per cent, as against 97 per cent in 1872. The large number of 932 suits pending at the close of the year, as against only 681 at the end of 1872, is not quite satisfactory. This increase was chiefly due to the 328 suits pending in the Courts of the Munsiffs; only 23 of them were over two months, and looking to the time of the year when their Courts were opened, and the amount of work accomplished by them during the short space of three months, it would appear that the heavy pending file is due to exceptional circumstances, and not to any want of energy on the part of the presiding Officers of the Courts.

222. *Contested and Uncontested Suits disposed of.*—The particulars of suits disposed of, contested as well as uncontested, during the years 1872 and 1873, are compared below :—

	Contested.		Uncontested.							Total.
	Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.	Rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on Confession.	Decreed <i>Ex parte</i> .	Dismissed <i>Ex parte</i> .	
Number of suits.	{ 1872... 4,400	1,270	422	2,245	628	1,431	5,074	5,380	880	21,730
	{ 1873... 4,290	1,214	335	2,317	416	1,311	4,625	5,670	997	21,175
Percent- age.	{ 1872... 20·2	5·8	1·9	10·3	2·9	6·6	23·4	24·8	4·1	100
	{ 1873... 20·2	5·7	1·6	10·9	1·9	6·3	21·9	26·7	4·8	100

223. Excluding from among the uncontested suits disposed of those marginally noted, only 8,984 suits, or about 42 per cent, were decided in the absence of the parties. With a view, if possible, to discover the cause of this large proportion of suits in which the parties failed to appear, special information regarding the number of applications filed to set aside judgments by default and *ex parte*, was called for, and the result shewn is as below summarized :—

Rejected	...	...	1·6 per cent.
Withdrawn	...	...	1·9 do
Compromised	...	...	6·3 do
Decreed on confession	...	...	21·9 do

	Number of <i>Exparte</i> Judgments by default and dismissals for default.	Number of Applications filed to set aside such Judgments.	Number of such Applications granted.
Ashtagram	1,542	112	83
Nundydroog	5,824	74	65
Nagar	1,618	93	93
Total..	8,984	279	241

224. The above figures shew that, out of 8,984 suits disposed of in the absence of the parties, in only 279 cases was any attempt made to obtain a re-trial, and in only 241 such cases did the Courts deem it fit to grant such re-trials. These facts go conclusively to shew that the parties in most cases of this description were wilful defaulters, and that the large number of suits disposed of in their absence was in no degree due either to want of consideration or irregular procedure on the part of the Courts. There is good ground for believing that the majority of suits shewn as disposed of under these headings were really compromised by the parties out of Courts.

225. *References to Arbitrators.*—Seventeen suits, as compared with 39 in 1872, were referred to arbitrators, 11 by the Small Cause Courts, 2 by the Munsiff of Bangalore, and 1 and 3 by the Judicial Assistants of Bangalore and Kolar respectively.

226. *Value of Suits disposed of.*—The aggregate value of suits disposed of in all the Courts in the Province was Rs. 23,45,380, being an average of Rs. 110 per suit, as against Rs. 23,13,785, which gave an average of Rs. 106 in 1872.

227. The increase appears to have been general throughout the Province, except in the Nundydroog Division, where the large decrease of about two laks of Rs. was chiefly due to there being no suits decided in the Commissioner's Court during the year under report, as against seven suits in 1872 of the aggregate value of over Rs. 1,57,000.

228. *Duration of Suits.*—The average duration of contested and uncontested cases was 28·75, and 18·36 days respectively, as against 33 and 10·7 days in 1872. The decrease in the duration of contested cases was due almost entirely to the shorter duration of suits in the Courts of Amildars, Munsiffs and Judicial Assistants. In the Bangalore Small Cause Court, there was an increase of about one day.

229. In the disposal of uncontested suits also, the Small Cause Court shews an increase of about one day. The Courts of the Amildars and the Munsiffs shew about 17 days, which must be considered fairly satisfactory. The Judicial Assistants' Courts also shew a small decrease of about two days.

230. On the whole, it is gratifying to find that contested suits have been disposed of somewhat more expeditiously than in 1872, while the slightly increased duration of uncontested suits is perhaps not to be regretted, as it would be satisfactory to believe that it is in some measure the result of consideration on the part of the Courts towards defaulting parties.

231. Out of the 932 suits pending at the close of the year, 67, as against 54 in 1872, were pending over two months, but there were only 12 over 4 months on the files, as against 16 in 1872.

232. *Amildars' Courts.*—In these Courts, 8,618 suits were filed during the year under report, being about 40 per cent of the total for the whole Province. In 1872, they had 9,972 suits, and the decrease during the past year was principally due to the appointment of Munsiffs in the Nundydroog Division.

233. Eight thousand six hundred and thirty-two suits were disposed of by Amildars during the past year, giving an average of 105 cases decided by each officer of that grade.

234. The subjoined table shews the number of suits disposed of, and pending in the Courts of the Amildars of the several Districts:—

					Suits disposed of.		Pending.	
					1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Nundydroog Division	{	Bangalore	...	...	1,858	1,293	13	0
		Kolar	...	...	2,612	1,957	24	0
		Tumkūr	...	...	814	632	7	0
Ashtagram Division	{	Mysore	...	...	1,423	1,288	2	7
		Hassan	...	...	769	902	9	8
		Shimoga	...	...	1,162	1,207	4	13
Nagar Division	{	Chitaldroog	...	...	878	853	6	2
		Kadur	...	...	436	500	0	6
Total.....					10,002	8,632	65	39

235. It is satisfactory to find that these officers, notwithstanding their multifarious duties, have been able to dispose of almost the whole of the large number of suits filed in their Courts.

236. *Munsiffs' Courts.*—These Courts were opened on the 1st October 1873 in the Nundydroog Division, and the strength of the file of each Court was as shewn below :—

				Transferred from the Amildars and Judicial Assis- tants on 1st Octo- ber 1873.	Since filed in their Courts.	Total.
Bangalore...	{	1. Sub-Division...	...	18	347	365
	{	2. Do	...	2	131	133
	{	3. Do	...	2	139	141
Kolar ...	{	1. Sub-Division...	...	14	119	133
	{	2. Do	...	5	197	202
	{	3. Do	...	7	172	179
Támkúr ...	{	1. Sub-Division...	...	5	80	85
	{	2. Do	...	8	128	136
Total.....				61	1,313	1,374

237. Out of these, 1,046 were disposed of, leaving 328 at the close of the year.

238. The income of these Courts in stamps, and the expenditure to be noted against them, was as follows :—

					Receipts from Stamps.			Expenditure.		
Bangalore...	{	1. Sub-Division...	...	2,440	9	9	1,200	0	0	
		2. Do	...	795	11	0	1,050	0	0	
		3. Do	...	704	6	11	900	0	0	
Kolar ...	{	1. Sub-Division...	...	686	13	0	1,202	8	3	
		2. Do	...	1,221	4	6	900	0	0	
		3. Do	...	1,012	9	0	984	0	10	
Támkúr ...	{	1. Sub-Division ...	...	914	5	0	1,200	0	0	
		2. Do	...	454	12	0	825	12	9	
Total.....					8,230	7	2	8,262	5	10

239. Thus, the expenditure exceeded the receipts by only the small sum of Rs. 31—14—8, and the Munsiffs' Courts may therefore be said at this moment to be self-supporting. This is a most satisfactory result, when it is remembered that the arrangement was somewhat new to the people, and that this result has been obtained in the first three months of the existence of the said Courts.

240. In the Courts at Bangalore, Chintamani and Chikballapur there was a surplus.

241. In the short period during which these Courts have been in existence, they have apparently worked in a very satisfactory and business like manner.

242. There is reason to believe that these Courts are popular, though with a somewhat increased pecuniary jurisdiction and some modifications with regard to the localities fixed upon as their head-quarters, their usefulness would be greatly enhanced. This however can be arranged after a little additional experience of what may be desirable.

243. The only respect in which these Courts are viewed by the people with some slight dissatisfaction, is the rather extensive territorial jurisdiction given to some of them, as one or two have four taluks under them instead of the usual number; viz., 3, and this entails some hardship on parties who wish to file petty suits, and whose villages are rather remote. The Officiating Commissioner of Nandydroog suggests that Village Munsiffs, as in Madras, or Shekdars, Amildars and Peshkars should be appointed to decide petty suits up to Rs. 10; but under existing circumstances such a measure cannot with expediency be carried out, for whatever may be the degree of success with which the measure is attended in Madras, the Chief Commissioner cannot believe that in this Province it would produce any but evil results. The area of the Munsiff's jurisdiction is after all not so large as in Madras, and the Chief Commissioner has endeavoured to remove all cause for complaint on account of the distance of the Courts by directing the Munsiffs to hold Circuit Courts for three months in the year at certain specified localities within their jurisdiction. There is no doubt that the new system is far preferable to the old, under which suitors had to follow Amildars in their peregrinations through the taluks.

244. *The Courts of the Judicial Assistants.*—There were 5,451 suits filed in these Courts during the past year, representing about 25·5 per cent of the litigation of the whole Province, as against nearly 27 per cent in 1872. These, added to 486 pending from 1872 and 7 received by transfer, gave a total of 5,944 for disposal.

245. The subjoined table gives a comparative statement of the

suits disposed of by the several Judicial Assistants of the Province in the years 1872 and 1873 :—

Judicial Assistants.					Suits disposed of.		Pending.	
					1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
Nundydroog Division.....	{	Bangalore	...	...	913	736	74	30
		Kolar	...	...	768	517	14	19
		Tumkūr	...	...	359	307	25	6
Ashtagram Division	{	Mysore	...	...	998	910	137	104
		Palhalli	...	...	714	650	30	63
		Hassan	...	...	556	589	66	38
		Shimoga	...	...	530	651	52	92
Nagar Division ...	{	Chitaldroog	...	...	467	556	16	29
		Kadur	...	...	731	590	72	35
Total.....					6,056	5,486	486	416

246. *Deputy Commissioners' Courts.*—There were 61 suits for disposal as compared with 62 in 1872, of which 55 were disposed of in the manner shewn below :—

						1872.	1873.
Nundydroog Division ...	...	...	...	{	Bangalore	41	24
					Kolar	1	...
					Tumkūr	1	1
Ashtagram Do ...	...	...	...	{	Mysore	11	18
					Hassan	...	4
					Shimoga	1	...
Nagar Do ...	...	...	...	{	Chitaldroog	1	1
					Kadur	4	7
Total.....						60	55

247. As usual, the greater number of suits were filed in the Bangalore and Mysore Courts, but there is nothing unusual or special in the character of these suits which necessitates detailed remarks.

248. *Commissioners' Courts.*—In these Courts, 9 suits were filed, as against 13 in 1872, 4 in Ashtagram, 3 in Nundydroog and 2 in Nagar.

249. Including the balance of 1872, and the 3 cases received by transfer in the Ashtagram Division, there were 15 suits for disposal, of which 8 were disposed of, leaving 7 cases pending at the close of the year 1873, 5 in Ashtagram and two in Nagar.

250. *Civil Appeals.*—Including 53 appeals pending from 1872, and

received by transfer, there was a total of 878 appeals for disposal as compared with 845 in 1872, being an increase of 33. The increase in the number of appeals preferred was 40.

251. Out of the total number for disposal, 792 were finally disposed of, and 10 were transferred, leaving 76 at the close of the year.

252. The following table shews the general results of appeals preferred in the different classes of Appellate Courts in the Province in 1872 and 1873, respectively :—

Courts.		Number for disposal.	Disposed of.						Transferred.	Pending.	Percentage of the confirmed to the total disposed of.	Average Duration.
			Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Dismissed for default.	Total.				
Judicial Assistants' Courts ...	{ 1872 ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	{ 1873 ...	40	10	11	5	5	1	32	0	8	25	22
Dy. Commissioners' Courts ...	{ 1872 ...	328	167	35	69	22	30	323	0	5	51	20
	{ 1873 ...	234	128	35	54	23	28	268	10	6	45.1	18.7
Commissioners' Courts ...	{ 1872 ...	393	218	57	43	21	20	359	2	32	60	60
	{ 1873 ...	419	238	45	40	16	24	363	0	56	50.80	44.65
Judicial Commissioner's Court.	Regular Appeals. { 1872 ...	16	8	0	6	0	0	14	0	2	57	48
	{ 1873 ...	8	5	2	1	0	0	8	0	0	62.5	64
	Special Appeals... { 1872 ...	108	55	9	23	4	3	94	0	14	57	40
	{ 1873 ...	127	68	8	43	0	2	121	0	6	53.4	43
Total..... { 1872 ...		845	448	101	141	47	53	790	2	58		41
{ 1873 ...		878	449	101	143	44	55	792	10	76	51.13	34

253. The decrease of 8 in the number of regular appeals to the Judicial Commissioner was due to the smaller number of original suits decided by the Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners.

254. In special appeals to the Judicial Commissioner, there was an increase of 19.

255. The percentage shewing the manner of disposal, as compared with the total number disposed of, was nearly the same as in the previous year as noted below :—

	1872.	1873.
Confirmed ...	56.71	56.6
Modified ...	12.8	12.8
Reversed ...	17.8	18.1
Remanded ...	6.0	5.6
Dismissed for default ...	6.7	6.9
Total.....	100	100

256. Of the 76 appeals pending at the close of the year, 3 as against 6 in 1872 were pending over two months.

257. The average duration of each appeal disposed of was 22 days in the Judicial Assistants' Courts, 16 in the Deputy Commissioners' and 44 in the Commissioners'.

258. In the Judicial Commissioner's Court, the average duration for regular and special appeals was 64 and 43 respectively, as against 48 and 40 days in 1872.

259. The aggregate value of decrees put in execution was Rs. 25,88,182, as against Rs. 26,16,491 in 1872. Rs. 19,99,877 as against Rs. 21,96,020 in 1872 were realized, being 77 per cent as compared with the 84 per cent of the total value of the decrease under execution.

260. *Miscellaneous Work.*—The amount of miscellaneous work done in each class of Courts in the Province during the year is exhibited in the annexed table :—

	Number for disposal.		Number disposed of.		Pending.	
	Cases.	Petitions.	Cases.	Petitions.	Cases.	Petitions.
Amildars	434	473	429	473	5	0
Munsiffs	67	174	45	163	22	11
Judicial Assistants	858	1,222	803	1,214	55	8
Deputy Commissioners	299	343	267	343	32	0
Commissioners... ..	14	253	12	251	2	2
Judicial Commissioner	0	53	0	53	0	0
Total.....	1,672	2,518	1,556	2,497	116	21
Total for 1872.....	1,812	3,683	1,742	3,669	70	14

REGISTRATION.

261. The subjoined summary contains a specification of the various

Compulsory Registration.

Districts.	1872—73	1873—74	More.	Less.
Mysore ...	1,265	1,500	235	...
Tumkūr ...	589	617	28	...
Hassan ...	554	752	198	...
Shimoga ...	441	573	132	...
Kadur ...	543	560	17	...
Chitaldroog ...	232	263	36	...
Bangalore ...	1,900	1,823	...	77
Kolar ...	502	473	...	29
		6,566	646	106

classes of documents registered during the two past years respectively. It is so far satisfactory that it indicates an increase in 1873—74 of 540 or nine per cent, compared with the year 1872—73, in the number of documents the registration of which was compulsory under the provisions of the Act. The number

(6,566) is in fact greater than in any previous year, and has doubled since 1866, when the Act was introduced. This increment occurred in six Districts, which shew together 646 more registrations. The Districts of Bangalore and Kolar shew 106 less than in 1872—73.

262. The documents consisted mainly of deeds of sale including

Optional Registration relating to immovable property.

Districts.	1872—73	1873—74	More.	Less.
Bangalore ...	472	381	...	91
Tumkūr ...	196	151	...	45
Kolar ...	379	306	...	73
Shimoga ...	80	66	...	14
Kadur ...	133	125	...	8
Mysore ...	179	185	6	...
Hassan ...	217	330	113	...
Chitaldroog ...	44	47	3	...
Total.....	1,700	1,591		

Court certificates of sale (3,059) and deeds of mortgage (2,936) involving immovable property of 100 Rs. and upwards in value, and the number, very probably, represents a large proportion, if not all, of the instruments of that value executed in the Province during the year; but besides these there must have been a vast number

concerning real property of smaller value the registration of which is optional. Of such, 1,591 only are recorded, and it will be observed that this class of documents has shewn a tendency to decline in five Districts.

263. *Optional Registration of bonds and personal obligations.*—The decline is attributable in a measure to the facilities for raising money by

means of bonds and promissory notes on personal security, jewels, scrips, &c., afforded by the private banks which have come into existence since the introduction of the Companies' Act in 1868. This view is corroborated by the fact that the Districts where these banks are most numerous (Bangalore 16, Kolar 15, Túngúr 3) are those in which the diminution is most marked. In Shimoga and Kadur, where there are no banks, the figures of 1873—74, though less than those of 1872—73, are better than in any previous year. The registration of bonds and similar documents relating to movable property has not fallen off, but the growth is but slow. In Hassan, there were 36 more than in 1872—73, in Shimoga 7, in Túngúr 8 ; but Bangalore was stationary, while Kolar had 4 less, Kadur 10, and Chitaldroog 7 less.

264. Having regard to the slow progress of voluntary registration with reference to documents involving immovable property under 100 Rs. in value, and those referring to personal obligations, it is to be feared that the advantages of registration are either not popularly known, or that they do not commend themselves to the classes among whom such transactions take place. For example, the Bangalore Branch of the Madras Bank and the numerous Native Banks, which make loans on other than real property, are content with the securities which they accept without superadding those of registration. It is chiefly in transactions between private parties that they would be desirable, as a registered document operates against one that is unregistered, and in case of loss may be replaced by a certified copy. But in order to secure these contingent advantages, the parties might reasonably hesitate to incur the expense of a fee, and still more the risk of exposing themselves to exactions at the Taluk Cutcherry, which they must attend personally or through an agent, sometimes at great inconvenience. Such considerations might well outweigh in the minds of the poor and uneducated classes in the interior the benefits which registration confers. But in order that they may be more generally brought home to the people, a summary of the objects of the present registration law, similar to that contained in the Chief Commissioner's Notification of 17th December 1865, which was issued when the Acts of 1864—65 were promulgated, has been published in the Local Kanarese Gazette, and also separately for distribution in the villages.

265. *Value of movable and immovable property.*—The values of the

movable and immovable properties involved in both the compulsory and optional classes of registration were as follows :—

Value of documents relating to real property,	
Sections 17 and 18	.. 3,368,590
Do to other property, Section 18	.. 242,039

266. *Registration under Penalty.*—The registrations under penalty for late presentations shew an increase of 9 cases ; but those for late appearance have diminished by 21, in consequence of the revised rule introduced under the authority of the Local Government to the effect that a penalty should not be imposed when the executants appear at the time of presentation.

267. *Registration of Wills and Authorities to adopt.*—There has been a slight increase in the number of wills, although the registration was optional. Authorities to adopt are not legally recognizable unless registered, but the returns shew 5 only in the year 1873—74 as in 1872—73. As the requirements of the Act regarding such instruments are either not generally known or may have been evaded, a Notification has been published in the local Gazette. In the same Notification attention has been drawn to the registration of certified copies of Court decrees relating to immovable property, as their number has fallen off since last year.

268. *Copies and Extracts made or granted. Powers of Attorney and attendances at private residences.*—The steady increase in the number of “copies and extracts” of documents granted by the Registering Officers, as well as in the authentication of powers of attorney by those Officers, is of a satisfactory character. The cases of attendance at private residences for the purpose of registering documents or authenticating powers of attorney have also multiplied year by year.

269. *Refusals and Appeal.*—The refusals to register, which numbered 202 in the year 1870—71 and 172 in the following year, were reduced to 61 in 1872—73 and 76 in 1873—74. There were 16 appeals against these last refusals, 6 were reversed, 9 were confirmed by the District Registrars, and one document was ordered to be registered by a Court. The causes of refusal have been as follows :—

Unauthenticated interlineations, alterations or erasures ...	3
Insufficient description of property ...	10
Presentation after permissible date ...	4
Non-appearance of executants ...	12
Non-identification of executant ...	1
Denial of execution ...	14
Minority of executants ...	13
Want of proof of execution by a deceased person ...	4
Documents affecting service <i>inams</i> ...	2
Refusal to pay prescribed fees, &c. ...	13

270. *Summonses*.—One hundred and sixty-five summonses were issued to compel the attendance of parties, the number having satisfactorily diminished year by year.

271. *Prosecution*.—There was one case of prosecution arising out of a forgery in the year and date of a document, which was detected by the Sub-Registrar of Vastara, and ended in the conviction of the offender, who was sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Court.

272. *Average Cost of Registration Fees*.—The average registration fee on each document of the compulsory class was Rs. 2—3—11 and of the optional class Rs. 1—7—5, against Rs. 2—2—10 and Rs. 1—7—2 of the previous year. The slight increase in the average fee is mainly due to the more strict enforcement of that clause of the Table of Fees which imposes an extra fee of 4 annas per 100 beyond 300 words in a document. The percentage of fees on the *value* of immovable property amounted to Rs. 0—7—10, against Rs. 0—7—3, and on movable Rs. 0—6—10, against Rs. 0—5—7 of the previous year.

273. *Financial Results*.—The financial results of the year under report have been unusually favorable. The receipts exceeded those of every year except 1870—71, when the income was swelled by exceptional causes, and leave a surplus of Rs. 3,541. The increase in the total expenditure, compared with that of 1872—73, is wholly due to the amount of Sub-Registrars' commission which is in proportion to the growth of the fees.

REGISTRATION.

61

Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Fees.	Penalties.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Salary and Establishment Allowance.	Commission to Sub Registrars at 40 per cent of Fees.	Contingencies.	Total.
Inspector General's Office	...	...	9 5 0	9 5 0	4,950 2 2	...	118	2 6 5,068 4 8
Bangalore ...	5,526 8 0	73 2 0	4 4 1	5,603 14 1	1,020 0 0	2,071 8 10	46	15 6 3,138 8 4
Mysore ...	4,367 0 0	232 2 0	3 7 8	4,602 9 8	863 15 11	1,632 1 4	18	6 4 2,514 7 7
Tumkur ...	1,617 12 0	58 0 0	16 12 0	1,692 8 0	387 1 6	621 11 8	21	11 7 1,230 8 9
Kolar ...	1,620 0 0	30 8 0	19 11 2	1,670 3 2	600 0 0	652 15 3	10	12 0 1,263 11 3
Hassan ...	2,459 4 0	136 2 0	...	2,595 6 0	600 0 0	901 14 0	43	2 0 1,545 0 0
Kadur ...	2,168 4 0	238 14 0	19 12 0	2,426 14 0	480 0 0	806 14 5	36	2 2 1,323 0 7
Shimoga ...	1,833 2 0	100 8 0	18 10 11	1,952 4 11	305 15 3	737 0 7	26	0 11 1,069 0 9
Chitaldroog ...	752 4 0	3 0 0	10 0 0	765 4 0	300 0 0	289 10 9	34	14 1 624 8 10
Total.....	20,344 2 0	872 4 0	101 14 10	21,318 4 10	9,707 2 10	7,713 12 7 1/2	356	8 1 17,777 2 6 1/2

274. *Recovery of Stamp Duties.*—The Registration Agency continues to be a material aid to the Stamp Department in the detection of unstamped and insufficiently stamped documents. No fewer than ninety were impounded by the Sub-Registrars, and the deficient stamp duties, as well as penalties in some cases, have been recovered by that means.

275. *Unclaimed Documents.*—Four unclaimed documents have, been destroyed, and 296 documents remained to be delivered, the presenters having failed to appear in person or by authorized agents to take back the documents.

276. *Inspection of Work generally.*—The quarterly inspections of the books and annual inspection of Offices by the District Officers appear from their reports to have been productive of greater accuracy and regularity of procedure on the part of the Sub-Registrars, and as it is a

Names.	No. of Quarterly Inspection of Books in the Registrars' Offices.	No of Annual Inspections.	
		By Registrars.	Other Officers.
Bangalore ...	15	5	5
Mysore ...	10	8	3
Tumkūr ...	10	5	3
Kolar ...	20	5	4
Hassan ...	12	7	3
Kadur ...	5	7	...
Shimoga ...	18	9	...
Chitaldroog ...	13	7	3
Total ...	103	53	21

* Names of Districts.	No. of Documents registered.	No. of Errors pointed out by Inspector General's Office.	Percentage.
Bangalore ...	2,328	63	2.7
Mysore ...	1,740	47	2.7
Kadur ...	750	24	3.2
Hassan ...	1,149	42	3.6
Kolar ...	838	35	4.1
Tumkūr ...	805	39	4.8
Chitaldroog ...	321	22	6.8
Shimoga ...	707	59	8.3

matter of much importance that these local inspections should not be relaxed, a Circular on the subject was issued to the District Registrars in August last. These reports and the Sub-Registrars' monthly returns and index sheets being submitted through the District Registrars to the Inspector General, with any orders which they may have issued after examination in correction of errors, they are again minutely reviewed and a very complete system of check is thus maintained. The *following resumé of the number of errors and informalities detected by the Inspector General's Office in the Sub-Registrars' returns after they had passed through the District Registry Offices affords the means of testing the relative efficiency of

the work performed in each District.

277. *Local Sub-Registry Offices.*—The question of establishing Sub-Registry Offices, apart from those at the taluk *kasbas*, has been considered during the year, with a view of affording greater facilities for registration. The Deputy Commissioners of all the Districts were addressed on the 28th November last, and the attention of those of the Nundydroog Division were specially requested to the need for replacing the offices which were recently abolished with 6 taluks. The replies received are generally to the effect that there are but few towns where business is likely to be such as to render a local Sub-Registry Office a boon to the community, but apart from this a difficulty presents itself in procuring suitable persons as Sub-Registrars. In two places, Chintamani and Turuvekere, it is proposed to appoint the Sub-Magistrate or the Munsiff to the duty, but elsewhere the only stationary officials to be found are the hobli school masters, a class of men who are not likely as a body to take up the work.

278. *Registration of Companies under Act X of 1866.*—At the close of the year 1873—74, there were thirty-six registered Companies in Mysore, which, with two exceptions, were banking associations. The stimulus which the Act has given to the formation of such societies may be seen from the fact that in 1868, when the Act was introduced, two only were registered, in 1869 three, in 1870 three, in 1871 four, in 1872 six, in 1873 nine, and since January 1874 eight. The aggregate capital amounts to 27,95,000, of which seven lacs belong to an old institution, the Bangalore Bank “ Limited.” The places in which they are established are :—

				No.
Bangalore	Town and Cantonment	...	...	16
Kolar	Town	...	...	9
”	Shrinivasapur	...	...	2
”	Bowringpet	...	...	3
”	Chikballapur	...	...	1
Tumkūr	Town	...	...	3
Chitaldroog	Town	...	...	1
Mysore	Town	...	...	1

279. On November 4th 1873, the Chief Commissioner notified that His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India had been pleased to extend from 1st January 1874 to 1st January 1876 the period within which all Government servants acting as Agents, Secretaries,

Managers, Directors, and in similar appointments, in connection with joint stock banks in Mysore were required to disconnect themselves from the management of all such companies. It had previously been notified on 16th January 1873, that public servants otherwise connected with such institutions must withdraw from them altogether before the 1st January 1876, the alternative in either case being the resignation of public employment. It is a significant fact that, since the extension of the period of grace was announced in November 1873, eight banks have been established beside two companies for the manufacture of sugar and ice.

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

280. A description of the system of Municipal Administration and of the sources of the revenues of the Municipalities in this Province was given in paras 247 to 260 of the report for 1872—73.

281. The total number of Municipal towns at the beginning of 1873—74 was 58. During the year under report 19 kasbas or head-quarter stations of taluks, in the Ashtagram Division, were newly constituted Municipalities; so that there are now 77 Municipal towns in the Province.

282. The following statement exhibits the number of Municipal towns in each District, their population, the receipts, and expenditure of the Municipal revenues for 1873—74. The rate per head is Rs. 0—11—9, against Rs. 0—11—5½ in the previous year.

No.	Districts.	Number of Municipalities.	Population.	Income.	Average incidence per head of Population.	Expenditure.
1	Bangalore	16	1,91,300	1,92,029	1 0 0	1,97,783
2	Kolar	11	47,375	10,195	0 3 5	11,708
3	Tumkur	11	39,671	7,923	0 3 5	7,293
4	Mysore	13	97,465	97,261	0 15 11	75,641
5	Hassan	10	28,784	8,842	0 4 11	6,762
6	Shimoga	8	29,093	23,268	0 12 9	22,605
7	Kadur	5	17,988	6,969	0 6 2	10,145
8	Chitaldroog	3	28,547	6,702	0 3 9	7,197
	Total.....	77	4,80,223	3,53,189	0 11 9	3,39,134
	Cash Balance.....			1,43,925		1,57,980
				4,97,114		4,97,114

MILITARY.

283. The local Military Force consists of six Regiments of Siledars or Cavalry, and four Regiments of Barr or Infantry.

284. *Efficiency.—Reorganization.—Drill.*—The Siledar Force which in former years played a recognized part in Indian history was gradually deteriorating into little better than a mounted rabble, the causes thereof dating from the period anterior to the assumption of the Administration of the Province by the British Government. This state of things drew attention some years ago, and a good deal was done to improve it; such as the adoption of a uniform, the arming of the men with a serviceable lance, providing Lines for each Regiment which did not previously exist, the establishment of a Chanda Remount Fund which has freed the service from its former precarious character, the raising of the pay of each man from 20 to 26 Rs. per month, one Regiment being reduced to provide funds for this most necessary measure, and lastly the introduction of a new and better system of accounts and payment. Nevertheless much remained to be accomplished to render the Siledars even passably efficient as an arm of the local Militia, and the subject being under consideration during the past three years, detailed arrangements were last year ordered for rendering the Siledars a compact body of efficient horse-men. In the first place it was considered that the numerical strength of the Force was much more than was called for by the requirements of the Province, and that a thousand well disciplined and efficient men would serve all purposes during the present times of peace. Orders were accordingly issued for the gradual reduction of the Force, and arrangements were in progress during the year under report. The Siledar Force will in future consist of 3 Regiments, the strength of each Regiment being as

noted in the *margin. The Force is being properly drilled under the supervision of a specially appointed Adjutant aided by drill instructors from the Madras Light Cavalry. The 4th Regiment quartered at Bangalore practised drill throughout the year under report with very satisfactory results, and took an approved part

- * 1 Regimental ar.
- 6 Risaldars.
- 6 Jamadars.
- 1 Sarzifardar.
- 36 Daffedars.
- 1 Nishanburdar.
- 1 Trumpet Major.
- 6 Trumpeters.
- 1 Kettle Drummer.
- 330 Sivers.
- 1 Farrier Major.
- 6 Farriers.
- 1 Foot Mahaldar.
- 1 Sarpeshikar

6 Peshkars.
 1 Jhanda Daffedar.
 3 Jhandavallas.
 $405 \times 3 = 1224$ for 3 Regiments.

in the late Camp of Exercise. Various other improvements in details have also been ordered, calculated to render the Force equal to the requirements of the internal administration of the State, and of subordinate co-operation with British Troops should occasion arise. To the Barr Force also, two drill instructors were attached last year, and an endeavour is being made to raise the standard of its efficiency too.

285. *Strength.—Cost of Reduction.—Siledar Gratuities.—Siledar Pensions.—Barr Pensions.*—As already stated arrangements were in progress during the year under report for the reduction of the Siledar Force. Inducements of pension and gratuity were held out as per following scale,

Detail.	Proposed pension when invalided.		Remarks.
	Ordinary after 20 years' service.	Superior after 40 years' service with unblemished character.	
Regimentdar	50	80	Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers must have served 3 years in the rank in which invalided to entitle them to the pension of such rank; where their service in this respect is incomplete, they will only receive the pension of the next lower rank.
Risaldars	25	40	
Sarzafardars	15	24	
Jamadars	12	20	
Daffedars	6	10	
Nishanbardars	6	10	
Trumpet Major	6	10	The superior pension after 40 years' service is not claimable as a matter of right, and will only be granted to men of unblemished character who are specially recommended therefor.
Trumpeters	3-8-0	5	
Savars	3-8-0	5	
Farrier Major	6	10	
Farriers	3-8-0	5	
Foot Mahaldar or Orderly	3	5	
Sar-Peshkar... ..	Will be entitled to pension under the Uncovenanted Service Pension Rules.		
Peshkars	Compassionate allowance of Rs. 3 per mensem, if invalided after 35 years' service.		
Jandavalas			

and up to the 31st December last 831 Officers and men availed them-

selves of them to quit the service, *viz.*, 425 on pension and 406 on gratuity. The payments made on account of gratuities amounted to Rs. 88,050, and the aggregate annual charge for pensions for men transferred to the pension list amounts to Rs. 55,544. The question of the future distribution of the Siledars throughout the Province not having been settled before the official year closed, the 3 surplus Regiments had not been broken up on the last day of the year, nor had the Commissioned Officers who had elected for discharge been finally disposed of. In the Barr Force, 172 old and worn out Officers and men were transferred to the pension list. Accordingly the strength of the Siledar and Barr Forces stood as follows on the 1st of April in 1873 and 1874:—

	Siledars.		Barr.	
	1873	1874	1873	1874
Commissioned Officers...	47	45	87	74
Non-Commissioned Officers	255	145	281	252
Rank and File	1,823	1,159	2,051	2,010
Camp Followers	...	...	147	148
Total.....	2,125	1,349	2,566	2,484

286. *Castes of Men.*—The relative proportions of the different castes to which the men belong stood as follows in 1873 and 1874:—

Castes.	Siledars.						Barr.					
	Commis- sioned Officers.		Non-Commis- sioned Officers and Men.		Total.		Commis- sioned Officers.		Non-Commis- sioned Officers and Men.		Total.	
	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
Christians	...	...	3	4	3	4	2	...	126	132	128	132
Muhammadans	18	18	1,089	646	1,107	664	57	46	1,531	1,484	1,588	1,530
Brahmans and Rajputs	13	13	176	111	189	124	10	9	135	131	145	140
Maharattas	13	12	746	497	759	509	8	7	190	180	198	187
Gentus	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	36	36	37	37
Other Castes	2	1	63	45	65	46	9	11	461	447	470	458
Total.....	47	45	2,078	1,304	2,125	1,349	87	74	2,479	2,410	2,566	2,484

287. *Castes of Horses.*—The horses and mares in the Siledar Force numbered 1,304 when the year closed, and consisted of the following breeds:—

							Horses.	Mares.	Total.
Studbred	...	...	...	...	...	...	128	269	397
Mawn	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	107	107
Arab	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	27
Australian	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	71	83
Kandabar	...	...	...	...	...	...	364	61	425
Persian	...	...	...	...	...	...	231	20	251
Kattawar	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	2	14
Total.....							774	530	1,304

288. *Kunigal Farm and Horse Breeding*.—During 1872—73, there were 27 stallions maintained at the Kunigal Farm. The number was reduced by destroying two unserviceable ones. One was sold for 1,000 Rs. and another purchased instead for Rs. 1,200. This brings the number down to 25. 22 stallions were of the castes noted in the *margin. Seventy foals were born during the year, and the health and growth of these and of the other young stock purchased from the Chanda Fund and reared in the Farm is reported to have been satisfactory. A separate stable for the stallions was constructed and the other buildings on the Farm repaired. The Farm crops are reported to have suffered severely from the dry and unfavorable season.

* English	...	...	No.
Cape	...	...	1
Australian	...	...	3
Arab	...	...	17
Total.....			22

289. *Stables and Huts*.—The work on the Siledars' huts at Shimoga was not completed when the year closed, and the Military Assistant complains of the way the work progresses under present arrangements as unsatisfactory. It is stated that Rs. 9,503 were spent during the year, and Rs. 6,812, which formed the unexpended portion of the Budget grant, lapsed when the year closed. For the Barr Force, 47 huts were completed at Shimoga, and 97 were under construction to complete the number required.

290. *Funds*.—Subjoined is a statement shewing the working of the Chanda, Stable, and Stallion Funds during the past and previous years :—

Funds.	Balance from previous year.		Receipts during the year.		Total.		Disbursements.		Balance.	
	1872-73	1873-74	1872-73	1873-74	1872-73	1873-74	1872-73	1873-74	1872-73	1873-74
Chanda Fund	10,977	30,977	48,673	71,433	59,650	1,02,410	28,633	67,232	30,977	35,148
Stable Fund	3,388	3,569	2,777	2,743	6,365	6,312	2,796	2,061	3,569	4,248
Stallion Fund	6,147	6,040	2,732	2,620	8,879	8,660	2,839	5,530	6,040	3,130

291. *Chanda Fund*.—The Chanda Fund system was first introduced in 1869. Its principal features were that each Siledar was to pay $1\frac{1}{2}$ Rs. towards the Fund, and that he was to receive Rs. 200, on the death or rejection of his horse. These were since altered in favor of the system in force in the Bengal Cavalry. Since the year previous to the one under report each Siledar pays 2 Rs. towards the Fund from which fresh horses are maintained, and on the death or rejection of his horse a Siledar contributes but a month's pay without reference to the value of the horse which he receives. Precautions are of course adopted to prevent an undue advantage being taken of this benefit, and the working of the system has been satisfactory, and is popular among the Siledars. The balance of the Fund on the last day of 1873—74 was Rs. 35,148, which is equivalent to a reserve of 140 horses in addition to those actually maintained from the Fund, (taking a horse to be worth Rs. 250, discarding for a moment the extent to which this figure will be recouped by the proceeds from cast horses sold). The principle underlying the Chanda Fund system is that the loss inflicted on the Siledar by the death or rejection of his horse falls upon him but partially, the entire loss being in fact distributed over the whole Force and practically borne by *all* the Siledars. Accordingly, the large balances which have annually been accruing at the close of the year suggest the question whether the system, without diminishing its benefits, may not be worked even with less pressure upon the Siledars. Although a permanent reduction in the monthly chanda may not be advisable, it is a question whether a certain maximum may not be fixed, up to which the surplus after paying all casualties may accumulate, but when exceeded, the chanda contributions may temporarily cease. Such a provision seems to exist in the Central India Horse where the maximum is Rs. 5,000 for each Regiment; this is equal to a reserve of 25 horses at 200 Rs. each, for a Regiment 493 strong. It is also a question whether the Chanda Fund, instead of being one for the whole Force, may not be broken up into *one for each Regiment*. The benefits of the system will then be brought nearer home to each Siledar; and this may prove a stronger incentive to him for contributing his full mite towards minimizing the number of casualties in his Regiment.

292. *Stable Fund*.—*Stallion Fund*.—The Rs. 2,064 shewn above as disbursed from the Stable Fund were expended on repairs to huts and stables at Bangalore. And the Rs. 5,530 expended from the Stallion Fund represent the cost of the new stallion stable and of repairs to the other buildings on the Kunigal Farm.

293. *Cost of Force.*—Subjoined is a comparative statement shewing the cost of the Siledar and Barr Forces during the past and previous years :—

		1872—73	1873—74
		Rs.	Rs.
Savar Establishment		7,63,644	6,92,871
Barr Do.		2,62,161	2,59,380
Office establishment including other items and commissioned allowance ...		30,788	32,469
Total "Establishment"		10,56,593	9,84,720
Savar Pensioners		...	8,791
Barr Do.		21,442	23,286
Karabat, &c. Do.		11,731	11,137
Total "Pensions"		33,173	43,214
Savar Gratuities		...	88,050
Barr Do.		...	156
Total "Gratuities"		...	88,206
Total Pensions and Gratuities...		33,173	1,31,420
Store Department including purchase of Arms, Ammunition, Tents, &c...		7,443	18,443
Grand Total.....		10,97,209	11,34,583

IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

294. *Rain-fall.*—The total rain-fall for the past year was registered at 27·78 inches, against 36·43 inches in the year 1872—73. The rain gauged at the Government Observatory at Bangalore was 29·16 inches, as against 39·04 inches in the year previous. Of this 17·85 inches fell during the south-west, and 11·31 inches during the north-east monsoons.

295. The amount of rain-fall at the head-quarters of Districts is shewn in the subjoined statement:—

Districts.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.	
	Inches. Cents.	Inches. Cents.	Inches. Cents.	Inches. Cents.	
Bangalore	40 45	22 79	...	17 66	
Kolar	26 48	24 60	...	1 88	
Tumkur	31 50	21 5	...	9 75	
Mysore	26 28	21 0	...	5 28	
Hassan	33 38	43 7	9 69	...	
Shimoga	64 46	28 51	...	35 95	
Kadur	48 69	29 26	...	19 43	
Chitaldroog	20 21	31 17	10 96	...	
Total.....	291 45	222 15	20 65	89 95	
Average...	36 43	27 78	2 58	11 24	
Net Decrease	...	...	...	8 66	

296. It will be observed from the above figures that there was a general decrease of rain during the past year in all except the Hassan and the Chitaldroog Districts.

297. *Temperature.*—The mean annual temperature recorded at the Government Observatory was 79°3, against 82°8 in the previous year. The maxima were 88°9 and 80°1 in May and July, as against 83°5 75°1 in the same months of 1872—73. During these hot months, the minimum readings were 83°2 and 75°5, against 83°5 and 75°1. The minimum for the whole year was 71°6, against 57°6 in the previous year.

CROPS.

298. The season during the year 1873—74 was on the whole not so favorable as in the previous year. In the Nundydroog Division the rain was scanty and unseasonable, so much so that the staple crops, *viz.*, ragi, paddy, dāl and ballar partially failed.

299. There was a failure of the early rains in the Ashtagām Division, in consequence of which the ryots had the misfortune to lose the whole crop of cholam, which forms one of the principal staples of food for the agricultural classes. They had also a short out-turn from horsegram, pulse, ballar and ragi.

300. In the Nagar Division, the rains were very unseasonable, especially in the *maidan* or plain taluks; but no deficiency was felt in the *malnad* or hilly taluks where the usual harvest was reaped. The dry crop throughout the Division was on the whole below the average, and the wet crop in the open taluks suffered to some extent. In portions of the Shimoga and Channagiri Taluks of the Shimoga District, the crop was almost a total failure owing to the deficient early rains; but the latter rains just saved the crops as a rule. Sugar-cane yielded generally a fair crop. The supari or areca nut gardens in the malnad taluks of Kavaledurga, Anantapur, Sagar and Koppa and also in the plain taluks of Honnali, Shikarpur, Budihal, Hosdurga, and Kankuppa appear to have suffered from “koleroga” or blight, and on the whole the season was not a favorable one for this crop.

301. The scanty rain-fall affected coffee to such an extent as to cause a large decrease in the out-turn, and to occasion a serious deficit in the sayer revenue derived therefrom.

302. The total area of land under cultivation in the year 1873-74 was 52,02,857 acres, as against 52,63,532 acres in the previous year, shewing a decrease of 60,675 acres in the year under report. The following statement exhibits the proportionate extent cultivated with the various products :—

Products.	Proportionate Area under Cultivation.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1872-73.	1873-74.		
Ragi, gram and other dry grains. ...	70.4	77.7	7.3	...
Rice. ...	18.3	9.0	...	9.3
Coffee ...	2.1	2.9	.8	...
Areca-nut, and cocoanut. ...	1.6	1.9	.3	...
Cotton. ...	1.4	0.85	...	...
Sugar-cane. ...	1.0	0.36	...	.64
Tobacco. ...	0.4	0.45	.5	...
Mulberry. ...	0.2	0.25	.5	...
Vegetables. ...	1.1	1.8	.7	...
Oil-seeds. ...	3.4	4.2	.8	...
Wheat ...	0.2	0.3	.1	...

303. *Ragi* is grown in all the Districts of the Province, and is the staple dry crop food consumed by the masses.

304. *Rice* is generally cultivated throughout the Province; but in the western taluks, where rains from the south-west monsoon are continuous, it is almost exclusively grown.

305. *Coffee*.—The cultivation of coffee is carried on chiefly on the slopes of the Western Ghats in the Hassan, Kadur and the Shimoga Districts.

306. The following statement shews interesting particulars regarding coffee cultivation and revenue derived from it in the year under report as compared with 1872—73:—

		Estates.	Acres.	No. of Trees.	Quantity in tons exported in this year's produce.	Duty paid.		
1872—73	European ...	305	34,310	3,43,22,009	830 ³ / ₈	16,607	11	6
	Native ...	22,759	76,689	8,34,35,653	3,277 ⁵ / ₈	62,553	10	9
		23,064	1,10,999	11,77,57,662	4,108	79,161	6	3
1873—74	European ...	310	33,175	3,44,08,990	520 ³ / ₈	10,414	14	2
	Native ...	23,409	78,422	8,35,58,410	2,228 ¹ / ₈	44,564	1	2
		23,719	1,11,597	11,79,67,400	2,749	54,978	15	4
Net	European ...	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease			
		5	1135	86,981	309 ⁵ / ₈	6,192	13	4
	Native ...	Do	Increase	Do				
		650	1733	1,22,757	1,049 ³ / ₈	17,989	9	7
	Total.....	655	Net Increase 598	2,09,738	1,359	24,182	6	11

307. *Cotton*.—The extent of land under cotton cultivation during

the year under report was 43,798 acres or 2,916 acres less than in the previous year.

308. The quantity of cotton produced was 1,553 tons, as against 2,091 tons in the previous year, shewing a decrease of 538 tons.

309. *Cardamom*.—This plant grows spontaneously in some parts of the Shimoga, Kadur and Hassan Districts. It is annually put up to auction and the sale proceeds are credited to Government. The Malnad ryots and the coffee planters now grow cardamoms in their *Jittals* or back-yards and coffee estates.

310. The receipts from the Sayer duty on cardamoms levied at the rate of 2 rupees per maund amounted during the year under report to Rs. 3,405.

311. The great profit accruing from this article of luxury to natives having of late attracted the attention of coffee planters, &c., and many instances having occurred of unauthorized cultivation of cardamom, and of wilful neglect on the part of planters to conform strictly to the conditions of the coffee grants, distinct rules regarding the grant of lands for cardamom cultivation have been promulgated.

312. *Tobacco*.—This plant is generally cultivated by some of the agricultural classes on a small scale on their kadayam lands; but its cultivation for sale is largely carried on in the Taluks of Periyapatna, (Mysore District) and Harnhalli, Arkalgud, &c., (Hassan District). It is used by all the lower classes for chewing and smoking, and by the upper and lower classes for snuff.

313. The amount realized during the year under report from the imperial Sayer duty on tobacco at the rate of one rupee per maund with stalk, and at half a rupee per maund without stalk, was Rs. 1,19,225.

314. *Poppy*.—The area over which this plant was cultivated was 512 acres. The amount of duty levied on opium for the year under report was Rs. 5,632.

315. *Mulberry*.—The cultivation of mulberry was carried on over 12,825 acres of land during the year under report, as against 11,615 acres in the previous year, shewing an increase of 1,210 acres.

316. It is a matter of regret that sericulture which was formerly thriving and supplied suitable occupation to a section of the population

in Mysore, is now in a very depressed condition owing to the failure and mortality of the silk-worms, notwithstanding every care taken in rearing them. This result is attributed to climatic causes.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

317. The subjoined statement shews the live and other stock of the Province, for the year 1873—74 :—

				Number.
Cows and bullocks	...	...	...	2,911,684
Horses	...	...	..	8,008
Ponies	...	...	...	21,451
Donkeys	...	...	...	49,671
Sheep and goats	...	...	...	2,138,750
Pigs	...	...	...	35,357
Carts	...	...	...	94,912
Ploughs	...	...	...	619,423
Boats	...	...	...	161

318. CATTLE SHOW.—The Show for the year under review was held as usual at Nundy on the 19th of February 1874. From the unusually favorable weather, and the absence of any cattle disease at the time in the neighbourhood, very favorable results were anticipated, but unfortunately it was the poorest of the Shows hitherto held. In 1873, there were about 12,000 pairs of bullocks in the camps, whereas this year there were not more than 3 or 4,000 pairs. The cause of the falling off is reported to be that notice was not given in time, and that the ryots did not know that there was to be any unusual attraction or excitement on the occasion or that a Show would be held, the usual notice regarding it not having been by some oversight published until a few days beforehand.

319. Full mouthed and aged bulls were not exhibited on this occasion. The four and five year old bulls were however very fine, and one three year old was quite remarkable both in regard to size and shape.

320. The bullocks were excellent, and about a hundred pairs of fine animals were brought into the enclosure. The anxiety to gain a prize was very keen, and it was no easy matter to keep the competitors in order and their cattle in their places. The three pairs which gained the first prizes were afterwards picked out by a panchayat of Gaudas as the finest animals they could select for transmission to Sir Salar Jung, who had sent a commission for the purchase of three pairs of first class bullocks,

321. Only two or three good cows were exhibited.

322. The Show of ponies was also indifferent, and it is matter for regret that the breed of Mysore ponies, formerly so good, is now almost, if not quite, extinct.

323. *Average Prices of Produce and Labor.*—The average prices of the principal articles of produce are shewn in the following statement:—

No.	Articles.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rice, per rupee ... Seers.	11 0 0	12 0 0	1 0 0	...
	Wheat do ... "	8 0 0	9 0 0	1 0 0	...
	Dál do ... "	14 0 0	9 0 0	...	5 0
	Ballar do ... "	15 0 0	9 0 0	...	6 0
	Cotton, per maund ... Rs.	7 0 0	7 8 0	0 8 0	...
	Sugar do ... "	4 9 0	4 0 0	...	0 9
	Salt, per rupee ... Seers.	11 0 0	12 0 0	1 0 0	...
	Ragi do ... "	49 0 0	45 0 0	...	4 0
	Horse gram ... "	30 0 0	25 0 0	...	5 0
	Bengal gram ... "	10 0 0	10 0 0	...	...
	Plough bullocks, each ... Rs.	10 to 200	0 15 to 200	...	...
	Sheep do ... "	2 to 6	1 to 7	...	...
	Fish, per seer ... "	0 2 0	0 2 0	...	...
	Iron, per maund ... "	2 1 to 6	0 2 1 to 6	...	...
	Dry cocoanut, per 100 ... "	3 14 0	3 15 0	0 1 0	...
	Jaggory, per maund, ... "	1 5 0	1 12 0	0 7 0	...
	Arecanut, do ... "	8 13 0	8 0 0	...	0 13
	Tobacco, do ... "	9 15 0	10 0 0	0 1 0	...
	Ghee do ... "	9 10 0	9 8 0	...	0 2
	Opium, per seer ... "	7 6 0	7 8 0	0 2 0	...

The average prices of labor for the past year were as follows:—

			Rs.	As.	P.
Wages per diem ..	Skilled	...	...	0	11 7
	Un-skilled	...	...	0	4 0
Cart, per day	...	...	...	0	14 0
Camel, per day	...	...	...	1	0 0
Donkey, per score, per day	...	...	...	2	10 2
Boat, ... do	...	...	...	1	0 0

HORTICULTURE.

324. A growing taste for horticulture is observable throughout the Province. This taste is greatly fostered by the striking improvements recently carried out at the Lal Bagh under the supervision of Lieutenant-Colonel Puckle, an Officer whose name is associated with many useful works in Bangalore and its vicinity. Under Colonel Puckle's management the Lal Bagh has become one of the most beautiful gardens in

India. A deer-park has been enclosed ; numerous rare trees and plants have been procured, and the walks have been laid out on a new plan. The Show held at the Lal Bagh on 18th December 1873 was a decided success. The exhibition of flowers, bouquets, vegetables and fruits surpassed all expectation.

325. *Cinchona*.—The plantation on the Bababudan Hills was pronounced four years ago by the Quinologist to the Madras Government to be a comparative failure, and the trees were reported to be incapable of yielding any but inferior bark. There were in the nursery and propagating house about 11,000 plants ; and with a view to utilize them, the right slopes of the road on the top of the ghat measuring 9 acres were cleared at a small expense and planted out with about 6,500 plants.

It is reported that there are at present 43,899 plants :—

1 Foot high	...	..	...	13,820
1 to 10 feet high	...	...	...	14,079
10 to 20 feet	...	...	...	8,000
Above 20 feet	...	...	...	8,000
				43,899

326. The bark from some of the trees has been used both in the Shimoga and Chikmagalur Hospitals, and Dr. McGann states that it appeared to have been efficient in checking ordinary mild cases of intermittent fever ; but that no decided opinion can at present be given as to its real value, compared with good yellow bark obtained from the medical stores.

327. The cinchona plantation on the Biligiriranga Hills, which was formed in 1867, extends over an area of 49,000 square yards. Some of the plants have already reached a height of from 10 to 20 feet, the remainder from 6 to 8 or 9 feet. An Overseer on Rs. 35 is in charge of this plantation. The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs. 766—1—6 ; a moiety of this was charged to the Jahagir as usual. The favorable results of the analysis of the bark by Mr. Broughton has been noticed in the previous year's report.

328. Numerous experiments with exotic seeds, plants and trees, such as Carolina paddy, Katang bamboos, Australian maize and sorgho, Virginia and Havanna tobacco, Java grass, the sunflower and the Ceylon

cinnamon were carried on during the year under review with varying success. In most cases the results have been separately reported on. Most of the experiments were carried on at the Lal Bagh and at Morison's Farm, but in several cases seeds were entrusted to ryots. It has been found that this latter class of experiments furnishes a very imperfect criterion, for the ryots are always reluctant to report success owing to their suspicion of the intentions of Government.

329. Finally it must be noted that during the year under review the establishment of an Experimental Farm at Bangalore was sanctioned by the Government of India. The land has been purchased by Government and the services of a graduate of the Royal Agricultural College at Cirencester have been secured for the superintendence of the farm.

FORESTS.

330. During the year, 23,602 acres of forest land were applied for in Nagar, and made over to the Department at the settlement of a portion of the Shikarpur Taluk by the Revenue Survey Department. But the land in question has not yet been proclaimed as a State-forest.

331. No demarcation work was done in three out of four ranges. In the Mysore Range four miles of new demarcation and $20\frac{3}{4}$ miles clearing of old lines were carried out during the year.

332. The number of cases of breaches of Forest Rules were 151, of which 118 were carried to conviction and 9 were pending at the close of the year.

333. In Hassan 9 miles of tracks practicable for carts were opened from Sethalli to the Saklespur-Hassan road at a point near Alur. 10 miles of road were also made practicable for carts between Ane Betta, and Tolalu, thus rendering the Ane Betta Forest accessible.

334. During the year $450\frac{1}{2}$ acres were added to the plantations of all kinds at a total cost of Rs. 17,840. The "big pit system" has by experience proved successful in Mysore, and appears to be the cheapest in the long run.

335. The fellings in State-forests were :—

Range.	Teak.	Junglewood.	Teak Poles.	Jungle Poles.	Bamboos.
Nagar	920	1,039	202	...	...
Mysore	48	59	14	24	216
Hassan	...	...	...	...	...

Collections at Depôts, and sales.

Range.	Collected.		Sold.	
	Timber.	Bamboos.	Timber.	Bamboos.
Nagar	2,715	...	5,853	...
Mysore	935	...	861	276
Hassan	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog	...	...	...	...

Collections and sales of Sandalwood.

Range.	Collection.	Sold.	Description.
Nagar	235½ tons.	267 tons.	Good wood.
	65 "	69½ "	Inferior wood.
Mysore	522½ "	350 "	Good wood.
	30 "	53 "	Inferior.
Hassan	100 "	56 "	Good wood.
	53 "	43 "	Inferior.
Nundydroog	89½ "	104½ "	Good wood.
	12 "	23 "	Inferior.

336. *District Forests.*—During the year 29 depôts were opened, 3 in Mysore, 22 in Nagar, and 4 in Hassan. None were opened in Nundydroog, the license being here still continued.

The financial results are :—

Estimates	...	...	...	74,000
Actuals...	...	...	...	53,144

337. This shews a falling off of Rs. 20,856, but as the license system was continued in Nundydroog throughout the year, the depôt sales were limited. If the value of stock at close of the year is added, the net revenue would be Rs. 24,520 as detailed below :—

				Rs.
Realizations	...	...	...	53,144
Stock in hand at close of the year...			...	24,410
				77,554
			Deduct Expenditure.....	53,034
			Net Revenue.....	24,520

338. This result compared with the average realizations on license system for the past five years shewn in the Forest Report will be found satisfactory.

339. The general financial results on all heads are as follow:—

I.	Realizations	...	...	...	4,97,060
	Deduct amount realized on account of previous periods	...	...	...	5,818
	Balance...	...	...	...	4,91,242
	Add outstandings on account of the year			...	29,488
	Value of the year's transactions	...		...	5,20,730
II.	Disbursements	...	...	...	2,36,233
	Deduct disbursements on account of transactions of former years		...	...	0
	Balance	...	...	...	2,36,233
	Add due for transactions during the past year not yet disbursed		...	...	0
	Real cost of the year's transactions			...	2,36,233
III.	Net result of year's transactions	...		...	2,84,497
	Add net difference of value of stock			...	3,212
				Net Revenue.....	*2,87,709

*Exclusive of value of District-Forest stock valued at Rs. 24,410.

MINES AND QUARRIES.

340. A description of the mineral productions of Mysore was given in the last Annual Report.

341. Iron is the only metal that is produced in any appreciable quantity in this Province. The subjoined statement contains the available information regarding the number of mines, quantity produced, and

the duty levied on iron furnaces in 1873—74, as compared with the previous year:—

Year.	Number of Mines or places where ore is collected.	Quantity produ- ced, maunds.	Duty levied on Furnaces.
1872—73	1472	20,114	8,187
1873—74	1464	19,298	8,065
Increase in 1873—74	... 8	... 816	... 122
Decrease in do			

342. *Gold*.—Three seers of gold were produced in the Kolar District during the year 1873—74. There is reason to believe that a proper system of working would shew the existence of a considerable quantity of gold ore in certain Districts.

MANUFACTURES.

343. The value of the manufactures of the year under report is estimated at Rs. 32,67,613 as per particulars subjoined:—

	Rs.		Rs.
Silk	1,68,030	Sugar	1,36,625
Cotton	8,66,393	Coffee	7,17,314
Wool	2,41,825	Paper	10,000
Fibres . . .	17,580	Wood	7,500
Iron	1,48,120	Oils	6,49,143
Brass and copper ..	3,05,083		

344. The foregoing alone do not include all the manufactures of the Province, for the information procurable on the subject is still defective.

345. The places noted for special manufactures were mentioned in the previous year's report.

TRADE.

346. A great deal of correspondence has taken place last year with the Division and District Officers on the subject of the submission of correct trade returns; but from the reports received it appears that, in the absence of a special establishment and suitable machinery, it is hopeless to expect reliable returns of the trade in this Province. The registers kept in the head-quarters of hoblis and taluk kasbas may perhaps be regarded as a rough approximation to truth; but there is no reliable source of information regarding the imports and exports in villages.

A.

Principal Exports to Her Majesty's Territories.

Articles.	Quantity export- ed.			Average Value.	Articles.	Quantity export- ed.			Average Value.
	Tons.	Cwts.	lbs.			Tons.	Cwts.	lbs.	
				Rs.					Rs.
Areca-nut ...	6,018	14	102	26,07,755	Paddy ...	52,218	2	96	14,09,767
Cotton ...	1,077	7	...	1,20,213	Betel leaves No.	27,99,733	...	...	1,34,928
Coffee ...	3,355	4	98	30,57,367	Hides ... No.	56,400	...	...	41,166
Cardamoms ...	26	6	105	1,10,910	Cocoanuts, fresh	49,84,827	...	...	1,16,838
Chillies... ..	725	16	26	1,27,505	No.	...	...	...	17,200
Dry Coconut ...	226	8	83	65,688	Silk, raw ...	...	110	24	17,200
Pepper ...	6,103	14	...	39,955	Camphor ...	...	5	7	10,000
Poppy seeds ...	45	...	...	6,600	Cocanut oil ...	...	9	12	17,600
Tamarind ...	1,756	1	48	1,22,775	Gingelly oil ...	...	157	16	65,200
Tabacco ...	857	5	52	2,01,600	Jaggory ...	3,438	...	...	4,25,720
Iron ...	449	14	8	1,09,060	Opium ...	...	1	15	14,985
Gold ...	...	10	80	8,00,000	Sandal oil ...	...	...	...	...
Tuvar-dal ...	500	11	48	45,060	Sugar ...	1,071	8	64	3,00,000
Green-gram ...	113	13	64	8,370	Cotton thread ...	...	65	7	69,500
Bengal-gram ...	1,236	18	...	75,171	Earth salt ...	...	188	5	11,427
Horse-gram ...	7,281	18	64	2,14,304	Coarse cloth No.	2,14,961	...	...	6,54,721
Black-gram ...	265	19	...	19,523	Piece goods No.	1,42,760	...	...	12,60,800
Ragi ...	42,936	7	80	7,71,115	Silk ...	...	2	...	36,400
Wheat ...	1,092	17	16	80,000	Silk cloth No.	1,600	...	...	32,000
Rice ...	10,358	18	16	6,82,864					
Cholam ...	18,880	4	64	5,51,676	Total.....				1,44,35,761

B.

Principal Imports from Her Majesty's Territories.

Articles.	Quantity Import- ed.			Average Value.	Articles.	Quantity export- ed.			Average Value.
	Tons.	Cwts.	lbs.			Tons.	Cwts.	lbs.	
				Rs.					Rs.
Areca-nut ...	2,035	16	...	16,02,414	Paddy ...	1,024	10	...	42,887
Cotton ...	1,897	11	12	10,30,752	Betel leaves No.	70,04,950	...	...	2,33,508
Coffee ...	377	4	40	1,51,860	Hides ... No.	35,250	...	...	50,575
Cloves ...	17	5	96	15,354	Cocoanuts, fresh	25,38,331	...	...	79,051
Cardamoms ...	4	14	64	25,495	No.	...	...	...	1,580
Chillies ...	1,403	14	24	2,99,114	Silk, raw ...	...	4	80	34,931
Dry cocoanuts ...	234	4	48	44,845	Camphor ...	...	22	8	56,471
Pepper ...	281	19	8	2,07,820	Cocanut oil ...	...	121	4	82,026
Poppy seeds ...	33	7	43	5,447	Gingelly oil ...	...	220	16	1,43,134
Tamarind ...	475	7	16	31,480	Jaggory ...	1,264	9	80	4,760
Tobacco ...	534	14	32	3,79,533	Earth salt ...	...	157	10	5,230
Iron ...	1,079	7	56	2,19,042	Opium ...	...	7	62	2,195
Silver ...	27	6	68	25,48,620	Sandal oil ...	...	2	33	84,315
Gold ...	1	3	63	17,01,675	Sugar ...	...	247	5	2,07,530
Tuvar-dal ...	3, 186	14	32	3,68,994	Cotton thread ...	...	188	5	25,24,103
Green-gram ...	756	11	16	67,558	Salt ...	...	32,052	5	23,41,265
Bengal-gram ...	826	4	...	56,462	Coarse cloth No.	6,65,814	...	...	44,96,342
Horse-gram ...	3,808	10	48	1,61,585	Piece goods No.	8,06,641	...	...	8,55,038
Black-gram ...	660	17	96	63,898	Silk ...	...	46	6	1,08,700
Ragi ...	16,016	19	80	4,26,643	Silk cloth No.	13,120	...	...	
Wheat ...	17,946	2	80	13,51,275					
Rice ...	14,304	1	24	9,34,307	Total.....				2,31,09,679
Cholam ...	1,233	1	48	64,990					

347. A comparison of the returns furnished for the last two years shews a considerable increase in 1873—74 in the export, chiefly of areca-nut, paddy, jaggory, piece goods and golden jewels. The import of areca-nut, cotton, chillies, tobacco, and togari or dāl also exhibits a large increase.

348. The estimated aggregate value of all commodities exported from and imported into the Province during the last two years is given below —

	Aggregate value of exports, Rs.	Aggregate value of imports, Rs.
1873—74	1,44,35,761	2,31,09,679
1872—73	1,12,83,122	2,14,64,239
Total increase in 1873—74,	<u>31,52,639</u>	<u>16,45,440</u>

PUBLIC WORKS.

ORIGINAL WORKS.

349. MILITARY.—*Military Assistant's Stores and Work-Shops.*—

Estimate	Rs. 10,254	This building, commenced in 1872—73 with a view to the removal of the establishment from the quarters in the old fort of Bangalore, was completed in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner, and has been some time in occupation.
Year's Appropriation	„ 5,700	
Do Outlay	„ 5,596	

350. *Place of Arms and Savars and Barr huts at Shimoga.*—The

Estimate	Rs. 25,446	huts are reported as nearly completed, and the foundation and basement of Place of Arms as laid and the walls partially raised. Work executed under contract by the Military Assistant with professional advice of Executive Engineer.
Year's Appropriation	„ 17,000	
Do Outlay	„ 9,504	

351. CIVIL BUILDINGS.—*Alterations and additions to Government House, Bangalore.*—The work here, which main-

Estimate	Rs. 26,520	ly consisted in the construction of a new suite of dwelling apartments for the Chief Commissioner's family, and certain extensions and improvements both to the public and private portions of the group of buildings, was commenced in March 1873, and very nearly completed in official year. Though at first slow, the contractor's progress improved towards the close of the year; and on the whole the work has been satis-
Year's Appropriation	„ 18,119	
Do Outlay	„ 22,504	

factory. The residence, by these additions, has been improved both in appearance and comfort. Workmanship very fair.

352. *New Printing Office, Bangalore.*—This work, which was practically finished and occupied during the

Estimate	Rs. 34,141
Year's Appropriation	" 1,381
Do Outlay	" 1,107

previous official year, merely required some trifling additions consisting of a well, fencing to compound, levelling and planting the latter, &c, as also the re-coating of the Bengal terrace roof, which having partially failed was re-executed departmentally at the contractor's expense.

353. *Improvements to the Cutcherry of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, Bangalore.*—This work, which

Estimate	Rs. 56,244
Year's Appropriation	" 25,000
Do Outlay	" 25,057

consists of the addition of two wings (affording separate Courts to the Commissioner, Deputy and Assistant Commissioners, also Judicial Assistant) to the old building, which in itself is also being improved in its internal arrangements, was commenced in the year under review; and although unexpected delays arose from the difficulties in procuring suitable brick, the year's allotment has been worked up to, and fair progress made. The steam-ground soorkee-mortar, which was here used, has, with the stone employed in foundation and walls of the first floor, proved very satisfactory; and all the wood work (including doors and windows already prepared) is very sound. Altogether, the work has advanced very steadily under contract, and should in a few months be completed, and ready for occupation.

354. *Sandal Koti, Bangalore.*—This work, which had been commenced in the previous official year, made very

Estimate	Rs. 11,120
Year's Appropriation	" 5,000
Do Outlay	" 5,193

slow progress, owing to the same contractor having been engaged on the improvements to Government House; it was, however, with the exception of a few fittings, satisfactorily completed by the end of the year under review.

355. *Division Jail and Lock-up, Bangalore.*—This building, which had been commenced in the previous official

Estimate	Rs. 14,891
Year's Appropriation	" 5,513
Do Outlay	" 4,587

year, was satisfactorily completed under contract. Both the progress of the work, and the materials employed, were good.

356. *Hospital for Pete and Cantonment Police at Bangalore.*—

Estimate	Rs. 4,650
Year's Appropriation	„ 2,855
Do Outlay	„ 2,836

Though of a useful character, there was nothing special about this work, which, however, having been commenced in the previous official year, was completed in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner under contract, in that under review.

357. *Apothecary's Quarters, Kolar.*—The progress here was slow ;

Estimate	Rs. 3,376
Year's Appropriation	„ 1,891
Do Outlay	„ 2,381

but the building which has a neat appearance was finished with the exception of the out-houses, which will soon be out of hand. Both workmanship and materials good.

358. *Sub-Divisional Assistant Commissioner's Outcherry at Closepet.*

Estimate	Rs. 5,021
Year's Appropriation	„ 1,611
Do Outlay	„ 1,521

Commenced in previous official year ; finished in that under review ; workmanship and materials good.

359. Other works not calling for special report under this head in the *Nundydroog Division* were :—

	Estimate.	Year's Appropriation.	Outlay.
Tiffin-room for Native Clerks in Chief Commissioner's Office ..	860	860	828
Latrine and improvements to Cubbon Park and Public Offices ...	1,289	1,289	1,300
Alterations to Brahman Pete Hospital	1,890	280	434
Do Bowring Civil Hospital	1,906	38	89
Central Jail improvements	5,550	902	1,016

All of these, with the exception of the last, were completed. There were some other trifling works which, however, do not need specification.

360. In the *Ashtagram Division*, the following works were in progress.

Civil Hospital at Mysore.—This work, which is built on the

Estimate	Rs. 36,530
Year's Appropriation	„ 15,000
Do Outlay	„ 16,784

detached pavilion plan to accommodate 56 native patients of both sexes, was completed in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner, under contract. Furnishing, planting, fencing, and

levelling the compound, alone remain for finishing the work in its entirety.

361. *Judicial Assistant's Court at Mysore*—Was finished in a satisfactory manner, and occupied on the 1st

Estimate	Rs.	5,329
Year's Appropriation	"	3,190
Do Outlay	"	3,176

December 1873.

362. *District Jail at Hassan*—Designed for the incarceration of 66 male and female prisoners. This work,

Estimate	Rs.	36,350
Year's Appropriation	"	15,000
Do Outlay	"	13,266

which had just been commenced towards the close of the previous official year, made fair progress during that under review. Great care has been observed in regard to the materials; and so far, the buildings (one-half of the work in which has been completed) have been executed in a very workmanlike manner, under contract.

363. *Taluk Cutcherry at Belur*.—Though by no means a large work, this building has given the greatest

Estimate	Rs.	11,534
Year's Appropriation	"	2,500
Do Outlay	"	3,186

trouble, owing to the whole soil in and around Belur having been found on trial to consist of the debris of a previously existing town, and altogether untrustworthy for foundations. A very disproportionate amount of labor, and loss of several months' time, were thus occasioned before a fair start could be made; the work is now, however, progressing steadily; brick especially good.

364. *Assistant Commissioner's Cutcherry at Saklespur*.—The pro-

Estimate ...	Rs.	6,650
Year's Appropriation	"	3,000
Do Outlay...	"	1,765

gress on this work was delayed in a vexatious manner from the bad quality of the timber supplied by a contractor, and which had to be in great measure rejected. The brick-work, which was good, was nearly completed.

365. In addition to the above, work to the extent of Rs. 1,237 was executed in improving the *Nanjangūd Taluk Cutcherry*; and Rs. 850 on the *Double Overseers' Lodge at Mysore*.

366. In the *Kadur Division* the works under this head were:—

Judicial Assistant's Court, Chikmagalur.—Some delays resulted from changes in the plan of the work (which has since been enlarged so as to afford accommodation likewise to the Treasury Officer) and also from the desire to give a trial to the “Mangalore” tiles, (so called from being manufactured by the Basel Mission at that place,) but on the whole the progress was fair; and by the introduction of an improved method in making the bricks at Chikmagalur, as also by giving merely the labor in bricklaying and in sawing on petty contract (Government supplying the materials) an improvement in the style of work has resulted, accompanied by a satisfactory reduction of rate.

367. *School-house at Tarikere.*—This work has progressed slowly owing to the contractor giving trouble; at the same time, however, a sensible reduction has been effected in the rates of the work.

Estimate ...	Rs. 7,800
Year's Appropriation ..	3,203
Do Outlay...	3,082

368. Minor works under the same head were in this Division :—

	Estimate.	Year's Appropriation.	Year's Outlay.
Out-houses, Executive Engineer's Office	1,500	1,500	945
Do Civil Hospital... ..	1,710	1,180	898
Workshop, Executive Engineer's Office	2,500	1,680	858
Banavar Taluk Cutcherry improvements	2,084	2,084	452
Chikmagalur Overseer's Lodge do	1,304	604	219

Slow progress was, for the most part, made with these works, chiefly from the delays and difficulties in procuring timber from Lakvalli; but also, in lesser degree, from the sickness of the Sub-Division subordinate, as well as from the desire of the Executive Engineer to improve the quality of the brick used at Chikmagalur.

369. In the *Nagar Division* the following works were in hand, or completed.

Taluk Cutcherry at Shimoga.—This work, which consisted in rebuilding a considerable portion of the Cutcherry, was satisfactorily completed under contract, and made over to the Civil Officers.

Estimate ...	Rs. 8,413
Year's Appropriation ..	2,300
Do Outlay...	2,369

370. *Division Cutcherry at Shimoga.*—This work, which consisted, chiefly, of converting the inner open courtyard of the old Cutcherry into terraced-roofed record-rooms, was very nearly completed under contract.

Estimate ...	Rs. 5,030
Year's Appropriation	" 4,348
Do Outlay...	" 4,327

371. *School-house at Holalur.*—Was commenced and roofed-in satisfactorily within the year; and would in fact have been easily completed had it not been for the delays encountered with the foundations which were sunk in treacherous soil.

Estimate ...	Rs. 3,618
Year's Appropriation	" 3,018
Do Outlay...	" 2,659

372. *Assistant Commissioner's Court at Ságar.*—Though the walls were raised seven feet, and most of the timber prepared, the progress of the building, on the whole, has been slow and unsatisfactory. This delay was chiefly owing to the want of a subordinate at Ságar, up till December, and so far was unavoidable.

Estimate ...	Rs. 6,450
Year's Appropriation	" 4,000
Do Outlay...	" 1,873

373. Trifling work to the value of Rs. 961 was executed to the Overseer's Lodge at Shimoga; of Rs. 504, to the Lodge at Chitaldroog; and of Rs. 786, to Dead House, Shimoga Jail.

374. COMMUNICATIONS. — *Bridges on the Kunigal-Hu'iyurdurga road.*—These works, consisting of one arch of 35' span over the Muathur Nalla, and another of 40' span over the Husahalli Nalla, were the only works of any importance in hand, under this head, in the *Nundydroog Division*. The bridges are deserving of special remark as shewing how (although not here for the first time tried in this manner) the ordinary stone of the country (so called "burnt stone"—gneiss) can by a small amount of hammer-dressing, be employed advantageously and very economically, under proper supervision, in such structures.

Estimate ...	Rs. 7,742
Year's Appropriation	" 4,000
Do Outlay...	" 3,680

375. Notwithstanding the difficulties due to the out-of-the-way position of those works, the first bridge was very successfully completed; and the second is expected to shew even better work. A saving of nearly Rs. 5,000 has been effected. To Assistant Engineer White belongs the

credit of this, as also the improvements in applying the excellent material employed.

376. There were a few minor works also executed in the Division ; but none calling for remark.

377. In the *Ashlagram Division* the following have been in hand.

Gundlupet-Sultan's Battery road.—As noted in last year's Report, this line of road, 22½ miles in length, leading towards Sultan's Battery in the heart of the Wynad, made slow progress from the unhealthiness of the country traversed, and sparseness of population ; but taking all the circumstances into consideration, the advance made during the past season has, on the whole, been satisfactory.

378. Of 41 road drain-bridges provided in the estimate, only four remain unfinished ; and of six bridges, two have been opened for traffic, and three more are on the point of completion, leaving only one (but that the largest on the line, the Hebballa) to run on into next working-season. The iron girder, 60 feet span, is however ready, and there will be no delay. Although so long in progress, there has for the last two or three years been but little real impediment to traffic, as good sidings had been provided at all the unbridged nallas.

379. *Hasanur Ghat road*.—This work, upon which Rs. 2,286 had been expended in the previous official year, has progressed very fairly, notwithstanding the unhealthy and even deadly character of much of the country traversed, and the difficulty (amounting at times to an absolute impossibility) to secure labor. As it was, many of the coolies, imported from a distance, were prostrated by sickness, and absconded.

380. Carts now freely traverse this line of road which was formerly almost impassable ; and all the work provided for will be early out of hand.

381. *Begur Bridge*.—This small work (three spans of 15 feet) on the Mysore-Nilgiri road, made unsatisfactory progress under contract ; it will, however, be shortly opened for traffic.

Estimate ...	Rs. 3,707
Year's Appropriation ...	2,586
Do Outlay ...	1,955

382. *Two bridges on the Anemahal-Mudgre road.*—These are works on a District Fund road, leading north from

Estimate...	Rs. 19,100	Manjarabad in the Hassan District ; and one
Years' Appropriation...	" 3,500	of them (the Wodenhalla bridge) has given
Do Outlay ...	" 3,469	

much trouble, owing to the treacherous nature of the foundations. Excellent brick has been manufactured by the Assistant Engineer ; and the work will progress well when the foundations have been put in. The second work, *viz*, the Chattenhalla bridge, consisting of one span of 40', has been nearly completed, and only waits for the girders. Labor is very scarce in this out-of-the-way part of the country, and the working season extremely short.

383. *Bridges on the Mysore-Manantoddi road.*—The estimate provides for the construction of a drain-bridge

Year's Appropriation ...	Rs. 3,000	across the western supply channel to the
Do Outlay ...	" 2,670	Dodkere Tank in the town of Mysore, for a

single arch of 28 feet span over the stream which crosses the road in the 93rd mile ; and for a bridge of three arches (each of 25 feet span) over the stream in the 94th mile. The drain bridge has been completed, and abutments of the second raised. Materials are collected for the rest of the work, which should be completed in current official year. Progress not satisfactory, and otherwise retarded in consequence of difficulties connected with site for the bridge in the 94th mile.

384. Of other works in this Division, were, the construction of two travellers' bungalows, one at Nellikere, estimate Rs. 4,286, which was nearly completed ; and the other at Kempkal (estimate Rs. 3,000) at foot of the Manjarabad Ghat. This latter is a notoriously unhealthy locality, and little beyond brick-making was attempted. The building will be completed in current official year.

385. In the *Kadur Division*, the following works under this head were in progress during the past year.

Improving Shimoga-Arsikere road.—This project was for metalling and gravelling the worst portions of the

Estimate...	Rs. 19,939	old road, and was practically completed,
Year's Appropriation...	" 10,000	with a sensible saving on the estimate. The
Do Outlay ...	" 11,090	

contractor first employed proved unsatisfactory ; but a change to petty contract rectified matters ; and the only misfortune was that owing to the

long continued drought which affected most of the Province, the materials could not, for lack of water, be sufficiently consolidated.

336. *Aldur-Basvankote, road.*—This is a ghat road which forms

Estimate...	Rs. 18,493
Year's Appropriation ...	6,200
Do Outlay ..	4,490

portion of the main through communication between Vastara and Hariharpur, the first portion of which between Handi and Aldur had been completed in the previous year. More work was executed during the year than shewn by the booked outlay. The Ghat which is capitally traced at a maximum gradient of 1 in 20, will be practically open for traffic so soon as a few projecting rocks have been blasted off, and a small 15' span arch completed over the Hakkimukki stream at the foot. The Mapila laborers seem to have been frightened with the sickness of the preceding year; and there being no indigenous laborers, some of the Khalihat corps had to be employed.

337. *Basvankote-Balehonnur fair-weather road.*—This work forms the first step in extension of the Aldur-Bas-

Estimate ...	Rs. 7,500
Do Outlay ...	753

vankote line towards Hariharpur.

Both the subordinates and coolies suffered much from sickness; and other gangs, after coming to the work, decamped. Progress has thus been unavoidably slow, but it is hoped will improve. An estimate for raising this road to standard, with all masonry works required for keeping it open throughout the monsoon, will be ere long in readiness.

338. *Balehonnur-Bagungi Katte fair-weather road.*—This further extension (12 miles in length) of the same

Estimate...	Rs. 6,571
Year's Appropriation ...	5,400
Do Outlay ...	6,017

line of road, was admirably traced and worked out to easy gradients by Assistant Engineer Groves, through a most difficult and practically hitherto unknown part of the country. Carts can now use the line which is 12 feet wide; and an estimate amounting to Rs. 77,000 has lately received the sanction of the Government of India, for raising it to standard with all necessary bridges and drains. It may be as well here to mention that the road just adverted to, and that previously mentioned as eventually connecting Vastara and Hariharpur, form portion of the scheme which now for some years has been in operation for opening up the whole of the Nagar Malnad; and that so far as concerns the portion of the scheme in the Kadur Division, the Department has still before it

the construction of what is termed the Bhadra Valley line, extending from Kalasa along that stream to Balehonnur, and probably on to Yedarhalli; and again, an almost equally important road leading north from Chikmagalur to the same terminus through the Jagar Valley (a valuable but most unhealthy tract).

389. *Kodikal (or Bhund) Ghat approaches*.—The thorough improvement of this line of road, 12 miles in length, with rebuilding of some of the old bridges, construction of several additional drainage tunnels, the alteration of alignment, and improvement of the gradients, with metalling of five miles and gravelling the remainder, which had been commenced in the previous official year, was nearly completed in that under review. Two of the principal bridges, the whole of the metalling, and a large portion of the gravelling, were carried out departmentally; the remainder under contract.

Estimate...	Rs. 63,122
Year's Appropriation...	" 24,300
Do Outlay	" 26,153

390. Much of the work is of very fair character, and a sensible saving was effected in the rates by the Executive Engineer; but from premature spreading of the gravel, and the excessive dryness of the past season, the surface of the road suffered. This defect will no doubt be rectified in the present monsoon; and the whole will be well out of hand early next working season.

391. Much good work had been carried out in diverting a river which impinged dangerously on a hill known as the Kamal matt, composed of exceedingly treacherous soil across the face of which the road is carried. The difficulties here have very nearly been overcome.

392. *Improvement to the Kodikal or (Bhund Ghat)*.—This work chiefly consisted of blowing a huge mass of rock known as the " Bhut Kal" over the side of the Ghat (over which it hung, at the same time narrowing the roadway) and in building up a high revetment.

Estimate...	Rs. 4,088
Year's Appropriation...	" 1,060
Do Outlay	" 1,413

After two failures, the mass was disposed of, and the work satisfactorily completed.

393. *Kotaghere-Kalasa fair-weather road*.—This is the commencement of a work which, as opening up pro-

(District Funds).		
Estimate ...	Rs.	21,290
(aggregate of)		
Year's Appropriation ...	"	9,138
Do Outlay ...	"	9,170

bably the richest, as it is certainly the most picturesque portion of Mysore, cannot fail to prove of the utmost importance.

394. No cart-road has ever been carried through this tract of country, celebrated for producing the choicest supari, and which now for years has in the well known "Cannon" estate, and others, proved its high capabilities in regard to coffee. The estimates given in the aggregate in the margin above, represent the total required for opening 27 miles of fair-weather road 12 feet wide; two permanent bridges (Hasarhalli and Kellagur); and several log and rough-stone drains. Most of the work has been completed for the first 16 miles (as far as Abrugudigi Estate) under agreements highly favorable to Government, entered into with Mr. Allardice and Mr. Meppin, who, recognizing the value of the line, have not only taken up the work through and near their respective estates, at half rates, but devoted a great deal of valuable time in personal supervision to the works. The greater part of the land, moreover, under coffee, through which the road is carried, has been handed over without compensation. Nothing could exceed the devotion of the Assistant Engineer to the arduous task of tracing this line, which is carried over hills of all but Alpine proportions, through at times the densest forests, and over obstacles innumerable. At the Kalasa end alone, no less than four distinct traces had to be worked out before a final decision could be arrived at; and the result is, that we shall have here, as elsewhere in the Kadur Malnad, lines of road which are models of intelligent tracing.

395. An energetic native land-holder (Channappa Gauda) has, *con amore*, under Mr. Grove's instructions, developed into a first-rate tracer; and has, in consequence of his service in connection with this line, been handsomely rewarded by Government. He has now taken up the completion of the road to Kalasa on contract, and is in this manner, by his intelligence and local influence, getting on very satisfactorily.

396. *Shringeri, Begar and Nimar fair-weather roads.*—Of certainly not less value, are these lines, which likewise after careful tracing, are now being worked out as fair-weather communications 12 feet in width. The town of Shringeri, which, as the chief residence of the Swami of the Smarta Brahmans, has enjoyed a semi-independence, and which

District Funds.		
Estimate	Rs.	2,210
Year's Outlay	"	1,264

after the fall of Nagar in the last century has been considered as the most important town in the Malnad, will by the above mentioned communications, (now in active progress) be brought into direct connection with the existing main Agumbe Ghat road on one side, and with the proposed new Mallur Ghat on the other. This last-mentioned line, which will commence from near Koppa, will eventually, after bridging the Tunga river, afford the most direct through-road to Mangalore, and cannot fail to become the most valuable of the Malnad communications, displacing in this respect the Agumbe Ghat, which from its irremediably steep gradients and wrong position, must be always an obstacle to through-traffic.

397. *Kadur-Chikmagalur road*.—This road, already so long in hand, had practically been completed to the extent provided by the estimates in previous official years, save in respect to the construction of a 40' segmental arch over the Gauri Halla near Sakrepatna. From the peculiarities of the site and foundations, it was determined to build one of the abutments in voids, and the arch as an experiment (to secure lightness) in three brick ribs. So far, the trial was entirely successful; nothing can well be sounder or more satisfactory than the workmanship and general results, which clearly establish the applicability of this method of construction where treacherous foundation-soil has to be dealt with. Unfortunately, however, one of the wing walls of the abutment, which had been built solid (through the stupidity of the Subordinate entrusted with the supervision of the contractor) heeled over about five inches, from improper earth-filling; and owing to subsequent delays in procuring tie-rods, &c., the bridge has remained unopened for some months, though in all other respects a most complete and successful work.

This is one of those annoying delays which at times occur in spite of the most anxious desire to guard the public against inconvenience, and is certainly most unsatisfactory.

398. Among minor works in the *Kadur Division* was (1) the fair-weather line between Vastara and Aldur, upon which Rs. 910 was spent in opening a 6' wide trace, and in building a causeway over the Berinji-

halla prospectively to estimating for a complete road to standard width ; (2) tracing from the Basavan Kanve, the ghat at which place forms now the main difficulty in the approach, to the Bhund Ghat ; (3) constructing a culvert on the Tarikere-Chikmaglur road ; (4) constructing three tunnels on the Chikmaglur-Bhund Ghat road ; (5) constructing out-houses to the Mudgere Inspection Lodge ; (6) constructing Inspection Lodge at Kotagere, the head of the Bhund Ghat. Estimate for the latter Rs. 2,500 ; nearly finished.

399. In the *Nagar Division*, the following works were in progress during the past official year.

Hyderghar Ghat.—This work, commenced in 1870, is a ghat road 7 $\frac{3}{4}$ miles in length, leading from Hulikal to Hosangadi, and forming the Mysore terminus of the new main line which is now being worked out between Shimoga, Nagar, and Kundapur on the Western Coast.

During the year, the excavation of check-drains was completed, and the whole of the ghat with the exception of No. 9 Section, and a short piece at the so-called Anageri double, was brought to a proper barrelled section. Metal for about 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ miles was collected at road-side in readiness for spreading this monsoon.

400. The Hosangadi bridge at foot of the ghat was completed, and all the rock that interfered with the proper width of the roadway, removed, excepting at Anageri, and a place known as the "Sheet Rocks" not far from the head of the ghat.

It is expected that, next season, the whole work will be finished, and metal as much as is needed for the portions which most require it, collected and stacked in readiness for spreading during the monsoon of 1875.

401. *Hulikal-Nagar road*.—This project, which is for a continuation of the above ghat line to Nagar, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles in length, was commenced in 1872—73.

Estimate	Rs.	1,16,235
Year's Appropriation	"	18,200
Do Outlay	"	23,061

During the year under review, the road itself was brought to a very advanced state, with side and check drains cut, and road formed

up to barrelled section, with the exception of half of the 28th mile, and two or three of the embankments, which cannot be raised until the bridges in them, are constructed. Some revetments also, where needed, were constructed.

402. Of bridges and drains, the following masonry works were taken in hand and brought to a forward state.

Valinbile bridge of 30 feet span, iron girders.—The abutments were almost completed, and girders ready at site.

Small bridge over the Ganapimani halla, five feet span.—The foundations put in and abutments half-finished.

Kopadi bridge, 12 feet span.—Foundations taken out; and as they proved soft, an artificial bed of sand and shingle was prepared for the masonry to rest on.

403. Of the smaller drains of rough-stone, 54 were completed with the exception of their masonry parapets, only six more remaining to be built; and it is expected the whole work will be finished by 1876.

404. The progress, altogether, under Lieutenant Brookes' exertions was highly satisfactory, Rs. 23,061 having been expended during the year.

405. *Nagar-Kulurkutte road.*—This road, which is a further continuation of the above line, is $8\frac{3}{4}$ miles in length, and like it was commenced in 1872—73.

Estimate	Rs. 92,227
Year's Appropriation	" 14,500
Do Outlay	... " 18,365

Four miles of the road that had been widened the year before, were formed up to proper section with side and check drains cut. The long embankment approaching the Sutha river was raised to its full height, and the road inside the walls of the town of Nagar widened to seven yards.

Easy crossings were also made to the Sutha and Kodaki rivers, for the time left unbridged.

406. Of the masonry works, Basvan Bagal bridge of two bays was raised five feet, and covered with stone slabs.

The small Jack-tree Nalla bridge of six feet span was finished, and covered with stone instead of timber, as originally designed.

407. Basvan Byana bridge of 13 feet span had the abutments up, and would probably have been completed had the iron chairs been received from Bangalore. This bridge is to be spanned with eight-inch angle-iron bars as a trial. The masonry was carried out departmentally to test the cost of "chisel-dressed coursed-rubble," which was found to be annas six per cubic foot against annas five sanctioned.

408. Of small tunnels, 18 were completed with exception of masonry parapets, leaving about 30 still to be constructed. The progress here also was satisfactory, and the work will in all probability be completed in 1876.

409. *Kulurkutte-Lakshnipura road*.—This line, nine miles in length, forms the eastern approach to the Kulur Ghat, and with the lines described immediately above forms portion of the new scheme of roads for opening the whole of the Nagar Malnad. It is not a high class of road, but will none the less be a most useful communication.

Estimate	...	Rs. 18,084
Year's Appropriation	"	7,000
Do Outlay	...	6,997

410. This work embraced the completing of a road partially commenced in 1870—71 and subsequent years, and was finished during the year under review, with the exception of a few small parapet walls, and the carting and spreading of gravel. The former has since been finished, and the gravelling will be done during the rains. The work executed during the year consisted of raising embankments in the 20th, 23rd and 24th miles; reforming several miles where out of shape; cutting easy approaches to the Sutha, Mallalu and Lakshmipur rivers; and improving the gradients and side slopes at the landslips in the 21st and 22nd miles.

411. The bridge-work consisted of pointing with chunam, and covering in 15 tunnels, the abutments for which had been previously built; constructing eight new tunnels of from three to seven feet spans, and one bridge of 16 feet span.

412. The line was so far opened as a fair-weather road, easily trafficable; and on the spreading of the gravel which will be done in the monsoon, it will be finished so far as is at present contemplated, with *

one exception, *viz.*, the Kamblikuppa stream. A separate sanction for a 20 feet iron girder-bridge has lately, however, been given for this last named bridge from District Funds, and the work will be out of hand in next working-season.

413. The Madras authorities have undertaken to bridge the frontier stream (the Lakshimpur), Mysore paying half the cost; but even then, the two largest rivers on the line (the Kodachi and Sutha Nallas) will, probably for some years, have to remain unspanned.

414. *Trace of line from Kulurkatte to Benavalli.*—The trace of the line is merely introduced here with reference to the foregoing works, all of which centre in Kulurkatte, and forms an essential feature in the scheme for opening the Nagar Mahad.

It is a line of 20 miles in length, and will connect all the north-east and east traffic with the Hyderghar and Kulur Ghats. The estimate merely provided for clearing the trace through jungle to two and three yards wide, &c., all of which was satisfactorily executed.

415. *Diversion of the Tarikere-Agumbe road at the Bhadra river.*—

Estimate	Rs. 5,801	is an approach of about $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles in length to
Year's Appropriation	" 1,500	
Do Outlay	" 1,130	the ferry-crossing of the Bhadra.

But little was done during the year, and consisted of raising the embankments in parts; constructing all the log bridges (six in number); improving the ramps down the banks; and completing the excavation of gravel—carting and stacking about the half of it at road side.

416. *Begarhalla bridge.*—This work commenced in 1872—73 and consisting of a single span of 90 feet (Warren girder) is over a hitherto unbridged stream, which has offered the most serious obstacles to traffic on the Tarikere-Agumbe road.

Estimate	Rs. 25,750
Year's Appropriation	" 5,162
Do Outlay	" 7,556

417. Owing to the difficulties connected with the foundations, chiefly on the Agumbe side, the manner of dealing with them was not finally disposed of by the Chief Engineer until his visit in November last, when

it was decided to have wells for the foundations, and build the abutments in voids.

418. Mr. Groves, who was deputed to the special charge of the work, did not arrive until February ; and as no labor was available until then, when the Khalihats came over from the Kadur Division, but little was done during the year. Meanwhile, however, large quantities of burat-stone and lime were collected and bricks prepared. In all, up to the end of the official year, about 700 cubic yards of burnt-stone, 300 kandis of lime, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ lacs of bricks, were ready at the site.

Pumps and plant of all sorts were supplied from Bangalore, and, though late, a fair start made.

During the year, the old excavations were filled and levelled, and four wells, built six feet high, in position. Since then, however, all the other foundation-wells have been successfully got in ; and the neck of the difficulty has been broken.

419. On the right bank, fair foundation has been met with on clearing site, and the filling in is now in hand. The Warren girder has been received from England ; and, it is hoped, may be got into position towards the close of next working-season, though possibly some delays may occur to prevent this.

420. *Itchelkerchalla bridge*.—This is a single iron-girder span of 40 feet on the Tarikere-Agumbe road. The abutments were completed the year before ; but the girders did not come out until December, and then the cartmen, having deposited their loads at Lakvalli, bolted. Great difficulties and delays were thus experienced in getting the girders to site ; special “ Waddar carts ” had to be made up ; and rafts constructed to float the heavy pieces across the Bhadra river.

The girders were, however, got into place and the buckle plates put on ; the work is now nearly completed.

421. *Improvements to the Agumbe Ghat*.—This work was commenced

Estimate	Rs. 7,927
Year's Appropriation	„ 5,250
Do Outlay	„ 5,933

Estimate	Rs. 14,053
Year's Appropriation	„ 9,000
Do Outlay	„ 9,166

in 1872—73, and embraced the re-construction of a heavy revetment at the 8th zigzag turn, and thoroughly forming to proper section, and metalling the ghat and $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles of the road above. This estimate was supplemented during the year by another for building another high revetment on the 7th turn, where a breach occurred during the monsoon of 1873.

422. The revetment on the 8th turn was completed satisfactorily in the early part of the year ; and in order that the earth thrown out of the foundations should be retained as a slope against the revetment, and vegetation encouraged, a substantial toe-wall was built immediately beyond on the 11th turn, where all the debris ran out. This slope was then planted with *Lantana* and quick growing plants of sorts, which are thriving and form a secure slope at footing of the work.

423. The greater part of the revetment-wall on the 7th turn was commenced and completed most creditably by the Mapla contractor, Khadari Bari.

424. There was some difficulty in obtaining good metal for the road-way ; but by the end of the year, with the exception of a hundred odd yards on the 1st turn, and the 6th and 7th, the ghat was brought to proper cross-section, and metalled and gravelled. The work is highly satisfactory ; and the ghat, with the side drains paved and lined with stone, presents a great contrast to its former condition.

425. From savings effected on certain items, some much required parapet-walls were built on several turns, and, also, a few of the doubles extended by means of outer revetments.

426. On the whole, great improvements were effected. On the road above, half of the 50th mile, and the whole of the 8th, were metalled and gravelled satisfactorily, and the first 100 yards of the 9th also. Metal sufficient for quarter of a mile was collected, and the remainder is now being prepared, so that the work will be out of hand this monsoon.

427. <i>Mundagihalla bridge</i> .—This is an iron girder-bridge of 40			feet span on the Shimoga-Talaguppa road, to replace a three-arched bridge which fell in the early part of 1872.
Estimate	...	Rs. 11,260	
Year's Appropriation	„	2,500	
Do Outlay	„	2,315	

428. It was commenced late in 1872—73 ; the foundations to the training-walls only being put in before the monsoon of that year. Owing to want of a subordinate to place in special charge, it was late again in being started during the year under review. The foundations were satisfactorily laid ; and just now, the abutments and cross-walls, forming the voids, are half their height, and the training-walls nearly completed. The work, it is hoped, will be out of hand next season.

429. Among less important works in this Division may briefly be mentioned the following :—

Agsarkona bridge.—Two iron girder spans of 20 feet nearly completed after some difficulties ; expenditure Rs. 383.

Improving Chitaldroog-Dimi road.—Consisting of raising an embankment, and adding two vents to a tunnel :—finished.

Deviation on the Chitaldroog-Hiriyur road.—The work consisted of a deviation to improve a short steep ghat on the main road near Chitaldroog ;—commenced late, but will be finished in current year.

Inspection Lodge at Chitaldroog.—A small outlay only took place in completing this work, which has since been temporarily used as a Civil Hospital for the town.

Causeway across the Bhadra river.—This work, constructed at a rocky dangerous part of the river, was satisfactorily completed, and has proved a great boon to traffic.

Inspection Lodge at Hulikal.—A thatched building at head of the Hyderghar Ghat ;—satisfactorily finished.

Furlong stones on several of the main roads.—Work for the most part satisfactorily completed.

430. MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.—The only works here were (1) construction of a verandah, &c., to the Summer House at the Lal-Bagh, which was completed for Rs. 800 ; and (2) certain improvements to the “Cubbon” Park, Bangalore, at a cost of Rs. 2,075.

REPAIRS.

431. MILITARY.—Under this head the following were executed :—

			Expenditure.
Repairs to huts at Kolar	...	Rs.	2,600
Do do Chitaldroog	...	"	323
Do Barr Barracks at Bangalore	...	"	492
Do Tatties of huts at Hassan	...	"	88

432. CIVIL BUILDINGS.—The chief work in the Nundydroog Division was the repair of the Government Offices at Bangalore at a cost of Rs. 3,677, and some minor work to the District Cutcherry at Kolar, and Taluk Cutcheries at Chintamani and Goribidnur, all of which were satisfactorily completed.

433. In Ashtagram, repairs were executed to—

(1).	Assistant Engineer's Office at Hassan	...	Rs. 417
(2).	Taluk Cutcherry at Saklespur	...	" 530
(3).	Do Talkad	...	" 469
(4).	Do Raja's School, Mysore	...	" 311

besides other trifling works.

434. In Kadur the repairs were :—

(1).	Overseer's Lodge, Kadur	...	Rs. 167
(2).	Taluk Cutcherry, Tarikere...	...	" 200
(3).	Do Chikmagalur	...	" 164

435. In the Naga Division, the chief work was the execution of sundry repairs to Hospital work-sheds, and Barracks of the Shimoga Jail, at an outlay of Rs. 1,397.

436. The other works were :—

			Outlay.
(2).	Repairs of Taluk Cutcherry, Hariharpur.	Rs.	65
(3).	Do Judicial Assistant's Court, Shimoga	...	" 879
(4).	Do Overseer's Lodge, Sagar	...	" 819
(5).	Do do at Bommankere	...	" 59

also sundry repairs to various other buildings, which it is needless to specify.

437. COMMUNICATIONS.—The following table shews the class of roads, their several lengths, and cost of maintenance, as provided from the Public Works grant of the past official year :—

*Statement shewing the Number of Miles maintained from Imperial Funds ;
and Outlay during the year 1873--74.*

Divisions,	Miles of Road maintained,					Outlay during the year 1873--74.	Mileage Average Rupees.
	Roads maintained from Rs. 500 to 800 per mile.	Roads maintained from Rs. 300 to 150 per mile.	Roads maintained from Rs. 150 to 50 per mile.	Roads maintained at Rs. 50 per mile.	Total No. of Miles.		
Nundydroog Division ...	M	Ms.	Ms	Ms.	Ms.	Rs.	Rs.
Ashtagram Division ...	...	246½	244	...	490½	91,935	187½
Nagar Division ...	...	144	333½	22½	500	76,608	153½
Kadur Division ...	8	42	170	...	416½	54,562	131½
			113½	...	163½	26,451	161½
Total.....	8	602½	937½	22½	1570½	2,49,556	158½

438. In the Nundydroog Division, there were, in all, 490½ miles of road maintained for Rs. 91,935, i. e., including 28 miles of suburban roads at Bangalore, for which a grant-in-aid of Rs. 9,000 was given to the Municipality. The total length is shorter than that of the previous official year by 106½ miles, transferred for up-keep to the District Funds.

439. With the exception of the Cuddapah and last ten miles of the Madras road (*via Palmanair*) for which the allotments did not suffice, the several lines throughout the Division were maintained in efficient order; many have been much improved; and the condition of some of them leave nothing to be desired. On the whole, considering the great failure of rain, till late last season, the condition of the roads has been very satisfactory.

440. In the Ashtagram Division, Rs. 76,608 were expended in repairing 500 miles of road or 68½ miles less than in the previous official year; this latter length having been transferred to District Funds. Owing to the great failure of rain, it was found extremely difficult to consolidate the materials; and many of the lines chiefly in the Mysore District suffered accordingly.

441. Notwithstanding this, however, nearly all were maintained in fair trafficable order excepting the Manantodi road, which having never been properly brought up to standard, was much cut up.

442. In the Hassan District of Ashtagram, considerable improvement was effected, and many of the lines were maintained in first rate order ;—a result entirely due to the very systematic management of the Assistant Engineer, Mr. Lynam.

443. In the Kadur Division, Rs. 26,451 were spent in maintaining 163½ miles of road, much of which, being new or re-formed, had but little chance of thorough consolidation in the exceptionally rainless monsoon of the past official year ; nevertheless important improvements were effected, the results of which will be only fully experienced after the present monsoon.

As much of the work consisted in the execution of improvements at various points along the several roads, it would only confuse to enter into details ; and it may therefore suffice to state that, on the whole, the roads were maintained in very fair order. Notwithstanding a heavy slip on the Bhund Ghat, involving expensive work, the roadway was much improved. As regards the Santeverana Ghat, likewise on the Kadur-Chikmagalur road, however, matters were not satisfactory ; and some few seasons will be still required to consolidate the line generally, and especially where passing through black cotton soil.

444. In the Nagar Division, Rs. 54,562 were spent in maintaining 416½ miles of road, including the usual special metalling and gravelling of portions, and petty repairs throughout ; and also repairs to bridges and drains. In this Division, the latter work has been a heavy and continuous charge, owing to the extensive employment of timber, either sawn, or in the form of logs, having been originally employed for the bridges, &c., in the Malnad portions. Thus, Rs. 1,157 were spent on the Umblike bridge ; Rs. 1,597 on 12 log-bridges on the Tarikere-Agumbe road ; and Rs. 633 on 9 works of the same class on the Shimoga-Agumbe road, &c.

445. As a rule, the roads were fairly maintained ; but the usual difficulties in procuring labor ; carriage for materials ; sickness of subordinates, &c., gave rise to much vexatious delays, lapses, and in many cases unsatisfactory work, all of which is, however, only to be looked for in this out-of-the-way and sparsely populated portion of Mysore. There was no want of energy on the part of the Departmental Officers.

446. In the Chitaldroog District, forming portions of the Nagar Division, some good work was done ; but owing in great measure to the unfavorable season and deficiency of rain-fall, much of the material, which had been collected, could not be spread.

447. In closing these brief observations on the maintenance of the various roads throughout Mysore, it is right to add that the season of 1873—74 was probably the most unfavorable for effecting repairs of any hitherto known ; and that this is the more to be regretted, as the preparations made in the prior collection of material, and in the systematizing of work generally, were certainly in advance of previous years, and ought, under the ordinary conditions of rain-fall, to have produced the most satisfactory results. In several places, the South-Western monsoon almost wholly failed, and metal and gravel, which had been laid, were simply ground to dust without having been given a chance of consolidating.

448. GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.—The separation effected in the previous official year between the Roads and Buildings and Irrigation Branches of the Department has continued to work very satisfactorily, although certain modifications of the Executive Ranges, as originally tentatively fixed, have shewn themselves to be highly desirable ; as also some slight addition to the Upper and Lower Subordinate Staff, &c.

449. Although from failure of the ordinary rains, the proper maintenance of the roads, as above shewn, was a matter of the greatest difficulty, yet even here, the increased efficiency of the Department, and the progress towards the introduction of complete systematic management were clearly proved.

450. The failure of rain, moreover, rather helped building operations, as also "original" road-work, under all of which the progress was better than in any previous year.

451. Taken as a whole, therefore, the year under review may be considered to have been a favorable one for Departmental operations ; and the result of this, with other favoring circumstances, has been to produce an outlay more strictly adhering in total, as also in detail, to the original Budget programme than has hitherto been found attainable.

452. Looking at the many disturbing causes which influence the

progress of work in this Province, and the peculiarly trying task now before the Department, of pushing the system of roads, which has been determined on, through the most unhealthy and most sparsely populated portions of the country (there is little or no original work in all the Maidan Taluks), it is needless to say that the utmost caution has to be exercised in arranging the forecast for the year's work, and subsequent watchfulness on the part of this Office and the Executive Engineers, to produce results which will bear comparison with the programme, as also to prevent funds lapsing. Experience in these respects has, so far, indicated the happy mean at which assignments may be fixed; and has proved conclusively that, however desirable it may be to push on individual works with the largest possible assignments, the labor-market may very easily be overstrained, and disappointment follow on any attempt to force its capabilities.

453. In the course of the year, the question of the strength of establishment, which had not hitherto been placed on a definite footing, attracted the serious attention of the Government of India; and eventually Colonel O'Connell, R. E., was deputed in January and February to visit the Province; examine personally the various classes of work in hand; and report his opinion as to the results.

454. Although no definite ruling has been, as yet, received on Colonel O'Connell's report, it is believed that he was favorably impressed with all he saw; and, at least, was satisfied that all the individual members of the Department had not only their hands full, but were, if anything, overburdened with work; and that the operations, both in hand and contemplated, were such as could not fail to prove of the utmost benefit to the country.

IRRIGATION.

455. The original grant on which the Budget was framed was 8 lakhs, but owing chiefly to the insufficiency of the establishment—the full scale proposed not having been sanctioned by the Government of India—the expenditure was limited to Rs. 5,86,156, and there was a lapse of Rs. 2,13,844 under the heads, and to the several amounts, noted in the margin. In ad-

	Rs.
Original works...	1,32,162
Repairs	30,416
Establishment ...	57,192
Tools and Plant...	1,425

dition to the outlay from the Budget grant, Rs. 41,794 in the aggregate, from local contributions, was expended on Irrigation works during the past year, making the total expenditure, exclusive of establishment, up to Rs. 4,04,760.

456. ORIGINAL WORKS.—The total outlay on original works was Rs. 1,77,456, as against allotments aggregating Rs. 3,09,618, shewing a lapse of Rs. 1,32,162.

457. In the Hemavati Division, the work on channels was confined to the Sriramdevar and Mandigiri channels, on which fair progress was made, and the lapse was of small amount. But little was done in tank work in this Division owing to want of establishment, nearly Rs. 30,000 provided in the Budget for restoring the Belur-Dasankere series having lapsed from this cause. The little progress made in restoring the Gottikere Tank is unsatisfactory, and special measures appear to be required for its completion.

458. In the Cauvery Division, the progress of the works was not satisfactory, which is stated to have been partly due to the Executive Engineer not having had the services of an Assistant, none being available for the duty. The principal works in hand were the improvements to the Chikdevarsagar, Vizianadi, and Ramaswami channels, and the construction and restoration of the tank over the Moslehalla, the Hallapur and Narasambudi tanks, and the Sulekere series. The delay in receiving the iron pipes for sluices for the channels, indented for from Home, to some extent retarded the progress of the works on them, and contributed to swell the lapse, which was considerable in this Division.

459. In the Tank Division, the chief works in hand were the improvements to the Hoskote Tank and channels, and the restoration of the Hesargatta and Ramsagar series, and the Chin Hagari Sub-series; also the restoration or improvement of the Bhimsamudra, the Kumbarkatte, the Kadagatur and the Jannagatta tanks. The progress on most of these works was fair; but, on some of them, it was limited to the requisite surveys and preparation of estimates. The intended formation of an extra Tank Division, though sanctioned by the Government of India, was not carried out, no Executive Engineer having been appointed to it.

460. MINOR WORKS.—The expenditure was only Rs. 9,345 against

the grant of Rs. 45,000, which is stated to have been due to the greater number of this class of works being serial, and therefore included under the head of Major Works.

461. The statement of expenditure on "Original Works" for the 5 years ending with 1873—74 shews a steady annual increase during that period; but the amount is still very far below what is needed to effect the objects aimed at.

462. REPAIRS.—The total outlay on repairs was Rs. 1,59,584, as against allotments aggregating Rs. 1,90,000, shewing a lapse of Rs. 30,416. The expenditure under this head is shewn to have been the smallest of any year since 1865—66, excepting 1872—73, which cannot but be regarded as unsatisfactory, as indicating neglect on the part of some at least of the Officers concerned.

463. The expenditure on channel repairs in the Hemavati and Cauvery Divisions was Rs. 40,464 against allotments, including local contributions, aggregating Rs. 44,705, shewing a lapse of Rs. 4,241, or about 9 per cent. The chief work in hand was the repair of Lashmantirtha Anicut.

464. The expenditure on ordinary Tank Repairs was :—

(a.) By Public Works Officers Rs. 38,536, against appropriations, including local contributions, aggregating Rs. 48,176, shewing a lapse of Rs. 9,640 or about 20 per cent, which chiefly occurred in the Hemavati and Tank Divisions.

(b.) By Revenue Officers Rs. 1,00,637, against appropriations, including local contributions, aggregating Rs. 1,33,340, shewing a lapse of Rs. 32,703 or about 24 per cent, which chiefly occurred in the Bangalore, Kolar and Hassan Districts. Of the total amount of the lapse, 57 per cent lay in the Kolar District, but it is but fair to notice that Rs. 42,752 or 42½ per cent of the total actual outlay was carried out in it.

The promised contributions in labor to the works in progress under both heads were of the aggregate value of Rs. 18,529.

465. There is no doubt much room for improvement in the arrangements for the execution of repairs to Irrigation works throughout the Province, the practice being to defer them till towards the close of the year, when they are carried out hurriedly and but too often, it is to be

feared, imperfectly. Remonstrances and injunctions on this subject have been repeatedly addressed every year to the Officers concerned, but with little apparent result, though there is a vast difference in the general ultimate outlay by Revenue Officers in the several Districts, as in the case of Shimoga in which the expenditure during the past year was only Rs. 813, as against Rs. 42,752 in Kolar.

466. The Districts shewing the largest amount of work during the past year are those noted in the margin ; while Shimoga is conspicuous for the almost entire neglect by the Deputy Commissioner of this important part of his duty, the establishment charged against the Irrigation Budget was Rs. 2,216, against an outlay of only Rs. 813. A special enquiry has been already ordered into the causes of this gross neglect, and the subject will be dealt with when the result is reported ; but the Chief Commissioner is compelled to record his opinion that in all the other Districts, except those named above, there has been a very great shortcoming in the amount of work under this head that ought to have been turned out. On the other hand, the labors of the Deputy Commissioners of Kolar, Bangalore and Hassan merit special acknowledgment.

467. The number of tanks damaged during the past year shews the large number of 205, but the cases of serious injury were comparatively few, and the reports that have been received fully bear out the Superintending Engineer's statement that much important work has been executed to the tanks in the three Districts named, by the ryots, under the personal influence of the District Officers, and that the tanks generally in those Districts are in better order than they have ever been.

468. ESTABLISHMENT.—The outlay was Rs. 2,23,190, as against the Budget grant of Rs. 2,80,382, shewing a lapse of Rs. 57,192, of which Rs. 30,000 was due to the non-formation of the proposed extra Tank Division as already stated, and Rs. 27,192 to the establishment of the Divisions being incomplete. The percentage charge was 33·4 on total outlay, shewing a reduction of 6 per cent on that for 1872—73.

469. CHANNEL CONSERVANCY.—The charges under the head of establishment and repairs were Rs. 27,363 and Rs. 38,981 respectively, against a revenue of Rs. 3,43,124, being 19·3 per cent, as against 20·2 per cent in 1872—73. It is satisfactory to find the Superintending Engineer able to state that there has been an improvement in the con-

servancy of the channels of the Hemavati Division ; but it is clear that the Channels generally require much attention in this respect, in view to the introduction of a more efficient system than that under which they are now administered.

470. The present report does not shew that any great progress has been made in the Irrigation Department during the past year ; but the general results have been in many respects as fairly satisfactory as could perhaps under the circumstances have been anticipated ; and the Chief Commissioner confidently relies on a progressive improvement in this respect as the new scheme is worked out. Some of the shortcomings that have been remarked on are due to incomplete and consequently inefficient establishment.

POST OFFICE.

471. The principal features in Postal management during the year were :—

(a.) The introduction of the revised postal tariff.

(b.) The initiation of an arrangement with the Madras and Bombay Postal Authorities for the receipt and distribution by the Mysore Anche Department, of all unpaid inland letters from Her Majesty's Territory, the collections levied on this account being equally divided between both Departments and in the case of overland letters the full amount collected being handed over to the Imperial Department. Under this arrangement the Mysore Anche Department during the year delivered 313 overland and 23,464 inland, unpaid letters, and realized the sum of Rs. 841—4—7 from the latter source.

472. During the year the number of subordinate Offices and receiving houses fell from 151 to 150 owing to the abolition of the office at Madihalli in Hassan, the receipts from which were not sufficient to defray the cost of establishment. The total distance of the postal lines in miles was 2,304, against 2,321 in the preceding year ; the decrease is due to the abolition of the line between Hiriyur and Chellakere.

473. The returns of correspondence for the year, for each Division,

Years.	Letters.	News-Papers.	Parcels.	Total.
1872—73...	* 1,007,398	14,126	5,305	1,026,829
1873—74...	† 1,065,397	30,590	7,431	1,103,418
Increase ...	57,997	16,464	2,126	76,589
Percentage	5.76	116.55	40.07	7.46

are given in the margin. It will be observed that there has been an increase under all heads.

* Include registered letters 6,242.

† Do do 7,110.

474. The fact of the revenue from private correspondence being larger this year than in previous years is the best evidence of the development of private correspondence.

475. The correspondence which passed through the Anche as compared with previous years is shewn below :—

Years.					Number.
1864—65	...	...	...	...	2,026,793
1865—66	...	...	...	...	2,253,080
1866—67	...	...	...	...	2,050,122
1867—68	...	...	...	...	2,156,124
1868—69	...	...	...	...	2,206,387
1869—70	...	...	...	...	2,370,340
1870—71	...	...	...	...	2,323,734
1871—72	...	...	...	...	2,478,169
1872—73	...	...	...	...	2,543,673
1873—74	...	...	...	...	2,706,783

476. The number of permanent employes in the Anche Office is shewn hereunder :—

					1872—73.	1873—74.
Bakshi	...	...	...	...	1	1
Inspectors	...	...	...	...	8	8
Sheristadar, Peshkar, Clerks and Gumastas	...	...	...	...	20	19
Other servants	...	...	...	...	433	435
Road Establishment	...	...	...	...	1,343	1,344
					1,805	1,807

477. The financial results of the Anche Department continue to

	1872—73.	1873—74.
Amount of postage on service letters	1,82,935 2 0	1,22,664 5 6
Do of parcels and packets ...	41,992 1 0	23,545 8 0
Do on letters, &c., carried to and from Her Majesty's Post Office ...	10,769 12 0	10,947 11 0
Do on letters of H. H. the Maharaja's Department ...	64 12 0	11 1 0
Do on Gazettes ...	3,245 10 0	1,023 3 6
Do of postage collected in cash	2,39,007 5 0	1,58,191 13 0
	44,674 9 4	46,644 13 1
Deduct Expenditure...	2,83,681 14 4	2,04,836 10 1
	1,50,283 7 2	1,52,042 12 10
Balance or Surplus Rupees ...	1,33,398 7 2	52,793 13 3

be satisfactory, the revenue derived from private correspondence especially shews a marked increase over the past two years, as will be observed by the marginal statement.

478. The great falling off in the surplus between 1872—73 and 1873—74 is

owing to the postage on official correspondence based according to the rates prescribed for official correspondence in the India Government Notification No. 1445, dated 28th February 1873, having been taken into account.

479. The following figures exhibit the progression in revenue in each of the three last years, *viz* :—

				Revenue from Private Correspondence.	Increase over previous years.
1871—72	...	...	...	Rs. 44,098	Rs. 2,789
1872—73	...	...	...	" 44,675	" 577
1873—74	...	...	...	" 46,645	" 1,970

480. The postage chargeable on official covers for the last three years has been as follows :—

					Official Postage.
1871—72	...	...	...	...	Rs. 2,24,03
1872—73	...	...	...	...	" 2,39,007
1873—74	...	...	...	...	" 1,58,192

V. REVENUE AND FINANCE.

IMPERIAL REVENUE AND FINANCE.

481. The year 1873—74 opened with an outstanding balance of Rs. 27,42,645—10—8, and the total demand on account of revenue for the year under all heads excluding that which related to local and municipal funds amounted to Rs. 1,09,47,800—9—6, making an aggregate demand of Rs. 1,36,90,446—4—2, as against Rs. 1,36,66,934—14—4, for the previous year.

482. The items of the demand for the year under report are shewn in the following comparative statement :—

Items.	1872—73.		1873—74.		Increase.		Decrease.	
Land Revenue ...	72,09,453	8 10	71,77,283	14 3	...	...	32,169	10 7
Forest ...	4,12,092	12 4	5,13,660	12 6	1,01,568	...	...	...
Abkari ...	10,79,815	13 10	11,50,298	2 9	70,482	4 11	...	...
Customs ...	8,84,603	13 7	8,68,633	7 1	...	...	15,970	6 6
Opium ...	704	8 ...	688	8 ...	0	0 0	16	...
Salt pans ...	17,178	...	18,491	12 9	1,313	12 2	...	...
Stamps ...	1,87,042	1 3	1,92,584	10 4	5,542	9 1	...	...
Assessed Taxes ...	3,68,022	2 7	3,78,827	0 5	5,804	13 10	...	...
Post Office ...	44,728	14 7	46,665	13 4	1,936	14 9	...	...
Law and Justice ...	4,06,906	14 10	4,14,533	3 0	7,626	4 2	...	...
Police ...	1,270	2 4	1,220	15 7	...	...	49	2 9
Public Works ...	60,428	8 0	50,030	12 1	...	...	10,397	11 11
Mint ...	8,195	11 7	...	...	...	...	8,195	11 7
Miscellaneous ...	1,39,352	8 4	1,30,881	9 5	529	1 1	...	...
Total.....	1,08,19,795	8 8	1,09,47,800	9 6	1,94,803	12 2	66,798	11 4
Add Balance of previous year.....	28,47,139	...	27,42,645	10 8	...	...	1,04,493	5 4
Grand Total.....	1,36,66,934	8 8	1,36,90,446	4 2	1,94,803	12 2	1,71,292	0 0
					Deduct Decrease.....	1,71,292	0 8	
					Net Increase.....	23,511	11 6	

483. *Collections and Outstanding Balances.*—Of the total demand of rupees 1,36,90,446—4—2 for the past year as above shewn, rupees 1,09,77,630—7—8 were actually collected during the year, the proportion of collection on the total demand being 80·18 as against 80 per cent for the year 1872—73, and Rs. 3,985 were remitted; so that the balance outstanding on the 31st March 1874 was Rs. 27,08,830—12—6, the percentage of the arrear being 19·79 as against 20·1 of the previous year. During the succeeding months of April and May when the last 2 khists or instalments of revenue fall due, a further sum of rupees

24,02,492—11—5 was collected, leaving on the 31st May—which is regarded as the close of the revenue or fiscal year—an outstanding balance of Rs. 3,06,338—7—1 or 22·4 per cent, as against 1·6 per cent of the previous year.

484. The remissions granted during the year under report were all out of the outstanding balance of 1872—73, and amounted, as above stated, to Rs. 3,985 or nearly, ·03 per cent of the total demand as particulars subjoined:—

Land Revenue Rs. 2,875. Mohatarfa Rs. 931. Abkari Rs. 179. Total Rs. 3,985.

485. Rs. 10,261—14—3 were realized from the sale of the property of defaulters distrained for arrears of revenue in the year 1873—74, as against Rs. 9,791 in the previous year.

LAND REVENUE.

486. The demand on account of land revenue for the year amounted to Rs. 71,77,283—14—3, as against Rs. 72,09,453—8—10 of the previous year, the decrease being Rs. 32,169—10—7.

487. The subjoined statement exhibits the distribution of the revenue in the various Divisions and Districts of the Province:—

Division.	District.	Land Revenue Demand.							
		1872—73.		1873—74.		Increase.		Decrease.	
Nundydroog...	Bangalore	9,22,794	2 5	8,91,220	15 2	...	...	31,573	3 3
	Kolar	9,75,993	12 1	9,59,806	9 1	...	...	16,187	3 ..
	Tumkūr	9,03,770	6 6	9,11,165	14 9	7,395	8 3	...	...
Ashtagram ...	Mysore	9,59,985	13 7	9,67,167	10 5	7,181	12 10	...	...
	Hassan	10,03,302	0	10,01,102	1 2	...	...	2,199	15 3
	Shimoga	10,97,687	13 6	11,19,631	12 6	21,943	15 ..	...	...
Nagar ...	Karur	5,84,162	3 7	5,74,885	9 8	...	...	9,276	9 11
	Chitaldroog	7,61,757	4 9	7,52,303	5 6	...	...	9,453	15 3
Total		72,09,453	8 10	71,77,283	14 3	36,521	4 1	68,690	14 8
Deduct Increase.....								36,521	4 1
Net Decrease.....								32,169	10 7

488. The different items included under the head of land revenue and the demand under each item for the past year, as compared with the previous year, are shewn in the following comparative statement:—

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

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Item.	Money Assessment.		Batayi.		Total.		
	1872—73.	1873—74.	1872—73.	1873—74.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Decrease.
1 Dry land	30,02,850 11 5	30,06,087 10 1	24,833 3 7	14,521 11 11	30,27,683 15 0	30,26,609 6 0	7,074 9 0
2 Wet land	31,16,574 11 10	21,41,363 2 10	1,42,255 15 6	7,20,119 3	7,22,58,830 11 4	22,13,412 6 5	45,418 4 11
3 Garden	10,49,680 13 5	10,55,002 1 7	548 2 5	392 10	110,50,288 15 10	10,55,394 11 8	5,155 11 10
4 Sugar-cane	1,46,502 8 7	1,48,797 10 6	183 9 0	169 14 0	11,46,686 1 7	1,48,967 8 6	2,281 6 11
5 Mulberry	54,833 11 3	54,260 8 4	...	...	54,833 11 3	54,260 8 4	573 2 11
6 Pasture land	99,374 11 7	1,10,337 1 5	...	...	99,374 11 7	1,10,337 1 5	10,962 5 10
7 Kayangutta villages	62,131 6 3	62,116 14 4	...	...	62,161 6 3	62,116 14 4	44 7 11
8 Lightly assessed and whole inam villages	1,36,098 9 8	1,36,764 7 10	...	...	1,63,098 9 8	1,36,764 7 10	665 14 2
9 Inam jodi or minor Inams	1,68,083 10 2	1,88,168 9 0	...	...	1,86,083 10 2	1,88,168 9 0	2,084 14 10
10 Coffee Halat	79,161 6 3	54,978 15 4	...	...	79,161 6 3	54,978 15 4	24,182 6 11
11 Sale proceeds of Government land.	5,375 4 1	5,814 8 11	...	...	5,375 4 1	5,814 8 11	439 4 10
12 Miscellaneous	1,02,925 1 10	1,26,458 12 6	...	...	1,02,925 1 10	1,26,458 12 6	23,533 10 8
Total.....	70,41,632 10 4	70,90,150 6 8	1,67,820 14 6	87,183 7	77,209,453 8 10	77,283 14 3	77,292 15 8

Deduct Increase.....45,123 5 11
Net Decrease 32,169 10 7

489. *Dry land*.—Under this head there was a decrease of Rs. 10,311—7—8, owing to the character of the season which was unfavorable to a large extent of batayi dry crop in the Nundydroog Division, and to the entire discontinuance of the batayi system in the marginally noted three settled taluks of the Chitaldroog District. This decrease was partly made up by an increase of Rs. 3,236—14—8 in the item of money assessment on dry lands, as compared with the previous year, consequent on dry lands taken up for cultivation in the Bangalore District, so that the net decrease under the head of dry land is Rs. 7,074—9—0.

Molkalmuru.
Dodéri.
Pavagada.

490. *Wet land*.—There was a falling off of Rs. 70,206—11—11 owing to the unfavorable season for batayi crops in the Nundydroog Division, and to the abolition of the batayi system in the Chitaldroog District. But the net decrease under this head is only Rs. 45,418—4—11, taking into account the increase of Rs. 24,788—7—0 under money assessment. Of this increase Rs. 16,042 are due to the imposition of full wet rates on lands below the Madhava Mantri anicut and channel in the Mysore District, which lands were charged last year with reduced rates of assessment in consequence of the breach of the anicut which has since been repaired ; Rs. 4,098 to the introduction of the Survey rates of assessment into the Shikarpur Taluk of the Shimoga District, and rupees 4,648 to lands taken up for wet cultivation.

491. *Garden land*.—The increase of Rs. 5,155—11—10 under this head is chiefly due to the imposition during the year of the Survey rates of garden assessment in the Shikarpur Taluk.

492. *Sugar-cane*.—There was an increase of Rs. 2,281—6—11, which is attributed to previously resigned lands having been taken up for sugar-cane cultivation.

493. *Mulberry*.—The decrease of Rs. 573—2—11 under this item is due to the relinquishment of lands under mulberry cultivation in the Nundydroog Division.

494. *Pasture lands*.—This item exhibits an increase of rupees 10,962—5—10 which is satisfactory, and is attributed to greater care

having been exercised in carrying out the annual sale of the right of grazing over waste and relinquished lands. The following figures shew the increase in each Division under this head.

			Rs.	A.	P.
Nundydroog	..	..	6,860	10	6
Ashtagram	..	..	1,181	3	9
Nagar	..	..	2,920	7	7
Total...			10,962	5	10

495. *Kayamgutta Villages*.—The revenue from this source amounted to Rs. 62,116—14—4, against Rs. 62,161—6—3 of the previous year, exhibiting a decrease of Rs. 44—7—11, which is due partly to a remission of Rs. 43—14—7 from the kayamgutta amount of the Allamallanballi village in the Banavar Taluk consequent on the resumption of the right of the kayamguttadar to the sayer collections in the, said village, and partly to a sum of Rs. 0—9—4 having been remitted from the assessment of the kayamgutta Koramangala village in the Bangalore Taluk on account of land taken up for constructing a Military slaughter-house.

496. *Whole Inam Villages*.—There was an increase of Rs. 665—14—2 under this head. Of this amount Rs. 621—1—2 are due to the quit-rent charged by the Inam Department on certain villages in the Nundydroog Division, and Rs. 44—13—0 to the conversion of the Maklarhalli village in the Hiriyur Taluk of the Chitaldroog District from the Stalkayamgutta to the jodi tenure.

497. *Minor Inams*.—There was an increase of Rs. 3,520—5—2 owing to the imposition of quit-rent by the Inam Department on certain minor inams in the Kolar District. But on the other hand there was also a decrease of Rs. 1,435—6—4 in consequence of the resumption of certain inams during the Inam settlement in the Nagar Division, and the abolition of certain petty tax which used to be paid to Government under the designation of "Vazzar Ragi" by goldsmiths in some villages in the Bangalore District. The net increase under this head was therefore Rs. 2,084—14—10.

498. *Coffee Halat*.—This item shews a decrease of Rs. 24,182-6-11, which is attributed to the season having been unfavorable to coffee owing

to the failure of the early rains, and to a fall in the price of coffee, in consequence of which large quantities of the article were held in reserve by the planters in anticipation of a better market.

499. *Sale Proceeds of Government Waste lands.*—The sales of lands for building purposes brought in Rs. 5,814—8—11, or Rs. 439—4—10 in excess of the receipts for the previous year. This source of revenue is of a fluctuating character, the amount of collections depending chiefly on the demand for building sites, &c. The increase does not therefore call for any distinct remarks.

500. *Miscellaneous.*—The subjoined statement shews the receipts derived from the several items included under this head :—

Items.	1872—73.		1873—74.		Increase.		Decrease.	
Village amrayi or fruit trees ...	87,600	8	1,01,961	12 3	14,361	4 2	...	...
Collections on account of land cultivated, but not included in the jamabandi ...	5,787	5 0	7,138	0 5	1,350	11 5	...	...
Collections on account of concealed cultivation ...	860	11 0	467	3 2	...	...	393	7 10
Collections from Inam lands on account of Inamdars' absence ...	2,057	3 9	2,924	7 8	867	3 11	...	...
Fees on coffee pattis ...	471	0 0	277	0 0	...	...	194	0 0
Sale proceeds of assessed un-occupied lands sold by auction ...	3,203	11 9	6,895	0 8	3,691	4 11	...	...
Fines levied from ryots for cultivation of lands without authority ...	2,332	15 3	6,144	15 4	3,812	0 1	...	...
Other items ...	611	11 0	650	5 0	38	10 0	...	...
Total.....	1,02,925	1 10	1,26,458	12 6	24,121	2 4	587	7 10
					Deduct Decrease...	587	7 10	
					Net Increase...	23,533	10 6	

501. There was a net increase of Rs. 23,533—10—6 in the year under report over the receipts of the previous year. This increase is chiefly due to a better harvest than usual from the honge and tamarind trees in the Kolar District, and to the proceeds obtained from the sale of waste or un-occupied lands under the Survey Rules in the settled taluks, as well as to larger receipts from fines levied for un-authorized cultivation.

502. It is gratifying to record that the item of "concealed cultivation" shews a net decrease of Rs. 393—7—10. This class of cultivation is believed not to be on the increase, but rather the reverse,

507. The land newly taken up in the settled taluks was of the

Taluk.	Amount.	Percentage.
Tumkūr ...	9,444	7 4 0
Sira ...	1,572	1 6 7
Channagiri ...	4,441	5 0 0
Shikarpur ...	10,408	7 12 8
Sorab ...	4,728	2 7 0
Chitaldroog ...	1,864	1 13 6
Dāvangere ...	2,140	2 8 9
Kankuppa ...	1,134	2 5 6
Molkalmuru ...	1,705	3 8 9
Dodéri... ..	4,437	6 0 0
Hiriyur ...	1,521	2 12 0
BudihaI ...	1,293	2 0 3
Hosdurga ...	2,244	3 7 8
Pavagada ...	4,186	4 0 6
Harihar ...	2,180	3 12 9
Bangalore ...	2,200	

value of Rs. 55,496, being 3·95 per cent of the Survey assessment as against 6·4 per cent in the previous year, and in the unsettled taluks Rs. 1,21,772 or 2·4 per cent, as against 1·8 per cent in 1872—73. In the settled taluks lands yielding a revenue of Rs. 50,818 or 3·6 per cent of the assessment were relinquished against 4·7 per cent of the previous year, and in the unsettled taluks lands valued at Rs. 1,15,577 or 2·3 per cent were thrown up, as against 2·9 in 1872—73.

CANAL REVENUE.

508. As stated in para 508 of last Annual Report there is no such item as canal revenue in this Province. The assessment of wet and garden lands irrigated by river channels is included under the

head of land revenue.

SOURCES OF IMPERIAL REVENUE OTHER THAN THE LAND.

FORESTS.

509. Under this head the revenue amounted to Rs. 5,13,660 against Rs. 4,12,092 in the previous year, giving an increase of Rs. 1,01,569 as per details shewn in the subjoined statement:—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Proceeds from sale of sandalwood ...	2,37,530	3,18,763	81,233	...
Do do of timber ...	83,573	85,436	1,863	...
Amount realized from the contract of pepper and cardamom jungles ...	8,302	8,545	243	...
Do from fruit trees ...	1,8127	23,257	5,131	...
Lac ...	2,914	2,715	...	199
Wax and honey ...	2,805	2,981	176	...
Pasturage ...	3,160	3,767	607	...
Iron furnaces ...	8,188	8,068	...	120
Miscellaneous ...	47,493	60,128	12,635	...
Total.....	4,12,092	5,13,660	1,01,888	319
Deduct Decrease.....	...	...	319	...
Net Increase.....	...	...	1,01,569	...

510. The increase was chiefly in the item of sandalwood, and was owing to larger quantities of the article having been sold and the selling rates having been higher than in the previous year.

511. The other items do not call for any particular remarks excepting the head "Miscellaneous" in which there is a considerable increase of Rs. 12,760, which is due partly to larger receipts from seigniorage on timber, as well as from the contract of the minor forest products and the sale of confiscated wood, and partly to a tax levied on head loads of "Bindinaru," a kind of fibre used in fastening rafts for floating timber, as also the sale proceeds of decayed and fallen trees.

512. The total charge against the income in the Forest Department for the year under report was Rs. 2,36,233 or 46 per cent.

ABKARI.

513. The abkari revenue for the year amounted to Rs. 11,50,298, against Rs. 10,79,816 in the year 1872—73, exhibiting an increase of Rs. 70,482. The receipts from each item included under this head are shewn in the following comparative statement.

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Toddy (Contract)	5,43,923	5,81,013	37,090	...
Still head duty on arrack	4,39,039	4,68,521	29,482	...
Do do on beer	...	7,327	7,327	...
License fees	69,812	57,703	...	12,109
Sale of arrack shops by public auction... ..	17,319	24,946	7,627	...
Ganja (Contract)	9,514	10,296	782	...
Miscellaneous	209	492	283	...
Total	10,79,816	11,50,298	82,591	12,109
Deduct Decrease.....			12,109	
Net Increase.....			70,482	

514. *Toddy*.—The increase of Rs. 37,090 under this head was owing to increased tenders in the Bangalore, Kolar and Chitaldroog Districts. In the first named two Districts the contracts were disposed of for a term of 5 years from 1st April 1873. In the Chitaldroog District the course at present pursued is yearly talukvar sales to the highest

accepted bidders, and this system is reported to have been fairly set afloat in the Nagar Division, and is working well.

515. *Arrack*.—The still head duty on arrack which is the only item of abkari worked under the Sadar Distillery system in Mysore shews an increase of Rs. 29,482, which is due partly to an increased consumption of liquor throughout the Province, except the Mysore and Chitaldroog Districts, and to the enhancement of the rates of still head duty.

516. The particulars of the quantity of liquor distilled, and the revenue derived from the manufacture of arrack, during the past year, are shewn in the following statement.—

No.	Districts.	Population.		Quantity distilled in gallons.	* The degree of strength.	Rate of still head duty.	Amount realized.	No. of Shops.			Amount of fees levied on licenses for shops.
		No. of stills.						Wholesale.	Retail.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			10
1	Bangalore Town & Cantt. District	1	90,760	2 2	19°	2 12 0	2,49,592	16	258	274	11,320
2	Kolar District	2	43,408	0 3	19°	1 8 0	25,243	36	409	445	14,752
3	Tumkur	1	28,080	1 4	19°	1 4 0	35,100	0	80	80	5,029
4	Mysore	1	6,565	0 0	25°30	1 0 0	6,565	0	80	80	5,029
5	Hassan	1	19,238	5 4	25°	3 0 0	25,754	16	98	114	7,903
6	Shimoga	1	9,652	5 2	25°	1 5 0	13,387	7	59	66	3,408
7	Kadur	3	33,850	1 0	25°30	1 2 0	33,290	4	243	247	7,263
8	Chitaldroog	3	28,378	2 4	25°	2 0 0	28,379	0	187	187	4,972
		2	11,578	0 0	25°30	1 0 0	11,208	7	108	115	2,867
	Total..	14	2,71,572	0 3			4,68,521	86	1,442	1,528	57,517

* The degree of strength of the arrack distilled and the rates of still head duty per gallon have been altered from 1st July 1874.

517. *Beer*.—During the year under report there were 3 breweries at work in Bangalore, and the beer manufactured was subjected to a still head duty of two anras per gallon. This being the first year in which beer has been charged with still head duty, the receipts under this head amounting to Rs. 7,327 call for no further remarks.

518. *License Fees*.—Under this item there was a decrease of rupees 12,109 owing to the license fees on arrack shops in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore having been transferred to the Municipality.

519. The increase of Rs. 7,627 derived from the sale of arrack shops was due to better competition in the Shimoga and Kadur Districts.

520. The item of miscellaneous shews an increase of Rs. 283 which is chiefly in the Bangalore District; Rs. 250 of the amount being a fine imposed on toddy contractors on account of one of their sub-contractors having drawn toddy from date trees under one yard in height contrary to the terms of their contract.

521. Out of the total amount of abkari revenue, *viz.*, Rs. 11,50,298 as above shewn, Rs. 1,749 were paid to inamdars of whole villages whose sannads entitle them to the abkari collections in their respective villages.

522. The cost of the establishment for the collection of the still head duty on arrack amounted to Rs. 18,987 or 3.22 per cent of the revenue from arrack.

CUSTOMS AND SAYER.

523. The subjoined statement shews the collections under the head of sayer customs :—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Supari or Arecanut	6,39,067	6,19,092	...	19,975
Tobacco	1,33,444	1,28,194	...	5,250
Opium	6,949	5,632	...	1,317
Pepper	1,604	1,645	41	...
Cardamom	2,478	3,405	927	...
Cocoanut, dry	2,113	10,144	3,031	...
Do green	39,145	41,679	2,534	...
Betel leaves	47,707	48,350	643	...
Piece goods	51,644	50,697	...	947
Miscellaneous	8,553	8,416	...	137
	9,37,704	9,17,254	7,176	27,626
			Deduct Increase...	7,176
			Net Decrease.....	20,450

524. It will be observed that the decrease is chiefly in the item of supari, which is attributed to the heavy failure of the supari crop from "Koleroga" or rot in the Malnad taluks of the Nagar Division.

525. The next item is tobacco which shews a falling off of rupees

Rs.5,250. This unfavorable result is ascribed to the unusually scarce and unseasonable rain-fall in the Kadur District, in which the produce was very poor except in certain localities favorably situated.

526. The increase exhibited under cocoanuts, dry and green, is owing to a better crop of cocoanuts than in the previous year in the Túngúr District.

527. The other items call for no special remark.

528. Out of the total receipts Rs. 2,96,117—8—1 were levied on goods exported to, and Rs. 15,292 on imports from, Her Majesty's Territories.

529. Out of the total collections for the year, *viz.*, Rs. 9,17,254 as above shewn, Rs. 14,820 were assigned to the Mysore Town Municipality and Rs. 33,766 were credited to the Shringeri Jahagir and other inamdars on whose behalf the Government collects the sayer duties, the charge of collection being paid by the inamdars themselves. Thus the net balance credited to Government was only Rs. 8,68,633 or 1·8 per cent less than in the previous year.

530. The cost of the establishment for the collection of the sayer dues amounted to Rs. 38,644 or 4·2 per cent of the total collections against Rs. 38,755 in the previous year, the net decrease being rupees 111. Of the above cost, Rs. 139 were paid by inamdars for whom the Government collected the sayer revenue. The salary of the paid establishment was Rs. 31,080 and the allowance to Shekdars, Shanbhogs and Patels at 5 per cent of the collections made by them amounted to rupees 7,563.

531. Of the nine articles subject to the sayer tax, those noted in the margin are liable to the duty both when imported into and exported from the Province. The remaining four are liable to the tax only when produced and consumed in the Province.

Arecanut, Tobacco, Pepper
Cardamom and Opium.

532. Arrangements are under contemplation to reduce the rate of duty on supari and to abolish the duty on piece goods and pepper.

ASSESSED TAXES.

533. The revenue from mohatarfa or assessed taxes for the year under report amounted to Rs. 3,73,827 against Rs. 3,68,022 in the previous year, being an increase of Rs. 5,805. The amount derived from each item comprised under this head is shewn in the following statement :—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tax on houses	1,59,172	1,59,775	603	...
Do shops	87,916	90,053	2,137	...
Do looms	75,757	76,518	761	...
Oil mills	13,649	13,940	291	...
Carts	31,044	33,472	2,428	...
Miscellaneous	434	69	...	415
Total.. ...	3,68,022	3,73,827	6,220	415
Deduct Decrease.....			415	
Net Increase.....			5,805	

534. The revenue from assessed taxes as above shewn does not include the collections made under this head in the *marginally noted five Municipal towns, the same having been alienated to the respective Municipalities.

*Cantonment and Town of Bangalore.
Kolar Town. Mysore. Hassan.
Shimoga.

535. *Houses.*—The number of houses in the Province is estimated at 10,17,583, of which a considerable number, occupied by Brahmans, Muhammadans and the Rajbindes, who have from time immemorial enjoyed this immunity, have hitherto been exempted from taxation. Those classes, however, pay like all other people the Municipal tax on houses in those towns in which Municipalities have been established.

536. The number of houses exempted from taxation is 869,161 as per particulars subjoined :—

	No.
Agricultural	615,020
Brahmans, Musalmans and Rajbindes	150,533
Headmen of Towns, Villages, &c.	47,591
Houses on which shop tax is imposed	21,349
Do loom tax do	31,968
Do oil-mill tax do	2,700
Total.. ..	869,161

537. The houses on which the tax is levied numbered 148,422, as against 143,589 in the previous year, being an increase of 4,833, and are classified as follows:—

CLASS OF HOUSES.				No.	Rate of Tax.		Amount realized.	Average Rate per House.	
					From Rs.	To Rs.		Rs.	As. P.
Terraced houses	...	...	...	14	3	12	91 0 0	8	8 0
Tiled do	...	...	...	16,818	As. 8	12	44,851 13 11	2	10 8
Mud do	...	...	...	35,741	" 8	12	47,057 2 9	1	5 3
Thatched do	...	...	...	95,849	" 8	5	67,775 5 5	0	11 7
Total.....				1,48,422	As. 8	12	1,59,775 7 1		

538. *Shops*.—The total number of shops was 27,839, as against 26,918 of the previous year, of which 311 shops belonging to Shanbhogs, Patels and other privileged classes were exempted from the tax. The rates of tax range from 8 annas to 30 rupees, giving an average rate of Rs. 3—4—0 per shop.

539. *Looms*.—The number of looms at work in the Province is returned at 42,247 as against 42,079 of the previous year. Of this number 1,868 looms belonging to the village servants were according to the custom of the country exempted from the cess. The tax on each loom ranges from 8 annas to Rs. 8, the average rate being Rs. 1—13—0.

540. *Oil-mills*.—The tax on oil-mills varies from Re. 1 to Rs. 20 per mill, and the number of mills was reckoned at 3,353 against 3,321 of the previous year. The average rate was Rs. 4—2—6.

541. *Carts*.—Sixteen thousand, seven hundred and thirty-seven carts were subjected to the tax, as against 15,651 in the previous year at a uniform rate of 2 Rs. per cart, owned by non-agricultural classes.

542. *Opium*.—A sum of Rs. 688—8—0 was realized by renting out the privilege of selling opium, which is a monopoly, against rupees 704—8—0 of the previous year, being a decrease of Rs. 16 which does not call for any special remark.

543. *Salt Pans*.—There was an increase of Rs. 1,313—12—0 from this source in the year under report as shewn in the subjoined statement:—

Year.	No. of Salt Pans.	No. of manufacturers.	Rate of Tax per man.	Amount of Revenue.
1872—73 ...	3,118	3,334	From 1 Anna to Rs. 120	17,178 0 7
1873—74 ...	3,141	3,699	" " to " 65	18,491 12 9
Increase.....	23	365		1,313 12 2

544. The increase under this head is satisfactory, and was due to the spirited competition at the sale of the right of the manufacture chiefly in the Kolar, Tûmkûr and Chitaldroog Districts.

545. Under the orders of the Chief Commissioner passed in pursuance to instructions received from the Government of India, the manufacture of earth salt within five miles of the frontier, and the exportation of the article to Her Majesty's Territories have been prohibited.

STAMPS.

546. The realizations under "stamps" for the year amounted to Rs. 1,92,584—10—4, against Rs. 1,87,042—1—3, the increase being Rs. 5,542—9—1 as per details subjoined:—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Sale of general stamps ...	1,58,772 8 7	1,68,355 0 6	9,582 7 11	...
Receipt and draft labels ...	8,659 4 10	9,408 10 0	749 5 2	...
Penalties and other items ...	19,610 3 10	14,820 15 10	...	4,789 4 0
Total.....	1,87,042 1 3	1,92,584 10 4	10,381 13 1	4,789 4 0
Deduct Decrease.....			4,791 4 0	
Net Increase.....			5,542 9 1	

547. The net increase under this head is attributable chiefly to a more extensive sale of stamp papers to private banks, where money transactions coming within the scope of Promissory Note Act No. 5 of 1866 are now carried on to a very large extent.

POST OFFICE.

548. The receipts from the Anche or the Postal Department of the Mysore Government amounted to Rs. 46,665—13—4, exhibiting an increase of Rs. 1,936—14—9 over those of the previous year as shewn in the following statement:—

Items.	1872—73.			1873—74.			Increase.			Decrease.
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
Amount of postage on letters, &c...	43,504	1	3	44,134	11	3	630	10	0	...
Express charges	260	4	0	849	15	9	589	11	9	...
Registration fee	...	...	...	738	13	6	738	13	6	...
Sale of anche houses	292	6	3	165	14	0	...	...	...	126 8 3
Miscellaneous, including fines, &c..	672	3	1	776	6	10	104	3	9	...
Total.....	44,728	14	7	46,665	13	4	2,063	7	0	126 8 3
Deduct Decrease.....							126	8	3	
Net Increase.....							1,936	14	9	

549. The increase of Rs. 738—13—6 under "Registration" fee is only nominal, and is due to the collections under this head having been recently ordered to be shewn separately, whereas they were hitherto included and credited under the head of postage.

550. The other items call for no special remark. The operations of the Anche Department are described in detail under the head of Post Office.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

551. The revenue under this head amounted to Rs. 4,14,533--3--0, against Rs. 4,06,906—14—10 of the previous year, exhibiting an increase of Rs. 7,626—4—2. The details are shewn in the subjoined statement :—

Items.				1872—73	1873—74	Increase.	Decrease.
Court fees stamps	...	...	...	2,89,916	3,11,756	21,840	...
Magisterial fines	...	...	...	74,918	67,913	...	7,005
Registration fees	...	...	...	20,682	22,903	2,221	...
Sale of unclaimed property	...	...	...	4,587	3,130	...	1,457
Sale proceeds of Jail manufactures	...	...	...	8,697	4,475	...	4,222
Realized from convict labor	...	...	...	1,392	517	...	875
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	6,715	3,839	...	2,876
Total.....				4,06,907	4,14,533	24,061	16,435
Deduct Decrease.....						16,435	
Net Increase.....						7,626	

552. The increase under the head of Court fees stamps is chiefly due to the Civil Process Rules having been in full operation during the year under review.

POLICE.

553. The receipts under this head shew a decrease of Rs. 49--2--9 chiefly in the item of fines, which is so far satisfactory.

PUBLIC WORKS.

554. This is properly no source of revenue. It consists of such items as refunds and contributions by ryots, sales of materials, rents on houses, &c.

555. The receipts for the year under report amounted to rupees 50,030—12—1, against Rs. 60,428—8—0 in the previous year, exhibiting a decrease of Rs. 10,397—4—0. The details are shewn in the subjoined statement.

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Refunds	21,912	24,475 0 0	2,563	...
Contributions	21,378	15,872 0 0	...	6,006 0 0
Rent on houses	815	832 12 0	...	182 4 0
Miscellaneous	15,823	9,051 0 0	...	6,772 0 0
Total.....	60,428	50,030 12 0	2,563	12,960 4 0
Deduct Increase...				2,563 0 0
Net Decrease...				10,397 4 0

556. The net decrease of Rs. 10,397—4—0 above shewn was mainly owing to the contributions from ryots for the repairs of Government tanks having been less than in the previous year, and to a decrease in the proceeds of lands under kodigi tanks appropriated for the repairs of those tanks.

MINT.

557. There is no mint in Mysore. It has been the practice to credit under this head the amount realized by the sale of mutilated old copper coin, but there were no receipts during the year under report from this source.

MISCELLANEOUS.

558. The total income under this head amounted to rupees 1,39,881—9—5, against Rs. 1,39,352—8—4 realized in the pre-

ceding year, being an increase of Rs. 529—1—1. The several items comprising this source of revenue are noted below:—

			Rs.	As.	P.
Fines, (in the Revenue Department) ...	...	...	24,469	1	4
School fees ...	...	...	16,037	7	8
Sale of school books ...	...	...	13,250	14	10
Subscriptions to the Mysore Gazette ...	...	...	2,368	4	6
Travellers' Bungalows' fees...	...	...	6,085	7	0
Gross revenue of the Island of Seringapatam ...	...	...	19,155	14	11
Tolls on bridges ...	...	...	6,786	5	0
Interest realized on Government securities ...	...	...	1,240	0	0
Value of private work done by the Govt. Press ...	...	...	3,783	5	6
Produce of public gardens ...	...	...	1,830	12	8
Premium on Hundis ...	...	...	523	5	7
Savings and fines, &c. in the Military Local Force	...	...	292	13	6
Interest collected on arrears of revenue defaulters	...	...	30,071	6	6
Sale proceeds of Government buildings and unse-	...	...	...	...	...
viceable furniture ...	...	...	5,637	14	4
Sundry receipts ...	...	...	8,348	8	1
Total.....	...	...	1,39,881	9	5

REVENUE AND FINANCE OTHER THAN IMPERIAL.

LOCAL FUNDS.

559. The aggregate revenue of the Local Funds for the year 1873—74 amounted to Rs. 4,59,979—12—1, against Rs 4,36,845—6—9 of the previous year, giving an increase of rupees 23,134—5—4 in the year under report.

560. The subjoined statement shews the amount of each item credited under this head as contrasted with the previous year:—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Local cess...	3,37,525 14 0	3,57,822 14 1	20,297 0 1	
Irrigation cess ...	43,953 7 6	51,349 7 11	2,396 0 5	
Sale of Stray cattle ...	33,176 14 5	40,191 0 9	7,014 2 4	
Ferry collection ...	5,943 15 1	6,404 15 9	461 0 8	
Miscellaneous ...	11,245 3 9	4,211 5 7	...	7,033 14 2
Total.....	4,36,845 6 9	4,59,979 12 1	30,168 3 6	7,033 14 2
			7033 14 2	
		Net Increase.....	23,134 5 4	

561. The net increase of Rs 23,134—5—4, as above shewn, is due to the levy of the local fund cess at one anna instead of half an anna in the rupee of the land assessment in the taluks settled during the year under report, and to the rate of the cess having been raised from half anna to one anna in the rupee of the collections under all items other than land revenue in the settled taluks under the Chief Commissioner's orders No. 3089—83 of 8th September 1873.

562. The irrigation cess having under the recent orders of the Government of India been abolished as a separate levy of one anna in the rupee on the assessment of wet lands, it will be hereafter merged in and collected with the ordinary assessment of such land, and at the settlement of each taluk, a lump sum equivalent to the amount so merged in the assessment will be set apart out of the annual revenue of the taluk to form a District Irrigation Fund which will be administered by the District Committees in the same way as the ordinary local fund for the repair, improvement, and reconstruction of works of irrigation within the Taluk.

ROAD AND EDUCATION CESSES.

563. No cesses under these denominations are separately levied in this Province as explained in para 575 of the Report for 1872—73.

MUNICIPAL REVENUES.

564. The total revenue credited to municipal funds for the year 1873—74 was rupees 3,53,189, against rupees 3,40,264 of the previous year, giving an increase of rupees 12,925 in the year under report as per details shewn in the following statement :—

Items.	1872—73.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Octroi	1,42,258	1,46,728	3,470	...
House tax	78,254	81,473	3,219	...
Tax on professions	38,818	46,278	7,460	...
Tax on carriages	1,901	2,742	841	...
Rents	8,134	9,346	1,212	...
Transfers and contributions	12,634	10,995	...	1,639
Miscellaneous	57,265	55,627	...	1,638
Total.....	3,40,264	3,53,189	12,925	3,277
		Net Increase	12,925	

565. The net increase of rupees 12,925 was due to the levy of octroi tax in 19 kasbas or head-quarters of taluks which were newly formed into Municipalities in the year under report in the Ashtagram Division, and to the increased collections in the Municipalities already existing.

566. The cash balance on 1st April 1873 was rupees 1,43,925, which, being added to the income during the year under report, namely, Rs. 3,53,189, the total sum of the Municipal Funds was rupees 4,97,114. Of this amount, rupees 3,39,134 were expended during the year, so that the balance on the 31st March 1874 was rupees 1,57,980.

VI. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

567. *Population.*—The population as determined by the Census of 1871 is, as stated in last year's Report, 5,055,412, the proportion of the sexes 2,535,924 males to 2,519,488 females, or in the ratio of 100 males to 99·35 females.

568. *Area.*—The area of the Province is 27,040 square miles, and the population to each square mile 186·96.

569. *Birth Rate of the Province.*—The births registered throughout the Province number 42,574, or in the ratio of 8·42 per mille of the population. In 1872, the per mille rate was 9·02. This shews that no progress has been made in birth registration.

570. In the large Town of Bangalore however there is manifest improvement as shewn below:—

Population.	Births registered.	Ratio per mille.
Bangalore...142,513	4,429	31·07

571. This rate is 10·5 in excess of that recorded last year, and is a nearer approach to the true birth rate amongst the native community, while at the same time it points to the entire unreliability of rural returns.

572. *Death Rate in Province.*—The deaths registered during 1873 are 53,340, against 57,990 in 1872, shewing a decrease of 4,650. It is impossible to say how much of this decrease is attributable to a better state of health, or to defective registration. The per mille rate is 10·55, against 11·47 last year. Both figures are far below the true death rate. It is therefore mere waste of time to make any further comments, or to compare the mortality in different months or at different seasons as was done last year, for the time has not arrived when such comparisons can be made with any profitable results.

573. *Deaths by different Causes.*—Deaths by different causes as compared with the previous year are as follows:—

				1872.	1873.
Cholera	...	...	...	51	12
Small-Pox	...	...	...	4,532	3,052
Fevers	...	...	...	31,140	2,885
Bowel Complaints...	...	...	...	6,284	574
Injuries.	{ Suicide	...	...	145	158
	{ Wounding	...	...	107	103
	{ Accident	...	...	826	721
	{ Snake bite or killed by wild beasts	...	...	229	210
All other causes	...	...	...	14,676	14,445

If the figures for 1873 can be accepted as at all reliable for comparison with those of the previous year, the reduced mortality is traceable mainly to the smaller prevalence of cholera, small-pox and fevers.

574. *Mortality of large Towns.*—The towns having 5,000 or more inhabitants number 23, and give an aggregate population of 341,294 with 6387 deaths. The mortality of towns contrasted with that pertaining to rural circles is as follows:—

Population.		Deaths.	Ratios per mille.	
Of entire Province	...	5,055,412	53,340	10.55
Of 23 large towns	...	341,294	5,751	16.85
Of 83 rural circles	...	4,714,118	47,589	10.09

575. There can be no doubt that the returns as at present drawn up are any thing but reliable. This is especially the case with those relating to the rural districts.

EMIGRATION.

576. From the subjoined statement furnished by the Protector of Emigrants, Madras, it will be seen that 46 men, 58 women and 14 children, making a total of 118, belonging to this Province, emigrated during the year, embarking from the ports of Madras, Pondicherry and Karikal ; but none seem to have returned to their homes during the same period :—

Port of Embarkation.		Town belonging to—	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Madras	...	Bangalore	3	1	...	4
Pondicherry	...	Mysore	20	12	8	40
Karikal	...	Mysore	20	45	6	71
		Mysore	3	...	...	3
Total.....			46	58	14	118

Returned None.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

577. The following comparative statement shews the working of hospitals and dispensaries (exclusive of Special Hospitals) for the year under report as compared with the two previous years :—

Years.	Treated.		Total.
	In Hospital.	Out of Hospital.	
1871	2,711	69,830	72,541
1872	2,331	85,885	88,716
1873	2,599	1,02,226	1,04,825

578. As compared with the year immediately preceding, the sick treated in hospitals shew a falling off of 232. This is doubtless owing to the closure of the Pete Hospital and its retention only as a dispensary for out-door relief. But the out-patients have increased by 16,341, 7110 of whom are to be placed to the account of the new dispensary opened at Chikballapur, leaving 9,231 as the increase under this head at the older dispensaries. The general increase upon in and out-patients collectively is 16,109. These institutions then are evidently acquiring the confidence of the native community.

579. The following table gives the results in each hospital and dispensary in the Province :—

Stations.	Hospitals and Dispensaries.	Total treated.		Average daily sick.		Died.		Per mille ratio of deaths to treated (in patients only).
		In.	Out.	In.	Out.	In.	Out.	
Bangalore ...	Bowring Civil Hospital ...	1,334	19,473	58.50	142.50	128	1	94.45
Do ...	Pete Dispensary ...	0	19,785	0	149.8	0	3	0
Mysore ...	Raja's Hospital ...	596	18,221	43.14	124.12	63	2	105.70
Shimoga ...	Civil do ...	239	6,618	14.75	69.50	14	3	58.58
Hassan ...	Do Dispensary ...	7	5,805	.50	45.75	0	4	0
Shethalli ...	Do do ...	68	1,583	1.33	15.	6	2	88.24
Chitaldroog ...	Do do ...	188	7,552	9.5	63.10	1	1	5.32
Chikmagalur ...	Do do ...	167	5,755	8.80	54.75	14	2	83.83
Kolar ...	Do do ...	0	7,377	0	59.68	0	3	0
Tumkur ...	Do do ...	0	2,949	0	27.50	0	10	0
Chikballapur ...	Do do ...	0	7,110	0	59.37	0	0	0
Total.....		2,599	102,226	136.52	811.07	224	31	86.19
Grand Total.....		1,04,825		947.59		255		0

580. Of special hospitals the Lunatic Asylum at Bangalore is every year extending its usefulness. The total number of inmates at the close of 1873 was 13 males and 10 females.

VACCINATION.

581. The following return shews the work done in this Department during the year, and the cost of the same :—

Divisions.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Total.	Cost.		
					Rs.	As.	P.
Nundydroog ...	34,419	2,183	3,686	40,288	4,285	7	11
Ashtagram ...	29,120	760	170	30,050	3,244	6	3
Nagar ...	23,909	2,025	1,089	26,123	2,913	...	11
Office Establishment ...	...	...	...	...	240	...	...
Total... ..	86,548	4,968	4,945	96,461	10,682	15	1

582. These figures shew a *decrease* in the number vaccinated as compared with the previous year of 780, the operations returned as successful equal 94·57 per cent.

583. The total cost of the establishment has been Rs. 10,682—15—1, against Rs. 10,892—8—2 in 1872, a decrease of Rs. 209—9—1; Rs. 0—1—11½ is the cost of operation in each successful case. The quality of lymph in use is generally reported to have been good.

VII. INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATION.

584. During the past year there was an increase of 11 Government, 6 aided, and 43 unaided schools over the number shewn in the Report for 1872—73 ; and at its close there were in existence 670 Government, 104 aided, and 1,536 unaided schools, making a total of 2,310 schools of the three classes in the Province.

585. The number of pupils on the rolls in Government and aided schools aggregated 27,298, shewing an increase of 901 as compared with 1872—73. The number in unaided schools is reported to have been 18,914, making the total of pupils up to 46,212 on the rolls in all classes of schools. It is explained by Mr. Rice that the number of pupils shewn on the rolls during the year under review was reduced owing to the discovery of false returns. This unsatisfactory circumstance indicates the necessity of closer inspection, a subject which has been repeatedly urged. The general results of the year, as shewn by the above figures, cannot but be regarded as fairly encouraging.

586. Of the total number under instruction, 43,592 were boys and 2,620 girls. Of these, the number of either sex in Government and aided schools aggregated 57 per cent and 94 per cent respectively, and stood classified as shewn in the margin.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Hindus	...	...	22,621
Muhammadans	...	...	3,131
Others	...	...	1,546
Total.....	24,834	2,464	27,298

587. The average number of square miles of area to each school and the proportion of students to population of school-going age in each District are shewn below. In the whole Province there is one school for every 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ square miles on an average ; and 5.20 per cent of the boys between six and twenty, and 0.66 per cent of the girls between six and 12 years of age are under instruction. These figures include schools of all classes :—

	Area, Square Miles.	No. of Schools.	No. of Square Miles to each School.	Population of School-going age.	Students.	Percentage of Schools to Popu- lation of School- going age.
Bangalore ...	2,914	416	7.02	197,239	13,199	6.65
Kolar ...	2,577	183	14.08	137,991	5,204	3.77
Tumkūr ...	3,606	389	9.27	157,128	6,224	3.96
Mysore ...	4,127	334	12.35	228,668	6,283	2.75
Hassan ...	3,291	249	13.21	163,093	3,885	2.38
Shimoga ...	3,797	178	21.33	126,399	4,009	3.17
Kadur ...	2,294	292	7.85	85,784	2,814	3.28
Chitaldroog ...	4,471	269	16.62	134,723	4,594	3.41
	27,077	2,310	11.72	1,231,025	46,212	3.75

837,985 393,040
Boys. Girls.

5.20 0.66
Boys. Girls.

588. The subjoined table shews the several classes of Government and aided schools with the number of pupils on the rolls at the end of the year:—

				Government.		Aided.		Total.	
				Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Boys' Schools.									
Higher ...	...	...	...	7	1,588	5	851	12	2,439
Middle ...	...	...	...	6	250	8	600	14	850
Lower ...	...	...	...	638	17,306	61	3,469	699	20,775
				651	19,144	74	4,920	725	24,064
Girls' Schools.									
Higher ...	...	...	...	...	...	3	311	3	311
Middle ...	...	...	...	...	...	8	189	3	189
Lower ...	...	...	...	9	252	23	1,651	32	1,902
				9	252	29	2,151	38	2,402
Normal Schools	...	...	...	3	13	...	...	3	13
Special Schools	...	...	...	7	736	1	82	8	818
Grand Total.....				670	20,145	104	7,153	774	27,297

589. Exclusive of the cost of direction and inspection, and of the charges in connection with the Book Department, the expenditure on actual instruction in Government and aided schools from all sources was as shewn below :—

	Government.		Aided.	
	From Provincial Funds.	From Local Funds.	From Provincial Funds.	From other Sources.
Boys' Schools.				
Higher ...	45,702	...	11,935	21,451
Middle ...	8,496	...	5,040	11,303
Lower ...	33,532	45,031	13,507	17,020
	87,730	45,031	30,482	49,774
Girls' Schools				
Higher ...	...	...	4,040	5,464
Middle ...	...	...	1,560	1,845
Lower ...	3,221	...	6,460	10,723
	3,221	...	12,060	18,032
Normal Schools ...	1,938	55	...	...
Special Schools ...	790	...	600	995
	93,679	45,086	43,142	68,801
181,907				

590. The total expenditure on the part of Government on education in the Province during the year under review was Rs. 2,43,372 as shewn in the margin, of which Rs. 55,799 or 29.7 per

	1872—73	1873—74
	Rs.	Rs.
Direction ...	13,671	12,884
Inspection ...	21,596	32,373
Instruction ...	1,78,964	1,8,1907
Miscellaneous, including Book Department ...	25,144	15,708
	2,39,375	2,43,372
Rs.		
* By School Fees ...	...	13,261
By sale of Books ...	...	18,043
By allotment from Local Fund Cess ...	...	86,703
		1,18,007

cent were debitable to Local and the remainder to Provincial Funds. The expenditure during the previous year was Rs. 2,39,375. Of the total expenditure, Rs. 1,18,007 were recouped to Government in the different shapes noted in the * margin. The net cost to the Provincial Exchequer thus amounted to Rs. 1,25,365,

591. Fifty-four candidates passed the several University examinations.

B. L. Degree	...	...	1
F. A. Examination	...	...	10
Matriculation	...	...	43
			54

noted in the margin. The Bachelor of Laws was formerly a student in the London Mission Institution. Eight of the F. A.'s and 23 of the Matriculates were sent up from Government and the rest from aided institutions. The High School at Bangalore as usual stands first both as regards the number that passed therefrom and in the proportion of the numbers passed to those examined. The District School at Shimoga and

SCHOOLS.	F. A.			Matriculation.			
	Examined.	Pass- ed.		Examined.	Passed.		
		1st Class.	2nd Class.		1st Class.	2nd Class.	
<i>Government.</i>							
High School, Bangalore	...	7	1	4	17	3	5
Raja's School, Mysore ...	...	5	...	2	12	1	4
District School, Shimoga ...	...	2	...	1	14	...	6
" Hassan	...	...	...	...	11	...	1
" Tumkūr	...	...	...	...	6	...	1
" Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	3	...	1
Taluk School, Chikballapur	...	...	...	...	2	...	1
<i>Aided.</i>							
Native Educational Institution, Bangalore	...	5	...	2	25	...	5
Bishop Cotton's School ...	...	...	...	...	12	1	4
London Mission Institution ...	...	...	...	...	11	...	3
St. Andrew's School	...	...	...	...	8	...	3
Samt Joseph's Catholic Seminary	...	...	...	...	2	...	1
Wesleyan Mission School, Mysore	...	...	...	...	14	...	3

the Wesleyan Native Educational Institution at Bangalore, which are almost on a par, rank next.

592. In connection with the subject of University examinations the Director mentions certain changes which have been introduced by the Madras University in the Matriculation and First-in Arts examinations, the tendency being to attach greater importance to the study of natural science. The Chief Commissioner has no doubt that, so far as the educational requirements of this Province are concerned, a still more decided move in the same direction might be made by the Senate with confidence and advantage. The curriculum pursued in the Madras University necessarily influences to a great extent the instruction given in the Mysore Provincial schools, and arrangements shall be made for instruction in natural science in the Higher Class schools. The "School of Engineering and Natural Science" now established at Bangalore will, it is hoped, in time supply a great want in this respect.

593. Of Government schools of the higher class there are still 7, one at the head-quarters of each District, except Kadur. The High School at Bangalore and the Raja's School at Mysore, which teach up to the B.A. standard, have continued to work satisfactorily. The teaching staff in the latter has been augmented since the year under review. The remaining 5, which are called District Schools, are limited to the Matriculation standard of the Madras University, and have also shewn satisfactory results, those at Shimoga and Hassan continuing to hold their position in advance of the rest. The subjoined tabular statement embodies the more important of the statistics connected with the schools of the higher class :—

	Monthly Average Number on the Rolls.	Expenditure, Rs.	Total Cost of educating each Pupil.	School Fees realized.	Net Cost to Government per Pupil.
High School, Bangalore	531	15,468	28 15 4	4,741	20 1 3
Raja's School, Mysore	222	9,428	42 7 5	1,968	33 9 8
District School, Hassan	146	6,036	41 5 5	403	33 9 4
„ Tumkūr	102	3,028	29 10 11	527	24 8 4
„ Shimoga	203	3,832	19 2 0	627	16 0 7
„ Chitaldroog	140	4,366	31 2 11	540	27 5 2
„ Kolar	88	3,499	39 12 3	247	36 14 11
Total.....	1,435	45,702	31 2 5	9,055	25 8 7

These figures afford useful comparison with those noted in the

Provincial Schools.	Monthly Average Number on the Rolls.	Expenditure, Rs.	Total Cost of educating each Pupil.	School Fees realized, Rs.	Net Cost to Government per Pupil.
Combaconum...	338	24,342	72 0 3	13,297	41 13 6
Beilary ...	214	12,442	58 0 8	4,838	35 8 6
Calicut ...	226	13,476	59 6 6	5,456	35 4 3
Mangalore ...	213	12,751	41 1 4	5,027	36 4 2

margin for 1872-73, for the Provincial schools of the Madras Presidency with which most of the Government schools of the higher class in Mysore correspond.

594. Of middle class Anglo-Vernacular schools, there are 6 educating up to a standard below Matriculation. They have 250 pupils between them on the rolls with an average attendance of 223, costing Rs. 8,496, which gives a trifle above Rs. 38, as the cost of educating each pupil. Rs. 596 were realized in the shape of fees, the net cost to Government per pupil thus amounting to Rs 35-6-9. The School at Chikballapur stands foremost. It has been suggested to the Director of Public Instruction whether the backward condition of the other schools

may not be due to deficiency in the teaching staff, inasmuch as there are 4 masters at Chikballapur, while there are but 2 at each of the others, except Gundlupet where there is only one.

595. Of lower class schools there are 647, of which 638 are for boys and 9 for girls, having on their rolls 17,306 boys and 252 girls respectively. Of the schools for boys, 104 are Taluk schools, and 534 Hobli schools for elementary instruction. Of the former, 81 are Kanarese with 4,303 pupils on the rolls, 6 Telugu in the Kolar District, with a nominal roll of 238 pupils, and 17 Hindustani schools with a nominal roll of 777 pupils. The Taluk schools are divided into four classes as noted in margin. Twelve of the schools have reached the standard of the first or highest class, 53 that of the second, and 32 the third. The remaining 7 have not advanced beyond the lowest stage. The average number of pupils in the 104 Taluk schools during the past year was 4,705. The cost was Rs. 33,532, or Rs. 7-2-0 per pupil on an average. The fees realized having been Rs. 2,990, the net cost to Government per pupil was Rs. 6-7-10.

	Kanarese.	Telugu.	Hindustani.	Total.
1st Class	12	...	...	12
2nd "	46	2	5	53
3rd "	23	3	6	32
4th "	...	1	6	7
	81	6	17	104

596. The 534 Hobli schools had 11,983 pupils on the rolls on the last day of the year, or an average of 23 for each. The aggregate average daily attendance was 8,989 or 17 for each school; and although the number was very much larger at some schools, at others it was below 10, and in the case of some even lower.

597. Of the pupils attending these schools for elementary instruction five per cent were Muhammadans, and the rest, except a very small fraction, Hindus. The schools have been maintained entirely from Local Funds, and cost Rs. 45,031; which, taking the average daily attendance, gives a trifle above 5 Rs. as the charge per pupil. No fees are levied in Hobli schools. The Department has good reason to be proud of the success achieved by this class of schools, which promise to supply Mysore with a system of primary education second to none in India. It is evident, however, that they require more inspection than falls to their share at present, and unless the inspecting staff is strengthened (a subject

which is under consideration) any large increase in the present number of schools is a measure of doubtful advantage.

598. The nine schools for girls are all elementary and almost entirely in the Bangalore and Kolar Districts, there being but one of them at Hassan. They have 252 pupils between them, all Hindus except three who are Muhammadans. Two hundred and thirteen girls learn Kanarese and 39 Telugu. The schools are maintained from provincial funds at a cost of Rs. 3,221 or Rs. 14—2—7 per pupil. The fees collected have been small amounting only to Rs. 6. The Director of Public Instruction remarks that no marked progress was made in any of these schools; first, because the institutions themselves are exotic, and, secondly, because it is impossible to get female teachers; and that the most successful instruction must be looked for in Mission Schools, which are under the superintendence of European ladies. This must be admitted to be an unsatisfactory state of things. The training of female teachers is doubtless attended with difficulty, but the difficulty is not insuperable, and if Brahman female teachers cannot be obtained owing to the prejudices of the class, an attempt might be made to train some from the Modaliar or other Sudra castes, or even to induce qualified East Indian women to take charge of Hindu girls' schools. The subject is one that requires to be dealt with cautiously, and the willing co-operation and aid of the native community are essential to its successful treatment. An intelligent interest in the furtherance of this important object on the part of the Native Officers of Government is equally necessary, and will, it is hoped, be generally forthcoming.

599. The only Normal School in operation throughout the year was the Hindustani School at Bangalore, where the average attendance was 12. The school cost Rs. 1,938, or at the high rate of a little more than Rs. 161 per pupil, which was doubtless due to the limited number of pupils. The point seems however to need explanation. Two other Normal Schools for training Hobli school masters were opened at the close of the year.

600. The Engineering Classes at Bangalore and Tûmkûr had between them an average attendance of 15, their cost being 790 or Rs. 52½ per pupil per annum. Three students from the class at Bangalore passed the Surveyor's test.

601. Of private institutions under Government inspection and aid there were 74 for boys, 29 for girls, and one for special education.

Subjoined is a comparative abstract of the numbers of this class of schools for the past and previous years:—

	No. of Institutions.	Pupils.		Expenditure.			Fees realized, Rs.
		Monthly Average on Rolls.	Average daily attendance.	Government aid, Rs.	Other aid, Rs.	Total, Rs.	
1872—73	98	6,229	5,404	41,109	73,248	1,14,357	28,546
1873—74	104	6,617	5,710	43,142	68,801	1,11,943	22,102
Increase.....	6	388	306	2,033	...	...	...
Decrease.....	...	...	...	...	4,447	2,414	6,444

Thus, although there has been an increase in the number of schools and in the average daily attendance, as also in the grant-in-aid from Government, the fees realized have considerably fallen off, and the expenditure from other than Government sources is less by 6 per cent.

602. Fresh grants-in-aid to the extent of Rs. 3,585* were sanctioned during the year, against a reduction of previous grants of Rs. 70 per mensem. There was thus a net increase of 2,745 Rs. ; but as only Rs. 43,142 are shewn as the total amount of the Government aid in 1873—74, it would seem that only Rs. 2,033 was utilized in excess of the previous year's grant.

603. The following tabular statement gives the statistics of the several classes of aided schools during the year :—

Schools.	No.	Average Number of Pupils.	Cost of Maintenance.			Fees realized.		Average Cost of educating each Pupil.	
			Government Funds.	Other sources.	Total.	Total Amount.	Average per Pupil.	Total Charge.	Cost to Government.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Higher Classes	5	813	11,935	21,451	33,386	9,708	11 15	0 41 1 0	14 10 10
Middle do	8	521	5,040	11,303	16,343	2,488	4 12	5 31 5 11	9 10 9
Lower do	61	3,168	13,507	17,020	30,527	1,869	6 9	5 9 10 2	4 4 3
Female Schools	29	2,033	12,030	18,032	30,092	7,042	3 7	5 14 12 9	5 14 11

604. The higher and middle class institutions are reported to have made favorable progress, and they continue to do much useful work each in its sphere. Some of them, however, which are intended mainly for children of the European and Eurasian classes, are susceptible of improvement in the way of rendering the instruction imparted of a more useful and practical character.

605. The lower class schools are also reported to be generally in a fair condition.

606. The defects in the working of particular institutions specially remarked on by the Director of Public Instruction have been brought to the notice of the managers, and the Chief Commissioner trusts that they have received due attention.

607. The increase reported in the number of unaided private schools is gratifying. Of the 1,536 schools of this class reported to be in existence, 1,439 are stated to be for Hindus and 47 for Muhammadans. Their income has been Rs. 54,344, the greater portion, *viz.* Rs. 50,995, being derived in the shape of fees. The attendance at these schools amounts to 18,914 pupils, and each on an average educates 12 pupils and derives an income of Rs. 33—6—5 a year, or about 3½ annas per pupil per mensem.

608. The number of new books added to the Central Book Depôt during the year was 23,224, valued at Rs. 13,344. The value of stock, inclusive of that remaining from the previous year, was Rs. 60,784. 21,359 books, worth 7,348 Rupees, were supplied to Branch Depôts; and the total receipts from the sale of books amounted to Rs. 18,043, which is much the same as in 1872—73.

609. Two school houses of the second class standard design were in progress during the year, and one of them was almost completed. Rs. 4,007 were spent in repairs. Building grants were made to the Wesleyan Mission of Rs. 1,000 towards the erection of the Market Boys School at Mysore; and Rs. 350 towards that of the Pete Boys' School at Tûmkûr.

610. As regards the means provided for the education of Europeans and Eurasians—a subject which is now attracting much atten-

tion from the public—it appears that the number of boys and girls of these classes in Mysore aggregate about 1,646 and 1,723 respectively. Of these numbers 421 boys and 308 girls belong to the European Military, and their education is provided for in the Regimental schools. There are thus 1,225 boys and 1,415 girls with whose instruction the Educational Department has to deal, and of these 1,029 boys and 1,233 girls reside in Bangalore. Allowing for children under six years of age, it is calculated that there are 2,100 European and Eurasian children of both sexes of school-going age, and of these it is estimated that 1,400 attend school. Considering that a fair proportion of the total number are believed to be educated at home, the residue of about 700 children, whose instruction is thus not accounted for, does not, in the Chief Commissioner's opinion, afford room for any startling conclusions as to the neglected condition of the European and Eurasian community at Bangalore. Sir Richard Meade believes that few Eurasian adults are unable to read and write, and it is clear that any illiteracy which may exist among the class here is not due to supineness on the part of Government, inasmuch as there are in Bangalore alone 11 aided schools specially designed for the education of Europeans and Eurasians, of which four are schools of the higher class. Mr. Rice's remarks in his report on the impolicy of attaching too much weight to race distinctions in schools are sensible and practical, and the Chief Commissioner has no doubt of the desirability of a thoroughly impartial fusion of Europeans, Eurasians and natives in all the schools attended by the three classes. The higher class schools in Bangalore, where Europeans, Eurasians and natives engage in the same athletic sports in friendly rivalry, shew that such a course is attended with little, if any, difficulty, and with good general results.

611. The Chief Commissioner believes that some movement in the direction of instructing and training Europeans and Eurasians in practical arts and industries might with advantage be made by Government. An association with the object of promoting this measure, among others designed for the improvement of the class in question, has recently been formed in Bangalore.

612. The acknowledgments of the Government are due to Mr. Rice, Director of Public Instruction, and to the other Officers engaged in the

education of the youth of the Province, for their zealous services in this one of the most important of the Public Departments. The Director has mentioned in his report the aid received by his Department from the Officers of the General Administration. From their position and from the intimacy which they acquire with the people by being so constantly in contact with them, these Officers ought to possess an amount of useful influence which, if duly exercised, should be of the utmost advantage to the Educational Department, and aid its operations and progress in a most important manner.

LITERATURE.

613. *Annual Review*.—Among the works registered in this Province during the year may be noticed a small Agricultural Class Book, compiled for use in village schools, by Colonel E. Boddam, published in diglot ; and an edition of the celebrated Sanskrit Thesaurus, the Amara Kosha, with meanings in English and Kanarese. A Kanarese version of the Manual of the More Deadly Forms of Cattle Disease, by Veterinary Surgeon Hallett, appears under the head of Medicine. The remaining publications were principally re-issues of old works, and fall under the heads Fiction, Poetry and Religion. Of law books, a Police Manual for use in the Mysore Province was published in Kanarese, as also Acts XIII and XVIII of 1855 and X of 1872.

614. *Manuscripts of ancient works*.—The following additional manuscripts of old works in Kanarese were brought to light by the Director of Public Instruction during the year.

Lalāvati—A poetical romance.

Kāvyaśāloka—A valuable work on rhetoric, by Nāga Varma, the oldest known Kanarese Grammarian.

Rājāvalī Kathe—Historical annals of the Jain sect from the earliest times.

Rāma Kathāvatāra—The history of Rāma as handed down by Jain tradition, with much collateral information of value.

Bhadra Bāhu Charita—The history of Bhadra Bāhu, a distinguished Jain leader, the founder of the Shravanbelgola settlement.

Giriavva Gita—The songs of Giriavva, a local poetess of the shepherd caste.

Nambaiyana Ragale—A Lingayat work containing 36 rhapsodies by Hampe Haripam.

THE PRESS.

615. The only notice required under this head additional to the remarks contained in last year's report is the issue, or revival, of two newspapers in Kanarese, the *Vrittānta Bodhini* and the *Karnātaka Prakāśika*, the former under European and the latter under native management. Both these papers, it is understood, formerly enjoyed the patronage of the late Maharaja, but since his demise they have not been published until the present year. Each contains a leading article and some correspondence in English. The *Vrittānta Bodhini* receives a certain amount of aid from Government, and the copies subscribed for are circulated in the Revenue and other Departments.

IX. MISCELLANEOUS.

ECCLESIASTICAL

616. There has been no change in the ecclesiastical arrangements of the Churches of England and Scotland since last report.

617. The following particulars have been furnished with reference to the progress and results of the operations of the Roman Catholic Mission in Mysore during the year 1873—74.

618. *The Convent*.—This establishment is entirely under the control and management of the ladies of the “Good Shepherd.” The inmates number 261 against 233 of the previous year. Of these there are 137 European, East Indian and Native Orphans, who are dependent for support and education on the Lady Superioress and the public. There are besides 73 Magdalenes. The day scholars and boarders have also increased in number which is a convincing proof of the utility and popularity of the system and course of instruction adopted in this institution.

619. Attached to the convent is the Industrial school, which is also under the supervision of the Nuns. This institution gives employment to widows and orphans without reference to creed or caste; and many avail themselves of the means thus afforded them of earning an honest livelihood.

620. *St. Joseph's Seminary*.—The number of pupils in this institution has increased to 131 against 100 during the preceding year. An additional Clergyman has been appointed to assist in the duties of the seminary. In the native seminary there are 40 pupils studying Kanarese or Latin. Three of the most promising have already received the “Minor Orders” of priesthood.

621. *The Sethalli Hospital and Dispensary*.—This useful institution has not lost any of its popularity as evidenced by the large numbers of in-door and out-door patients who resort to it for medical treatment. The Revd. gentleman in charge has trained some Kanarese nuns as nurses and Hospital Assistants: Their devotedness, patience

and charity towards the sick and afflicted are, it is said, almost on a par with that of the well known Sisters of Mercy in Europe.

622. *Printing Office*.—This Office which was closed some time ago has again been re-opened, and under the talented clergyman now in charge will, it is stated, publish some useful works.

623. *New Chapels*.—The new chapel which is being built at Shimoga is fast approaching completion and is said to be one of the best buildings in that locality. Another small chapel at Kudlur in the Hassan Taluk will be soon opened for public worship.

624. *Wesleyan Mission*.—The number of Missionaries employed is 11 Europeans and 2 Natives and the number of Catechists is 13. Two missionaries have died during the year, and three others are on sick-leave in England. There are 375 accredited church-members in the Mysore District. In the number of scholars there has been a large increase : there are now 42 schools and 3,270 scholars, of whom 2,242 are boys and 1,028 are girls.

625. *London Mission*.—In connection with this mission there are 4 European Missionaries and 1 European Lady Superintendent of Female Schools, also 2 Native Ministers, and 8 Evangelists and Catechists. There are two Native Christian congregations, one Kanarese and the other Tamil, both containing 426 baptized persons.

626. The number of schools under this mission during the year is 10, viz., 5 for boys and 5 for girls ; the total number of pupils on the rolls being 882, i. e. 468 boys and 414 girls—29 of the latter are boarders.

627. The mission has two out-stations at Malur and Anekal, with a vernacular school in each.

APPENDICES,
STATISTICAL TABLES.

APPENDICES.

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I. STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL, AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY OF THE TERRITORIES UNDER THE CIVIL AND POLITICAL CONTROL OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE.

I. A.—2. Character of the Surface.

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Mountains and Elevated Tracts.	The Mysore country above the ghats is often called the "Table Land," a denomination very little descriptive of its appearance, as it is by no means plain or flat, but in some parts mountainous, and everywhere undulating. The Eastern Ghats form the frontier by which it is separated from the Carnatic. They constitute the exterior of the east ranges of hills, which run along the whole length of the Peninsula from Cape Comorin, stretching up to the Continent of Asia. In many parts the ascent over them into Mysore is very high and difficult, while in others it is more sloping and protracted. The country rises gradually from these ghats towards Bangalore, which is situated in the most elevated portion of the Mysore plateau, and is 3,031 feet above the sea level.		The soils, in the order of their prevailing kinds, are as follow:— 1. Red soil mixed with loam and vegetable mould. 2. Inferior red sandy soil. 3. Black cotton, free from stones. 4. Stony and gravelly soil. 5. Rich garden soil. 6. White stiff loam. 7. Black cotton, but light and stony. 8. Soil impregnated with salt.
Plains.	The descent from Bangalore on all sides is perceptible though not rapid. On the north-west, after passing the Chitaldroog range of hills, there is a gradual fall through the broad valley which leads to the river Tungabhadra, near which is the station of Harihar, probably the lowest point in Mysore, its altitude above the sea being only 1,800 feet. To the south-west and west by Seringapatam and Hassan, there is perhaps a more marked descent, until it is abruptly terminated by the western range of ghats comprising in this direction the Nilgiri and Coorg hills, and further north, the Marjanahat and Nagar ranges.		The great rock, which may be said to constitute the basis of the whole country, is a kind of sienite, composed for the most part of four different ingredients, viz., quartz, felspar, hornblende and mica. The quartz has usually a dull greyish white color, and veins of it from 4 to 10 inches thick, often traverse the rock in different directions. The felspar varies in color, from a silver white to a deep brick red, and is the most copious constituent of the rock. The hornblende is black, very abundant, and very much given to decomposition. The mica is easily distinguished from the hornblende, even when the stone is nearly in a state of disintegration. The hornblende in that state has assumed a brown ochre color, and has lost all lustre and cohesion, while the mica retains both its color, lustre and cohesion to the last, and becomes only more apparent by the progress of disintegration. This is particularly exemplified in the Mysore country, where the undulating high ground consists of sienite, decomposed into pipe clay, intermixed with micaceous shining particles and grains of quartz. From the structure of the country, which is entirely primitive, no coals could be expected.
Forests.	A marked feature of the country is the number of isolated hills called Dungs, on the most inaccessible of which the former Pallegans or petty chiefs built forts, afterwards in many instances strengthened and improved by Hyder and Tipu, and still in good preservation, but now without guns. The principal forests are found clothing the sides of the Western Mountains. They abound in teak, blackwood and other valuable kinds of timber. There are no forests in the Eastern Ghats, Sandalwood grows in the country bordering the hills.		Chlorite slate is found near Sira, and drawing slate in the neighbourhood of Chitaldroog. Other minerals are the following:— Clay Iron Stone. Schist in Quartz. Mica Slate.

I. A.—2. (Continued.)

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Rivers.	The Tunga and Bhadrâ rise in the north-west of Mysore, and uniting form the Tungabhadra, which flows northwards and eastwards till it joins the Krishna below Kurnool. The banks of the Tungabhadra are too high for irrigation purposes. The Cauvery rises in Coorg and passes through and out of Mysore in a south-easterly direction, after receiving the Hemavati, the Lokapavani, the Shamsha, and the Aravati from the north, and the Lakshmantirtha and the Kapini from the south. The Cauvery and its tributaries supply numerous irrigation channels and tanks. The Pennâr, the Pâr and Penar rise in the eastern part of Mysore, in their short course through which their waters are detained and converted into chains of tanks. They become large rivers before they reach the sea.		Magnetic Iron Stone. Pot Stone. Actinolite. Ligniform Asbestos. Brown Spar. Common Salt. Carbonates of Soda. Gold is occasionally found near Belmangala by washing the alluvial soil; but in too small quantities to pay labour. The chief products are:— Paddy. Ragi.—The principal food of the people. Balan.—A kind of small bean. Gram. Wheat. Millet. Oil Seeds. Sugar-cane. Cotton. Hemp. Tobacco. Mulberry. Coffee. Coconuts. Betel nuts. Potatoes for export.
Lakes.	None of these rivers are suitable for navigation. There are no natural lakes in Mysore; but there are nearly 20,000 artificial reservoirs, some of which are of considerable magnitude.		
Marshes.	None of any consequence.		

I. A.—3. Climate for 1873—74 in the Province of Mysore.

District.	Rain-fall in inches.			Average temperature in the shade.										Prevailing winds.		Remarks.	
	January to May.	June to September.	October to Dec.	May.			July.				December.			January to May.	June to Sep.		October to Dec.
				Sun rise.	2 P. M.	Sun set.	Sun rise.	2 P. M.	Sun set.	Sun rise.	2 P. M.	Sun set.					
Bangalore...	1.91	15.94	11.31	29.16	10 A. M. 83.2	4 P. M. 88.9	...	10 A. M. 75.5	4 P. M. 80.1	...	10 A. M. 71.6	4 P. M. 76.4	...	S. E. by S.	W. by S.	S. E. by E.	
Kolar...	3	12.59	9.53	25.12	9.30 A. M. 86.5	3.30 P. M. 84.7	...	9.30 A. M. 70.77	3.30 P. M. 77.19	...	9.30 A. M. 72.6	3.30 P. M. 75.1	...	...	...	...	
Tumkur ...	3.79	10.25	6.74	20.78	Maximum. 91.30	84.7	...	Maximum. 84	...	...	Maximum. 84.98	...	...	N. E.	S. W.	N. E.	
Mysore ...	4.36	7.53	9.53	21.42	9.30 A. M. 78.3	3.30 P. M. 83.1	...	9.30 A. M. 72.4	3.30 P. M. 72.1	...	9.30 A. M. 72.1	3.30 P. M. 81.4	...	E. S. W.	S. W.	N. E. E.	
Hassan ...	11.85	14.1	17.21	43.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	E. N. E. W.	S. S. W.	W. N. E. E.	
Shimoga ...	1.87	18.74	8.49	29.11	9.30 A. M. 79.9	3.30 P. M. 84.8	...	9.30 A. M. 75.2	3.30 P. M. 70.11	...	9.30 A. M. 72.10	3.30 P. M. 81.4	...	E.	S. W.	S. E.	
Kadur ...	6.69	9.41	14.42	30.53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	N. E. E.	S. W.	S. W.	
Chitaldroog	8.30	13.30	10.37	31.97	83.3	89.7	...	74.2	97.6	...	74.3	76.8	...	N. E. & S. W.	S. W.	N. E.	
Total..	41.77	101.78	87.62	231.18													

* No observation was taken.

I. D.—POPULATION.

Districts.	Inhabited houses.			Population.				Classification of population.						Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration or immigration during the year.	
	No. of Masonry Dwellings.	Do. of all other kinds.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children under 12 years.		Total.	No. per square mile.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Agriculturists.			Non-Agriculturists.
						Male.	Female.											
Bangalore	2,223	1,74,398	1,76,621	2,71,794	2,71,938	1,42,749	1,41,873	8,28,354	284	17,613	7,56,693	53,485	1	562	1,45,825	7,82,529	Kanarese, Telugu and Hindustani.	
Kolar	98	1,65,794	1,65,892	2,06,232	2,05,355	1,03,453	1,03,918	6,18,954	240	613	5,92,632	25,038	0	651	1,32,872	4,86,082		
Tumkūr	11	1,23,390	1,23,401	1,99,808	2,03,716	1,15,632	1,13,083	6,32,239	178	709	6,09,520	20,535	0	1,475	1,31,769	5,00,470		
Mysore	298	1,74,653	1,74,651	2,87,175	3,08,437	1,80,387	1,67,188	9,43,187	232	2,249	8,98,897	39,790	37	2,214	1,71,047	7,72,140		
Hassan	95	1,47,148	1,47,243	1,99,202	2,15,104	1,29,122	1,24,989	6,68,417	203	2,670	6,49,333	14,460	0	1,951	1,41,793	5,26,824		
Shimoga	24	1,01,935	1,01,959	1,70,267	1,55,485	88,179	85,045	4,98,976	131	984	4,68,351	25,598	1	4,042	1,28,617	2,70,359		
Kadur	0	75,856	75,856	1,09,653	1,03,660	60,684	59,928	3,33,925	145	588	3,20,028	12,017	0	1,312	68,234	2,65,691		
Chitaldroog	4	1,18,554	1,18,558	1,68,857	1,59,507	1,02,730	1,00,266	5,31,360	118	270	5,12,193	18,068	4	825	1,14,406	4,16,954		
Total.....	2,753	10,81,728	10,84,481	16,12,988	16,23,198	9,22,956	8,96,290	50,55,412	187	25,676	48,07,667	2,08,991	43	13,035	10,34,563	40,20,849		

I. E. FISCAL.
I. E. 2.—Surveyed and Assessed Area in Acres.

Districts.	CULTIVATED.			Total.	UNCULTIVATED.			Total Area assessed.	Rs. As. P. Rs. As. P. Rs. As. P.	Gross Amount.	ASSESSMENT.			REMARKS.
	By Government Work.	Irrigated.	By private Individuals.								Rate per Acre on cultivation.	Rate per Acre on culturable land.	Rate per Acre on Total Area of Settlement.	
Chitaldroog	1,29,745-22-0 A. G.	66,525-4-0 A.	14,80,955-14-0 A.	16,77,226-0-0 A.	5,17,199-38-0 A.	11,73,344-10-0 A.	12,02,671-7-0 A.	28,50,570-10-0 A.	Rs. As. P. 16,74,739-11-0 0	16,74,740-4-0	1-9-3	0-8-4	0-15-6	
Shimoga ...	85,947-33 A. G.	4,629-8 A.	1,77,404-25 A.	2,27,470-10 A.	1,29,319-14 A.	7,79,666-34 A.	8,11,391-33 A.	4,64,944-22 A.	Rs. As. P. 4,49,175-11-1 8,63,740-4-0		1-14-6	1-1-9	0-5-8	
Tumkur ..	13,579-24 A. G.	15,471-8 A.	2,00,419-18 A.	2,27,470-10 A.	27,862-26 A.	1,78,101-37 A.	2,14,750-38 A.	4,60,572-7 A.	Rs. As. P. 2,61,823-11-11 0		1-2-0	0-6-5	0-9-0	
Bangalore	1973-16 A. G.	1,502-13 A.	8 21,685-8 A.	2,27,470-10 A.	2,161-37 A.	23,612-23 A.	7,679-13 A.	48,773-29 A.	Rs. As. P. 0		1-9-3	0-8-4	0-15-6	
Total.....														

II. STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A. LEGISLATIVE.

II. A.—4. *Statement of the Acts of the Governor General in Council extended to the Province of Mysore during the year 1873—74.*

No. of Act.	Title or Purport of Act.	No. and Date of Notification or Orders of the Government of India extending Act to Mysore.	Remarks.
XXIII of 1871 ...	"The Pensions Act." ...	170, Judicial, dated 22nd August 1873.	With the following modifications—Section 2 with the Schedule mentioned therein, also clause 2 of Section 7 to be omitted. The words "Chief Commissioner" to be substituted wherever the words "Local Government," "Chief Revenue Authority" and "Chief Controlling Authority" occur.
V of 1873 ...	"The Government Savings' Bank Act of 1873."	Notification 118, Judicial, dated 23rd June 1873.	In Section V the words "Subject to the General Control of the Local Government" and in Section 14 the words "With the consent of the Local Government" to be omitted.

II. B.

II. B.—1. Statement shewing the Various Judicial Tribunals, Original and

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.			
								Europeans.			
								Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Native.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Peshkars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.				Included under the head of Amildars.			A competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.				
Ashtagram paid ...	...	...	...	...	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class.	...	...	...	...	7
Nundydroog do ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	10
Nagar do ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5
Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22
Sheristadars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.											
Ashtagram paid ...	...	...	...	do	1	do	do	...	...	...	10
Nundydroog do ...	...	...	...	do	1	do	do	...	...	...	6
Nagar do ...	...	...	...	do	1	do	do	...	...	...	11
Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
Amildars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Civil and Revenue powers.											
Ashtagram paid ...	23	316	70,069	23	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd class with the exception of the Bangalore and Ashtagram Amildars who exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd class. In the Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions dispose of Original Civil suits up to Rs. 50 in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 20.	do	...	...	...	23
Nundydroog do ...	27	304	77,020	27	1	...	do	...	...	...	27
Nagar do ...	26	456	52,471	26	1	...	do	...	...	...	26
Total.....	76	360	66,518	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	76
Munsiffs—Exercising Civil powers only.											
Nundydroog paid ...	8	1,026	259,943	8	1	Dispose of Original Civil suits up to Rs. 300 in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 20.	do	...	...	...	8
Sar-Amin—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.											
Nundydroog paid ...	1	...	...	1	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of 2nd class.	do	...	...	1	...

Appellate, existing in the Province of Mysore, on the last day of the year 1873.

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.			Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of cases decided during the year.					
European.	Native.	Original.						Appeal.					
		Criminal.						Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
.....	657 8 0	Included under the head of Amildars.	.....	All the duties entrusted to them by the Amildars, and in their absence all the duties connected with office.	.....	.....	626	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	546 0 0		.....		.....	.....	969	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	493 5 4		.....		.....	.....	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	569 7 6		.....		.....	.....	1,651	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	420 0 0	do	.....	The legitimate duties of their offices as the Chief Ministerial Officers of the Taluk Courts.	.....	.....	479	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	230 0 0	do	.....		.....	.....	180	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	366 12 6	do	.....		.....	.....	145	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	356 1 4		.....		.....	.....	804	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	1,148 4 11	40,881 2 9	7,184 10 4	General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipalities, &c., within their respective Taluks, also of Police, in many taluks.	.....	.....	1,674	2,190	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	1,076 8 0	46,665 8 1	12,403 15 10		.....	.....	4,112	3,882	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	1,038 2 11	39,228 12 11	7,650 8 4		.....	.....	1,813	2,560	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	1,136 7 6	1,26,775 7 9	27,239 2 6		.....	.....	7,599	8,632	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	593 12 0	8,262 5 10	8,230 7 2		.....	.....	.....	1,041	.....	.....	.....	.....	
2,400 0 0	.....	4,786 11 6	266 0 0	All the duties entrusted to him by the Town Magistrate. Sub-Registrar for Cantonment of Bangalore, and Executive Officer of the Municipal Board.	.....	.....	667	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

II. B.

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.		Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.							
	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.							Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Europeans.		Native.
														Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.		Uncovenanted.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12					
Town and Cantonment Magistrates—Exercising full powers of Magistrates in Criminal cases only.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 1st class. Town and Cantonment Magistrate hears and fair appeals from the decisions of Sar-Amin of the Bangalore Cantonment and the Magistrate of Bangalore Pete in Criminal case.	A competent knowledge of law of Bangalore and fair experience of duties in general.									
Ashtagram paid ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	1	...	...					
Nundydroog do ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	1	...	...					
Nagar do ...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...					
Total.....	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...					
Judicial Assistants—Exercising Civil powers only.						Dispose of Original Civil suits from 50 to 3000, Rs. in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 100.										
Ashtagram paid ...	3	2,427	537,201	3	1			do	...	1	2					
Nundydroog do ...	3	2,737	693,182	3	1			do	...	...	3					
Nagar do ...	3	3,950	454,753	3	1			do	...	...	3					
Total.....	9	3,033	680,926	9	...	...	...	...	...	1	8					
Small Cause Court confined to proper functions ...						The Court is constituted under Act XI of 1865 consists of 1 Judge and 1 Registrar. There is no Jury nor are there any Assessors but occasionally cases are referred to arbitration.										
Nundydroog paid ...	1	14	120,000	1	1	Small cause jurisdiction up to Rs. 1,000. The Registrar up to 20 Rs.	do	...	1	...	...					
Jahagirar of Yelandur—Exercising powers of a Magistrate, in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 1st class.	The present Jahagirar is a Graduate at Law of the Madras University.									
Ashtagram unpaid ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	...	1					
Assistant Commissioners—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 1st and 2nd classes.	A competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.									
Ashtagram ...	1	1,820	...	1	1			...	...	...	1					
Nundydroog ...	4	2,053	...	4	1			...	...	...	4					
Nagar ...	3	2,370	...	3	1			...	...	...	2					
Total.....	8	3,418	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	7					

-1. (Continued).

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.			Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.					
European.	Native.	Original.						Appeal.					
		Criminal.						Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
8,400 0 0 11,741 0 0 .....	..... ..... .....	12,527 2 11 16,220 0 7	157 11 0 151 13 0	The Town Magistrate superintends the Mysore Town Police, and is the President of the Municipal Board.	... .. ... .. ... ..	... .. ... .. ... ..	301 545 ...	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	
10,070 8 0	.....	28,747 3 6	309 8 0	...	... ..	... ..	846	.....	.....	...	.....	...	
6,000 0 0	4,200 0 0 6,000 0 0 4,753 3 0	27,974 11 10 29,242 1 1 26,327 4 6	39,891 10 5 32,174 10 2 39,025 14 3	None. do do	... .. ... .. ... ..	... .. ... .. ... ..	... .. ... .. ... ..	2,149 1,560 1,777	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... 32 .....	..... ..... .....	
6,000 0 0	5,082 7 1	83,544 1 5	1,11,092 2 10	...	... ..	... ..	...	5,486	...	...	32	...	
11,749 7 5	.....	23,369 2 10	29,638 10 0	The Judge occasionally officiates as Justice of the Peace.	282	...	...	5,954	...	...	...	...	
.....	.....	1,441 7 11	57 2 0	The present Jahagirdar is an Assistant Commissioner in the Mysore Commission.	... ..	... ..	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	3,600 0 0 2,286 8 0 2,475 0 0	2,328 3 10 19,519 4 8 15,215 15 7	42 4 0 239 6 0 70 12 0	Generally assisting the Deputy Commissioner in all branches of duties excepting Civil.	... .. ... .. ... ..	... .. ... .. ... ..	85 218 329	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	
.....	2,576 9 1	37,063 8 1	352 6 0	...	... ..	... ..	632	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

II. B.

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.		Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.				
	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Europeans.										
		Covenanted.						Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Native.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Assistant Commissioners—Exercising full powers of Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.						Exercise full powers of a Magistrate; dispose of appeals from the decisions of Peshkars, Sheristadars and Amildars in Criminal cases.	A competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.					
Ashtagram ...	2	1,829	...	2	1						2	
Nundydroog ...	3	2,737	...	3	1					1	2	
Nagar ...	2	2,370	...	2	1				2			
Total.....	7	3,038	...	7	...	...	...		2	1	4	
Deputy Commissioners—Exercising powers of Magistrate of District in Criminal cases, also Civil and Revenue powers and enhanced powers in Criminal cases under Section 36 of Act X of 1872						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the District. Most of them have enhanced powers under Section 36 of Act X of 1872. Dispose of original Civil suits from 3,000 to 10,000 Rs. in value. Hear appeals from the decisions of Amildars and Munsiffs in Civil cases and from the decisions of the Magistrates of the 1st and 2nd classes in Criminal cases.						
Ashtagram ...	2	3,641	805,802	2	1		do		2			
Nundydroog ...	3	2,737	693,182	3	1		do		2		1	
Nagar ...	3	3,950	454,753	3	1		do		2		1	
Total.....	8	3,418	631,926	8	...	...	...		6		2	
Commissioners—Exercising powers of a Civil and Sessions Judge and also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Session Judge. Dispose of Original Civil suits from 10,000 Rs. and upwards in value. Hear appeals from the decisions of the Judicial Assistants in Civil cases, and from the decisions of full power Magistrates.						
Ashtagram ...	1	7,282	16,11,604	1	1		do		1			
Nundydroog ...	1	8,212	20,79,547	1	1		do		1			
Nagar ...	1	11,852	13,64,261	1	1		do		1			
Total.....	3	9,113	16,85,137	3	...	...	...		3			

-1. (Continued).

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.			Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.					
European.	Native.	Original.						Appeal.					
		Criminal.						Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3,956 0 0	4,800 0 0	21,046 0 6	161 13 0	Generally assisting the Deputy Commissioner	...	...	385	...	...	33	...	...	
3,300 0 0	2,825 0 0	14,639 7 10	...	duties excepting Civil.	...	...	320	...	...	51	...	...	
...	...	15,654 13 9	70 12 0	...	...	...	90	...	...	17	...	...	
3,518 10 8	3,812 8 0	51,340 6 1	232 9 0	...	...	...	795	...	...	101	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8,287 1 5	...	24,068 7 10	5,092 0 0	General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipal, Public Works Department, &c.,	...	...	114	22	...	65	66	...	
4,741 0 0	7,000 0 0	32,105 2 3	4,469 6 0	within their res-	...	...	136	25	...	98	161	...	
6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	32,164 10 11	2,431 0 0	pective Districts, also of Police.	...	...	150	8	...	74	41	...	
6,342 11 1	6,500 0 0	88,338 5 0	11,992 6 0	...	...	...	400	55	...	237	268	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14,635 15 11	...	22,973 2 3	9,742 11 0	do	...	...	26	5	...	45	183	...	
15,000 0 0	...	24,156 0 0	4,026 6 0	do	...	...	84	...	...	28	126	...	
11,670 5 10	...	20,594 7 6	2,700 7 0	do	...	...	73	2	...	40	54	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31,768 12 7	...	67,723 9 9	16,469 8 0	...	...	...	183	7	...	113	363	...	

II. B.

Class of Tribunals distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunal stating number of Judges in each and Jury or Assessors if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.			
								Europeans.			
								Covenanted.	Commissioned Military.	Uncovenanted.	Native.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Judicial Commissioner	1	27,346	50,55,412	1	1	Exercises powers as a Court of revision and reference. Hears appeals from the decisions of Session Judges in Criminal cases, and appeals and special appeals from the decisions of the Deputy Superintendents and Superintendents in Civil cases. Exercises original jurisdiction in granting probates and letters of administration.	A competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.	1	...	...	...
Total.....	125	27,346	50,55,412	125	...	...	...	1	...	14	3

ABSTRACT.

COURTS.

Peshkars and Sheristars	...
Amiklars	...
Sar-Amins	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates	...
Judicial Assistant Superintendents	...
Small Cause Court, Bangalore	...
Assistant Superintendents	...
Do do invested with full powers	...
Deputy Superintendents	...
Superintendents	...
Judicial Commissioner	...
Total.....	...

—1. (Continued).

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.				Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.					
European.	Native.	Original.							Appeal.					
		Criminal.	Civil.						Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.		
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		
38,000 0 0		78,778 13 1	4,638 11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	138	129	...		
9,344 15 1	1,289 0 1	6,00,171 2 9	2,10,538 8 6	...	...	...	13,584	21,175	...	589	792	...		

ORIGINAL.		APPEAL.	
Criminal.	Civil.	Criminal.	Civil.
...	...	...	...
76	49	...	...
1	...	...	...
2	...	1	...
...	9	...	3
...	1	...	...
8	...	...	...
7	...	7	...
8	8	8	8
3	3	3	3
...	...	1	1
105	70	20	15

II. B. --2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Concealing design to commit offence ... 118 to 120	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Omitting to give information of offence or giving false information ... 176-177-181 182-202-203	Ashtagram ...	18	31	9	22	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	18	24	2	22	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	17	19	5	14	...	...	...	...
	Total...	53	74	16	58	...	...	...	...
Causing disappearance of evidence ... 201 to 204	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	4	14	6	4	...	...	4	...
	Total...	6	16	6	6	...	...	4	...
Resisting, obstructing, or omitting to assist public servant... 183 to 187 189, 190	Ashtagram ...	6	10	10	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	6	8	2	6	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	8	13	1	12	...	...	...	...
	Total...	20	31	13	18	...	...	...	...
Disobedience of lawful order causing injury ... 188	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	8	21	...	21	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	1	4	...	4	...	...	...	...
	Total...	10	26	1	25	...	...	...	...
Intentional insult or interruption in judicial proceeding ... 228	Ashtagram ...	7	7	...	7	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	11	11	1	10	...	...	...	...
Harboring an offender ... 212—216	Ashtagram ...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	2	3	1	2	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	3	6	1	5	...	...	...	...
Taking gift to screen offender ... 213 to 215	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	4	11	7	4	...	...	...	...
	Total...	5	12	7	5	...	...	...	...
Resistance to lawful apprehension and rescue ... 224 to 225	Ashtagram ...	7	11	4	7	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	6	6	...	6	...	...	...	...
	Total...	13	17	4	13	...	...	...	...
Escape from lawful custody or transportation ... 224 to 226	Ashtagram ...	3	4	...	4	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	2	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
	Total...	8	10	...	10	...	...	...	...

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Di'd, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Absconding from, avoiding or disobeying summons, or notice, or order to attend, or produce, or refusing to answer or sign ... 172—175 & 178 to 180	Ashtagram ...	54	104	9	95	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	46	80	13	67	...	...	
	Nagar ...	27	51	8	43	...	...	
	Total...	127	235	30	205	...	...	
Failure to attend as juror or assessor ... C. P. 414	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
<i>By Public Servants.</i>								
Taking valuable thing by or to influence public servant .. 161—165	Ashtagram ...	15	25	16	9	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	5	6	4	2	...	...	
	Nagar ...	17	21	8	13	...	...	
	Total...	37	52	28	24	...	...	
Public servant acting illegally to injure any person ... 166—167	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	3	9	9	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	2	5	1	2	...	...	
	Total...	5	12	10	2	...	...	
Public servant unlawfully trading ... 168—169	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Public servant fraudulently defeating punishment or forfeiture ... 217—218	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	3	2	...	...	1	
	Total...	1	3	2	...	...	1	
Public servant wilfully making order, or decision contrary to law ... 219—220	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Public servant intentionally omitting to apprehend, or permitting to escape ... 221—222	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
Public servant negligently suffering escape ... 129—223	Ashtagram ...	7	13	4	9	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	3	12	...	12	...	...	
	Nagar ...	4	8	3	4	1	...	
	Total...	14	33	7	25	1	...	
Breach of Police Act by Police Officers ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
<i>False Evidence, False Complaints or Claims and Forgery.</i>									
Giving false evidence ...193 to 196	Ashtagram ...		18	33	11	19	...	3	
	Nundydroog...		13	28	15	13	...	...	
	Nagar ...		11	14	13	1	...	...	
	Total...		42	75	39	32	...	3	
Fabricating false evidence ...193 to 196	Ashtagram ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		3	3	2	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...		1	3	2	1	...	...	
	Total...		4	6	4	2	...	...	
Making, issuing, or using false statement or certificate ...197 to 200	Ashtagram ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
False personation in judicial proceeding 205 to 229	Ashtagram ...		3	12	3	9	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		1	2	...	2	...	...	
	Total...		4	14	3	11	...	...	
Fraudulent claim to, or concealment of, property or suffer ing of decree 421 to 424	Ashtagram ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
False claim in Court of Justice... 202—210	Ashtagram ...		1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		1	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total..		2	1	1	...	...	...	
„ Charge of offence ... 211	Ashtagram ...		43	45	11	34	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		24	35	4	31	...	...	
	Nagar ...		12	14	5	8	...	1	
	Total..		79	94	20	73	...	1	
Frivolous or vexatious complaints 209 C. P.	Ashtagram ...		126	287	287	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		545	1,423	1,423	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		26	82	82	...	...	...	
	Total..		697	1,792	1,792	...	...	...	
Forgery or fraudulently using or possessing forged document, 465—466 467—468 469—471 473—477	Ashtagram ...		7	22	18	4	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		12	21	16	5	...	...	
	Nagar ...		7	14	13	1	...	...	
	Total..		26	57	47	10	...	...	
Making or using false trade marks 482 to 489	Ashtagram ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total..		1	1	...	1	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
<i>Public Nuisances.</i>										
Public nuisances under Penal Code ... 269 to 294	Ashtagram ...	11	57	41	16	...	...			
	Nundydroog...	87	201	30	171	...	...			
	Nagar ...	25	50	10	40	...	...			
	Total...	123	308	81	227	...	...			
Nuisances under Police or Municipal and Local Acts ..	Ashtagram ...	3	32	4	28	...	...			
	Nundydroog...	703	924	12	912	...	...			
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Total...	706	956	16	940	...	...			
<i>Relating to the Public Peace.</i>										
Rioting or unlawful assembly...143 to 153 157—158	Ashtagram ...	13	214	49	165	...	...			
	Nundydroog...	22	175	74	101	...	...			
	Nagar ...	11	79	22	57	...	...			
	Total...	51	468	145	323	...	...			
Omitting to inform of, or prevent riot 154 to 156	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Affray 160	Ashtagram ...	58	254	28	226	...	...			
	Nundydroog...	67	289	87	202	...	...			
	Nagar ...	43	148	17	131	...	...			
	Total...	168	691	132	559	...	...			
Offences relating to religion ...295 to 298	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...			
	Nundydroog...	3	13	3	10	...	...			
	Nagar ...	1	2	2	...	...	...			
	Total...	5	16	5	11	...	...			
Grand Total.....	Ashtagram ...	419	1,186	514	669	...	3			
	Nundydroog...	1,597	3,309	1,709	1,600	...	...			
	Nagar ...	249	586	220	359	1	6			
	Total...	2,265	5,081	2,443	2,628	1	9			

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
CLASS II.										
<i>Offences against the person.</i>										
Murder, 302—303.	By thugs ...	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	By dacoits ...	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	By robbers ...	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	By poison...	For sake of robbery...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		From other motives...	Ashtagram ...	1	2	2	...	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	2	11	5	3	...	...	3
			Nagar ...	5	14	5	1	...	...	8
			Total...	8	27	12	4	...	...	11
	Other murders	From motives connected with women ...	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
			Nundydroog...	2	19	16	3	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	5	2	1	...	1	...	...
			Total...	8	22	17	3	1	...	1
		From other motives...	Ashtagram ...	16	37	26	11	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	11	37	9	25	...	...	3
			Nagar ...	10	32	13	12	1	...	6
			Total...	37	106	48	48	1	...	9
Attempt to murder	...	307	Ashtagram ...	5	10	4	1	...	...	5
			Nundydroog...	12	9	2	6	...	...	1
			Nagar ...	4	8	7	...	...	...	1
			Total...	21	27	13	7	...	...	7
Culpable homicide...	...	304—308	Ashtagram ...	12	20	8	9	...	...	3
			Nundydroog...	12	23	7	12	...	...	4
			Nagar ...	13	24	15	9	...	...	...
			Total...	37	67	30	30	...	...	7

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Abetment of suicide ... 305—306	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Attempt to commit suicide ... 309	Ashtagram ...	...	7	7	4	3	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	17	18	4	14	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	7	8	3	5	...	...	
	Total...	...	31	33	11	22	...	...	
Causing miscarriage ... 312—316	Ashtagram ...	...	1	3	3	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	6	9	3	4	1	1	
	Nagar ...	...	12	22	1	20	1	...	
	Total...	...	19	34	7	24	2	1	
Exposure of infant or concealment of birth ... 317—318	Ashtagram ...	...	3	8	3	5	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	8	14	1	13	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	16	18	1	17	...	...	
	Total...	...	27	40	5	35	...	...	
Grievous hurt ... 325—326	Ashtagram ...	...	12	49	28	21	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	18	39	23	16	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	7	13	5	6	...	2	
	Total...	...	37	101	56	43	...	2	
„ on grave and sudden provocation ... 335	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Total...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Hurt ... 323—334	Ashtagram ...	...	759	1,951	793	1,157	...	1	
	Nundydroog...	...	222	495	204	289	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	448	947	397	550	...	...	
	Total...	...	1,430	3,391	1,394	1,996	...	1	
Hurt by dangerous weapons ... 324	Ashtagram ...	...	15	49	25	24	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	23	83	47	36	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	19	37	5	32	...	...	
	Total...	...	57	169	77	92	...	...	
Administering stupefying drugs ... 328	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	3	8	1	7	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	4	9	2	7	...	...	
Causing hurt to extort property or confession ... 327, 329 to 333	Ashtagram ...	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Act dangerous to life or safety	336—337	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	3	3	1	2	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	...	4	3	1	2	...	...	...
Wrongful restraint	...	Ashtagram ...	341	127	202	108	94	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	162	276	138	138	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	30	47	23	24	...	...	...
		Total ..	...	319	525	269	256	...	...	...
„ Confinement	...342 to 346	Ashtagram ...	...	7	17	14	3	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	7	22	11	11	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	10	9	2	7	...	...	...
		Total...	...	24	48	27	21	...	...	...
„ „ to extort property or confession	... 347—348	Ashtagram ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	1	3	3	...	...	...	...
		Total...	...	4	6	6	...	...	...	...
Assault or use of criminal force	352—355 358	Ashtagram ...	...	642	1,440	652	788	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	1,372	2,991	1,359	1,624	1	7	...
		Nagar ...	...	298	498	158	335	...	5	...
		Total...	...	2,312	4,929	2,169	2,747	1	12	...
Assaulting a woman with intent to outrage her modesty.	...	Ashtagram ...	354	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Criminal intimidation or insult...	504 to 509	Ashtagram ...	...	266	505	178	327	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	1,162	2,044	887	1,150	...	7	...
		Nagar ...	...	455	688	251	436	...	1	...
		Total...	...	1,883	3,237	1,316	1,913	...	8	...
Causing annoyance in state of intoxication	...	Ashtagram ...	510	4	7	...	7	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	22	30	3	27	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	4	12	...	12	...	...	...
		Total...	...	30	49	3	46	...	...	...
Unlawful compulsion of labor	...	Ashtagram ...	374	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buying or disposing of any person as a slave	... 370—371	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Assault or use of criminal force to deter a public servant or attempt to commit theft of property worn or carried by a person ... 353—356	Ashtagram ...		8	12	3	9	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		8	12	3	9	...	...	
Kidnapping or abduction ...363 to 365 367 to 369	Ashtagram ...		7	16	12	4	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		4	5	3	2	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	6	6	...	...	...	
	Total...		11	27	21	6	...	...	
Abducting a woman to compel marriage or for defilement ... 366	Ashtagram ...		2	7	5	2	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		3	13	13	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		5	16	16	...	...	...	
	Total...		10	36	34	2	...	...	
Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for purposes of prostitution ... 372—373	Ashtagram ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
Enticing a married woman with criminal intent ... 498	Ashtagram ...		1	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		11	14	6	5	...	3	
	Nagar ...		4	6	3	3	...	...	
	Total...		16	20	9	8	...	3	
Fraudulent and unlawful marriages ... 493 to 496	Ashtagram ...		2	12	1	11	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		2	12	1	11	...	...	
Adultery ... 497	Ashtagram ...		2	2	1	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		12	14	10	4	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		14	16	11	5	...	...	
Rape ... 376	Ashtagram ...		3	4	3	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		2	4	4	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		7	6	5	1	...	...	
	Total...		12	14	12	2	...	...	
Unnatural offences ... 377	Ashtagram ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Defamation	...	...500 to 502	Ashtagram ...	15	30	24	6			
			Nundydroog...	19	27	18	9			
			Nagar	1	3	2	1			
			Total...	35	60	44	16			
Grand Total.....			Ashtagram ...	1,922	4,395	1,899	2,486		10	
			Nundydroog...	3,117	6,208	2,777	3,400	2	29	
			Nagar	1,366	2,421	923	1,472	3	23	
			Total...	6,405	13,024	5,599	7,358	5	62	
CLASS III.										
OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.										
<i>With violence.</i>										
Dacoity	...	... 395—397	Ashtagram ..	8	81	62	9		10	
		398	Nundydroog...	10	40	15	17		8	
			Nagar	16	109	41	68			
			Total...	34	230	118	94		18	
Preparation or assembly for dacoity.	...	... 399—402	Ashtagram ...	1	1		1			
			Nundydroog...							
			Nagar							
			Total...	1	1		1			
Robbery with	{ By poison or stupefying drugs ... 394—397	...	Ashtagram ...							
hurt or deadly			Nundydroog...	4	17	9	8			
weapon.			Nagar	1	3	3				
	{ By other means ... 398		Total...	5	20	12	8			
Robbery.	{ In a dwelling house, on the high-way, elsewhere ... 392—393	...	Ashtagram ...	16	41	33	8			
			Nundydroog...	31	65	34	30		1	
			Nagar	39	45	14	30	1		
			Total...	86	151	81	68	1	1	
Extortion	...	...384 to 489	Ashtagram ...	5	7	6	1			
			Nundydroog...	4	14	12	2			
			Nagar	10	20	15	5			
			Total...	19	41	33	8			
House-breaking or house trespass in order to commit theft	451—454	457	Ashtagram ...	56	105	64	41			
			Nundydroog...	98	114	40	74			
			Nagar	210	163	88	75			
			Total...	364	382	192	190			
House-breaking or house trespass in order to commit an offence other than theft	449—450	451—454	Ashtagram ...	25	33	17	16			
	...	457	Nundydroog...	65	140	44	96			
			Nagar	40	54	26	28			
			Total...	130	227	87	140			

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.		
House-breaking or house trespass with preparation for, or attempt at, hurt...	452—455 458—460	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...			
		Nundydroog...	2	3	1	2	...	...			
		Nagar ...	2	9	4	5	...	...			
		Total..	5	13	6	7	...	...			
House-breaking or lurking house trespass ...	452—455 458	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...			
		Nundydroog...	5	5	...	5	...	...			
		Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total..	7	6	...	6	...	...			
Theft.	{ Of cattle... Of ordinary.	379—380—381	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
			Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
			Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
			Total..	...	...	...	...	...	...		
			Ashtagram ...	442	781	416	364	1	...		
			Nundydroog...	958	1,500	407	1,088	...	5		
			Nagar ...	660	959	345	609	...	5		
			Total..	2,060	3,240	1,168	2,061	1	10		
		Dishonestly receiving stolen property ...	...411 to 414	Ashtagram ...	10	24	12	12	...	...	
				Nundydroog...	30	52	21	31	...	...	
Nagar ...	14			39	19	20	...	...			
Total..	54			115	52	63	...	...			
Dishonest misappropriation of property ...	... 403—404	Ashtagram ...	49	88	59	29	...	...			
		Nundydroog...	31	133	59	74	...	...			
		Nagar ...	42	66	19	47	...	...			
		Total..	172	287	137	150	...	...			
Criminal breach of trust ...	...406 to 409	Ashtagram ...	18	22	17	5	...	...			
		Nundydroog...	34	38	16	20	...	2			
		Nagar ...	21	23	13	10	...	...			
		Total..	73	83	46	35	...	2			
Cheating ...	...417 to 420	Ashtagram ...	11	16	12	4	...	...			
		Nundydroog...	20	27	13	12	...	2			
		Nagar ...	7	14	12	2	...	...			
		Total..	38	57	37	18	...	2			
Malicious Offences.											
Mischief, ordinary...	... 426—427 430 to 435	Ashtagram ...	249	492	251	239	...	2			
		Nundydroog...	330	609	286	323	...	...			
		Nagar ...	68	115	40	75	...	...			
		Total..	647	1,216	577	637	...	2			
Mischief by poisoning or killing cattle ...	...420—429	Ashtagram ...	6	11	9	2	...	...			
		Nundydroog...	12	19	8	11	...	...			
		Nagar ...	7	12	7	5	...	...			
		Total..	25	42	24	18	...	...			

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.		Number of Persons under trial during the year.		Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Mischief by destroying land marks	434	Ashtagram ...	6	13	11	2					
		Nundydroog...	4	14	13	1					
		Nagar ...	3	6	2	4					
		Total...	13	33	26	7					
Serious mischief by fire	... 435—436	Ashtagram ...	1	3	3	...					
	438	Nundydroog...	5	9	5	4					
		Nagar ...	22	15	11	4					
		Total...	28	27	19	8					
Criminal trespass or house-trespass...	...	Ashtagram ...	128	292	171	120				1	
		Nundydroog...	213	426	220	206					
	447	Nagar ...	80	127	78	49					
		Total...	421	845	469	375				1	
Breaking closed receptacle	... 461—462	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...					
		Nundydroog...	1	2	2	...					
		Nagar ...	1	...	...	...					
		Total...	2	2	2	...					
Grand Total.....		Ashtagram ...	1,034	2,018	1,151	853			1	13	
		Nundydroog...	1,908	3,228	1,205	2,005			...	18	
		Nagar ...	1,244	1,779	737	1,036			1	5	
		Total...	4,186	7,025	3,093	3,894			2	36	
CLASS IV.											
Not included in the above Classes.											
Arrest of vagabonds	... C. P. 94	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	2	...	2			...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Total...	2	2	...	2			...	...	
Vagrancy without ostensible means of livelihood	... C. P. 504	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1			...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1			...	...	
Bad habit and repute	... C. P. 505	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
Concerning lunatics	... C. P. 426 to 434	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Nundydroog...	8	9	...	9			...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Total...	8	9	...	9			...	...	
Belonging to a gang of {Thugs Dacoits Thieves	... { ... { ... { C. P. 400—411	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...			...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...			...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Personal recognizance or security to keep the peace ... 489—490	C. P.	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	22	134	6	128	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	23	135	6	129	...	...	...	
Criminal breaches of contracts of service ... 490—492	C. P.	Ashtagram ...	3	13	...	13	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	3	13	...	13	...	...	...	
Protection to helpless persons and provoke a breach of the peace. 491—504 506		Ashtagram ...	34	80	19	61	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	22	52	1	51	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	56	132	20	112	...	...	...	
Causing annoyance in state of intoxication ... 510		Ashtagram ...	5	7	...	7	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	5	7	...	7	...	...	...	
BREACHES OF SPECIAL LAWS FOR THE PROTECTION OF REVENUE OR ON OTHER SUBJECTS.										
Breaches of Laws relating—										
To excise on spirits and drugs ...		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	7	...	7	...	...	...	
		Total ..	4	7	...	7	...	...	...	
„ Opium ...		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	6	11	1	10	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	6	11	1	10	...	...	...	
„ Stamps, Act X of 1862 and XVIII of 1869...		Ashtagram ...	17	22	3	19	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	10	16	2	14	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	7	3	4	...	...	...	
		Total...	34	45	8	37	...	...	...	
„ Post Office...		Ashtagram ...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	7	8	1	7	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	9	10	1	9	...	...	...	
„ Municipalities, Act XXII of 1865...		Ashtagram ...	144	237	...	237	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	174	287	4	263	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	3	1	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	320	507	5	502	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
To Forest Act VII of 1865	Ashtagram	...	15	29	12	17	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	202	459	60	399	...	...	
	Nagar	...	140	374	90	284	...	...	
	Total	...	357	862	162	700	...	...	
" Railway, Act XVIII of 1854	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	37	53	...	53	...	...	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	...	37	53	...	53	...	...	
" Soldiers' necessities, Act VII of 1867	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
" Gaming and lotteries, Act III of 1867	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	5	23	...	23	...	...	
	Nagar	...	1	3	...	3	...	...	
	Total	...	6	26	...	26	...	...	
" Cattle trespass Act I of 1871	Ashtagram	...	76	242	97	145	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	135	246	71	175	...	...	
	Nagar	...	61	149	57	92	...	...	
	Total	...	272	637	225	412	...	...	
" Possession of Arms, Acts XXXI of 1860 and VI of 1861	Ashtagram	...	1	6	5	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	...	1	6	5	1	...	...	
" License, Act XXI of 1856	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	16	20	7	13	...	...	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	...	16	20	7	13	...	...	
" Breaches of Contract, Act XIII of 1859	Ashtagram	...	57	131	91	40	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	29	33	10	23	...	...	
	Nagar	...	14	12	1	11	...	...	
	Total	...	100	176	102	74	...	...	
" Vagrancy, Act XXI of 1859	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	11	19	1	18	...	...	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	...	11	19	1	18	...	...	
" Breaches of Rules under Act II of 1872	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMA RES.
To Security for good behaviour	...	Ashtagram ...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
	...	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
„ Police Rules	...	Ashtagram ...	6	7	1	6	...	...	
	...	Nundydroog...	4	7	1	6	...	...	
	...	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	10	14	2	12	...	...	
„ Registration...	...	Ashtagram ...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
	...	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
„ Octroi Rules	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	Nundydroog...	8	12	1	11	...	...	
	...	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	8	12	1	11	...	...	
„ Rules relating to prostitutes	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	Nundydroog...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
	...	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
„ Criminal Procedure Code, Section 445	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	Nagar	4	8	1	7	...	...	
		Total...	4	8	1	7	...	...	
„ Police Rules, Section 25...	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	Nagar	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Grand Total.....	...	Ashtagram ...	365	781	229	552	...	...	
	...	Nundydroog...	708	1,382	168	1,214	...	...	
	...	Nagar	235	565	153	412	...	...	
		Total...	1,308	2,728	550	2,178	...	...	
General Total.....	...	Ashtagram ...	3,740	8,380	3,793	4,560	1	26	
	...	Nundydroog...	7,330	14,127	5,859	8,219	2	47	
	...	Nagar	3,094	5,351	2,033	3,279	5	34	
		Total...	14,164	27,858	11,685	16,058	8	107	

II. B.—3. Statement shewing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Mysore in the year 1873.

CLASS OF TRIBUNAL.		NUMBER OF PERSONS DEALT WITH.										PERSONS DISPOSED OF.					REMARKS.
		Remaining at end of last year.	Brought to Trial during present year.				Received by Transfer.	Total.	Discharged without Trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Remaining at end of year.	Average Number of Days during which each Case lasted.	Number of Witnesses who attended.	
			Under Arrest by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Peshkars	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sheristadars	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amildars	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....		36	2,744	2,901	10,082	564	16	16,343	1,564	5,508	8,916	321	1	33	42	27,681	

Deputy Commissioners	...	131	30	25	5	34	925	62	61	82	20	...	...	11	607
Ashtagram ...	1	99	12	12	10	38	172	26	24	112	8	...	2	6	457
Nundydroog...	17	151	37	30	1	28	264	69	28	148	17	...	1	8	663
Nagar															
Total.....	18	381	79	67	16	100	661	157	113	342	45	1	3	82	1,727
Do (with enhanced powers)	...	12	8	...	...	...	20	1	...	19	...	...	...	325	28
Ashtagram ...	...	60	10	1	8	8	87	14	13	60	...	...	...	5	289
Nundydroog...	...	12	8	...	...	5	25	6	4	15	...	...	...	1250	73
Nagar															
Total.....	...	84	26	1	8	13	132	21	17	94	...	...	...	65	390
Commissioners (Sessions Judges)	7	...	...	...	...	80	87	...	38	33	...	...	16	408	206
Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	159	159	...	23	119	...	1	16	39	815
Nundydroog...	52	...	...	...	...	141	193	2	48	129	...	4	10	68	580
Nagar															
Total.....	59	...	...	...	...	380	439	2	109	281	...	5	42	510	1,601
Grand Total...	177	7,403	4,878	14,636	781	626	28,501	8,427	8,258	16,058	643	8	107	48	49,826

H. B.—4. *Statement shewing the Punishments inflicted by various*

CLASS OF TRIBUNAL.				Persons sentenced to—										Persons ordered to find or give,			
				Death.	Trans- portation. For a term.	Penal servitude.	Imprisonment.			Forfeiture of property.	Fine.		Whip- ping.		Surety of the peace.	Recognizance.	Sureties for good behaviour.
							Rigorous.	Without soli- tary confine- ment.	Simple.		With imprisonment.	Without imprison- ment.	In addition to other punishment.	In lieu of other pun- ishment.			
Peshkars	...	...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	5	10	...	30	779	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nundydroog	...	...	...	29	14	...	67	987	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nagar	...	...	...	1	2	...	5	61	...	...	...	...	...	
			Total	...	...	...	35	26	...	102	1,827	...	...	...	...	...	
Sheristadars	...	...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	5	2	...	25	672	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nundydroog	...	...	...	8	9	...	4	170	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nagar	...	...	...	22	3	...	17	116	...	...	...	...	...	
			Total	...	...	...	35	14	...	46	958	...	...	...	...	...	
Amildars	...	...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	44	10	...	269	1,771	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nundydroog	...	...	...	270	128	...	292	3,815	...	11	...	...	...	
			Nagar	...	...	...	213	95	...	362	1,636	...	...	...	...	...	
			Total	...	...	...	527	233	...	923	7,222	...	11	...	...	...	
Sar-Amin	...	...	Nundydroog	...	...	...	38	84	...	7	619	...	32	...	...	...	
			Total	...	...	...	38	84	...	7	619	...	32	...	...	...	
2nd Assistant Commissioners.	...	...	Ashtagram	...	...	6	11	3	...	14	41	...	15	...	...	1	
			Nundydroog	...	...	...	33	9	...	94	70	...	2	...	...	...	
			Nagar	...	...	...	34	15	...	93	188	...	1	...	...	...	
			Total	...	...	6	78	27	...	201	299	...	3	...	...	1	
1st do do	...	...	Ashtagram	...	...	8	86	7	...	59	91	...	2	...	25	4	
			Nundydroog	...	...	...	93	5	...	75	177	...	2	...	13	...	
			Nagar	...	...	...	37	...	...	8	62	...	...	...	...	4	
			Total	...	...	8	216	12	...	142	330	...	4	...	39	57	
Town and Cantonment Ma- gistrates	...	...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	76	3	...	8	228	...	4	...	10	10	
			Nundydroog	...	...	16	47	89	...	14	359	...	11	...	98	32	
			Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Total	...	...	16	123	92	...	22	587	...	15	...	49	45	
Yelandur Jahagirdar	...	...	Ashtagram	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	10	
Deputy Commissioners	...	...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	30	1	...	21	3	...	1	...	3	...	
			Nundydroog	...	...	...	52	4	...	24	10	...	1	...	3	...	
			Nagar	...	...	...	56	...	...	51	18	...	1	...	7	...	
			Total	...	...	...	138	5	...	96	31	...	3	...	13	21	
Do do (with enhanced powers)	...	...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	9	1	...	9	6	...	...	...	11	...	
			Nundydroog	...	...	...	45	...	...	9	1	...	1	...	...	...	
			Nagar	...	...	...	4	...	...	10	...	...	1	...	...	...	
			Total	...	...	...	58	1	...	28	7	...	2	...	11	...	
Commissioners...	...	...	Ashtagram	10	1	...	21	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Nundydroog	19	19	2	63	...	...	11	1	...	1	...	1	...	
			Nagar	6	13	1	77	1	...	18	1	...	...	...	...	...	
			Total	35	33	3	1	...	...	29	2	...	1	...	1	...	
Grand Total			35	33	3	32	1,409	496	...	1,596	11,900	...	28	187	130	140	

Criminal Tribunals in the Province of Mysore in the year 1873.

DETAIL OF PUNISHMENT.

Fine.										Imprisonment.										Whipped.			
Rs. 10 and under.	50 "	100 "	500 "	1,000 "	Above Rs. 1,000 "	Total Amount of Fines.		Amount realized.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	15 days.		6 months.		2 years.		7 years.		Above 7 years.		10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.	
										Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.				
799	10	...	...	...	...	1,642	3 0	1,602	13 6	70 0	6 6	23 15	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,038	16	...	...	...	...	2,429	9 6	2,124	9	65 9	0 0	40 23	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
52	14	...	...	...	...	399	0 0	384	...	3 0	0 0	2 4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,889	40	...	...	...	...	4,470	12 6	4,111	6 6	138 9	6 6	65 42	56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
689	8	...	...	...	...	1,818	4 4	1,789	1 4	70 9	8 8	24 7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
174	...	...	...	...	...	438	14	409	6	4 4	0 0	7 7	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
129	4	...	...	...	...	552	8	537	8	20 0	0 0	26 9	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
992	12	...	...	...	...	2,809	10 4	2,735	15 4	94 13	8 8	57 23	14	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,876	163	1	...	...	...	10,052	3	9,514	14 4	344 6	0 0	197 46	78	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4,021	85	1	...	...	...	13,579	1 1	12,774	3 9	734 7	8 8	221 209	232	28	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	...	
1,843	155	...	...	...	...	10,992	7 6	9,230	8 4	575 3	6 6	287 193	183	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7,740	403	1	1	...	...	34,623	11 7	31,519	10 5	1,654 1	2 2	705 448	493	37	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	...	
621	5	...	...	...	...	705	13	621	13 9	48 12	0 0	8 72	35	14	...	...	...	...	...	11	16	5	
621	5	...	...	...	...	705	13	621	13 9	48 12	0 0	8 72	35	14	...	...	...	...	...	11	16	5	
31	20	4	...	...	...	1,084	8	1,009	8	...	...	3 7	15	2	5	2	...	...	...	1	7	7	
99	59	2	4	...	...	3,088	8	1,497	13 6	118 8	0 0	7 2	102	19	8	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	
173	83	21	4	...	...	5,831	...	4,611	6 2	724 6	10 0	1 4	91	44	3	...	...	...	...	4	5	4	
303	162	27	8	...	...	10,004	...	7,118	11 8	842 14	10 0	11 13	208	65	16	2	...	...	...	8	13	13	
72	70	5	3	...	...	3,240	15 7	2,447	12 7	351 12	5 5	1 5	112	10	32	2	...	...	...	4	8	16	
150	90	10	2	...	...	4,891	...	3,938	11 1	354 1	10 0	...	3	98	12	61	1	...	...	4	2	9	
54	12	2	2	...	...	1,856	8	1,326	8 0	33 0	0 0	...	1	29	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
276	172	17	7	...	...	9,988	7 7	7,712	15 8	738 14	3 3	1 9	239	22	108	3	...	...	...	8	10	25	
232	3	1	...	...	...	998	...	465	3 6	96 8	0 0	...	1	69	2	19	...	...	...	5	9	...	
337	28	3	5	...	...	2,811	8	2,097	...	354 0	0 0	18 87	39	2	51	...	...	...	...	5	25	20	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
569	31	3	6	...	...	3,809	8	2,562	3 6	450 8	0 0	18 88	108	4	50	...	...	...	...	10	34	20	
18	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	90	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	14	3	2	1	...	2,505	4	854	8 0	72 14	1 1	1 15	1	13	...	22	1	...	...	1	1	2	
8	21	2	3	...	...	1,723	10 6	1,086	1 9	...	...	1 2	15	4	51	1	...	...	...	1	3	...	
25	23	10	11	...	...	4,933	8	2,444	2 8	45 12	0 0	1 2	32	...	73	...	...	...	...	1	1	6	
37	58	15	16	1	...	9,162	6 6	4,384	12 5	118 10	1 1	3 4	62	5	137	1	29	1	...	3	2	11	
3	8	3	1	...	...	770	...	470	...	10 0	0 0	...	1	8	5	5	...	...	...	1	1	9	
...	2	4	4	...	...	1,530	...	800	...	...	...	...	14	...	11	...	30	...	...	...	1	...	
9	...	...	...	1	...	6,582	...	1,261	11 1	...	...	...	3	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	
12	10	7	5	...	1	8,882	...	2,531	11 1	10 0	...	...	1	25	5	22	...	36	...	1	1	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	3	...	11	...	...	...	...	
...	2	8	2	...	...	1,250	...	152	8 0	...	...	...	3	10	2	24	...	34	...	...	1	1	
3	11	4	...	...	...	2,675	...	1,241	12 11	539 15	2 1	...	12	1	15	...	47	...	20	...	...	...	
3	31	6	...	...	...	3,925	...	1,394	4 11	539 15	2 1	...	4	28	3	42	...	92	...	24	...	1 1	
12,460	896	89	49	1	1	88,471	5 6	64,783	9 3	4,637	2 8	869 704	1268	156	376	6	157	1	24	...	50	79	36

II. B.—5. Statement shewing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

TRIBUNAL.		Number of Appellants or Persons applying for revision under Section 404, Code of Criminal Procedure.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.								REMARKS.
			Appeals or Applications rejected.	Sentences confirmed.	Sentences modified.	Sentences reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry or evidence ordered.	Cases referred for revision to High Court.	Pending.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Town and Cantonment Magistrates ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Assistant Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	99	15	18	44	22	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	114	11	50	17	35	...	...	...	...	1
	Nagar ...	37	...	14	5	18	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	250	26	82	66	75	...	...	...	...	1
Deputy Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	128	46	42	1	38	...	...	...	...	1
	Nundydroog...	178	1	88	31	41	...	...	...	17	...
	Nagar ...	146	...	67	45	34	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	452	47	197	77	113	...	...	...	17	1
Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	68	8	30	11	14	...	...	...	...	5
	Nundydroog...	52	22	3	6	10	...	...	...	...	11
	Nagar ...	63	...	36	13	12	...	...	...	...	2
	Total.....	183	30	69	30	36	...	...	...	...	18
Judicial Commissioner...	Ashtagram ...	34	...	27	...	6	...	...	...	...	1
	Nundydroog...	95	...	48	12	14	...	...	...	...	3
	Nagar ...	104	...	86	11	7	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	233	...	179	23	27	...	...	...	...	4
Grand Total.....		1,118	103	527	196	251	...	...	17	24	

II. B.—6. *Statement shewing the Number and Description of Civil Suits*

Suits for money, distinguishing suits up to Rs. 500 cognizable by Small Cause Courts from

CLASS OF TRIBUNALS.		On written objection.		On un-written.		On account stated.		Money had and received.		Goods sold.		Breach of contract, not mentioned above.		Rent not falling under the Rent Law.	
		Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.
Bangalore Court of Small Causes	...	2,080	32	829	5	39	...	30	1	2,356	4	129	...	197	...
Amildars	...														
	Ashtagram	1,001	...	349	...	347	...	24	...	40	...	24	...	21	...
	Nundydroog...	2,499	...	328	...	225	...	30	...	210	...	115	...	19	...
	Nagar	1,444	...	419	...	300	...	55	...	63	...	65	...	9	...
	Total.....	4,944	...	1,096	...	872	...	109	...	313	...	205	...	49	...
Munsiffs	...														
	Nundydroog...	968	...	57	...	19	...	10	...	35	...	37	...	1	...
Judicial Assistants	...														
	Ashtagram	1,314	105	116	6	66	4	14	2	33	2	8	1	24	4
	Nundydroog...	908	70	17	...	56	7	8	2	21	1	5	6	4	...
	Nagar	1,250	122	167	10	70	10	...	...	7	...	8	1	9	...
	Total.....	3,472	297	300	16	192	21	22	4	61	3	21	8	37	4
Deputy Commissioners.	...														
	Ashtagram	...	12	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
	Nundydroog...	11	15	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	11	29	1	1	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...
Commissioners	...														
	Ashtagram	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...		11,475	363	2,282	23	1,122	24	171	10	2,765	8	392	9	284	4

instituted in the Civil Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1873.

" Other Cases."				Suits under the Rent Law.											Other Suits.													
Movable property or value thereof.		Damages.		Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Arrears of rent with or without ejectment or cancellation of lease.	Enhancement or abatement of rent.	Relating to Distraint.	Damages for extortion or withholding receipts or on account of illegal restraint or other cause.	For latus or Kabulyats.	For ejectment or recovery of possession.	For recovery of money or accounts from agents.	All other suits under the Rent Law not included above.	Suits for immovable property.	Suits for specific performance of contract.	Suits to declare and establish rights to real property including pre-emption, foreclosure, &c.	Suits to declare and establish personal rights.	Suits for an account.	Suits relating to religious endowments.	Suits to set aside judgments, contracts or obligations on the ground of fraud.	Suits for dissolution of marriage.	Suits for enforcement of matrimonial rights.	Suits for partition.	Suits relating to shipping.	Suits relating to religion and caste.	REMARKS.
Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.																									
249	2	11	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
162	...	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	119	43	3	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
214	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	106	15	9	44	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...
113	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	...	1	12	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
489	...	111	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	288	58	13	64	1	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...
57	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	77	4	2	14	...	...	1	2	4	6	...	1	...
38	5	70	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	216	5	9	3	5	...	11	...	20	27	...	8	...
62	6	24	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	148	8	130	18	3	...	7	3	5	9	...	...	...
21	4	25	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	...	5	2	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
121	15	119	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	435	13	144	23	8	...	19	3	25	39	...	8	...
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
916	18	259	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	802	75	160	102	9	...	20	5	32	52	...	9	...

II. B.—7. Statement shewing Value of Suits disposed of in the Civil and Revenue Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1873.

VALUE OF SUITS.		Number of Suits disposed of in different Courts.						Total Value of Suits.	REMARKS.
		Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	Amildars.	Munsiffs.	Judicial Assistants and Assistant Commissioners.	Deputy Commissioners.	Commissioners.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>In Civil Courts.</i>									
Not exceeding 5 Rs.	Small Cause Court.	1,447	...	...	...	...	...	4,989	8 2
	Ashtagram	...	182	...	...	...	...	667	9 11
	Nundydroog	...	230	20	...	...	...	966	10 ...
	Nagar	...	114	...	...	...	...	438	5 2
	Total.....	1,447	526	20	...	...	...	7,062	1 3
" 20	Small Cause Court.	2,257	...	...	...	...	...	26,699	12 2
	Ashtagram	...	784	...	...	...	...	10,148	11 4
	Nundydroog	...	1,575	253	23	...	...	23,911	6 5
	Nagar	...	826	...	...	...	...	10,528	15 1
	Total.....	2,257	3,185	253	23	...	...	71,288	13 ...
" 100	Small Cause Court.	1,684	...	...	...	...	...	79,653	11 5
	Ashtagram	...	1,224	...	932	...	...	1,04,619	7 3
	Nundydroog	...	2,077	588	623	4	...	1,42,273	12 9
	Nagar	...	1,620	...	665	...	...	1,05,286	13 9
	Total.....	1,684	4,921	588	2,220	4	...	4,31,833	13 2
" 500	Small Cause Court.	521	...	...	...	...	...	1,09,113	15 ...
	Ashtagram	...	...	...	1,035	...	...	2,00,268	4 5
	Nundydroog	...	...	180	775	6	...	1,93,523	14 7
	Nagar	...	...	...	953	...	...	1,95,765	2 10
	Total.....	521	...	180	2,763	6	...	6,98,671	4 10
" 1000	Small Cause Court.	45	...	...	...	...	...	29,225	9 6
	Ashtagram	...	...	...	130	...	...	89,351	9 1
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	87	2	...	74,012	15 7
	Nagar	...	...	...	96	...	...	66,526	13 8
	Total.....	45	...	...	313	2	...	2,59,116	15 10

II. B.—7. (Concluded.)

VALUE OF SUITS.		Number of Suits disposed of in different Courts.						Total Value of Suits.	REMARKS.
		Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	Amildars.	Munsiffs.	Judicial Assistants and Assistant Commissioners.	Deputy Commissioners.	Commissioners.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Not exceed- ing Rs. 5,000	Small Cause Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ashtagram	...	...	...	52	17	...	1,36,387	1 8
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	52	11	...	97,491	8 6
	Nagar	...	...	...	63	5	...	1,34,699	9 10
	Total.....	...	...	...	167	33	...	3,68,578	4 ...
10,000	Small Cause Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	5	...	30,546	1 7
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	2	...	13,065	2 ...
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	3	...	24,664	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	10	...	68,275	3 7
„ 1,00,000	Small Cause Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	4	1,04,576	6 4
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	2	56,337	1 8
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	6	1,60,913	8 ...
Exceed- ing 1,00,000	Small Cause Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	1	2,79,640	14 7
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	1	2,79,640	14 7
Grand Total.	Small Cause Court.	5,954	...	...	...	...	...	2,49,682	8 3
	Ashtagram	...	2,190	...	2,149	22	5	9,56,206	2 2
	Nundydroog	...	3,882	1,041	1,560	25	...	5,45,245	5 10
	Nagar	...	2,560	...	1,777	8	2	5,94,246	14 ...
	Grand Total.....	5,954	8,632	1,041	5,486	55	7	23,45,380	14 3

II. B.—8. Statement shewing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Mysore in the year 1873.

CLASS OF COURTS.	Suits remaining from last year.	Instituted in 1872.	Received by transfer.	Total for disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Plaint rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed ex parte.	Dismissed ex parte.	Contested.		Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over 2 months.	Over 4 months.	Average Duration of Suits.		Remarks.
													Judgment for Plaintiff in whole or part.	Judgment for Defendant.					Contested.	Uncontested.	
Civil Courts.																					
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	125	5,966	...	6,091	...	23	852	95	426	844	2,602	4	798	310	5,954	137	1	1	10-55	9-70	11
Amildars	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ashtagram	11	2,194	1	2,206	1	29	336	79	70	538	450	160	404	124	2,190	15	...	...	27-6	21-66	...
Nundydroog	44	3,850	5	3,899	17	79	365	78	128	1,074	753	345	894	166	3,982	...	...	...	20-16	16-...	...
Nagar	10	2,574	...	2,584	...	27	244	60	166	909	414	213	415	112	2,560	24	1	1	21-25	16-99	...
Total	65	8,618	6	8,689	18	135	945	217	364	2,521	1,617	718	1,713	402	8,632	39	1	1	22-68	17-78	...
Munsiffs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog	...	1,313	61	1,374	5	5	136	12	53	237	215	88	239	56	1,041	328	23	...	22-	17-2	...
Ashtagram	233	2,119	4	2,356	2	59	184	45	228	385	387	19	617	225	2,149	205	15	5	58-	37-8	...
Nundydroog	113	1,539	3	1,655	40	77	80	28	188	166	356	7	564	84	1,560	55	6	2	32-4	24-4	...
Nagar	140	1,793	...	1,933	...	33	106	18	48	461	479	159	342	131	1,777	156	21	...	42-4	29-22	...
Total	486	5,451	7	5,944	42	169	380	91	464	1,012	1,222	185	1,523	440	5,486	416	42	7	4-1	31-22	4
Deputy Commissioners	1	21	2	24	...	1	3	1	...	1	1	1	10	4	22	2	...	...	63-71	52-25	...
Ashtagram	...	28	...	28	1	1	...	...	1	6	11	...	5	1	25	2	...	...	23-	12-	...
Nundydroog	1	8	...	9	...	1	...	...	1	4	1	1	...	...	8	1	...	1	...	54-25	...
Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2	57	2	61	1	3	3	1	2	11	13	2	15	5	55	5	...	1	51-75	31-	...
Commissioners	3	4	3	10	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	1	5	5	...	2	139-	198-	...
Ashtagram	...	3	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	3	9	3	15	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	2	1	7	7	...	3	123-	184-74	...
Grand Total	681	21,414	79	22,174	67	335	2,317	416	1,311	4,625	5,670	997	4,290	1,214	21,175	932	67	12	28-75	18-36	7

II. B.—9. Statement shewing the Business of the Civil and Revenue

CLASS OF COURTS.				Remaining.	Instituted.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Transferred.	
<i>Civil Courts.</i>									
Judicial Assistants	...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	40	...	40	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	...	40	...	40	...	
Deputy Commissioners	...	Ashtagram	...	...	69	...	69	...	
		Nundydroog	...	4	168	...	172	10	
		Nagar	...	1	42	...	43	...	
		Total	...	5	279	...	284	10	
Commissioners...	...	Ashtagram	...	26	194	1	221	...	
		Nundydroog	...	4	132	...	136	...	
		Nagar	...	2	60	...	62	...	
		Total	...	32	386	1	419	...	
Judicial Commissioner	Regular Appeal from Commissioners in Original Jurisdiction.	Ashtagram	...	...	2	...	2	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	1	...	1	...	
		Total	...	...	3	...	3	...	
	From Deputy Commissioners	Ashtagram	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
		Nundydroog	...	1	3	...	...	4	...
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	2	3	...	...	5	...
	Special Appeals	Ashtagram	...	5	45	...	...	50	...
		Nundydroog	...	8	49	...	...	57	...
		Nagar	...	1	19	...	...	20	...
		Total	...	14	113	...	...	127	...
Total of the Judicial Commissioner's Court				...	16	119	...	135	...
Grand Total				...	53	824	1	878	10

Appellate Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1873.

Dismissed for default or under 5 and 6, Act XXXIII of 1861.	Heard ex parte.			Contested.				Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over four months.	Objections under Section 348, Act VIII of 1859.	Objections allowed.	REMARKS.
	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.						
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	10	11	5	5	32	8	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	10	11	5	5	32	8	...	...	...	
19	5	1	1	21	3	14	2	66	3	...	...	...	
6	13	2	6	67	26	25	16	161	1	...	...	...	
3	4	...	2	18	3	6	5	41	2	...	...	...	
28	22	3	9	106	32	45	23	268	6	...	...	...	
11	13	2	3	106	24	17	7	183	38	3	...	...	
10	...	...	...	84	13	12	7	126	10	...	...	...	
3	...	...	...	35	6	8	2	54	8	...	...	...	
24	13	2	3	225	43	37	16	363	56	3	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	29	2	15	...	46	4	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	29	6	20	...	56	1	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	10	...	8	...	19	1	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	68	8	43	...	121	6	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	73	10	44	...	129	6	...	...	...	
55	35	5	12	414	96	131	44	792	76	3	...	...	

II. B. —11. *Statement shewing Use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and Criminal Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1873.*

Classes of Courts in which Juries or Assessors are employed distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.	Established or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case, and prescribed qualifications.	Number of Cases tried by Jury.	Number of Cases with Assessors.	Jury Trials.		Assessors' Trials.		REMARKS.
				Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Cases in which the Judge did not approve of the verdict.	Number of Cases in which Judges agreed with Assessors.	Number of Cases in which Judges differed from Assessors.	
<i>Criminal.</i>								
Commissioners...	2	..	26	..	..	*21	*4	* In one case there was no occasion to call on the Assessors to give their verdict.
Ashtagram ...	3	..	84	..	..	76	8	
Nundydroog...	2	..	63	..	..	56	7	
Nagar ...	..	..	173	..	..	153	19	
Total.....	..	..	173	..	..	153	19	

Note shewing in what Classes of Cases Juries and Assessors have been principally employed.

II. B.—12. *Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration*

DISTRICTS.	Registrations affecting Immovable Property, Book I.																				
	Compulsory.									Optional.											
	Number of Registration Offices. Instruments of gift (Section 17, clause 1). Instruments of sale, mortgage, &c., (Section 17, clause 2). Acknowledgments of consideration on account of ditto (Section 17, clause 3). Perpetual leases (Section 17, clause 4). All leases (other than perpetual leases) which have been compulsorily registered under (Sec. 17, clause 4). All other compulsory instruments not mentioned above.									Total of Compulsory Registrations. Ordinary Fees paid for the same. Instruments of sale, mortgage, &c., of value less than Rs. 100 (Section 18, clause 1). Acknowledgments of ditto (Section 18, clause 2). Leases for one year or less, &c., (Section 18, clause 3) and leases exempted under the proviso in Sec 17. Awards (Section 18, clause 4). Miscellaneous registrations under Section 18, clause 7, other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Court. Certified copies of decrees and orders of Court. Total of Optional Registrations relating to immovable property. Ordinary Fees paid for the same. Total Value of immovable property transferred.											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		
Inspector Genl.'s Office.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Bangalore Dist	74	11	1622	1	18	35	136	1,823	4,042	0	354	...	13	...	11	3	381	417	0	11,72,013	
Mysore	"	14	8	1375	...	12	28	77	1,500	3,239	0	179	...	1	...	1	4	185	201	0	6,41,847
Tumkūr	"	11	...	584	7	...	4	22	617	1,265	8	147	...	1	...	2	1	151	163	4	2,23,403
Kolar	"	12	4	426	...	14	9	26	473	1,095	8	297	...	...	...	2	7	306	369	12	1,72,354
Hassan	"	11	3	708	4	6	8	23	752	1,686	0	312	...	...	...	5	13	330	362	0	3,81,230
Kadur	"	8	1	538	..	2	5	14	560	1,435	4	124	...	...	...	1	...	125	143	8	4,31,639
Shimoga	"	10	2	490	...	48	19	14	573	1,364	10	57	...	...	...	9	...	66	103	12	2,30,967
Chitaldroog	"	11	3	258	...	...	2	5	268	628	8	44	...	...	...	...	3	47	56	0	1,15,137
Total.....	92	32	5995	12	100	110	317	6,566	14,756	6	1514	...	15	...	31	31	1591	1816	4	33,08,590	

Offices of the Province of Mysore for the year 1873—74.

Registrations affecting Movable Property, Book IV.														Receipts.				REMARKS.
Conveyance, &c., of movable property and receipts for same.	Obligations for payment of money.	Other personal contracts.	Total Registrations in Book IV.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Number of sealed covers deposited, Book V.	Number of wills registered in Book III.	Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by will, Book III.	Number of Registrations under Section 24.	Number of Registrations under Section 34.	Number of refusals to register.	Number of Powers of Attorney attested.	Number of searches or applications for copies.	Number of decree memoranda received from Civil Courts under Sections 41 and 42 of Act XX of 1866.	Total Ordinary Fees including the entries in columns 10, 18 and 24, and the total fees paid for Registration under column 27.	Total Extraordinary Fees and Fines.	Total Receipts.	Total Expenditure.	
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
...	...	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 5 0	2 5 0	5,068 4 8	
3	21	87	111	314 8 0	...	13	...	9 5 7	56	82	...	...	...	4,842 12 0	761 2 1	5,603 14 1	3,138 8 4	
2	22	21	45	107 0 0	...	8	...	2 13 17 11	58	34	...	...	...	3,605 4 0	997 5 8	4,602 9 8	2,514 7 7	
3	14	20	37	64 12 0	...	...	...	4 9 5	8	16	...	...	...	1,493 8 0	199 0 0	1,692 8 0	1,230 8 9	
1	18	38	57	97 8 0	...	1	...	1 4 1 2	10	10	...	...	...	1,577 4 0	92 15 2	1,670 3 2	1,263 11 4	
3	16	45	64	111 4 0	...	2	...	1 13 12 17	30	30	4	...	...	2,176 0 0	419 6 0	2,595 6 0	1,545 0 0	
7	20	36	63	172 0 0	...	2	...	13 14 15	53	41	1	...	...	1,760 12 0	666 2 0	2,426 14 0	1,323 0 7	
9	29	27	65	150 0 0	...	2	...	1 7 7 18	14	19	...	...	...	1,633 6 0	318 14 11	1,952 4 11	1,069 0 9	
...	2	4	6	18 4 0	...	...	...	2 2 2	10	3	...	...	...	702 12 0	62 8 6	765 4 0	624 8 10	
28	142	278	448	1035 4 0	...	28	...	5 65 65 77	239	235	5	...	...	17,791 10 0	3526 10 10	21,318 4 10	17,777 2 6½	

II. C.

II. C.—1. Statement shewing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the

1	2	3		4		5		6				7		
Number.	JAIL.	Remained on the 31st December 1872.		Imprisoned during the year.		Total.		Received from other Jails.				Total Population.		
								A		B				
								To undergo sentence.		In transit for transportation en route to other Jails, &c., &c.				
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	681	27	528	65	1,209	92	19	...	15	1	1,241	93	1,334
<i>District Jails.</i>														
2	Mysore ...	264	8	276	21	540	29	79	2	...	...	619	31	650
3	Hassan ...	12	2	165	16	177	18	...	1	...	...	177	19	196
	Total.....	276	10	441	37	717	47	79	3	...	...	796	50	846
4	Kolar ...	85	7	190	16	275	23	...	...	37	...	312	23	335
5	Tumkūr ...	80	9	125	10	205	19	14	4	...	...	219	23	242
	Total.....	165	16	315	26	480	42	14	4	37	...	531	46	577
6	Shimoga ...	317	16	174	26	491	42	148	15	...	...	639	57	696
7	Kadur ...	14	...	106	16	120	16	...	...	...	...	120	16	136
8	Chitaldroog ...	36	1	76	17	112	18	8	1	...	...	120	19	139
	Total.....	367	17	356	59	723	76	156	16	...	...	879	92	971
<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>														
9	Mysore District ...	11	1	259	18	270	19	3	...	...	...	273	19	292
10	Hassan do ...	5	...	190	13	195	13	...	...	...	...	195	13	208
	Total.....	16	1	449	31	465	32	3	...	...	...	468	32	500
11	Bangalore District ...	2	...	362	55	364	55	...	...	...	...	364	55	419
12	Kolar do ...	5	...	354	50	359	50	4	...	49	4	412	54	466
13	Tumkūr do ...	9	...	255	29	264	29	...	...	3	...	267	29	296
	Total.....	16	...	971	134	987	134	4	...	52	4	1,043	138	1,181
14	Shimoga District ...	1	...	300	23	301	23	...	...	...	...	301	23	324
15	Kadur do ...	13	1	230	24	243	25	...	...	...	...	243	25	263
16	Chitaldroog do ...	6	2	236	29	242	31	...	...	...	...	242	31	273
	Total.....	20	3	766	76	786	79	...	...	...	...	786	79	865
	Grand Total.	1,541	74	3,826	428	5367	502	275	23	102	5	5,744	530	6,274

PRISONS.

Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

8			9			10								11	12	13	14	15	16			17				
Daily average number.			Transferred to other Jails.			Released during the year.								Transported beyond Seas.	Transferred to Lunatic Asylum.	Escaped.	Executed.	Died.	Remaining on the 31st December 1873.							
						A		B		A		B										C		D		
			To undergo sentence.		For transportation beyond Seas, &c.		On appeal.		On expiry of sentence.		On payment of fine.		By Order of Government.													
													E F													
M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.					
705-582	24-704	730-286	9	...	...	...	23	1	420	60	59	...	1	...	1	1	5	6	2	717	29	746				
257-404	11-122	268-526	15	...	...	...	43	...	253	16	9	1	1	...	...	14	1	12	...	272	13	285				
20-044	1-616	21-660	38	2	...	...	4	...	100	15	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	2	25					
277-448	12-738	290-186	53	2	...	...	47	...	353	31	21	1	1	...	...	14	1	12	...	295	15	310				
87-58	4-95	92-53	39	...	...	...	2	2	141	12	4	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	123	9	132					
64-18	6-47	70-65	10	...	...	...	11	...	47	14	73	4	1	...	...	2	...	...	75	5	80					
151-76	11-42	163-18	49	...	...	...	13	2	183	26	77	4	1	...	1	...	2	...	198	14	212					
348-90	25-40	374-30	...	...	13	1	19	...	234	19	5	...	1	1	...	1	...	8	...	354	36	390				
15-24	3-22	18-46	48	3	...	...	1	...	46	7	7	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	17	5	22					
29-18	6-03	35-21	13	2	...	...	3	...	80	12	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	20	5	25					
393-32	34-65	427-97	61	5	13	1	23	...	360	38	15	1	1	...	1	...	8	...	391	46	437					
7-131	597	7-728	44	...	...	...	...	...	195	13	31	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3					
6-696	381	7-077	...	1	...	...	1	...	156	10	28	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	9	...	9					
13-827	978	14-805	44	1	...	...	1	...	351	23	59	8	...	...	...	1	...	...	12	...	12					
7-54	79	8-33	38	3	...	...	1	...	276	46	48	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...					
12-12	1-57	13-69	71	4	...	...	2	...	269	40	53	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	2	19					
7-83	63	8-46	17	4	1	...	2	...	224	22	18	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5					
27-49	2-99	30-48	123	11	1	...	5	...	769	108	119	17	...	...	1	...	...	...	22	2	24					
4-61	0-31	4-92	92	9	...	...	...	...	183	10	22	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4					
7-33	0-72	8-05	1	1	...	...	3	...	184	24	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	24					
6-42	1-03	7-45	8	1	...	...	1	...	194	26	35	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5					
18-33	2-06	20-42	101	11	...	...	4	...	561	60	88	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	1	33					
1,587-787	89-540	1,677-327	443	30	14	1	116	3	3002	346	438	38	3	...	3	1	2	1	2	29	1	25	2	1667	107	1774

II. C.—2. *Shewing the Religion, Age, and Previous Occupation of the*

Number.	2	3												4			
		Religion.												Age.			
		A						B		C		D		A		B	
		Christians.						Muhammadians.	Hindus.	All other Classes.	Under 16.	16 to 40.					
		a		b		c											
		Europeans.		Eurasians.		Natives.											
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Bangalore Central Jail	9	...	3	...	37	10	174	11	986	71	...	...	27	2	915	72
	District Jails.																
2	Mysore	...	...	...	...	6	2	91	1	164	7	279	19	5	1	401	27
3	Hassan	...	...	...	...	4	...	10	...	112	16	51	2	3	1	166	15
	Total	...	...	...	...	10	2	101	1	276	23	330	21	8	2	567	42
4	Kolar	...	...	...	...	4	...	89	...	166	22	16	1	3	2	149	13
5	Tumkūr	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	187	19	3	...	...	...	186	15
	Total	...	...	...	...	4	...	104	...	353	41	19	1	3	2	335	28
6	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	4	442	38	...	...	1	2	399	30
7	Kadur	...	...	...	...	2	...	5	1	73	10	40	5	1	1	101	8
8	Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	104	17	...	...	...	1	63	17
	Total	...	...	...	...	2	...	62	6	619	65	40	5	2	4	563	55
	Local Lock-ups.																
9	Mysore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	...	249	19	...	...	...	...	204	16
10	Hassan do	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	125	12	51	1	1	...	165	13
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	374	31	51	1	1	...	369	29
11	Bangalore District	...	...	1	1	13	8	33	3	276	31	41	12	16	1	307	42
12	Kolar do	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	1	317	46	35	3	10	2	295	43
13	Tumkūr do	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	4	254	25	...	...	...	...	80	8
	Total	...	...	1	1	14	8	49	8	847	102	76	15	26	3	682	93
14	Shimoga District	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	260	22	21	1	77	7	203	16
15	Kadur do	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	1	214	24	...	...	2	...	198	20
16	Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	228	31	...	...	10	2	202	23
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	1	702	77	21	1	89	9	603	59
	Grand Total	9	...	4	1	67	20	593	27	4,157	410	537	44	156	22	4,034	378

Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

5														6			7	
Previous Occupation.														Total.			No.	
Males.												Females.						
C	D	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	F	Total.		
40 to 60.	Above 60.	Of independent property.	Agriculturists.	Laborers.	Shop-keepers and Trades.	Artizans.	Domestic servants.	Professional.	Government Servants.	No Occupation.	Married.	Unmarried.	Prostitute.					
M	F	M	F															
238	15	29	3	...	342	186	156	178	187	4	107	49	82	2	8	1,209	92	1,301
99	1	35	...	15	149	307	4	2	19	8	11	25	21	3	5	540	29	569
8	2	...	...	...	37	129	1	...	...	...	10	...	14	2	2	177	18	195
107	3	35	...	15	186	436	5	2	19	8	21	25	35	5	7	717	47	764
113	8	10	...	25	68	29	12	4	55	32	8	42	20	1	2	275	23	298
19	4	...	...	...	95	44	22	...	...	30	14	...	16	2	1	205	19	224
132	12	10	...	25	163	73	34	4	55	62	22	42	36	3	3	480	42	522
86	8	5	2	...	132	140	48	36	1	67	59	8	36	3	3	491	42	533
17	5	1	2	...	51	61	1	2	...	...	3	2	15	...	1	120	16	136
49	...	...	...	...	54	51	...	...	...	2	5	...	18	...	...	112	18	130
152	13	6	4	...	237	252	49	38	1	69	67	10	69	3	4	723	76	799
63	3	3	...	31	169	43	2	...	8	3	7	7	10	9	...	270	19	289
28	...	1	...	...	116	76	3	...	...	...	...	...	8	5	...	195	13	208
91	3	4	...	31	285	119	5	...	8	3	7	7	18	14	...	465	32	497
39	12	2	...	1	95	236	4	5	8	...	...	15	39	8	8	364	55	419
54	5	...	...	28	245	44	1	...	19	13	2	7	47	3	...	359	50	409
184	21	...	...	...	200	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	...	264	29	293
277	38	2	...	29	540	344	5	5	27	13	2	22	115	11	8	987	134	1,121
18	...	3	...	1	221	64	...	...	...	6	...	9	18	2	3	301	23	324
43	5	...	...	5	170	38	8	1	12	...	9	...	17	8	...	243	25	268
29	6	1	...	1	89	85	10	17	...	36	2	2	27	2	2	242	31	273
90	11	4	...	7	480	187	18	18	12	42	11	11	62	12	5	786	79	865
1,037	95	90	7	107	2,233	1,597	272	245	309	201	237	166	417	50	35	5,367	502	5,869

II. C.—3. *Shewing the Classes of Convicts in the Jails of the*

1	2	3																	
Number.	JAIL.	Classes according to length of																	
		A			B			C			D			E			F		
		Class I.			Class II.			Class III.			Class IV.			Class V.			Class VI.		
		Not exceeding one month.			Above 1 and not exceeding three mont s.			Above 3 and not exceeding 6 months.			Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.			Above 1 year and not exceeding 3 years.			Above 3 and not exceeding 5 years.		
		M	F	Total	M	F	Total	M	F	Total	M	F	Total	M	F	Total	M	F	Total
1	Bangalore Central Jail.	155	36	191	65	16	81	119	10	129	99	9	108	230	6	236	133	5	138
	<i>District Jails.</i>																		
2	Mysore	52	7	59	106	5	111	96	6	102	61	4	65	79	3	82	88	2	90
3	Hassan	72	6	78	31	4	35	39	4	43	6	2	8	16	1	17	6	...	6
	Total.....	124	13	137	137	9	146	135	10	145	67	6	73	95	4	99	94	2	96
4	Kolar	29	3	32	39	3	42	131	12	143	19	2	21	30	3	33	3	...	3
5	Tumkūr	19	3	22	27	4	31	85	2	87	62	9	71	52	1	53	4	...	4
	Total	48	6	54	66	7	73	166	14	180	81	11	92	82	4	86	7	...	7
6	Shimoga	12	1	13	51	1	55	47	3	50	98	3	101	128	27	155	67	4	71
7	Kadur	4	...	4	18	4	22	23	7	30	18	3	21	31	...	31	12	...	12
8	Chitaldroog	16	1	17	25	...	25	49	17	66	8	...	8	9	...	9	5	...	5
	Total.....	32	2	34	97	5	102	119	27	146	124	6	130	168	27	195	84	4	88
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>																		
9	Mysore District ...	235	18	253	30	1	31	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	195	13	208	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	430	31	461	30	1	31	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	364	55	419	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	359	50	409	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkūr do ...	264	29	293	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total....	987	134	1121	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	301	23	324	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	243	25	268	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	234	20	254	1	1	2	...	...	...	6	...	6	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Total.....	778	78	856	1	1	2	...	...	...	6	...	6	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	2,554	300	2,854	396	59	435	544	61	605	377	32	409	576	41	617	318	11	329

Province of Mysore according to Sentence for the year 1873.

Sentence.										4								5			6.
										Nature of Imprisonment.								Total.			
G		H		I				J		A		B									
Class VII.		Class VIII.		Class IX.				Class.		Simple Imprisonment.		Rigorous Imprisonment.									
Above 5 and not exceeding 10 years.		Exceeding ten years.		Transported beyond Seas.				Executed.				a		b		c					
				For life.		For shorter periods.						Hard Labor.		Medium.		Light.					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
260	...	68	2	35	7	27	...	18	1	125	36	1,084	56	Awarded in prison according to physical capability.				1,209	92	1,301	
36	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	14	1	47	2	401	24	60	2	32	1	540	29	569	
7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	6	157	12	...	...	...	...	177	18	195	
43	1	8	1	...	...	...	...	14	1	67	8	558	36	60	2	32	1	717	47	764	
18	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	10	143	8	86	...	21	5	275	23	298	
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	25	3	116	10	45	3	19	3	205	19	224	
22	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	50	13	259	18	181	3	40	8	480	42	22	
60	1	5	...	12	2	...	...	8	...	27	3	406	37	51	1	7	1	491	42	533	
14	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	4	109	12	...	...	...	...	120	16	136	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	1	93	17	...	...	...	...	112	18	130	
74	1	5	2	12	2	...	...	8	...	57	8	608	66	51	1	7	1	723	76	799	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	18	195	1	...	...	9	...	270	19	289	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	9	114	4	...	...	...	...	195	13	208	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	147	27	309	5	...	...	9	...	465	32	497	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	151	...	213	55	...	...	364	55	419	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	181	29	141	8	25	...	12	13	359	50	409	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	14	224	15	...	...	...	...	264	29	293	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	221	43	516	23	238	55	12	13	987	134	1,121	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116	17	162	5	14	...	9	1	301	23	324	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	230	25	...	...	...	...	243	25	268	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	14	152	17	...	...	...	...	242	31	273	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	219	31	544	47	14	...	9	1	786	79	865	
399	2	87	5	47	9	27	...	42	2	886	166	3,878	251	494	61	109	24	5,367	502	5,869	

II. C.—4. Shewing the Number of Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873, who had been previously in Jail.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			
No.	JAIL.	Total Number of Prisoners during the year.	No. of those in Prison once before.						No. of those twice before in Prison.				No. of those more than twice before in Prison.				Total Number out of column 3, who had been previously in Prison.	Ratio of total of column 7, per cent of total in column 3.
			A			B			A		B		A		B			
			For Crime belonging to same class.			For different Crimes.			For Crime belonging to same class.		For different Crimes.		For Crime belonging to same class.		For different Crimes.			
			M	F		M	F		M	F		M	F		M	F		
1	Bangalore Central Jail	1,209	92	75	3	42		36	2	8		66	15		242	5	20-016	5-434
	District Jails.																	
2	Mysore	540	29	4		7		5		2		3	2		21	2	3-8	6-896
3	Hassan	177	18	3		4				2			1		10		5-649	
	Total.....	717	47	7		11		5		4		3	2	1	31	2	4-323	4-255
4	Kolar	275	23	18		6	1	8		2			4		38	1	13-91	4-34
5	Tumkūr	205	19	9		2		1							12		5-85	
	Total.....	480	42	27		8	1	9		2			4		50	1	10-41	2-38
6	Shimoga	491	42	22		9		1		1		3			36		6-80	
7	Kadur	120	16			3									3		1-66	
8	Chitaldroog	112	18	1											1		0-89	
	Total.....	723	76	23		12		1		1		3			40		5-5	
	Local Lock-ups.																	
9	Mysore	270	19															
10	Hassan	195	13	1											1		5-12	
	Total.....	465	32	1											1		2-15	
11	Bangalore	364	55															
12	Kolar	359	50															
13	Tumkūr	264	29															
	Total.....	987	134															
14	Shimoga	301	23															
15	Kadur	243	25	2											2		1-6	
16	Chitaldroog	242	31	2						1					3		1-26	
	Total.....	786	79	4						1					5		8-9	
	Grand Total...	5,367	502	137	3	73	1	51	2	16		72	2	20	369	8	6-9	0-1

**II. C.—5. Shewing the Escapes and Recaptures of Convicts
in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.**

1	2	3	4			5	6			7			8			
No.	JAILS.	Remained uncaptured on the 31st Dec m b r 1872.	Escaped during the year.			Grand Total.	Recaptured during the year.			Remaining uncaptured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.			
			A	B	C		A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	D
			From inside the Jail.	From outside the Jail.	Total.		Of those who escaped in previous year.	Of those who escaped during the past year.	Total.	Of previous years.	Of present year.	Total.	Under 1 year.	Above 1 and under 3 years.	Above 3 and under 7 years.	Above 7 years.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	3	1	...	1	4	...	...	...	3	1	4	...	1	...	...
	<i>District Jails.</i>															
2	Mysore	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
3	Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
4	Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Túmkúr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga	23	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	23	...	23	...	...	...	...
7	Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	25	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	25	...	25	...	...	...	...
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>															
9	Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total...	33	1	1	2	35	1	1	2	32	1	33	...	1	...	...

II. C.—6. *Showing the Offences committed by, and the Punishments inflicted*

1 No.	2 JAIL.	3 Average number of Prisoners.		4 Criminal offences committed by Prisoners taken in Jail.			5 Offences against Prison																	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.																		
							A Willful disobedience.	B Assault or criminal force.	C Insulting or threatening language.	D Indecent or disorderly behaviour.	E Willfully disobling him- self for labor.	F Contumaciously refusing to work.	G Filing or cutting irons or bars.	H Idleness or negligence at work.	I Willful mismanagement of work.									
1	Bangalore Central Jail	705-582	24-704	19	...	19	103	...	7	...	12	...	3	...	7	...	8	...	3	...	16	...	8	...
	District Jails.																							
2	Mysore	257-404	11-122	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Hassan	20-044	1-616	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	277-448	12-738	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Kolar	87-58	4-95	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Tumkūr	64-18	6-47	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	151-76	11-42	1	...	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga	348-90	25-40	1	...	1	4	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
7	Kadur	15-24	3-22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog	29-18	6-03	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	393-32	34-65	1	...	1	4	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
	Local Lock-ups.																							
9	Mysore District	7-131	5-97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do	6-696	3-81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	13-827	9-78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	7-54	7-9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do	12-12	1-57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkūr do	7-83	6-3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	27-49	2-99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	4-61	0-31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do	7-33	0-72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do	6-42	1-03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	18-36	2-06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	1587-787	89-540	21	...	21	107	...	20	...	18	...	3	...	7	...	9	...	36	...	16	...	10	...

**II. C.—7. Shewing Particulars regarding the Convicts who were
of the Province of Mysore**

No.	2 JAIL.	3		4										5	
		Average number of prisoners during the year.		Total number employed during the year as.										Average number employed during the year.	
				A		B		C		D		E			
				Warders.	Work-Overseers.	Intramural Guards.	Extramural Guards.	Total.							
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	105-582	24-704	40	228	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	2	44	2
	<i>District Jails.</i>														
2	Mysore ...	257-404	11-122	8	9	1	2	...	...	4	...	23	1	18-121	1
3	Hassan ...	20-044	1-616	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	277-448	12-738	8	9	1	2	...	...	4	...	23	1	18-121	1
4	Kolar ...	87-58	4-95	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	8	...	8	...
5	Tumkūr ...	64-18	6-47	1	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	4	1
	Total.....	151-76	11-42	1	1	7	...	4	...	...	...	12	1	12	1
6	Shimoga ...	348-90	25-40	10	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	16	1	16-80	0-20
7	Kadur ...	15-24	3-22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog ...	29-18	6-03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	593-32	34-65	10	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	16	1	16-80	0-20
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>														
9	Mysore District ...	7-131	5-97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	6-696	3-81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	13-827	9-78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District ...	7-54	7-9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	12-12	1-57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkūr do ...	7-83	6-3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	27-49	2-99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District ...	4-61	0-31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	7-33	0-72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	6-42	1-03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	18-36	2-06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	1,587-787	89-54	59	4	50	1	6	...	4	...	119	5	90-921	4-20

employed as Guards, Overseers, and Warders in the Jails during the year 1873.

6	7				8				9	10	11
Ratio of average number so employed per cent of average number of prisoners in Jail, Column 3.	Period of imprisonment accomplished by those so employed on date of first appointment.				Portion of sentence remaining unexpired on date of first appointment.				Number returned for misconduct during the year.	Number otherwise punished during the year.	
	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D			
	One year.	Above one and not exceeding two years.	Above two and not exceeding five years.	Above five years.	Under one year.	Above one and under two.	Above two and under five.	Above five.			
	Male. Female.	Male. Female.	Male. Female.	Male. Female.	Male. Female.	Male. Female.	Male. Female.	Male. Female.			
6-23	5 ...	4 ...	25 ...	34 ...	2 15 ...	20 ...	24 ...	9 2	6 ...	9 ...	
7-127	3 ...	3 ...	9 ...	8 1 4 ...	6 ...	9 ...	4 1 4 ...				
6-8	3 ...	3 ...	9 ...	8 1 4 ...	6 ...	9 ...	4 1 4 ...				
8-64	4 ...	4 ...			4 ...	4 ...					
7-07	4 1 ...				3 1 ...			1 ...			
7-96	8 1 4 ...				7 1 4 ...			1 ...			
4-55	1 ...	4 ...	11 ...	1 ...	7 1 6 ...		3 ...				
4-55	1 ...	4 ...	11 ...	1 ...	7 1 6 ...		3 ...				
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II. C.—8. Shewing the State of Education of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore for the year 1873.

1	2	3	4	5						6					
No.	JAIL.	Daily average number of Prisoners.	Daily average number under instruction.	Of those received during the year, there were—						Of the "Total" of the year there have learned while in Jail.					
				Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Neither to read nor write.		To read or write a little.		To read and write well.	
				M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	730-286	402-416	409	64	24	1	95	...	573	91	495	1	141	...
	<i>District Jails.</i>														
2	Mysore ...	268-526	181-344	221	21	43	...	12	...	455	29	70	...	15	...
3	Hassan ...	21-660	...	133	15	24	...	8	1	177	18	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	290-186	181-344	354	36	67	...	20	1	632	47	70	...	15	...
4	Kolar ...	92-53	...	159	15	25	1	6	...	275	23	...	...	...	...
5	Tumkur ...	70-65	...	125	10	...	...	...	...	205	19	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	163-18	...	284	25	25	1	6	...	480	42	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga ...	374-30	109-64	147	26	22	...	5	...	337	42	131	...	23	...
7	Kadur ...	18-46	...	101	16	1	...	4	...	120	16	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog ...	35-21	...	60	17	9	...	7	...	112	18	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	427-97	109-64	308	59	32	...	16	...	569	76	131	...	23	...
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>														
9	Mysore District ...	7-728	...	249	18	10	...	...	...	270	19	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	7-077	...	135	13	38	...	17	...	195	13	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	14-805	...	384	31	48	...	17	...	465	32	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	8-33	...	362	55	...	...	...	...	364	55	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	13-69	...	354	50	...	...	...	...	359	50	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkur do ...	8-46	...	255	29	...	...	...	...	264	29	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	30-48	...	971	134	...	...	...	...	987	134	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	4-92	...	300	23	...	...	...	...	301	23	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	8-05	...	183	24	47	...	...	...	243	25	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	7-45	...	211	29	16	...	9	...	242	31	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	20-42	...	694	76	63	...	9	...	786	79	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total...	1,677-327	693-400	3,404	425	259	2	163	1	4,492	501	696	1	179	...

**II. C.—9. Showing the Expenditure incurred in the guarding and maintenance
excluding the cost of building new Jails,**

1		2		3				4				5				6									
No.	JAIL.	Rations.				Fixed Establishment.				Police Guard.				Extra Establishment.											
		A		B		A		B		A		B		A		B									
		Total Cost.		Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.		Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.		Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.		Cost per head of average strength.									
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.						
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	22,609	11	7	30	5	7	20,159	7	7	27	9	10	7,246	11	9	9	14	10	2,970	6	1	4	1	1
	District Jails.																								
2	Mysore ...	9,084	9	2	33	13	4	5,289	8	2	19	11	2	4,694	...	...	17	7	8	653	3	...	2	6	11
3	Hassan ...	614	5	4	28	5	9	720	15	8	33	4	7	1,380	...	...	64	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	9,698	14	6	53	6	8	6,010	7	10	20	11	5	6,074	...	...	20	14	1	653	3	...	2	6	11
4	Kolar ...	1,752	12	3	18	15	...	1,558	5	10	16	13	5	1,705	6	1	18	6	10	653	12	2	7	1	...
5	Tumkūr ...	2,068	3	...	29	4	4	1,237	2	1	17	8	2	1,932	10	3	27	5	8	653	3	1	9	3	11
	Total.....	3,820	15	3	24	1	8	2,795	7	11	17	2	9	3,638	...	4	22	14	3	1,306	15	3	8	2	6
6	Shimoga ...	9,996	5	6	26	9	10	5,459	4	1	14	10	3	5,263	13	8	14	4	2	2,775	15	8	6	4	6
7	Kadur ...	483	2	3	26	2	9	496	5	...	26	14	2	437	14	4	23	11	6	19	5	...	1	...	9
8	Chitaldroog ...	697	1	7	19	12	9	1,119	9	11	31	12	9	1,241	12	8	35	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	11,176	9	4	26	1	9	7,075	3	...	16	8	5	6,943	8	8	16	3	6	2,795	4	8	6	8	6
	Local Lock-ups.																								
9	Mysore District ...	95	10	11	12	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,010	4	9	260	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	133	3	10	8	13	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,662	12	3	234	15	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	228	14	9	15	7	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,673	1	...	248	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	121	3	8	14	11	4	21	5	9	1	9	1	1,569	6	11	188	13	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	175	2	6	13	6	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,486	10	2	190	11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkūr do ...	107	9	7	12	11	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	882	...	3	104	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	403	15	9	13	9	10	21	5	9	...	8	4	4,938	1	4	161	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	84	5	11	17	2	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	900	13	7	183	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	143	1	6	17	12	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,507	2	10	186	15	11	19	5	...	2	6	7
16	Chitaldroog do ...	95	2	...	12	12	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,041	14	9	140	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	322	9	5	15	13	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,449	15	2	169	1	10	19	5	...	15	2	...
	Grand Total...	48,261	10	7	28	12	4	36,062	...	1	21	9	...	35,963	6	3	21	7	1	7,745	2	...	4	9	8

II. C.—10. *Shewing the Expenses incurred in the guarding and maintenance of each (excluding cost of building new Jails, and of additions, alterations and repairs) each of the four years immediately*

1	2	3										4										5																													
No.	JAIL.	Cost of Rations per head of average strength.										Cost of Fixed Establishment, Police Guard, and Extra Establishment per head of average strength.										Cost of all Hospital Charges per head of average strength.																													
		1869					1870					1871					1872					1873					1869					1870					1871					1872					1873				
		Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.														
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	28		230	13	27	8	28		230	15	25	1	39	14	42	1	41	8	41	9	111	1	11	111	1	11	110	1	12	1	11																			
	District Jails.																																																		
2	Mysore...	38	130	5	29	129	15	33	13	46	14	49	2	45	9	38	10	39	10	1	1	13	13	1	7	2	6																								
3	Hassan...	27	634	14	26	426	7	28	5	129	3	167	5	103	2	98	0	107	7																																
	Total.....	37	930	8	28	1429	12	33	6	50	9	56	6	49	6	42	14	44	0	1	1	12	12	1	6	2	6																								
4	Kolar ...	31	1137	0	25	920	12	18	15	65	7	54	0	79	4	62	1	42	5	5	12	6	7	11																											
5	Tumkūr ...	25	027	15	30	028	2	29	4	49	8	59	10	79	7	65	2	54	2	10	10	2	1	4	10																										
	Total.....	28	232	7	27	1324	7	24	2	57	0	56	14	79	6	63	10	48	5	7	11	1	3	13	11																										
6	Shimoga ...	19	322	1	22	1024	10	26	10	31	12	41	1	40	3	45	1	35	3	113	1	2	11	9	13																										
7	Kadur ...	34	1130	12	30	526	5	26	3	356	1	127	11	99	11	92	13	51	11	11	1	5	1	3	2	2																									
8	Chitaldroog ...	19	223	2	27	1021	13	19	13	31	2	92	0	53	6	56	11	67	1	411	3	12	4	5	1	5																									
	Total.....	19	1222	11	23	824	6	26	2	43	14	55	13	43	12	48	14	39	4	2	1	15	1	4	1	3	1	4																							
	Local Lock-ups.																																																		
9	Mysore District ...	13	1457	10	9	1111	1	12	6	183	14	631	4	253	15	288	8	260	0			9																													
10	Hassan do ...	16	1315	7	15	915	6	8	13	52	4	175	13	180	15	164	10	234	15																																
	Total.....	14	1336	1	12	013	8	15	7	143	5	393	11	211	8	218	14	248	1			3																													
11	Bangalore District...	20	319	1	13	1113	9	14	11	118	0	126	15	201	7	217	3	190	7																																
12	Kolar do ...	17	047	3	12	613	4	13	7	191	5	701	5	204	11	233	3	190	11																																
13	Tumkūr do ...	9	89	9	11	1311	12	12	11	228	14	164	15	120	12	107	2	104	4																																
	Total.....	17	1124	6	12	1112	14	13	10	155	2	277	10	187	12	185	13	161	13																																
14	Shimoga District...	21	834	2	9	715	5	17	3	1059	15	363	2	105	6	289	11	183	8																																
15	Kadur do ...	22	1119	12	17	1215	15	17	12	522	8	328	3	223	7	178	14	187	0																																
16	Chitaldroog do ...	13	711	12	10	812	0	12	12	878	10	164	13	204	5	244	6	140	1																																
	Total.....	19	118	8	11	1514	9	15	13	776	1	245	4	176	0	218	7	170	1																																
	Grand Total.....	27	628	13	26	426	11	28	12	44	5	53	14	52	0	51	10	47	10	1	8	1	7	1	5	1	7	1	8																						

*Convict in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873,
compared with the expenses incurred on the same account in
preceding.*

6										7										8										9
Cost of clothing per head of average strength.										Cost of contingencies per head of average strength.										Total cost per head of average strength.										No
1869	1870	1871	1872	1873	1869	1870	1871	1872	1873	1869	1870	1871	1872	1873	1869	1870	1871	1872	1873											
Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.					
3 13 3	3	4 9 4	9 3 10	3 11	3 9	3 6	4 12	3 10	62 6	79 3	79 2	80 11	81 8	3 5 3	13 4	7 2	9 2 10	4 4	3 7	3 8	3 ...	4 2	93 9	87 8	83 6	75 10	82 9			
5 14	...	3 14 2	2 2 1	5 3	7 12	8 2	10 ...	8 9	167 10	209 15	141 6	136 9	136 8	3 5 3	9 4 6	2 8	2 9	4 5	3 6	3 13	3 8	4 7	96 14	94 9	87 3	80 1	86 8			
4 4 3	5 9 3	...	...	1 15	11 15	3 15	6 9	6 1	5 1	113 10	99 ...	120 15	89 8	68 15	5 8 9	3 ...	2 7	1 10	4 3	6 7	9 10	11 6	11 10	84 13	103 13	121 1	108 6	97 4		
4 14 6	4 4 9	1 3 1	12 7 15	5 4	8 1	8 12	8 5	98 6	101 7	121 ...	98 15	83 2	...	1 8 3	2 2 3	3 3 3	4 6	1 7	1 5	2 8	2 14	57 2	67 3	67 15	75 1	69 12				
...	3 8 9	...	...	...	17 8	15 3	14 4	17 6	15 8	408 7	193 4	149 4	137 13	100 11	4 6 5	6 6 15	1 1	3 6	6 12	9 8	8 8	6 13	6 8	66 1	133 12	100 7	91 8	101 13		
...	7 2 4	3 9 1	15 3 4	5 2	3 3	2 11	3 13	3 11	71 4	80 7	74 12	80 3	73 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	4 4	40 13	8 8	6 11	5 11	204 ...	730 4	274 2	306 5	278 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	2 1	16 5	9 8	7 14	11 15	71 2	207 9	206 ...	188 ...	265 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	3 9	28 6	9 1	7 6	8 13	161 11	458 5	232 9	239 12	272 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1 8	2 15	5 8	138 8	146 9	215 7	223 12	210 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	1 8	33 11	8 2	9 1	12 1	209 13	782 3	225 3	255 10	216 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	5 3	6 6	5 9	3 6	4 5	213 9	180 14	138 2	122 5	221 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	1 3	10 15	5 2	5 2	7 5	174 ...	312 15	205 4	203 14	182 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	10 1	...	2	6 5	5 8	5 10	554 15	348 1	247 8	200 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	3 3	5 11	6 11	8 ...	7 ...	895 4	182 4	220 13	264 6	159 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	5 3	3 3	...	5 7	5 3	800 5	267 15	192 2	238 7	191 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
2 15 3	5 4 2	3 1 3	...	4 8	4 11	3 11	4 11	4 5	80 10	93 2	87 6	87 8	85 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

II. C.—11. *Shewing the Employment of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province*

1	2	3	4	5	6				7				8										
No.	JAIL	Average number sentenced to labor.	Average number unable to labor from sickness or old age.	Average number of convalecents and weakly convicts employed on light labor.	Jail Servants.				Building and repairing Jail.				Grinding wheat and making clothing or other articles for Prison use.										
					A	B	C	D	A	B	C	A	B	C									
															Average number of convicts so employed.	Ratio per cent of average strength.	Average estimated monthly earning per head.		Total estimated earnings for the year.	Average number of convicts so employed.	Average estimated monthly earning per head.		Total estimated earnings for the year.
																	Rs	As			Rs.	As	
1	Bangalore Central Jail	710	31	67	119	17	4	5,712	15	6	1,080	35	4	1,680									
	District Jails.																						
2	Mysore	256-223	14-167	19-753	48-529	18-072	3 4	1,892 10	14-519	3 4	566 4	25-996	3 4	1,013 14									
3	Hassan	14-295	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	14 22									
	Total.....	270-518	14-167	19-753	48-529	18-072	3 4	1,892 10	14-519	3 4	566 4	27-996	2 1	1,036									
4	Kolār	58-11	1-93	4-97	8	8-64	2 8	240	1-31	2 8	89 5	8-50	2 8	255									
5	Tumkūr	58-11	1-93	10-61	12-05	17-05	2 13	404 11	23-79	2 13	802 14	4-23	2 13	142 12									
	Total.....	116-22	3-86	15-58	20-05	13-56	2 10	644 11	25-10	2 10	842 3	12-73	2 10	397 12									
6	Shimoga	374-30	4-72	10-80	59-36	16-90	5	3,591 8	6-00	5	30	40-15	5	2,409									
7	Radur	18-46	1-38	0-49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-30	5	150									
8	Chitaldroog	35-21	2-71	6-66	5-04	14-31	5	302 6	1-32	5	79 3	2-82	5	169 3									
	Total.....	428-17	8-81	17-95	64-90	31-21	5	3,893 14	7-32	5	109 3	45-47	5	2,728 3									
	Local Lock-ups.																						
9	Mysore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
10	Hassan do	4-901	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Total.....	4-901	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
11	Bangalore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
12	Kolār do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
13	Tumkūr do	8-46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Total.....	8-46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
14	Shimoga District	4-92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
15	Radur do	8-05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
16	Chitaldroog do	7-45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Total.....	20-42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Grand Total...	1553-689	57-837	120-283	252-479	15-05	4	12,143 3	61-939	3 7	2,597 10	121-196	4	5,841 15									

Mysore during the year 1873, and their estimated Earnings.

9				10										11						12					
On the roads employed by P. W. D., or by Municipalities.				On Jail Garden.										On Manufactories.						Total.					
A	B	C		A	B	C	D	E						A	B	C		A	B						
Average number employed.	Average estimated or actual monthly earning per head.		Total estimated earnings for the year.	Average number employed.	Value of vegetables supplied to prisoners.		Value of vegetables sold.		Average estimated monthly earning per head.		Total estimated earnings for the year.	Average number employed.	Estimated profits of year.		Average profits per head of those so employed.		Total estimated earnings of the Prisoners sentenced to labor.	Average estimated earnings per head of Prisoners sentenced to labor.		No.					
	Rs	As			Rs.	As	Rs.	As	Rs.	As			Rs.	As	Rs.	As		Rs.	As		Rs.	As			
52	4	...	2,496...	61	1,538	10	264	7	4	...	2,928	...	330	8,894	7	26	15	22,790	7	32	1				
18-533	3	4	722	13	23-254	432	12	...	...	3	4	906	14	91-47	1,045	9	11	7	6,148	...	24	...			
973	4	24	487	2	2-56	86	2	...	...	2	13	86	6	...	...	...	...	...	595	10	41	10			
28-363	3	11	1,209	15	25-814	568	14	...	...	3	6	993	4	91-47	1,045	9	11	7	6,743	10	24	...			
30-62	2	8	918	9	18-27	271	2	75	13	1	8	346	15	14-54	136	12	9	5	1,936	9	23	13			
...	...	...	...	...	9-04	57	15	4	13	0	9	62	12	9-0	303	12	33	12	1,718	13	24	5			
30-62	2	8	918	9	27-31	329	1	80	10	1	...	409	11	23-54	440	8	25	9	3,655	6	27	4			
136-85	5	...	8,220	...	82-51	1,096	11	265	...	5	...	4,954	4	36-98	3,909	9	100	13	23,114	5	51	15			
8-13	5	...	487	12	7-82	55	9	...	...	5	...	465	2	...	...	...	...	...	1,162	14	60	...			
7-09	5	...	425	6	5-80	196	5	164	4	5	...	348	...	3-77	226	3	60	...	1,550	5	44	...			
152-07	5	...	9,133	2	96-3	1,338	9	429	4	5	...	5,767	6	40-75	4,135	12	101	7	25,767	8	60	3			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
4-901	3	34	189	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	189	10	38	...			
4-901	3	34	189	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	189	10	38	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8-46	285	8	33	11	285	8	33	11			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8-46	285	8	33	11	285	8	33	11			
4-92	5	...	294	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	294	10	60	...			
8-05	5	...	483	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	483	7	60	...			
7-44	5	...	446	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	446	7	60	...			
20-42	5	...	1,224	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,224	8	60	...			
288-374	4	6	15,171	12	210-254	3,775	2	774	5	4	...	10,098	5	494-22	14,801	12	30	1	60,654	9	38	15			

No.

II. C.—12. Showing the Results of the Manufactories

1	2	3														
No.	JAIL.	Cash.														
		Debits.									Credits.					
		A			B			C			D			E		
		Balance at close of previous year.			Cash receipts during this year.			Total cash debits (against the Sur- perintendent.)			Expended during the year.			Cash remitted to the Treasury.		
		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	324	1	10	46,222	4	4	46,546	6	2	24,326	8	2	22,037	8	4
	District Jails.															
2	Mysore ...	91	5	11	3,502	0	11	3,593	6	10	2,389	13	4	1,045	9	3
3	Hassan ...															
	Total.....	91	5	11	3,502	0	11	3,593	6	10	2,389	13	4	1,045	9	3
4	Kolar ...				109	12	3	109	12	3	50	0	0	59	12	3
5	Tumkūr ...	200	4	0	206	7	4	406	11	4	130	9	2	75	14	2
	Total.....	200	4	0	316	3	7	516	7	7	180	9	2	135	10	5
6	Shimoga ...	72	12	5	3,780	13	4	3,853	9	9	1,382	8	1	2,290	2	3
7	Kadur ...															
8	Chitaldroog ...	10	4	0	417	8	4	427	12	4	25	0	0	402	12	4
	Total.....	83	0	5	4,198	5	8	4,281	6	1	1,407	8	1	2,692	14	7
	Local Lock-ups.															
9	Mysore District ...															
10	Hassan do ...															
	Total.....															
11	Bangalore District.															
12	Kolar do ...															
13	Tumkūr do ...				33	2	2	33	2	2				33	2	2
	Total.....				33	2	2	33	2	2				33	2	2
14	Shimoga District...															
15	Kadur do ...															
16	Chitaldroog do ...															
	Total.....															
	Grand Total.....	698	12	2	54,272	0	8	54,970	12	10	28,304	6	9	25,944	12	9

II. C.—13. Shewing the Scales of Diet in force in the Jails of the Province of Mysore and the Average Cost of the Chief Articles composing it during the year 1873.

1	2	3	4	5	6										7												
					Average Rate at which procured during the year.												Average monthly cost of diet of each convict.										
					A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	A	B											
JAIL.					Wheat	Meat	Dal	Rice	Salt	Ghee	Oil	Spices	Fish	Fuel	Labor- ing.	Non- labor ing.											
					lbs.	oz.	lbs.	oz.	lbs.	oz.	lbs.	oz.	lbs.	oz.	Rs.	As.											
During this year meat was not stopped, but 2 oz of vegetables daily extra and 8 oz of Tyre weekly has been issued.					72	14	8	14	7	23	11	29	4	2	8	5	5	6	8	2	10	10	1	8			
...					100	9	16	35	27	2	6	10	140	2	1	11	4	2	8	3	2	4	6				
...					97	12	8	3	17	6	34	4	28	11	2	12	6	1	5	12	1	9	3	1	5	8	
...					100	5	5	14	28	2	33	4	2	10	2	10	12	1	200	1	8	3	2	6	1	8	
...					71	6	9	5	13	11	26	15	18	2	5	5	13	4	213	5	2	3	6	1	8	6	
...					49	3	14	13	7	36	5	26	6	5	12	192	14	2	5	6	2	3	6	2	3	6	
...					111	4	8	6	18	13	23	6	21	11	2	6	6	8	97	9	1	10	5	1	4	5	
...					1	6	1	1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
...					1	6																					

No.

APPENDIX

New Scale of Dietary

ARTICLES.	A. Class.							B. Class.						
	Diet of Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.							Diet or long term prisoners for the first three months and for all not fit for hard labor.						
	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.
Rice	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Ragi	26	13	26	13	26	13	26	24	12	24	12	24	12	24
Dál or ballar ...	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4
Mutton	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Tyre and butter milk...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	8	...
Vegetables ...	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Salt	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$
Tamarind	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Gingelly oil ...	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Ghee	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Curry powder...	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$
Onions	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Garlic	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$
Pepper	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coriander	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chillies... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Firewood	2 or 1 lb. daily.							2 or 1 lb. daily.						

Men who do not eat meat to have Dál
4 oz. daily, Ghee $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. on meat days.

for Prisoners.

C. Class.								D. Class.								E. Class.							
Diet of Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment under one year.								Non-laboring diet.								Ordinary Hospital diet.							
Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Remarks.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Remarks.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Remarks.
oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.		oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.		oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	
24	24	24	24	24	24	24		20	20	20	20	20	20	20		20	10	20	10	20	10	20	
3	3	3	3	3	3	3		2	2	2	2	2	2	2		3	2	3	2	3	2	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1		...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3	3	3	3	3	3	3		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
16	16	16	16	16	16	16		16	16	16	16	16	16	16		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	16	16	16	16	16	16		16	16	16	16	16	16	16		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Men who do not eat meat to get 4 oz. of Bait and 2 oz. of Ghee on meat days.								Men who do not eat meat to get 4 oz. of Bait and 2 oz. of Ghee on meat days.								Men who do not eat meat to get 4 oz. of Bait and 2 oz. of Ghee on meat days.							
2 or 1 lb. daily.								2 or 1 lb. daily.								2 or 1 lb. daily.							
Under-thrift Prisoners have meat once and twice a week, according to length of confinement.																							
Mutton to be of the ordinary sort supplied to the Jail, but without bone. Prisoners who do not eat meat to receive 3 oz. of Ghee or 8 oz. of lard in lieu thereof.																							

*Same as in Medical Code for Native patients.

APPENDIX B.

Old Scale of Dietary for Prisoners.

ARTICLES OF DIET.	Class A.			Class B.			Class C.			Class D.		
	Men sentenced to labor.			Men awaiting trial undergoing simple imprisonment, and women			Children of both sexes under 14 years of age.			Sick in Hospital.		
	lbs.	oz.	dr.	lbs.	oz.	dr.	lbs.	oz.	dr.	lbs.	oz.	dr.
1 Ragi Flour ...	1	8	0	1	4	0	1	0	0	Adults as class B. Children as Class C. But rice may be substituted for ragi and medical comforts and extra diet issued at the recommendation of the Medical Officer, for which a contingent bill is to be submitted.		
2 Dál or Ballar*...	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	2	0			
3 Vegetables ...	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	2	0			
4 Salt ...	0	0	8	0	0	8	0	0	6			
5 Tamarind ...	0	0	8	0	0	8	0	0	6			
6 Onions... ..	0	0	8	0	0	8	0	0	8			
7 Turmeric ...	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$			
8 Coriander ...	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$			
9 Chillies ...	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	2			
10 Black Pepper ...	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$			
11 Gingelly Oil ...	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	2			
Total.....	2	2	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	12	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	$9\frac{1}{4}$			
12 Firewood ...	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0			
* To be issued on alternate days (i. e.) Dál one day, Ballar the next.	On Sundays an equal quantity of caru boiled rice to be substituted for ragi and 4 oz. meat added.			On Sundays an equal quantity of caru boiled rice to be substituted for ragi.			On Sundays an equal quantity of caru boiled rice to be substituted for ragi.					

Brahmans and inhabitants of the Malnad Taluks should be allowed to have rice instead of ragi, in the same quantity, and Brahmans and Lingayats sentenced to hard labor should be allowed half a pint of tyre on Sundays in lieu of the 4 oz. of meat allowed to lower caste prisoners.

II. C.—14. *Shewing the Expenditure incurred in the Construction of new Jails, of the Convicts in the Province of Mysore*

1 Number.	2 JAIL.	3 Estimated Cost of new Jail, if any sanctioned.		4 Expended on the construction of new jail in previous year.		5 Expended on new Jail during the past year.				6 Expended during the past year on additions, alterations and repairs.			
						A		B		A		B	
						By Jail Department.		By Public Works Department.		By Jail Department.		By Public Works Department.	
		Rs.	As P.	Rs.	As P.	Rs.	As P.	Rs.	As P.	Rs.	As P.	Rs.	As P.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,249	12 0	2,626	9 9
	<i>District Jails.</i>												
2	Mysore... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	277	0 0	...	...
3	Hassan... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	277	0 0	...	...
4	Polar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	0 0	...	...
5	Tumkūr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	564	0 0	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	664	0 0	...	...
6	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>												
9	Mysore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	7 6
12	Kolar do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkūr do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	7 6
14	Shimoga District.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,190	12 0	2,668	1 3

and on additions, alterations and repairs with the gross and net cost during the year 1873, including all charges.

7			8			9			10			11			12			13
Total expended, Columns 5 and 6.			Expended on maintenance and guarding of the Prisoners during the past year as shewn in Statement No. IX.			Total Expenditure on the Prisoners of the Jails during the past year, Columns 7 and 8.			Deduct Cash Receipts remitted to the Treasury.			Net Cost to Government during the year per Convict.			Net Profit to Government during the year per Convict.			Number.
Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	Rs.	As	P.	
3,876	5	9	59,497	5	11	63,373	11	8	22,037	8	4	30	15	9	...	...	...	
277	0	0	22,165	2	6	22,442	2	6	1,045	9	3	32	14	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2,946	12	4	2,946	12	4	...	...	...	15	1	9	...	...	...	
277	0	0	25,111	14	10	25,388	14	10	1,045	9	3	31	13	9	...	...	...	
100	0	0	6,386	5	9	6,486	5	9	59	12	3	21	12	3	...	...	...	
564	0	0	6,872	7	3	7,436	7	3	75	14	2	33	3	2	...	...	...	
664	0	0	13,258	13	0	13,922	13	0	135	10	5	26	10	9	...	...	...	
...	...	...	26,105	1	10	26,105	1	10	2,290	2	3	48	15	7	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1,818	7	3	1,818	7	3	...	...	...	13	5	0	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3,584	14	10	3,584	14	10	402	12	4	22	14	3	...	...	...	
...	...	...	31,508	7	11	31,508	7	11	2,682	14	7	85	2	10	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2,151	15	1½	2,151	15	1	...	...	...	7	7	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1,830	6	10	1,889	6	10	...	...	...	9	0	8	...	...	...	
...	...	...	4,032	5	11½	4,032	5	11	...	...	...	8	1	10	...	...	...	
41	7	6	1,757	14	9	1,799	6	3	...	...	...	3	2	0	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2,824	0	7	2,824	0	7	...	...	...	6	14	5	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1,026	6	0	1,026	6	0	33	2	2	3	8	0	...	...	...	
41	7	6	5,608	5	4	5,649	12	10	33	2	2	5	0	7	...	...	...	
...	...	...	993	2	11	993	2	11	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1,695	13	0	1,695	13	0	...	...	...	6	4	10	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1,189	3	11	1,189	3	11	...	...	...	4	5	5	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3,878	3	10	3,878	3	10	...	...	...	4	7	4	...	...	...	
4,858	13	3	1,42,914	13	9	1,47,773	11	0	25,944	12	9	19	6	8	...	...	...	

H. C.—15. *Shewing the Sickness and Mortality among the Convicts*

No.	JAIL.	3			4			5			6			7			8		
		Capacity of the Jail Barracks at 36 superficial feet per Prisoner.			Average number of Prisoners above capacity.			Average number of Prisoners below capacity.			Average daily strength during the year.			Total population during the year.			Number admitted into Hospital during the year.		
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	722	78	800	...	...	...	17	53	70	705	25	730	1241	93	1,334	616	36	652
	<i>District Jails.</i>																		
2	Mysore ...	457	24	481	...	...	...	198-596	12-898	212-474	257-404	11-122	268-526	619	31	650	419	1	420
3	Hassan ...	52	10	62	...	...	...	31-956	8-384	40-340	20-044	1-616	21-660	177	19	196	23	...	23
	Total.....	509	34	543	...	...	...	231-552	21-262	252-814	277-448	12-738	290-186	796	50	846	442	1	443
4	Kolar ...	110	10	120	...	...	...	22-42	6-05	27-47	87-58	4-95	92-53	312	23	335	18	...	18
5	Tumkur ...	300	30	330	...	...	...	235-82	23-53	259-35	64-18	6-47	70-65	219	23	242	79	3	82
	Total.....	410	40	450	...	...	...	258-24	28-58	286-82	151-76	11-42	163-18	531	46	577	97	3	100
6	Shimoga ...	300	25	325	67-61	4-71	72-32	...	...	...	348-90	25-40	374-30	639	57	696	179	13	192
7	Kadur ...	16-79	1-21	18-00	...	2-01	2-01	1-55	...	1-55	15-243	3-22	18-46	120	16	136	33	1	34
8	Chitaldroog ...	6-4	3-0	6-7	...	3-03	3-03	34-82	...	34-82	29-18	6-03	35-21	120	19	139	70	2	72
	Total.....	380-79	29-21	410	12-53	5-44	17-97	...	...	...	393-32	34-65	427-97	879	92	971	282	18	296
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>																		
9	Mysore District...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7-131	-597	7-728	273	19	292	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6-096	-381	7-077	195	13	208	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13-827	-978	14-805	468	32	500	...	...	...
11	Bangalore Dist...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7-54	-79	8-33	364	55	419	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12-12	1-57	13-69	412	54	466	...	...	...
13	Tumkur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7-83	-63	8-46	267	29	296	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27-49	2-99	30-48	1043	138	1181	...	...	...
14	Shimoga Dist ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4-61	-31	4-92	301	23	324	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7-33	-72	8-05	243	25	268	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6-42	1-03	7-45	242	31	273	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18-36	2-06	20-42	786	79	865	...	...	...
	Grand Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1587-787	89-54	1,677-327	5,744	530	6,274	1,437	56	1,493

II. C.—16. *Shewing the Chief Forms of Sickness and Causes of Mortality*

No.	JAIL.	I.—GENERAL															
		Sub-Division A.												Sub-			
		Small-pox.		Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Other diseases of Sub-division A.		Total of Sub-division A.		Scrofula.		Phthisis Pulmonalis	
		A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D
1	Bangalore Central Jail	...	...	118	0	1	...	...	...	25	...	144	...	...	...	...	...
	<i>District Jails.</i>																
2	Mysore	...	...	119	...	...	...	...	...	149	1	268	1	...	...	...	...
3	Hassan	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	128	...	...	...	...	...	149	1	277	1	...	...	...	...
4	Kolar	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Tumkūr	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga	...	...	65	...	5	1	...	...	7	...	77	1	...	...	1	1
7	Kadur	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	24	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog	...	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	99	...	5	1	...	...	26	...	130	1	...	...	1	1
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>																
9	Mysore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkūr do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	...	...	380	...	6	1	...	...	200	1	586	2	...	...	1	1

among the Convicts of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

DISEASES.										II.—LOCAL DISEASES.														No.
Division B.										1		2		3		4		5		6		7		
Anæmia.		Other Diseases of Sub-division B.		Total of Sub-division B.		Total of General Diseases.		Of the Nervous System.		Of the eye.		Of the ear.		Of the nose.		Of the Circulatory System.		Of the Absorbent System.		Of the ductless glands.				
A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D			
...	...	15	...	15	...	159	...	17	1	11	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
3	...	6	2	9	2	277	3	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	1	...	1	...	10	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
3	...	7	2	10	2	287	3	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
1	1	...	...	1	1	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	1	...	1	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
1	1	1	...	2	1	37	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
1	...	7	...	9	1	86	2	3	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	3	1	3	1	32	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
1	...	10	1	12	2	142	3	3	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
5	1	33	3	39	5	625	7	26	1	16	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			

No.	JAIL.	II. LOCAL.													
		8		9											
		Of the Respiratory System.		Of the Digestive System.											
				Dysentery.		Diarrhoea.		Hepatitis.		Jaundice.		Other Diseases of No. 9.		Total of No. 9.	
		A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D
1	Bangalore Central Jail.	10	1	15	2	47	...	...	...	2	...	67	...	131	2
	<i>District Jails.</i>														
2	Mysore ...	3	...	49	3	35	4	...	...	...	...	6	1	90	8
3	Hassan ...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	7	...
	Total.....	3	...	50	3	36	4	...	...	...	...	11	1	97	8
4	Kolar ...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	1
5	Tumkur ...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	7	...
	Total.....	...	...	1	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	10	1
6	Shimoga ...	6	...	17	...	19	...	2	...	2	...	14	...	54	...
7	Kadur ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
8	Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	13	...
	Total.....	6	...	18	...	30	...	2	...	2	...	16	...	68	...
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>														
9	Mysore District ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	19	1	84	5	117	5	2	...	4	...	99	1	306	11

(Continued.)

DISEASES.—(Continued.)

10		11		12		13		14								Total of Local Diseases.		No.
Of the Urinary System.		Of the Generative System.		Of the Organs of Locomotion.		Of the Cellular System.		Of the Cutaneous System.										
								Ulcer.		Boil.		Other Diseases of No. 14.		Total of No. 14.				
A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	
6	...	1	...	2	...	42	...	44	...	94	...	78	1	216	1	439	5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	2	...	23	...	17	...	42	...	145	9	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	2	...	5	...	13	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	4	...	24	...	19	...	47	...	158	9	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	4	...	7	...	12	1	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	16	...	10	...	9	...	35	...	43	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	19	...	10	...	13	...	42	...	55	1	
1	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	6	...	3	...	6	...	15	...	95	...	
4	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	
1	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	2	...	2	...	1	...	5	...	28	...	
6	...	5	1	...	...	19	...	8	...	5	...	7	...	20	...	133	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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12	...	6	1	3	...	67	1	75	...	133	...	117	1	325	1	785	16	

No.	JAIL.	III.—CONDI- TIONS.			IV.—POISONS.	V.—INJURIES.				
		General Debility.	Other Conditions.	Total Conditions.		*2	3	4	5	Total of Injuries.
						Acciden- tal.	Homici- dal.	Self-in- flicted.	Judicial.	
AD										

(Concluded.)

VI.—SURGICAL OPERATIONS.				Ratio of Admissions and Deaths per cent of average strength from—												No
General Total.		Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Dysentery.		Diarrhea.						
A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D			
...	...	667	8	16-164	...	136	...	...	...	2-054	273	6-43	...			
...	...	425	12	44-315	...	...	...	...	...	18-247	1-117	13-034	1-489			
...	...	23	...	41-3	...	...	...	...	...	4-6	...	4-6	...			
...	...	448	12	44-1	...	...	...	...	...	17-2	1-03	12-3	1-3			
...	...	18	2	4-32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-16	1-08			
...	...	82	...	43-87	...	...	...	...	...	1-41	...	2-83	...			
...	...	100	2	23-03	...	...	...	...	...	0-66	...	2-63	66			
...	...	192	3	17-87	...	1-51	0-25	...	...	4-53	...	6-04	0-25			
...	...	34	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	73	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	299	5	17-87	...	1-51	0-25	...	...	4-53	...	6-04	0-25			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
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...	...	...	...													

II. C.—17. *Shewing the monthly rates of admissions into Hospital, of daily average sick, and during the*

[illegible]

of deaths per cent of average strength of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore
year 1873.

[illegible]

II. C.—18. *Shewing the Mortality among the Convicts of the Province of*

1 No.	2 JAIL.	3					4					5						
		Under 16 years.					16 to 20.					20 to 30.						
		Average number.					Number of deaths.					Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.						
		M	F	M	F	Total	M	F	M	F	Total	M	F	M	F	Total	M	F
1	Bangalore Central Jail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	<i>District Jails.</i>																	
2	Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97.953	6.107	1	...	1.021	...	960
3	Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97.953	6.107	1	...	1.021	...	960
4	Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.69	...	1	...	2.95	...	2.95
5	Tumkur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.69	...	1	...	2.95	...	2.95
6	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	190	25	1	...	0.05	...	0.05
7	Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.24	3.22	1	...	5.42	...	5.42
8	Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.18	...	1	...	3.43	...	3.43
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	234.42	28.22	3	...	1.2	...	1.14
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>																	
9	Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	366.06	34.327	5	...	1.36	...	1.2

Mysore during the year 1873, according to Age and Sex.

6							7							8							9 No.
30 to 40.							40 to 50.							Above 50.							
Average number.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.			Average number.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.			Average number.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.			
M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
273	5	5	1	1-831	20	2-166	123	2	1...	813	...	18	73	2...	1	...	50	1-3			
87-393	2-520	8...	9-142	...	8-897	48-103	1-263	3...	6-236	...	6-077	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
87-393	2-520	8...	9-142	...	8-897	48-103	1-263	3...	6-236	...	6-077	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27-85	...	1...	3-59	...	3-59	...	3-59	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27-85	...	1...	3-59	...	3-59	...	3-59	...	
49	22	1...	2-04	...	1-4	69	2	1...	1-49	...	1-4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
49	22	1...	2-04	...	1-4	69	2	1...	1-49	...	1-4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
409-393	29-52	14	1	3-42	3-4	2-2	240-103	5-263	5...	2-08	...	2-04	100-85	2	1	1	99	50	1-9		

II. C.—19. Shewing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails
length of

1	2	3	4			5			6			7		
No.	JAIL.	Average term of residence.	Under one month in Jail.			From 1 to 3 Months.			3 to 6 Months.			6 to 9 Months.		
			Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	...	...	...	...	64	2	3.125	77	2	2.597	...	...	...
	<i>District Jails.</i>	Y. M.												
2	Mysore	1 5½	...	...	...	47.633	2	4.199	39.76	...	...	24.573	1	4.069
3	Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	47.633	2	4.199	39.76	...	...	24.573	1	4.069
4	Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Tumkūr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	1	1.49
7	Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35.21	1	2.84	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35.21	1	2.84	67	1	1.49
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>													
9	Mysore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tumkūr do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	...	...	...	...	111.633	4	3.5	151.97	3	1.9	91.573	2	2.1

of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873, according to imprisonment.

8			9			10			11			12			13			14
9 to 12 Months.			1 to 2 Years.			2 to 3 Years.			3 to 5 Years.			5 to 10 Years.			Above 10 Years.			
Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Number died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	
...	...	...	129	2	1.550	37	1	2.702	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	1	2.173	
19.207	1	5.206	25.369	2	7.884	...	...	...	...	...	...	28.559	6	21.009	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19.207	1	5.206	25.369	2	7.884	...	...	...	...	...	...	28.559	6	21.009	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	
97	2	2.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18.46	1	5.42	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
97	2	2.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18.46	1	5.42	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
116.207	3	2.6	154.369	4	2.5	37	1	2.702	5	2	40	47.019	7	14.9	46	1	2.173	

II. C.—20. Shewing the State of Health of the Convicts admitted into, and discharged from, the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

1	2	3			4			5		6		
No.	JAIL.	State of health on admission into Jail of those admitted during the year.			State of health on discharge from Jail of those discharged during the year.			No. of those discharged.		State of health on their admission into Jail of those who died during the year.		
		A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	A	B	C
		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Who gained weight during imprisonment.	Who lost weight.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	498	105	23	571	3	1	488	87	3	2	3
	<i>District Jails.</i>											
2	Mysore... ..	235	127	16	298	37	3	305	16	3	8	1
3	Hassan... ..	171	7	4	165	6	...	168	3	...	...	...
	Total.....	406	134	20	463	43	3	473	19	3	8	1
4	Kolar	217	8	18	183	18	...	185	16	2	...	...
5	Túmkúr	132	21	...	143	16	1	132	28	...	...	...
	Total.....	349	29	18	326	34	1	317	44	2	...	...
6	Shimoga	313	41	9	287	4	4	298	5	1	1	1
7	Kadur	94	21	7	89	21	3	80	33	...	...	1
8	Chitaldroog	83	19	...	113	...	...	98	...	1	...	...
	Total.....	490	81	16	489	25	7	476	38	2	1	2
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>											
9	Mysore District ...	280	...	...	289	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hassan do	165	29	9	185	14	...	179	20	...	...	...
	Total.....	445	29	9	474	14	...	179	20	...	...	...
11	Bangalore District ...	417	...	...	418	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kolar do	461	...	...	447	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Túmkúr do	287	...	...	291	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	1,165	...	...	1,156	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
14	Shimoga District... ..	323	...	...	320	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kadur do	254	...	...	244	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Chitaldroog do	285	...	...	268	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	842	...	...	832	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	4,195	378	86	4,311	119	12	1,933	208	10	11	6

II. C.—21. *Shewing Particulars regarding Civil Prisoners*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10							
No.	LOCK-UP OR JAIL.	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Total Population.		Average daily number.		Released during the year.		Escaped.		Transferred.		Died.
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	7	1	66	4	73	5	9.163	.481	60	5					
	<i>District Jails.</i>															
2	Mysore ...	7		47	1	54	1	4.562	.038	45	1					
3	Hassan ...			8		8		.742		6						
	Total.....	7		55	1	62	1	5.304	.038	51	1					
4	Kolar ...	9		33	1	42	1	7.34	.08	39	1					
5	Tumkūr ...			7	1	7	1	1.15	.40	7	1					
	Total.....	9		40	2	49	2	8.49	.48	46	2					
6	Shimoga ...	5		4	1	9	1	1.71		8	1					
7	Kadur ...	2		10		12		0.26		11						
8	Chitaldroog ...			13		13		0.38		8						
	Total.....	7		27	1	34	1	2.35		27	1					
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>															
9	Mysore District															
10	Hassan do ...			9		9		.282		9						
	Total.....			9		9		.282		9						
11	Bangalore District															
12	Kolar do															
13	Tumkūr do			1		1		.48								
	Total.....			1		1		.48								
14	Shimoga District															
15	Kadur do			4		4		0.05		4						
16	Chitaldroog do			2		2		0.04		2						
	Total.....			6		6		.09		6						
	Grand Total...	30	1	204	8	234	9	26.159	.999	199	9					

in the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

11		12		13		14		15						16						17						
Remaining on 31st. December 1873.		Capacity of Barracks at 36 superficial feet.		Average number of Prisoners above capacity.		Average number of Prisoners below capacity.		Hospital.						Cost.												
								A		B		C		D		A		B		C		D				
Number of admissions.		Daily average sick.		Number of deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average strength.		Guard and Establishment		Other Charges		Total Cost.		Average Cost per Prisoner.												
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Rs.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
13	...	25	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	376	3	6	17	1	3	393	4	9	39	5	3	
9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	9	...	...	...	...	31	9	...	...	6	11	9
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	6	4	...	...	...	23	6	4	31	8	1	
11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	15	4	...	...	...	54	15	4	10	4	6	
3	...	2-25	2-25	5-09	...	2-17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	330	7	1	26	2	3	356	9	4	48	...	10	
...	...	40	60	...	...	2-85	5-80	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	2	5	8	8	3	89	10	8	57	13	2	
3	...	6-25	8-25	2-24	...	7-77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	411	9	6	34	10	6	446	4	...	48	7	5	
1	...	21	...	...	...	19-29	...	1	...	0-05	...	...	...	62	8	1	...	...	...	62	8	1	36	8	10	
1	...	11	...	...	...	10-74	...	1	...	0-03	...	...	...	41	5	9	...	...	...	41	5	9	53	...	5	
5	...	3	...	...	...	2-62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	84	12	11	3	11	7	88	8	6	78	5	6	
7	...	35	...	...	...	32-65	...	2	...	0-08	...	...	...	188	10	9	3	11	7	192	6	4	81	13	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	12	5	...	...	...	36	12	5	130	6	7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	12	5	...	...	...	36	12	5	130	6	7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	7	8	...	5	8	11	13	4	24	9	3	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	7	8	...	5	8	11	13	4	24	9	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	7	7	...	5	11	12	13	6	256	14	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	3	5	...	8	2	9	11	7	88	6	5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	11	...	...	14	1	22	9	1	250	6	5	
35	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	0-08	...	...	...	...	1101	6	2	56	11	1	1158	1	3	42	14	3	

II. C.—22. *Shewing Particulars regarding the Persons under*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	JAIL OR LOCK-UP.	Number remained at close of previous year.	Number received during the year.	Total Population.	Average daily number.	Released during the year.	Convicted and sentenced.
		M F	M F	M F Total.	M F Total.	M F Total.	M F Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	1...	10 3	11 3 14	951 512 1,463	2 1 3	6 1 7
	<i>District Jails.</i>						
2	Mysore ...	1 1	80 13	81 14 95	5,976 1,070 7,046	50 11 61	30 3 33
3	Hassan ...	8...	320 25	328 25 353	9,507 496 10,003	219 19 238	94 5 99
	Total.....	9 1	400 38	409 39 448	15,483 1,566 17,049	269 30 299	124 8 132
4	Kolar ...	1...	88 8	89 8 97	274 54 328	30 2 32	50 5 55
5	Tumkur ...	1 1	103 10	104 11 115	523 46 569	34 7 41	69 4 73
	Total.....	2 1	191 18	193 19 212	737 100 837	64 9 73	128 9 137
6	Shimoga ...	24...	132 31	156 31 187	1820 365 2185	69 7 76	77 20 97
7	Kadur ...	2...	145 17	147 17 164	1282 201 1483	64 3 67	80 13 93
8	Chitaldroog ...	16 1	134 16	150 17 167	889 120 1,009	83 4 87	66 13 79
	Total.....	42 1	411 64	453 65 518	3791 686 4477	216 14 230	223 46 269
	<i>Local Lock-ups.</i>						
9	Mysore District ...	27 1	730 48	787 49 836	24,372 2,274 26,646	543 38 581	231 11 242
10	Hassan do ...	3 1	374 32	377 33 410	12,309 888 13,197	287 25 312	86 8 94
	Total.....	30 2	1,134 80	1,164 82 1,246	36,681 3,162 39,843	830 63 893	317 19 336
11	Bangalore District..	23...	1,188 119	1,191 119 1,310	2697 211 2908	643 67 715	512 50 562
12	Kolar do ...	2 2	288 24	290 26 316	1418 129 1547	165 17 182	121 9 130
13	Tumkur do ...	14...	360 32	374 32 406	1190 140 1330	245 18 263	126 12 138
	Total.....	39 2	1,816 175	1,855 177 2,032	5305 480 5785	1,058 102 1,160	759 71 830
14	Shimoga District...	27 6	438 46	465 52 517	2203 545 2748	233 35 268	217 15 232
15	Kadur do ...	10...	324 24	334 24 358	1109 095 1204	160 9 169	161 13 174
16	Chitaldroog do ...	25 3	250 31	275 34 309	922 104 1026	127 18 145	138 15 153
	Total.....	62 9	1,012 101	1,074 110 1,184	4234 744 4978	520 62 582	516 43 559
	Grand Total...	185 16	4,974 479	5,159 495 5,654	193,785 25,340 219,125	2,959 231 3,240	2,073 197 2,270

Trial in the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

9			10			11			12			13												14									
Transferred, &c.			Escaped.			Died.			Remaining on 31st December 1873.			Cost.												Hospital									
												A			B			C			D			E			A	B	C	D			
												Rations.			Guards and establish- ment.			Other charges.			Total.			Annual cost per head of average strength.									
M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Number of admissions.	Daily average sick.	Number of deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average strength.	No.		
3	1	4										26	2	4	59	14	3	10	29		96	3	4	64	2	3							
...	...	...					1	...	1	145	7	11	126	4	4	19	...	...	290	12	3	41	2	6	2	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					15	1	16	173	13	11	335	10	...	47	10	8	557	2	7	55	11	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					16	1	17	319	5	10	461	14	4	66	10	8	847	14	10	49	11	9	2	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					...	1	1	52	7	1	108	3	5	8	9	2	169	3	8	63	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					1	...	1	141	11	11	298	13	2	11	9	...	452	2	1	79	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					1	1	2	194	3	...	407	...	7	20	2	2	621	5	9	74	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					...	...	2	1	3	8	3	11	559	3	5	831	6	1	43	3	5	1,433	12	11	65	5	...	12	0.51	1	4.5
...	...	...					3	1	4	350	...	5	708	1	3	137	19	...	1,195	3	5	80	9	6	24	0.51	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					...	...	...	126	12	9	509	12	6	36	10	5	673	3	8	83	3	5	1	0.04	1	12.5	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					...	...	3	1	4	11	4	15	1,036	...	7	2,049	3	10	216	15	7	3,302	4	...	73	12	2	37	1.06	2	...
...	...	...					...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					13	...	13	352	8	11½	3,223	11	3	133	8	31	3,709	12	5	139	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					3	...	3	257	2	4	2,131	5	11	113	10	11	2,562	3	2	189	9	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					16	...	16	609	11	3½	5,355	1	2	247	3	24	6,211	15	7	155	14	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					31	2	33	571	12	10	4,055	6	3	224	7	8	4,851	10	9	166	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					4	...	4	185	12	9	1,842	4	4	117	3	3	2,145	4	4	138	10	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					...	...	1	1	2	2	1	3	88	6	7	1,302	9	3	58	...	...	1,448	15	10	108	13	1	1	0.3	1	7.51
...	...	...					...	...	1	1	2	37	3	40	846	...	2	7,200	3	10	399	10	11	8,445	14	11	145	15	8	1	0.3	1	1.72
...	...	...					15	2	17	372	8	7	2,810	11	16	57	8	9	3,240	13	2	117	14	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					12	2	14	219	14	3	1,483	3	3	57	3	1	1,760	4	7	146	3	3	1	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					10	1	11	123	4	10	871	5	9	52	3	5	1,046	14	...	101	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...					37	5	42	715	11	8	5,165	4	10	166	15	3	6,046	15	9	120	15	4	1	0.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	1	4	2	2	4	2	6	118	14	132	3,747	2	10½	20,698	10	10	1,127	12	6½	25,537	10	2	116	11	4	41	1.92	3	1.8	...	...		

II. D.—(A.) General Statement of Crime shewing the Result of Police Operations in the Town and District of

PART I.—

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.					
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under enquiry during the year.	By Police <i>suo motu</i> .	Investigation.		
						By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns VI to VIII in which conviction was obtained.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>Class I.—Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.</i>								
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code. ...		1	...	1	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes.	25	...	25	...	...	8
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender ...	3	...	3	...	...	11
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	14	...	14	...	...	22
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	27	...	26	1	...	3
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	4	...	4	...	...	...
Total.....			74	...	73	1	...	44
<i>Class II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>								
8	302, 308, 396	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Do dacoits	2	...	2	...	...	1
10		Do robbers	...	...	...	...	...	5
11		Do poison	10	...	10	...	...	19
12		Other murders...	44	2	41	2	...	8
13	307	Attempts at murder	19	1	20	...	...	13
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	26	1	27	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	13	...	13	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	34	1	34	...	...	18
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	48	...	47	...	...	21
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	71	1	67	3	...	30
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	9	...	8	...	...	5
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession...	4	...	4	...	...	1
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon...	86	3	82	5	...	34
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	25	...	22	1	...	3
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	15	...	14	...	...	4
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	56	1	57	...	...	28
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....			463	10	448	11	...	198

Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen in the Cantonment Bangalore for the year 1873.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.							
Number arrested.					Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of, <i>c. g.</i> , died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.							
Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8).				By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.											
10	10a	10b	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27							
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
1	...	1	51	...	6	14	30	17	1	10	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	1	1							
...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	20	...	...	1	19	7	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	22	...							
2	...	2	291	1	...	36	258	60	...	198	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	6	...	...	2	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
3	...	3	372	1	6	53	315	88	1	224	...	...	2	...	2	2	1	23	1							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	13	...	...	...	10	...	...	7	...	3	...	3	...	2	2	68	8							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
4	...	4	146	3	3	47	93	15	4	5	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...							
6	...	6	37	...	...	17	24	2	6	12	...	1	...	2	3	1	2	265	2,065							
3	...	3	43	...	...	10	35	7	4	21	1	...	2	5	1	...	...	79	...							
...	...	...	14	...	...	8	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	...	5	...							
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
1	...	1	46	...	...	7	40	6	...	26	1	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...							
4	...	4	45	...	3	13	33	11	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
2	...	2	153	4	...	48	111	40	1	66	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...							
2	...	2	12	...	...	2	12	4	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	24	...							
...	...	...	18	...	...	11	7	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
5	...	5	193	22	...	82	131	51	...	79	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	68	9	...	48	26	20	2	4	...	3	...	...	...	1	1	36	36							
...	...	...	12	...	...	1	11	6	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
7	...	7	119	18	1	67	74	31	...	43	...	...	...	2	...	8	4	390	26							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
34	...	34	944	56	8	366	625	203	37	344	2	11	2	39	22	15	9	857	2,135							

Serial Number.	Law.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.					
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	By Police <i>enq. motu.</i>	Investigation.		
						By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>Class III.—Serious Offences against person & property or against property only.</i>								
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	46	7	49	...	...	13
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity.	2	...	2	...	...	1
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { by poisonous or stupefying drugs, by other means	12	...	10	...	...	4
		in dwelling house.	45	...	45	...	...	13
33	392, 393	Robbery { on the highway, between sunset and sunrise other robberies	28	2	28	...	...	9
			99	...	94	3	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	71	1	66	1	...	30
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	676	25	629	3	...	186
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	29	1	28	...	...	18
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	...	1	1	...	...	...
Total.....			1,008	37	952	7	...	285
<i>Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.</i>								
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	5	...	5	...	...	4
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	96	1	73	23	...	41
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	3	...	3	...	...	2
41	374	Compulsory labor	1	...	1	...	...	...
Total.....			105	1	82	23	...	47
<i>Class V.—Minor Offences against property.</i>								
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	118	2	95	4	...	34
43	379 to 382	Theft { Of cattle Ordinary	2,088	24	1996	46	3	1176
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	60	4	52	7	...	15
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	51	5	56	...	...	23
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	209	...	153	39	...	98
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	23	...	22	...	...	4
Total.....			2,549	35	2374	96	3	1348
<i>Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>								
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	79	...	74	5	...	77
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	...	1	...	...	...
51		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	4	...	4	...	...	4
52		Excise Laws	1	...	1	...	...	1
53		Railway Laws	1	...	1	...	...	1
54		Salt and Custom Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		Stage Carriage Act	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws	Public and local nuisances	965	2	959	8	...	909
58		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	80	...	80	...	...	76
Total.....			1,131	2	1120	13	...	1068
Grand Total.....			5,330	85	5049	151	3	

(Continued)

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.							
Number arrested.					Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after Trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of, e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.					Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.						
Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	Within the year.					By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on Trial.														
			By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)								In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.											
10	10a	10b	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27							
22	...	22	259	...	6	92	143	55	17	51	...	5	14	5	36	39	17	15,044	507							
...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	25	...	...	7	9	...	...	9	...	1	...	...	8	4	2	392	1							
...	...	...	123	...	1	69	53	34	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	25	17	1,408	136							
6	...	6	75	...	...	46	35	7	...	21	...	...	...	7	...	22	12	707	115							
...	...	...	271	7	...	176	100	42	...	50	...	1	...	8	1	53	26	3,557	313							
3	...	3	104	4	...	47	63	24	...	35	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...							
32	...	32	876	4	5	340	534	201	...	316	...	1	18	26	7	384	223	51,671	10,200							
...	...	...	29	...	...	1	27	6	...	21	...	...	...	1	...	14	13	2,122	256							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	15	15							
63	...	63	1764	15	10	778	966	369	17	523	3	9	32	48	53	542	311	74,916	11,543							
...	...	...	6	...	...	...	6	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	166	57	2	73	145	61	...	81	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	177	57	2	73	156	62	...	89	...	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	...							
3	...	3	132	...	...	46	75	32	...	42	...	6	8	1	...	9	4	897	19							
19	8	27	3261	108	7	937	2,316	607	19	1,632	11	36	50	67	...	1419	1096	30,784	12,360							
4	...	4	79	9	1	29	61	34	3	17	...	1	1	6	...	19	6	2,346	83							
13	...	13	96	...	4	41	61	23	...	38	...	...	...	3	...	24	20	2,517	602							
1	...	1	345	80	1	126	297	126	...	162	7	...	...	4	...	11	7	343	77							
1	2	3	43	...	...	22	22	11	...	11	...	...	2	...	...	4	3	2,047	35							
41	10	51	3956	197	13	1,231	2,832	833	22	1,902	18	43	61	81	...	1456	1136	38,904	13,176							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	146	14	...	2	157	8	...	148	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	4	...	3	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	23	...	...	...	23	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
30	1	31	1428	13	...	48	1,389	16	...	1,349	24	1	...	34	...	...	...	...	...							
1	...	1	171	...	...	2	170	5	...	157	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...</												

H. D.—(A.) (Continued.)
PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c., &c.								
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 165, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.		...	...	...	...	...	...
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	172, 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288	Offences against public justice	31	79	17	62	...	...
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Do by public servants	15	19	10	9	...	...
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	39	51	20	17	...	...
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	1	1	1	...	...	...
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	1	2	2	...	...	...
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	1	1	...	1	...	...
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	9	21	2	19	...	...
Total.....			97	174	52	108	...	...
Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.								
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	11	26	7	9	...	...
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....			11	26	7	9	...	...
Class III.—Serious Offences against property.								
12	384 to 389	Extortion	4	3	2	1	...	...
Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.								
13	323	Hurt	66	155	62	90	12	...
14	345	Wrongful confinement	1	3	3	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	197	490	297	188	...	...
Total.....			264	648	362	278	12	...
Class V.—Minor Offences against property.								
16	417 to 420	Cheating	25	38	26	8	5	...
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property.	31	51	26	25	138	40
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	13	13	6	5	95	80
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	75	163	58	98	16	16
Total.....			144	265	116	136	254	136
Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.								
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	10	6	2	2	...	...
21	298	Offences against religion	1	7	...	7	5	...
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	500 to 502	Defamation	13	11	9	2	...	...
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	182	313	120	189	...	...
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	12	8	...	8	...	...
26	...	Offences under Chapters XVIII, XX, XXI, and XXII, C. P. C.	3	13	...	13	...	...
27	...	Special laws not cognizable by Police	87	185	40	142	...	...
Total.....			308	543	171	363	5	...
Grand Total.....			828	1659	710	895	271	136

II. D.—(B.) Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and			
			1872	1873	1872	1873	Number of persons arrested.		Number of persons received by transfer.	
							1872	1873		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	
<i>Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquillity, and Justice.</i>										
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code. ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471 ...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	...	25	...	...	...	52	...	
3	212, 216 ...	Harbouring an offender	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	
4	224 to 226 ...	Other offences against public justice	...	14	...	...	...	20	...	
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	...	27	...	...	...	294	...	
6	140, 170, 171, ...	Personating public servant or soldier	...	4	...	...	...	6	...	
		Total	...	74	...	...	...	376	...	
<i>Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.</i>										
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9		" dacoits	...	2	...	...	...	13	...	
10		" robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11		" poison	...	10	...	...	...	19	...	
12		Other murders	...	43	...	...	...	153	...	
13		307 ...	Attempts at murder	...	20	...	...	...	43	...
14		304, 308, ...	Culpable homicide	...	27	...	...	...	51	...
15		376 ...	Rape	...	13	...	...	...	14	...
16		377 ...	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
17		317, 318 ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...	34	...	...	...	47	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	...	47	...	...	...	49	...	
19	329, 331, 323 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	...	70	...	...	...	159	...	
21	328 ...	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	...	8	...	...	...	14	...	
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	...	4	...	...	...	18	...	
23	324 ...	Hurt by dangerous weapon	...	87	...	...	...	220	...	
24	363 to 369 ...	Kidnapping or abduction	...	23	...	...	...	77	...	
25	346 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	...	14	...	...	...	12	...	
26	372, 373 ...	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
27	371 ...	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	...	57	...	...	...	144	...	
29	338 ...	Rash act causing grievous hurt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	459	...	...	...	1034	...	

Police Operations in the Bangalore District, for the year 1872.

Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
9 b		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	52 3	...	30 3	...	9.2	...	33.3	...	1	...	1	...	100
...	20 294	...	19 258	...	60 67.3	...	63.2 76.7	...	22	...	...	...	...
...	6	...	4	...	66.6	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	376	...	315	...	59.6	...	71.1	...	23	...	1	...	4.35
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	13	...	10	...	53.8	...	70.0	...	68	...	8	...	11.7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	19	...	14	...	26.31	...	35.7	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	153	...	93	...	28.7	...	47.3	...	265	...	2,065	...	...
...	43	...	24	...	27.9	...	50.0	...	79	...	...	...	...
...	51	...	35	...	41.1	...	60.0	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	14	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	47	...	40	...	55.3	...	65.0	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	49	...	33	...	44.9	...	66.6	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	159	...	111	...	41.5	...	59.4	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	14	...	12	...	57.1	...	68.6	...	24	...	...	...	...
...	18	...	7	...	11.1	...	28.6	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	220	...	131	...	36	...	60.3	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	77	...	26	...	5.1	...	15.3	...	36	...	36	...	100.0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	12	...	11	...	41.7	...	45.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	144	...	74	...	29.9	...	58.1	...	380	...	26	...	6.8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1034	...	625	...	33.3	...	55	...	857	...	2,135	...	...

II. D.—(B.)

Serial Number.	LAW	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and			
							Number of persons arrested.		Number of persons received by transit.	
			1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9 a	
<i>Class III.—Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.</i>										
30	395, 397, 398	... Dacoity ...	...	49	...	...	...	281	...	
31	399, 402	... Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	
32	394, 397, 398	... Robbery with hurt { by poisonous or stupefying drugs. by other means ...	...	10	...	...	...	25	...	
33	392, 393	... Robbery { in dwelling house ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise ... other robberies ...	...	170	...	...	...	482	...	
34	270, 281, 282, 430, to 433, 435, to 440	... Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	...	67	...	...	...	111	...	
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	... Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ...	...	632	...	...	...	912	...	
36	449 to 452	... House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	...	28	...	...	...	29	...	
37	412, 413	... Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....			...	659	...	...	...	1842	...	
<i>Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.</i>										
38	334	... Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ...	...	5	...	...	...	6	...	
39	341 to 344	... Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	...	96	...	...	...	223	...	
40	336, 337	... Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ...	...	3	...	...	...	5	...	
41	374	... Compulsory labor ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....			...	105	...	...	...	234	...	
<i>Class V.—Minor Offences against property.</i>										
42	453, 456	... Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	...	99	...	...	...	135	...	
43	379 to 382	... Theft, { Of cattle ... Ordinary ...	...	2045	...	...	...	3386	...	
44	406, to 408	... Criminal breach of trust ...	...	59	...	...	...	92	...	
45	411, 414	... Receiving stolen property ...	...	56	...	...	...	109	...	
46	447, 448	... Criminal or house-trespass ...	...	192	...	...	...	426	...	
47	461, 462	... Breaking close receptacle ...	...	22	...	...	...	44	...	
Total.....			...	2473	...	...	...	4192	...	

(Continued.)

Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount of percentage of property recovered.			
Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.					Amount.	Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.		
1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
...	281	...	143	...	18.1	...	35.6	...	15,044	...	507	...	3.4
...	2	...	2	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	25	...	9	...	28.0	...	100	...	392	...	1	...	0.2
...	482	...	188	...	18.6	...	47.3	...	5,672	...	564	...	9.9
...	111	...	63	...	11.5	...	55.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	912	...	534	...	34.6	...	59.1	...	51,671	...	10,200	...	19.7
...	29	...	27	...	72.8	...	77.7	...	2,122	...	256	...	11.1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	...	100
...	1842	...	966	...	28.4	...	54.1	...	74,916	...	11,543	...	15.5
...	6	...	6	...	83.3	...	83.3	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	223	...	145	...	36.3	...	55.8	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	5	...	5	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	234	...	156	...	38.5	...	57.0	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	135	...	75	...	31.1	...	56.0	...	897	...	19	...	2.1
...	3394	...	2316	...	48.2	...	70.5	...	30,784	...	12,360	...	40.1
...	92	...	61	...	16.7	...	27.9	...	2,346	...	83	...	3.5
...	109	...	61	...	36.9	...	62.3	...	2,517	...	602	...	23.9
...	426	...	297	...	38.0	...	54.5	...	313	...	77	...	14.9
...	46	...	22	...	21.3	...	56.0	...	2,047	...	35	...	1.7
...	4202	...	2832	...	45.3	...	67.2	...	38,904	...	13,176	...	33.9

II. D.—(B.)

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases de-cited.		Number and			
							Number of per-sons arrested,		Number of per-sons received by transfer.	
			1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	
	<i>Class VI Other Offences not specified above.</i>									
48	311, 400, 401	... Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	... Vagrancy and bad character ...	...	79	...	...	...	160	...	...
50	295 to 297, ...	... Offences against religion ...	...	1	...	...	...	4	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ...	...	4	...	...	...	23	...	...
52		... Excise Laws ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
53		... Railway Laws ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
54		... Salt and Custom Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		... Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		... Stamp Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294 Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	... Public and local nuisances ...	...	967	...	...	...	1471	...	1
58	Do do	... Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	...	80	...	...	...	172	...	...
		Total.....	...	1133	...	...	...	1832	...	1
		Grand Total.....	...	5203	...	...	...	9510	...	11

(Continued.)

Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of property recovered.			
Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.						Amount.	Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873	1872	1873
96	10	11	21	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	21
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	160	...	157	...	92.5	...	94.3	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	23	...	23	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1472	...	1389	...	91.6	...	97.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	172	...	170	...	90.3	...	92.4	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1833	...	1742	...	91.6	...	96.4	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	9521	...	6636	...	50.0	...	71.7	...	114,700	...	26,855	...	23.3

II. D.--(D) Statement of Additional Police collected for the protection of persons and property, or quartered as a punitive measure, in the Province of Mysore for the year 1873.

DISTRICT.	PART I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property.													PART II. Additional Police quartered as a Punitive Measure.									
	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.	Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under columns 9 and 10.		Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.	Property.	Number of cases.		Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.				
				Officers.	Men.		Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds.			Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.				Officers.	Men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
Mysore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	27	1957	11	9	12 months	..
Hassan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Bangalore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Kohur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Tumkur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Shimoga	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Kadur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Chitaldroog	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	5	40	2874	9	1	..	1

II. E. (E.) Shewing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment of Police in the Province of Mysore for the year 1873.

District.	Sanctioned strength of Police Force.										Cost of Police.										Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Cols. 11 to 17.
	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.										Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.										
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors	Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.	Pay and travelling allowances of controlling Officers (Column (2)), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishment.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3.) (2)	Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments. (3)	Total Pay of Subordinate Officers, Columns 4 and 5. (4)	Total Pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7, and 8.)	Horse and travelling allowances permanent or otherwise not included in Cols. 11, 13, and 14.	Average Pay of Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
Mysore	...	...	...	101	...	700	...	49	229	...	...	...	...	15,640	62,433	...	...	...	...		
Hassan	...	...	...	81	...	460	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,884	23,972	...	...	...	...		
Bangalore	...	1	4	169	...	891	...	23	135	...	6,000	...	4,518	37,424	69,037	7,056	...	83	12,215		
Kolar	...	...	...	20	...	827	...	1	27	...	...	429	4,518	5,460	49,284	...	...	57	...		
Tumkur	...	...	...	8	...	603	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,480	31,872	...	...	66	69		
Shimoga	...	...	...	83	...	541	...	1	34	...	...	...	...	9,823	36,173	96	...	54	...		
Ratur	...	...	...	...	...	495	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,900	20,836	...	...	42	178		
Chitaldroog	...	...	6	36	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24,720	17,400	2,520	...	...	...		
Total...	...	1	10	563	...	4,517	...	74	425	...	6,000	429	4,518	116,331	321,007	9,744	...	...	12,462		

II. D.—(F.) *Return showing equipment, discipline, general internal management of the Force in the Province of Mysore for the year 1873.*

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.										Reward.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.		Of one year's service and under ten years.		Of ten years' service and upwards.		Number who have left the Force during the year.						Percentage in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.		Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons only.	Number provided with batons only.	Punished Judicially by a Magistrate.										By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Number of Police who can read and write.	Number of Police under instruction during the year.	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	By dismissal (columns VII and VIII).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By death.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
						Dismissal.	Fined, degraded or suspended by their own department.	Officers.	Men.	Ad. Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.																					Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.

APPENDIX B.

Nomenclature of Police in the District of Bangalore.

I.

GAZETTED APPOINTMENTS.

1. Inspector General	...	...	...	} Nil.
2. Deputy Inspector General	...	...	...	
3. Assistant do.	...	...	...	
4. District Superintendents	..	...	...	
5. Assistant District Superintendent			1	

II.

SUBORDINATE APPOINTMENTS.

Inspectors (including all Officers below the rank of Assistant District Superintendent, and in receipt of Rs. 100 per mensem, or upwards)					5
Chief Constables or Sub-Inspectors.—Officers receiving less than Rs. 100, per mensem, but Rs. 35 per mensem or upwards					27
Head Constables.—Officers receiving less than Rs. 35 per mensem, but more than the highest grade of Constable					164
Constables					826
Total.....					1,023

II. E.—2. *Statement shewing Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year 1873-74.*

ARM OF SERVICE.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						Average Number of Days devoted to Musketry Instruction, &c.
	Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on Active Service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of Out-Posts occupied.	Average Number of Men at Headquarters of each Regiment, Battery, &c., not on Active Service.	Average Number of Men of each Regiment, &c., detailed for Out-post Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	With Corps or Company not on Duty.	On Furlough.	No. of Divisional or Station Parades during the year.	
Cavalry	...	8	53	57	61	54	54	...	152	199	14	...	283	...
Infantry	...	8	80	222	167	225	...	...	263	96	6	...	48	180

II. E.—3. Statement shewing Religion, Races and Classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore on the last day of the year.

CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO RELIGION, RACE, &c.		Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Race and Caste.
ACCORDING TO RELIGION.	Muhammadans ...	28-85	5' 4"	...	
	Hindus ...	30-65	5' 4"	...	
	Seikhs ...	31	...	...	
	Christians ...	29-37	...	...	
	Parsis, &c. ...	...	...	...	
	&c. ...	...	...	...	
ACCORDING TO COUNTRIES AND RACES.	Hindustanis ...	26-80	...	...	
	Panjabis ...	31	...	...	
	Afghans ...	...	...	...	
	Boluchis ...	...	...	...	
	From Western Himalayas ...	...	...	...	
	From Eastern Himalayas ...	...	...	...	
	Bengalis ...	...	...	...	
	From Mahratta Countries ...	30-14	5' 5"	...	
	Telingas ...	30-33	5' 5"	...	
	Kanarese ...	29-41	...	...	
HINDUS ACCORDING TO CASTE.	Tamils ...	30-75	...	...	
	Malabars ...	...	...	...	
	Brahmans ...	35-13	5' 4"	...	
	Rajputs ...	27-6	5' 5"	...	
	Mahrattas ...	30-14	5' 4"	...	
	Rache ...	35-75	...	...	
	Kunabis ...	29-33	...	...	
	Telingas or Nakdus ...	38-5	...	...	
General Average...		30-7	...	...	

III. STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A. FINANCE.

1. Account of the Gross and Net Revenues of the Province of Mysore for the year 1873-74.

SOURCES OF INCOME.	Gross Receipts.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges against Income.					Total.	Net Receipts.	Deficit.
			Charges of Collection including Cost of Salt and Opium and maintaining Reproductive Works.	Allowances and Assignments payable under Treaties and other engagements.	Allowances to District and Village Officers and Instructors (None brought into books.)					
Land Revenue including Sayer	81,07,150 2 8	4,821 10 4	8,17,335 13	925,68,558 2 1	...	...	33,85,913 15 10	47,16,414 8 6		
Forest ...	4,95,371 9 7	280 7 4	2,38,924 3 6	...	...	...	2,38,924 3 6	2,60,168 14 9		
Excise on spirit and drugs -	11,50,170 9 31	328 7 2	19,637 0 9	...	...	...	19,637 0 9	11,30,305 1 4		
Tributes and contributions from Native States ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Total.....	97,56,692 5 61	5,430 8 10	10,75,947 2	025,68,558 2 1	...	...	36,44,475 4 1	61,06,786 8 71		
Assessed Taxes	3,82,595 1 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,82,595 1 0		
Salt ...	15,047 4 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,047 4 9		
Opium... {	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Stamps {	1,92,728 2 1	2,249 11 7	7,115 15 0	...	...	...	7,115 15 0	1,83,362 7 6		
Post Office {	46,666 9 10	...	1,52,805 6 11	...	...	...	1,52,805 6 11	...		
Electric Telegraph ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Mint ...	2,497 4 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,497 4 2		
Law and {	4,21,917 13 61	11,267 14 2	...	...	...	...	...	4,10,649 15 41		
Justice. {										1,06,138 13 1

III. A.—1. (Continued.)

SOURCES OF INCOME.	Gross Receipts.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges against Income.					Total.	Net Receipts.	Deficit.
			Charges of collection including Cost of Salt and Opium and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.	Allowances and assignments payable under Treaties and other Engagements.	Allowances to District and Village Officers and Headmen and Charitable grants (None brought into books.)					
Police { Refunds ... { Real ... Education ... Interest ... { Refunds ... { Sales ... Public Works { Real ... Marine. { Refunds ... { Real ... Military Refunds, &c. ... Miscellaneous ...	715 8 0 535 7 7 1,24,870 3 1 1,240 0 0 16,127 15 4 292 13 6 90,838 13 11½ 12,96,073 0 10	 988 15 3 14,506 9 0	 1,59,921 5 11	 1,59,921 5 11	 1,59,921 5 11	 1,59,921 5 11	 1,59,921 5 11	715 8 0 535 7 7 1,24,870 3 1 1,240 0 0 16,127 15 4 292 13 6 89,849 14 8½ 12,27,783 15 0	1,06,138 13 1	
Total.....	110,52,765 6 4½	19,937 1 10	12,35,838 7 11	25,68,568 2 1	...	...	38,04,396 10 0	73,34,370 7 7½		
Local Funds.										
Municipal Fund ... District Fund ... One Anna Cess for Local purposes One Anna Tank Fund Miscellaneous Local Cess Local Fund General	1,72,003 10 9 3,14,752 1 9½ 1,02,815 10 4 54,162 3 7 2,65,849 14 6½ 40,279 11 4	... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ...	1,72,003 10 9 3,14,752 1 9½ 1,02,815 10 4 54,162 3 7 2,65,849 14 6 40,279 11 4		
Total.....	9,49,803 4 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,49,803 4 4		
Gross Total...	120,02,568 10 8½	19,937 1 10	12,35,838 7 11	25,68,568 2 1	...	...	38,04,396 10 0	82,84,373 11 11½		

F

III. A.—2. Account of Expenditure from the Net Income of the Province of Mysore for the year 1873—74.

SUBJECT OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount.	
	Last year, 1872—73.	Present year, 1873—74.
Interest of the Mysore Government Savings' Bank	1,440	2,423
Civil and Political Establishments included under Administration, Income	4	5
Commission and Revenue Survey	10	1
Civil Contingencies	14,711,161	14,82,515
Minor Departments	11,898	6
Judicial charges, { Courts, &c.	3	7
Police charges, { Prisons	17,717	7,278
Military	8,77,432	38,238
Marine	2	10
Mint	3	5
Deficit.—Post Office	1,09,560	8,86,567
Superannuation and retired allowances and religious and charitable grants	4,44,786	1,20,557
	13	5
	11	2
	10	6
	11	11
	10	5
	0	...
	0	...
	7	13
	1	1
	1,06,470	1,06,133
	1	...
	1,14,583	1,83,340
	4	2
	7	7
Agricultural	1,14,333	0
{ New	0	0
{ Repairs	0	184,061
Military...	1,87,925	1,59,584
{ New	0	0
{ Repairs	0	15,100
Civil Buildings	11,345	0
{ New	0	0
{ Repairs	0	3,632
Communications	97,950	1,34,303
{ New	0	0
{ Repairs	0	0
Miscellaneous Public	22,351	15,394
Improvements	133,364	2,07,655
{ New	0	0
{ Repairs	0	2,67,911
Establishments, &c.	3,30,910	3,656
{ New	0	0
{ Repairs	4,468	...
	2,129	...
	5,13,594	4,91,270
	1	3
	4	2
	11	3
	4	2
	14,23,782	14,82,556

III. A.—2. (Continued.)

SUBJECT OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount.		
	Last year, 1872-73.	Present year, 1873-74.	
Education	245,728	9 2	235,631 3 11
Muzrai or religious and charitable institutions	276,693	12 8	283,465 12 8
Medical services	130,264	14 1	134,878 14 2
Stationery and Printing	33,373	5 4	61,890 3 2
Miscellaneous	84,094	11 11	84,247 7 5
Total Provincial.....	64,61,153	5 6½	66,49,461 0 5
Surplus Provincial.....	8,65,547	4 9½	6,85,109 7 2½
<i>Local Funds.</i>			
Municipal Expenditure	1,32,892	9 0	1,52,355 10 11
District Roads and Bridges from District Funds	2,19,364	12 11	2,70,877 3 3
One Anna Cess for Local purposes { Transferred to Education	32,383	10 7	22,899 4 1
Do to District Fund	1,08,623	13 ½	72,514 5 ½
Do to Refunds	1,017	13 11	...
One Anna Tank Fund...	2,94,378	11 6	2,73,419 11 9½
Miscellaneous Local Cess	...	...	64,886 7 4
Local Fund General	...	...	...
Total Local Funds.....	7,88,661	6 11½	8,56,953 10 9½
Grand Total.....	72,49,814	12 5½	75,06,414 11 2½
Local Fund Surplus.....	1,94,561	11 10	92,849 9 6½
Total Surplus.....	10,60,109	0 7½	7,77,959 0 9

**III. A.—3. Account of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the
Treasuries of the Province of Mysore in the year 1873—74.**

RECEIPTS.	Amount.	DISBURSEMENTS.	Amount.
Treasury Cash Balance of last year	53,84,912 10 11	Expenditure as per Statement No. 2	75,06,414 11 2½
Net Revenue as per Statement, No. 1	82,84,373 11 11½	Loans, Railway and Interest	...
Receipts on account of Loans and Railway	9,613 3 3	Mysore Invested Surplus Account	60,359 8 7
Do of Service Funds... ..	...	Miscellaneous Local Funds	1,47,757 15 5
Mysore Invested Surplus Account	1,63,974 12 1	Advances	30,50,590 12 1½
Miscellaneous Local Funds (not of the nature of Revenue)	2,01,937 0 3	Repayment of Deposits	4,19,931 9 7
Repayment of Advances	30,23,847 12 10½	Bills paid	15,01,406 1 8
Deposits	5,19,890 11 2½	Balance of Remittances	9,49,417 13 2
Prize Money	...		
Sale of Waste Land	...		
Bills drawn	14,77,735 13 2		
 Total.....	 190,66,285 11 8½	 Total.....	 136,35,878 7 9
Disbursements.....	136,35,878 7 9		
Treasury Cash Balances at end of year	54,30,407 3 11½		

III. D.—AGRICULTURE.

III. D.—1. Crops cultivated in Acres, actual or approximate, 1873—74.

No.	Districts.	Rice.	Wheat.	Other food grains.	Oil seeds.	Sugar-cane.	Cotton.	Opium.	Indigo.	Fibres.	Tobacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Vegetables.	Cocoanut and arecanut	Mulberry.	Lac.	Pepper.	Total.
1	Bangalore ...	37,358	62	455,280	28,836	1,755	...	170	...	20	882	...	...	4,905	8,117	5,295	171	...	542,881
2	Kolar ...	36,490	186	386,260	12,213	9,750	132	267	...	314	1,088	...	99	4,087	690	998	...	...	452,574
3	Tumkur ...	42,256	17	545,567	13,056	386	1,037	...	...	15	2,754	...	...	8,096	19,000	2,073	200	...	634,457
4	Mysore ...	58,839	5,950	564,908	33,524	244	3,413	...	...	...	1,894	...	528	19,314	14,305	4,476	...	...	707,395
5	Hassan ...	64,558	338	276,863	21,921	4,443	48	...	...	252	7,947	...	52,889	13,788	13,573	42	...	...	456,662
6	Shimoga ...	135,000	60	925,000	6,000	...	10,509	...	...	1,500	160	...	5,000	3,000	18,187	...	...	...	1,104,407
7	Kodur ...	42,646	2,500	70,100	3,000	443	300	5	3	900	6,300	2	54,606	14	7,844	...	...	...	188,863
8	Chitaldroog...	45,825	7,573	821,298	99,565	1,942	28,962	...	...	541	2,314	...	...	93,744	14,404	...	...	...	1,116,168
Total		482,972	16,686	4045,256	218,115	18,963	44,392	442	3	3,542	23,539	2	1,13,122	1,46,948	96,120	12,884	371	...	5,203,357

III. D.—2. *Statement of Stock.*

DISTRICTS.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Carts.	Ploughs.	Boats.
Bangalore ...	4,18,085	1,093	3,333	11,394	2,48,815	2,131	19,926	75,189	2
Kolar ...	3,13,639	1,112	2,798	11,924	3,43,387	2,098	30,015	69,592	...
Tumkūr ...	2,91,989	734	4,270	5,051	3,53,385	7,159	5,600	88,804	...
Mysore ...	4,39,573	670	2,700	5,861	3,85,349	2,854	8,373	99,411	45
Hassan ...	4,29,304	169	2,458	4,406	2,79,214	9,358	3,999	97,142	33
Shimoga ...	3,85,216	921	1,954	1,671	44,399	3,594	12,113	71,583	61
Kadur ...	2,81,963	520	1,150	2,123	86,205	5,529	5,924	45,700	16
Chitaldroog ...	3,51,915	2,789	2,788	6,741	3,97,996	2,634	8,962	72,002	4
Total.....	29,11,684	8,008	21,451	49,371	21,38,750	35,357	94,912	6,19,423	161

III. D.—3. Rates of Rent and Produce for 1873—74.

DISTRICTS.	Average Rent per Acre, for land suited for.—										Average Produce of land per Acre in lbs.												
	Rice.	Wheat.	Inferior grains.	Indigo.	Cotton.	Opium.	Oil seeds.	Fibres.	Sugar.	Tabacco.	Rice.	Wheat.	Inferior grain.	Indigo.	Cotton.	Opium.	Oil seeds.	Fibres.	Sugar.	Tabacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Silk.
Bangalore ...	7 8 0	7 5 8	1 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 6 0	0 1 7	0 0 15	8 13 4	6 6 11	0 1,423	1,680	596	...	...	20	377	140	1,481	197	...	...	69
Kolar ...	6 0 0	6 0 0	1 8 0	0 1 8	0 10 0	0 1 8	0 1 8	0 0 0	...	0 0 0	840	840	504	...	72	16	700	...	1,440	1,045	...	42	...
Tunkúr ...	6 15 4	7 2 3	1 10 0	0 1 5	7 0 0	...	1 0 0	1 3 7	9 9 3	2 4 9	692	433	680	...	114	...	635	100	...	110	...	...	...
Mysore ...	4 10 0	2 10 9	0 2 10	9 0 2	10 9 0	...	2 10 9	2 10 9	4 10 9	2 10 9	1,394	574	820	...	984	...	820	...	1,125	840	...	...	...
Hassan ...	6 0 8	4 10 7	4 2 7	0 3 13	3 0 0	...	3 15 10	3 9 5	5 6 5	3 14 5	1,592	408	627	...	400	...	640	194	1,233	264	...	267	...
Shimoga ...	1 0 0	3 0 0	0 2 0	0 1 0	...	...	0 4 0	0 8 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	342	40	342	...	60	...	100	100	360	80	...	140	...
Kadur ...	6 4 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	0 2 8	0 8 0	...	0 1 10	0 1 8	0 10 8	0 3 4	810	73	45	...	170	3	185	150	1,450	850	...	250	...
Chitaldroog ...	3 1 0	1 8 0	0 5 0	0 1 0	...	...	0 3 0	0 2 12	0 3 15	0 1 10	420	740	480	...	84	...	140	48	1,920	60	...	...	...
Total.....	41 7	0 35 14	3 15 6	4 0 13	13 7 24	0 0 12	10 7 13	3 5 61	5 11 28	6 11 7,313	4,788	4,094	...	1,884	39 3,597	752	9,009	3,446	...	699	69		
Average...	5 3 0	4 7 9	1 14 9	0 1 11	8 8 0	0 1 9	4 1 13	2 7 10	9 3 4	10 939	598½	511½	...	269	13 449½	122	1,287	430½	...	174½	69		

IV. STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of Religious Institutions of Various Denominations in the Province of Mysore for the year ending 31st March 1874.

PROFESSION.	Number of Churches or Institutions.	Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of Persons attending worship.	INCOME.			From Fees and Offerings.	Explanatory Remarks.
				Paid by Government.	From endowed Property.			
					In land.	In money.		
Christian.	84	1 Bishop and 25 Priests	26,500	360	93	...	...	The Mission is sustained chiefly by Funds from England.
	6	6	2,113	31,872	...	...	5,491	
	1	1	400	9,600	...	...	1,465	
	11	9	1,800	...	...	...	...	
	2	14	426	...	...	...	1,238	
	1	1	90	...	...	...	...	
Hindu ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	24,434	16,546	8,98,165	2,39,742	24,430	19,929	23,493	
Muhammalan. { Sunni ... Shiah...	774	578	64,515	15,429	798	507	480	
	1	...	56	...	...	...	...	
Sikh ... Buddhist or Jain ...	16	16	5,520	14	...	8	200	
	146	70	10,669	4,287	252	319	1,954	
Total.....	25,476	17,267	10,09,634	301,304	25,573	20,763	34,321	

IV. B.—EDUCATION.

IV. B.—1. Result of the Examinations of the University of Madras for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

NATURE OF EXAMINATION.	No. of Institutions sending up candidates.				Number of Candidates sent up.				Number of Candidates passed.				Religious or national classification of passed Candidates.					REMARKS.				
	Government Institutions.		Private Institutions.		From Government Institutions.		From private Institutions.		Total.		From Government Institutions.		From private Institutions.		Total.		Natives of India.					
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Coorgs.	Europeans.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18					
Entrance or Matriculation	7	6	13	65	72	18	155	23	20	*	43	2	29	...	2	...	10					
{ First Arts	3	1	4	14	5	12	31	8	2	#	10	...	9	1	...	...	...					
{ Bachelor of Arts																						
{ Master of Arts																						
Licentiate of Law																						
{ Bachelor of Law																						
{ Doctor of Law																						
First L. M. S.																						
L. M. S.																						
First B. M.																						
B. M.																						
{ M. D.																						
First L. C. E.																						
L. C. E.																						
B. C. E.																						
{ M. C. E.																						
Engineering																						
Total.....	10	7	17	79	77	34	190	31	22	4	57	3	41	1	2	..	10					

IV. B.—2. *Return of Colleges and Schools and the*

CLASS OF INSTITUTIONS.	GOVERNMENT				
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—	
				English.	Vernacular only.
1	2	3	4	5	6
COLLEGES OR DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY IN—					
Arts*					
Law					
Medicine					
Engineering					
COLLEGES NOT AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY—					
Madrasas					
Medical Schools (Vernacular)					
NORMAL SCHOOLS—					
For Masters	3	13	10	...	13
For Mistresses	2	17	15	17	...
SCHOOLS OF ART	5	719	719	29	690
OTHER TECHNICAL SCHOOLS					
SCHOOLS FOR BOYS—					
Higher Schools (English)	7	1588	1,316	1,588	1,545
Middle Schools teaching English through	6	250	187	250	250
Lower and Primary Schools	638	17,306	12,991	...	17,306
SCHOOLS FOR GIRLS—					
For Natives of India	9	252	201	...	252
For Europeans and others					
MIXED SCHOOLS (BOYS AND GIRLS.)					
Total.....	670	20,145	15,439	1,884	20,056

*In those Provinces where Colleges are divided into those teaching Arts and Science.

Scholars attending them, for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

INSTITUTIONS.						AIDED INSTITUTIONS.				
Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.						Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—	
Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.			Others.				English.	Vernacular only.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
...	...	13			...	...	...	...	...	...
...	13	3			1	...	...	...	...	...
...	652	34			33	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,462	52			74	5	851	718	851	653
...	239	5			6	7	554	445	534	254
...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...
...	15,606	1,633			67	59	3,364	2,681	327	3,267
...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...
...	249	3			...	23	1,651	1,226	56	1,641
...	...	...			...	4	380	341	329	51
...	...	...			...	5	271	217	276	...
...	18,221	1,743			181	103	7,071	5,628	2,373	5,866

CLASS OF INSTITUTIONS.	AIDED INSTITUTIONS. (Contd.)					UNAIDED INSTITUTIONS.			
	Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.					Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	
	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.		Others.				
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
COLLEGES OR DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY IN—									
Arts...	...	...	...						
Law...	...	...	...						
Medicine...	...	...	...						
Engineering...	...	...	...						
COLLEGES NOT AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY—									
Madrasas...	...	...	...						
Medical Schools (Vernacular)	...	...	...						
NORMAL SCHOOLS—									
For Masters...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...
For Mistresses...	...	...	...						
SCHOOLS OF ART...									
OTHER TECHNICAL SCHOOLS...									
SCHOOLS FOR BOYS—									
Higher Schools (English)	...	595	8			248	...	...	...
Middle Schools teaching through... } English	...	284	20			250	...	...	...

(Continued.)

TIONS UNDER INSPECTION.								GENERAL TOTAL OF—							
Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—		Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.						Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on the 31st March.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.			Others.
English.	Vernacular only.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.			Others.								
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	13	...	...	13	...	...	...
...	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	3	42	...	38	3	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	719	...	652	34	...	...	35
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	2,439	...	2,057	60	...	...	322
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	804	...	523	25	...	...	256
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
205	20,380	...	18,733	...	...	...	...	2,227	39,403	...	36,373	2,860	...	...	170
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	177	...	156	...	...	...	...	37	2,059	...	1,836	336	...	...	87
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	380	...	51	...	...	...	529
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	271	...	5	...	...	...	266
226	20,582	...	18,914	...	...	...	...	2,309	46,130	...	41,535	3,131	...	...	1,464

IV.—B. 3. Receipts and Expenditure of Educational Establishments in the

Nature of Establishments.						Grants from Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.
1						2	3
University	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction	...	...	...	...	...	12,883	...
Inspection	...	...	...	...	...	26,086	6,787
Colleges or Departments of colleges affiliated to the University—							
Arts	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Aided	...	...	...	...
Law	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges or Departments of colleges not affiliated to the University—							
Madrasas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools (Vernacular)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Normal Schools—							
For Masters	...	...	Government	...	...	1,938	56
			Aided	...	...	...	...
For Mistresses	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Aided	...	...	...	...
Schools of Arts—							
Other Technical Schools	...	...	Government	...	...	598	...
			Aided	...	...	600	995
Schools for Boys—							
• Higher Class, English	...	...	Government	...	...	43,294	...
			Aided	...	...	11,935	...
Middle Class, English	...	...	Government	...	...	7,445	...
			Aided	...	...	4,560	14
Middle Class, Vernacular	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Aided	...	...	...	...
Lower Class and Primary	...	...	Government	...	...	32,338	45,031
			Aided	...	...	11,257	168
Schools for Girls—							
For Natives of India	...	...	Government	...	...	2,738	...
			Aided	...	...	6,460	...
For Europeans and others	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Aided	...	...	4,640	...
Mixed Schools (boys and girls)	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Aided	...	...	2,340	...
Scholarships—							
In Colleges	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Endowed	...	...	...	...
In Schools	...	...	Government	...	...	1,560	...
			Endowed	...	...	...	...
Buildings	...	...	...	...	...	* 9,236	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	11,783	8,924
Total.....						1,91,691	56,975

* Rs. 4,118

Province of Mysore for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

Received.							Expended.
Endow-ments.	Subscrip-tions.	Municipal Grants.	From Reve-nues of Native States.	Fees and Fines.	Funds not included in foregoing headings.	Total.	Total.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	12,883	12,883
...	...	...	...	...	...	32,873	32,873
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,994	1,938
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	164	...	762	598
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,595	1,595
...	...	...	...	9,505	...	52,799	43,294
...	3,676	...	...	9,708	7,569	32,888	33,386
...	...	...	...	596	...	8,041	7,445
83	998	...	500	2,216	7,133	15,504	15,555
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	2,990	...	80,359	77,369
561	7,777	...	...	1,854	2,388	24,005	24,382
...	...	...	...	6	...	2,744	2,738
10	6,913	...	...	300	4,197	17,880	17,183
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	391	...	...	5,472	528	11,031	10,550
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,891	3,533	...	...	1,556	999	11,319	8,042
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,560	1,560
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2,199	...	...	...	...	11,435	11,435
...	...	...	...	...	...	15,707	15,707
3,545	25,487	...	500	34,367	22,814	3,35,379	3,18,433

from Public Works Budget.

IV. B.—4. Distribution of Government Colleges and Schools, and of all Schools and Colleges aided and inspected by Government, in the several Districts under the Government of Mysore and in the States subject to administrative supervision.

Names of Districts and Native States.	Vernacular spoken.		Area in square miles.	Estimate of Population.	Number of Schools.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average Number of Square Miles to each School.	Percentage of Scholars to Population.	REMARKS.
	1	2							
Bangalore	...	Kanarese, Tamil, Telugu and Hindustani	2,914	828,354	415	13,117	7.02	1.58.	
Kolar	...	Kanarese, Telugu and Hindustani	2,377	618,954	183	5,204	9.04	.84	
Tumkūr	...	Do	3,606	632,239	389	6,224	9.27	.98	
Mysore	...	Kanarese and Hindustani	4,127	943,187	334	6,283	12.35	.66	
Hasan	...	Do	3,291	668,417	249	3,885	13.21	.58	
Shimoga	...	Kanarese, Mahratti and Hindustani	3,797	498,976	178	4,009	21.33	.80	
Kadur	...	Kanarese and Hindustani	2,294	333,925	292	2,814	11.94	.84	
Chitaldroog	...	Kanarese, Telugu and Hindustani	4,471	531,360	269	4,594	16.62	.86	
Total of all Districts and States....			27,077	5,055,412	2,309	46,130	11.72	.91	

IV. C.
SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY SOCIETIES.
IV. C.—1. Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year 1873—74.

NAME.	Objects.	Income.				Members or Visitors.			Registered or not.	When established.	
		From Government.	Endowments.	Subscription.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Juvenile.			Total.
BANGALORE.											
Bangalore Book Society	Literary	...	...	3,200	3,200	77	...	...	77	Not.	1845
Literary and Scientific Institute.	Moral and Intellectual Instruction ...	600	...	995	1,595	82	...	...	82	...	1868
Mutual Improvement Society	Mutual improvement of its members by means of Lectures, discussions, es- say readings, library, periodicals, &c.	...	9	202	211	62	...	...	62	...	1867
Mysore Museum	To illustrate the products and resources of Mysore...	4,032	...	...	4,032	88,625	35,249	...	123,874	...	1865
St. John's Library for Pensioners	To supply suitable News-papers and Books for residents in St. John's Hill.	...	...	312	312	28	7	2	37	...	1854
MYSORE.											
United Schools Mutual Improvement and Athletic Sports Society	Mental culture and physical exercises.	...	...	141	141	45	...	...	45	...	1867

THE

IV. C.—2. *Annual Return in the Province*

NAME OF PRESS.	NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS.						PERIODICALS.					
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.	Quarterly.	Yearly.	Occasionally.		
	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages
The Government Press ...	...	...	...	...	The Mysore Gazette in English and Kanarese.		...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Jail Press ...	This Press is entirely employed in printing Forms, Statements, Returns and Reports for Government Offices.											
Albion Press ...	...	...	...	...	Mysore Vrit-tanta Bodhini in English and Kanarese. 500		...	...	...	...	...	...

PRESS.

of Mysore for the year ending 31st March 1874.

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN THE YEAR.				
English.		Other Languages.		
Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	REMARKS.
		<i>Kanarese.</i>		
Annual Report of the Lock Hospital Committee for 1872	...	50. Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871	100	
Memorandum on the Mysore Water supply	...	15. The Government Savings' Bank Act V	...	
District Fund Budget for 1873-74	...	80. of 1873	150	
Coorg Public Works Progress Report for 1872-73	...	100. Railway Act XVIII of 1854	150	
Annual Progress Report of Irrigation Branch for 1873-74	...	120. Railway Act XXV of 1871	150	
Mysore Public Works Progress Report for 1872-73	...	120. The Pension Act XXIII of 1871	150	
Coorg Public Works Budget for 1874-75	...	100. Manual of Cattle Disease (in part) finished	2,000	
Supplemental District Fund Budget for 1873-74	...	50. Geography (in part) finished	5,000	
Accounts of Appropriation and Outlay on Mysore State Railway for 1872-73	...	Thacker's Manual of Cattle Disease	...	
Do do do on Public Works in Coorg for 1872-73	...	8. (in part finished)	900	
Do do do on Irrigation Works in Mysore	...	10. Amara Kosha (in part finished)	5,000	
Do do do on Roads and Buildings	...	15. First Book	20,000	
Do do do of District Fund	...	15. Padyasara (In part)	10,000	
Mysore Irrigation Budget for 1874-75	...	20. Pampa Ramayana (in part)	500	
Mysore Public Works Budget for 1874-75	...	100		
The Government Savings' Bank Act V of 1873	...	150		
Railway Act No. XVIII of 1854	...	50		
Railway Act No. XXV of 1871	...	200		
Coorg Forest Administration Report for 1872-73	...	200		
Manual of Laws for Mysore	...	370		
Select English Poetry	...	100		
The Pension Act XXIII of 1871	...	1,000		
Annual Report on Public Instruction in Mysore for 1872-73	...	50		
Coorg Registration Report for 1872-73	...	250		
Coorg Administration Report for 1872-73	...	100		
Mysore Registration Report for 1872-73	...	350		
Coorg Educational Report for 1872-73	...	100		
Report on the operations of the Money Order Department for 1872-73	...	250		
Mysore Administration Report for 1872-73	...	50		
Mysore Annual Department Reports for 1872-73 (In part)	...	350		
Treatise on Small-Pox in English and Kanarese (In part)	...	150		
Mysore Census Report	...	1,000		
First Book	...	1,200		
	...	10,000		
Wesleyan Mission Report for Mysore	...	250. The story of Jatibhedasura, a tract	2,000	
London Mission Report	...	400. Haid bill No. 12	4,000	
St. Andrew's School Report	...	150. Act XIII of 1871	3,020	
Description of Halebid Temple	...	100. Sermon on the Mount	200	
Child's First Book	...	500. Words of Wisdom	1,000	
Annual Report of the Malabar Club	...	300. Sin of Idolatry	3,000	
Bangalore Bank Rules	...	50. Strictures on Vedantism	2,000	
Report of the Bangalore Orphanage	...	300. Haid bills	44,000	
	...	Wreath of Songs	2,000	

NAME OF PRESS.	NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS.						PERIODICALS.							
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.	Quarterly.		Yearly.	Occasionally.			
	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages		
Caxton Press	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Examiner Press	...	...	Bangalore Examiner.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Roman Catholic Press	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Spectator Press	...	...	Bangalore Spectator 494	Mysore Budget 494	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Chatur Veda Siddhanta Sabha Press	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Krishnaraj Vilasa Press.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Karnatik Press	...	...	...	...	The Karnataka Prakasika in English and Kanarese.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Mysore Book Depôt Press.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Law Journal in Kanarese.	...	...	...	...	...		
Vichara Darpana Press	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

(Continued.)

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
English.			Other Languages.			
Names of Books.	No. of Copies.		Names of Books.	No. of Copies.		
Byron's Lara, edited by C. M. Barrow, Calicut	250		<i>Latin.</i>			
Bangalore Spectator Almanac ...	250		Latin Text by Dr. Pope ...	250		
Rules, Coorg Planters' Club ...	300					
Life of Doctor Charbonneaux (brief) ...	500					
The Child's Book ...	500		Stations of the Cross ...	500		
Second book of reading lessons ...	1,000		The manner of serving at Mass ...	100		
The rite of the Consecration of the Bishops...	500					
... ..	...					
... ..	...				Only Job-Work.	
... ..	...		<i>Kanarese.</i>			
... ..	...		Rama Bhakti Saram ...	500	} These three are bound in one.	
... ..	...		Tripuramba Bhakti Saram ...	500		
... ..	...		Tripuramba Sataka ...	500		
... ..	...		Devara Nama ...	250		
... ..	...		Siva Gita ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Siva Nandalahari ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Vridha Chanikyam ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Vishnu Sahasra Nama ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Bala Ramayna ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Rethala Paucha Vimsati...	1,000		
... ..	...		Nala Charitra ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Bharata Savitri ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Gnana Sindhu ...	500		
... ..	...		Police Manual ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Nija Linga Sataka ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Hari Bhakti Sava ...	1,500		
... ..	...		Indian Contract Act ...	300		
... ..	...		Indian Limitation Act ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Babruvahana Kalaga ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Kabirdasa Hari Katha ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Bhojana Sloka ...	1,500		
... ..	...		Samantakopakyana ...	1,000		
... ..	...		Subhashita or Niti Shastra	1,000		
... ..	...		Police Manual (reprint) ...	600		
... ..	...		Act No. 13 and 18 ...	300		
... ..	...		Chandesvara Sataka (in Telugu)	1,000		
... ..	...		Raghuvamsakavya, Chapter 1 to 4	1,000		
... ..	...		Mysore Police Circulars. .	1,250		
... ..	...		Criminal Procedure Code	2,500		
... ..	...		Satika Kaivalya Paddhati	2,250		

NAME OF PRESS.	NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS.						PERIODICALS.					
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.	Quarterly.	Yearly.	Occasionally.		
	English.		Other Languages.		English.		English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.
	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.
Vichara Darpana Press. (Continued)												
Bahrul Islam Press	...	...	...	...	...	...	Manshure Muham- madi, tri- monthly.	...	...	...	...	...
Khusi Press	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore Akhbar, 150 in Hindustani.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khasim ul Akhbar	...	...	...	...	...	Khasimul Akhbar 250 in Hindu- stani.	...	...	...	...	...	...

(Continued.)

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN THE YEAR.				
English.		Other Languages.		REMARKS.
Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	
		Satika Paramartha Gite...	2,250	
		Venanna Sarvagna Samavāda ...	2,000	
		Venkatesa Satika ...	2,000	
		Satika Jaimini Bharata ...	3,000	
		Sarangataruna Kathie ...	1,000	
		Amara, 1st Part (in Balaband)	2,000	
		Nija Linga Satakā ...	1,000	
		Betala Kathie ...	2,000	
		Airavata ...	2,000	
		Amubhavāmrita...	3,000	
		Karnājunara Kāhuga ...	2,000	
		Amara, 1st Part ...	4,000	
		Jaimini Bharata ...	8,000	
		<i>Hindustani.</i>		Tries to defend the blame put on Islam by the Christians, and shews what benefit Islam has brought on the world.
		Farikh-i-Hind ...	500	
		Geography ...	500	
		Zubdatul Hisab ...	500	In this year more than a
		Hakhaikāl Manjudat ...	600	hundred arti-
		First Book ...	2,000	cles on various
		Tahkikul Kavanin ...	1,000	topics both use-
		Mantakh bi Naho ...	500	ful to the peo-
		Hikaet-i-Latifa ...	500	ple and Go-
		Misbahu Sahat...	500	vernment have
		Khutbat ...	500	been published
		Khowli Fasil ...	300	in the Mysore
		Adabin Nisa ...	500	Akhbar.
		Kitabin Nisa ...	500	
		Saibul Jenan ...	500	
		Talim Nau'ah II part ...	500	
		Sirrai Shahadat ...	500	
		Zotajir ...	500	
		Akhwani Safa ...	500	
		Karimah ...	500	
		Andun ...	500	
		Ahmed Khan Shirvani ...	500	
		Chehal Sabak ...	1,000	
		Khavakdi Bugdidi ...	1,000	
		Ashund ...	1,000	
		Alif Lam Mim ...	1,000	
		Khasim ul Islam ...	250	

V. STATISTICS OF LIFE.
A. BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES.
Statement showing the Deaths registered in the Registration Cards and Towns of the Mysore Province during the year 1873.

DEATHS REGISTERED FROM DIFFERENT CAUSES.																												All other Causes.							
Districts.		Cholera.				Small-pox.				Fevers.				Bowel complaints.				Injuns.								Suicide.				Snake bite or killed by wild beasts.				Total.	
		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.											
		Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29							
1	Bangalore	...	1	1	276	266	542	3,013	2,558	5,571	352	239	591	15	23	38	18	3	21	99	70	169	23	15	38	2,346	2,258	4,604							
2	Kolar	...	...	...	209	178	387	1,953	1,776	3,729	315	323	638	19	15	34	13	3	16	65	86	151	22	17	39	1,360	1,258	2,618							
3	Támár	...	1	1	296	252	548	1,567	1,291	2,858	336	286	622	6	8	14	5	5	10	50	42	92	16	7	23	1,012	937	1,949							
4	Mysore...	...	1	1	228	218	446	3,616	2,475	6,031	611	412	1,023	7	7	14	12	6	18	59	32	91	17	8	25	758	517	1,275							
5	Hassan...	...	5	...	281	211	492	1,975	1,361	3,336	319	225	544	2	5	7	11	2	13	53	27	80	19	8	27	854	553	1,407							
6	Shimoga	...	...	...	53	46	99	1,601	1,374	2,975	539	472	1,011	14	13	27	5	5	10	18	13	31	14	6	20	512	572	1,084							
7	Kadur...	...	4	...	153	102	255	1,178	918	2,096	434	328	762	7	6	13	6	1	7	31	18	49	8	5	13	247	239	486							
8	Chitaldroog	...	...	...	157	126	283	1,183	1,093	2,198	298	296	594	5	6	11	5	3	8	34	24	58	17	8	25	525	497	1,022							
Total.....		9	3	12	1,653	1,399	3,052	16,096	12,758	28,854	3,204	2,581	5,785	75	83	158	75	28	103	409	312	721	136	74	210	7,614	6,891	14,445							

V. B.—

*Return showing the Diseases treated and the Deaths from each
Mysore in the*

Place and Class of Hospital or of Patients.	Number of each												
	Cholera. Small-Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	Remittent.	Continued. " Typhoid. " Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Diseases.	Phtisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.		
NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.													
BANGALORE DISTRICT.													
Pete Civil Dispensary.													
European Patients ...	...	52	...	...	4	9	...	...	34	...	...		
Native Patients ...	1 1	1,874	12	1	190	240	5	25	575	4	10		
In-door ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Out-door ...	1 1	1,926	2	1	194	249	5	25	603	4	10		
Borrington Civil Hospital.													
European Patients ...	...	7	103	5 4	1	15	121	20	9	205	12 3		
Native Patients ...	1 14	1,136	42	31	1	245	495	23	67	662	25 35		
In-door ...	1 16	119	8	...	2	29	48	8	12	49	21 20		
Out-door ...	5	1,117	39	35	...	231	478	35	64	818	16 18		
TUMKUR DISTRICT.													
Civil Dispensary at Tāmkr.													
European Patients ...	...	8	...	...	6	5	2	...	19	...	1		
Native Patients ...	1 1	247	14	3	59	39	...	12	99	...	7		
In-door ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Out-door ...	1 1	255	14	3	65	44	2	12	118	...	8		
KOLAR DISTRICT.													
Civil Dispensary at Ko'ar.													
European Patients ...	...	10	...	...	1	1	1	...	4	...	...		
Native Patients ...	...	548	1	...	46	127	...	8	179	...	13		
In-door ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Out-door ...	...	558	1	...	47	128	1	8	183	...	13		
Civil Dispensary at Chikballapur.													
European Patients ...	...	11	...	...	...	1	...	...	10	...	...		
Native Patients ...	...	658	3	7	66	93	2	17	189	7	20		
In-door ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Out-door ...	...	669	3	7	66	94	2	17	199	7	20		
NAGAR DIVISION.													
SHIMOGA DISTRICT.													
Civil Hospital at Shimoga.													
European Patients ...	...	71	1	...	4	11	...	...	16	...	...		
Native Patients ...	...	1,059	25	13 3	149	98	6	28	171	2	10		
In-door ...	...	60	4	1	12	3	...	8	1	...	4		
Out-door ...	...	1,070	22	13 2	141	106	6	20	186	2	6		

Place and Class of Hospital or of Patients.	Number of each													
	Cholera. Small-Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	Remittent.	Continued. Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Diseases.	Phtisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.		
KADUR DISTRICT.														
Civil Dispensary at Chikmagalur.														
European Patients ...	2	45	23	...	...	10	30	7	...	36	...	...		
Native Patients ...	10	569	231	7	1	177	131	19	73	256	9	43		
In-door ...	...	9	8	2	...	7	5	8	9	4	3	4		
Out-door ...	12	605	246	5	1	180	156	18	64	288	6	39		
CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.														
Civil Dispensary at Chitaldroog.														
European Patients ...	...	42	...	...	...	1	13	...	...	13	1	...		
Native Patients ...	...	1,061	...	...	...	80	172	...	38	292	...	28		
In-door ...	...	26	...	...	...	3	12	...	...	1	...	6		
Out-door ...	...	1,077	...	...	...	78	173	...	34	304	1	22		
ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.														
MYSORE DISTRICT.														
His Highness Raja's Hospital at Mysore.														
European Patients ...	...	252	1	...	...	17	31	1	8	79	...	...		
Native Patients ...	2	5,463	21	...	...	252	248	3	129	755	3	203		
In-door ...	...	149	1	...	...	17	18	2	21	8	2	23		
Out-door ...	2	5,567	21	...	...	252	261	2	116	826	1	180		
HASSAN DISTRICT.														
Civil Dispensary at Hassan.														
European Patients ...	...	45	...	...	...	5	22	1	2	22	...	...		
Native Patients ...	...	676	...	...	...	67	95	3	49	178	...	10		
In-door ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	0	...	...	...		
Out-door... ..	...	721	...	...	...	71	117	4	51	200	...	30		
Civil Dispensary at Sethalli.														
European Patients ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Native Patients ...	...	55	811	...	...	72	21	6	...	7	...	...		
In-door ...	...	...	22	...	...	6	2	2	...	1	...	...		
Out-door ...	...	55	789	...	...	66	19	4	...	6	...	...		
Total European Patients.....	9	637	30	4	...	63	244	32	19	438	13	4		
Total Native Patients	3 28	13,346	1,150	55	10	2	1,403	1,669	67	446	3,363	50	379	
Total of both.....	3 37	13,983	1,180	59	10	3	1,466	1,913	99	465	3,801	63	383	
In-door.....	1 16	363	43	...	3	2	75	88	20	54	64	26	57	
Out-door	2 21	13,620	1,137	59	7	1	1,391	1,825	79	411	3,737	37	326	

(Continued.)

Disease treated.							Deaths from each Disease.																						
Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Veneral Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-Pox.	Rever Intermittent.	" Remittent.	" Continued.	" Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Diseases.	Respiratory Diseases.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Veneral Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other causes.	Total.
...	10	13	...	13	4	240	433	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	277	203	77	584	161	2,659	5,487	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	6	16	
...	9	23	3	18	11	44	167	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	14	
...	278	193	74	579	154	2,855	5,753	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
...	6	...	7	11	6	86	186	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	249	95	813	771	206	3,749	7,554	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	30	10	3	3	6	84	188	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	225	85	817	779	206	3,751	7,552	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	13	...	13	10	2	278	706	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	21	1	3	2	1	10	...	...	...	...	8	2	2	
...	1,925	136	540	2,201	206	6,624	18,111	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	21	1	3	2	1	10	...	...	...	...	8	2	63	
...	28	43	...	92	32	160	596	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	21	1	3	2	1	10	...	...	...	...	8	2	63	
...	1,310	93	553	2,119	176	6,742	18,221	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
...	5	1	9	5	5	139	261	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	231	63	275	567	237	3,100	5,551	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
...	236	64	284	571	240	3,236	5,805	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	17	...	142	...	68	452	1,651	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
...	2	...	...	...	2	31	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
...	15	...	142	...	66	421	1,583	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	140	53	138	229	126	3,052	5,232	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9 14	
...	4,898	1,902	5,343	12,635	4,506	48,338	99,593	2	4	8	...	3	1	16	41	2	3	19	5	29	...	...	1	...	11	18	78	241	
...	5,038	1,955	5,481	12,864	4,632	51,390	1,04,825	2	1	4	8	...	3	1	17	41	3	3	19	6	29	...	...	1	...	11	19	87	255
...	142	216	28	198	200	1,003	2,599	1	1	4	7	...	3	1	15	38	3	3	18	5	24	...	...	1	...	10	15	77	224
...	4,896	1,739	5,453	12,666	4,432	50,387	1,02,226	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	1	1	7	...	...	...	...	1	4	10	31	

V. C. VACCINATION.

V. C.—3. Return of Vaccine Operations in the Province of Mysore during the year 1873.

DISTRICTS.	Number of Operators.	No. of Persons vaccinated.			Total.	Cost of Operations during the year.	Total Number of Successful Operations recorded to date.	Remarks.
		Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.				
<i>By Vaccinators.</i>								
Bangalore District	12	12,661	820	1,545	15,026	1,625	8 0	12,661
Kolar "	11	11,978	430	1,690	14,098	1,500	15 11	11,978
Tumkūr "	10	9,780	933	431	11,104	1,159	6 3	9,780
Mysore "	15	16,396	450	118	16,946	1,878	0 0	16,396
Hassan "	10	12,724	310	52	13,086	1,366	13 0	12,724
Shimoga "	9	6,314	783	499	7,596	896	4 8	6,314
Kadur "	7	5,175	518	86	5,779	689	15 3	5,175
Chitaldroog "	10	11,520	724	504	12,748	1,326	0 0	11,520
Office Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	240	15 1	...
Total.....		89	86,548	4,968	96,461	19,682		86,548
<i>By Medical Subordinates.</i>								
Nundydroog Division	22	520	108	5	633	51	2 0	520
Ashtagram "	5	117	166	...	283	...	...	117
Nagar "	8	925	98	...	1,023	...	...	925
Total.....		35	1,562	372	1,939	51	2 0	1,562

REPORT



ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,

FOR THE YEAR

1874-75.

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BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1876.

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GENERAL REPORT
ON THE
ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,
FOR 1874-75.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

1. The Chief Commissioner Sir Richard Meade proceeded on the 13th February 1875 on special duty to Baroda, and his place was filled by Mr. J. D. Gordon, C. S. I., the Judicial Commissioner, until the close of the official year, when he was relieved by the Honorable R. A. Dalrymple. Mr. H. T. Prinsep was appointed to officiate as Judicial Commissioner and took charge of his office on the 17th March 1875.

2. The operations of the Survey Department were continued throughout the year with fairly satisfactory results. Notwithstanding that more time, than in the previous year, was spent in actual field work by the different working parties, the area surveyed was less. This, however, is satisfactorily explained by the peculiar difficulties of the country on which the Department was engaged.

3. The settlement of only one Taluk—Honnali—was accomplished during the year; that of four other taluks was ready, but delayed to allow, as explained in last year's report, of a full discussion of the proposed rates of assessment.

4. In the Inam Department the settlement of one Taluk—Hoskote—was completed, and progress made in the settlement of four other taluks. Some delay in the work of the Department has been occasioned by the introduction of a new system of registration, according to

which old cases had to be re-arranged. The question raised in para 4 of the General Summary of last year's report as to the retention of the so called "grantwar" system will be made the subject of a special report.

5. The Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Act XI of 1874 and Madras Act I of 1873—to prevent the indiscriminate destruction of wild elephants—were extended to the Province by the authority of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council.

6. The Police Force of the districts is being reorganized in accordance with the terms of an *ad interim* scheme which received the sanction of the Government of India in January 1875. This scheme has for its object the remodelling of the old Kandachar Police on the basis of the revision made some years ago in the District of Bangalore; its principal features being a numerical reduction accompanied by a higher rate of pay to secure an improved class of men and the appointment of superior officers of the various grades. The general working of the Department exhibits some improvement during the year under report, though more marked results will be obtainable, it is hoped, in future years. Of the persons arrested, the percentage brought to trial and convicted has increased; while the proportion of stolen property recovered has advanced by 6 per cent. It is also satisfactory to observe that the functions of the Police are beginning to be better understood and their interference in "Non-cognizable" cases has decreased.

7. The extension of the scheme for the establishment of Munsiff Courts to the Ashtagram Division, and the grant of powers of 3rd Class Magistrates to Taluk Peshkars in the Nundydroog Division, were the only changes introduced in the Judicial Department. There was a decrease in the aggregate number of criminal offences reported, but the number of dacoities has risen from 34 to 39. The general results of criminal administration are so far satisfactory that 99 per cent of the offences reported were brought to trial. On the other hand the percentage of conviction to cases brought to trial was 9 less than in the previous year. In consequence of the decrease of crime, the prison-population was less than in the previous year.

The total number of suits filed in the Civil Courts of the Province was greater than in the previous year, and 95 per cent were disposed of during the year. Notwithstanding the increase in their number there has

been a decrease in the aggregate value of all suits and in the average value of each suit. This it is conjectured is due to the operations of the many banking companies which have come into existence during the past few years.

8. There has been an increase of work performed by the Registration Department. But notwithstanding the special measures taken for making the provisions of the Act more generally known it is doubtful whether the advantages offered by it are fully taken advantage of by the people. During the year an experiment of appointing an English school-master Sub-Registrar was tried with every prospect of success.

9. The number of Municipalities remained unaltered and no new taxes were introduced during the year. Advantage is taken of any opportunities which may offer to entrust the more advanced Municipalities with extended powers. In consideration of their defraying the cost of the Town Police the revenue derived within Municipal limits from the house tax which hitherto had been credited to general revenue was transferred to the Municipalities of Chikmagalur and Chitaldroog.

10. The re-organization of the Siledar Horse which had been sanctioned and partly carried out in the previous year was finally completed in April 1874. The Force is now divided into three Regiments, each having its head-quarters stationed at the chief town of one of the three Divisions into which the Province is divided.

11. Notwithstanding that the year had been a favorable one for agriculture and the harvest good, ragi, the principal food of four-fifths of the inhabitants, was dearer than during the previous year. On the other hand the price of rice and the minor pulses was somewhat lower.

12. The mortality among agricultural stock was excessive; more than one-fifth of the total number having died from various causes. The necessity of introducing measures to lessen the ravages of murrain among cattle has attracted and is receiving the attention of the Administration. The subject is a delicate one, and much caution is needed in dealing with it.

13. The operations of the Forest Department were entirely con-

financed to matters of ordinary routine. The value of the year's transactions amounted to Rs. 3,84,782, and the expenditure during the same time to Rs. 2,36,722. The financial results are not so satisfactory as those of the previous year.

14. Gold has been long known to exist in the Kolar District where natives have been in the habit of obtaining small quantities by washing. During the year mining operations were commenced by a European whose attention was attracted to the prospect of extracting the ore from the quartz by proper appliances, and certain privileges were granted to him by the Chief Commissioner for prospecting the ground and holding a lease of selected parts for a definite period. The result of the experiment is still uncertain.

15. Including the expenditure incurred by the Irrigation Branch Rs. 16,24,636 were expended by the Department of Public Works on the various projects of which details will be found in the body of the report. The principal original work with which fair progress was made, notwithstanding the difficulties of obtaining skilled workers in stone, was the building of a Palace at Bangalore for His Highness the Maharaja. Improvements which will considerably increase the water-supply of the town of Mysore were carried out during the year, and a commencement was made with the works connected with the supply of water to the town of Bangalore.

16. Financially the year 1874—75 has been chiefly remarkable for a change in the periods appointed for the collection of revenue, which makes the revenue year conterminous with the official. In January 1870 it was announced by the Local Government that the instalments which had been payable during the months from November to March would be distributed over the months of December to May, and consequently the collection of 35 per cent of the yearly demand representing about 27½ lakhs was deferred to the earlier months of the next and successive financial year. The immediate effect of that measure on the accounts was a deficit of income compared with expenditure of 14½ lakhs in the year 1869—70 and of 10 lakhs in the year 1870—71. By now reverting to the official year as the year of collection 10½ lakhs were realized in excess of the estimate. The gross income under all heads amounted to Rs. 1,19,27,293. About 17 lakhs of the land revenue de-

mand for the year 1874—75 remained to be realized. Owing to a decreased income from “Forests” and “Abkari” the net revenue is slightly less than in the previous year. A very considerable fall in the price of sandalwood seriously affected the receipts of the Forest Department; while the enhancement of the still head duty and, possibly to some extent, a combination among the distillers has caused a falling off in the income from abkari. The remedial measures for improving the system on which the abkari is worked and referred to in para 11 of the General Summary of 1873—74 did not come into operation until the early part of the official year 1875 and will find a more appropriate place in the annual report for that year.

17. The inaccuracy of statistical returns has been repeatedly commented upon and the returns for the year under review form no exception to the general rule. So long as the registration of births and deaths is voluntary—and the time has not yet come for making it compulsory—a correct birth and death rate will remain a desideratum.

18. Education has made satisfactory progress during the year. The number of pupils was increased by 15·7 per cent and 34 new schools were added to the list which now shews a total of 808. The present condition of the various classes of schools denotes clearly that the time has arrived for completing the general scheme under which they came into existence and points to the necessity of grading the higher schools according to the standard of education up to which they respectively teach. These changes did not operate till the ensuing year and will be treated of in detail in its Administration Report. During the year under review, however, as a preliminary measure 37 of the purely vernacular schools, hitherto graded in the lower class and in which the standard of education has been sufficiently high to justify the step, have been advanced a grade and now rank in the middle class schools. With a view of preparing officers for the higher service in the Survey, Forest and Public Works Departments, a special School of Engineering and Natural Science has been opened in connection with the High School. It is unnecessary here to recapitulate details of the scheme which will be found fully described in the report. A sufficient time has not yet elapsed to allow of an opinion being formed as to whether the experiment will ultimately prove a success. General attention was sometime ago drawn to the supposed inadequacy of schools for European and

Eurasian children. It is satisfactory to observe that, so far as Mysore is concerned, from the statistics given by the Director of Public Instruction, not only is the number of schools sufficient but almost all the children of a school-going age are actually under instruction.

19. The records of an uneventful year disturbed by no changes of moment nor alterations of importance happily afford but few subjects for comment of general interest ; yet the assiduous attention of the several Departments of the Administration to ordinary matters of routine and the consolidation of measures already introduced, has, if unostentatiously none the less effectively, assisted the march of material progress and prosperity everywhere visible.

PART II.

I. PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

PHYSICAL FEATURES, &c.

For information under this head *vide* Report for 1872—73.

POLITICAL.

HISTORICAL SUMMARY.

FORM OF ADMINISTRATION.

CHARACTER OF LAND TENURES, &c.

CIVIL DIVISIONS.

DETAILS OF LAST CENSUS.

} *Vide* Annual Report for
1872—73.

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION.

The principal administrative change, during the year under review, consisted in the extension to the Ashtagram Division of the scheme for the establishment of Munsiffs' Courts, the nature of which was explained under this head in the Report for 1873—74. Six Munsiffs' Courts were established, and to meet the necessary cost, the Judicial Assistant's Court at Palhalli and two taluks were abolished.

2. During the year under report in the Nundydroog Division it was found that the territorial jurisdiction of some of the Amildars of the larger taluks was too great to allow of the criminal work being promptly disposed of. For the more efficient and punctual discharge of business Taluk Peshkars have been posted to 8 Sub-divisions of taluks with powers of a 3rd Class Magistrate. They will aid the Taluk Amildars also in disposal of revenue matters.

II. ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEYS AND SETTLEMENTS.

3. REVENUE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT.—During the year no change was made in the system of survey in force in this Province and which has been fully described in the Annual Report for 1872—73.

4. *Changes in the Department.*—The strength employed on the measuring branch was somewhat greater than in the preceding year. In the strength of European Officers there was an increase of two by the transfer of Captain Mackenzie and Mr. Betham from the Berar Survey, the latter was an Officer of too little experience to be placed in separate charge of an establishment. On the other hand, the Department lost

the services of Captain Major, who proceeded on leave, and was absent during the whole working season.

5. *Measurement.*—The following statement gives the result for the year ending 31st October 1874 as contrasted with the previous year :—

YEAR.	No. of measuring establishments,	Average No. of chains to each establishment.	Measurement.						Average error per cent.	Average cost per acre.
			Fields			Acres.				
			Surveyed.	Tested.	Percentage.	Surveyed.	Tested.	Percentage.		
1872-73	9½	20	55,830	4,998	9·4	943,655	49,262	5·2	G. A. 24·12	0 3 4·3
1873-74	10	20	63,132	5,364	8·4	831,191	44,834	5·3	27·9	0 3 11·1
Increase ...	½	...	7,302	366	...	...	...	0·1	2·9	0 0 7·7
Decrease ...	...	...	...	...	1·	112,464	4,428	...	...	...

6. *General Results of Measurement.*—The general result for the year is on the whole satisfactory. The area surveyed is less by 112,464 acres than in the previous year, but the number of fields shews an increase of 7,302. The amount of labor required to survey a given portion of country depends more on the number and configuration of the fields than on the area. During the past year every establishment was for part of the season employed in a rice and garden country where, as a rule, the fields are not only small but exceedingly irregular in figure, thus materially increasing the work of the Department. The decrease has been entirely owing to a less area of unarable land being measured in 1873—74, as compared with 1872—73.

7. The distribution of days given in the following statement shews that there has been an increase in the number of days devoted to actual measurement and by comparison is favorable to the year under report :—

			1872-73.	1873-74.
Days lost on account of Boundary disputes	...	...	6·34	4·80
Do Do Sickness	...	...	6·32	5·84
Do Do Non co-operation	...	...	2·77	2·96
Do Do Rain	...	...	0·24	1·00
Do Do Travelling	...	...	6·94	5·62
Do Do In-door work	...	...	2·17	1·05
Do Do Holidays, &c.	...	...	2·80	2·75
			27·58	24·02
Actual measuring	...	...	72·42	75·98

8. *Measurement Test.*—The test measurement was entirely executed by the European Officers of the Survey and the operations shewed a mean average error of $\frac{2\frac{7}{10}}$ of an acre against $\frac{2\frac{4}{10}}$ in 1872—73; the increase of error was due to the nature of the year's work which comprised small and irregular holdings in difficult situations. Of the total of 5,364 fields tested the difference between original and test measurements was:—

Under 1 per cent in 3,760 fields.

„	1 & 2	„	1,265	„
„	2 & 3	„	270	„
„	3 & 4	„	55	„
„	9 & 11	„	4	„

9. *Boundary Disputes.*—The number of boundary disputes has risen from 83 in 1872—73 to 123 in 1873—74. The length of boundary in both years was the same. Judging by the fact that fewer days were taken up in disposing of these disputes, they must have been less intricate and more easily settled than in the previous year.

10. *Monsoon Office Work of Measurement.*—The monsoon work generally was not only satisfactory, but shews a marked improvement. The boundary mark accounts of only 19 villages, as against 46 in the previous year, remained to be finished at the close of the year. The arrears in mapping were due to the necessity of instituting further enquiry in the field.

11. *Classification.*—The numbering of classing establishments, 3, was the same as in the previous year. The work done by this branch as compared with that for the year before is given in the subjoined statement:—

Year.	No. of Establishments.	Average No. of classes.	Classed.		Tested.		Average error.	Cost per acre.	Percentage of test on original works.		
			Survey fields.	Acres.	Survey fields.	Acres.			Survey fields.	Total area.	Arable area.
1872—73 ...	3	10	58,784	1,051,076	5,296	37,713	0 0 5	0 0 11.5	9.3	3.5	8
1873—74 ...	3	13	58,977	896,933	6,004	41,703	0 0 6	0 1 4.4	10.1	5.9	9.6
Increase...	...	3	2,193	...	708	3,990	0 0 1	0 0 4.9	0.8	2.4	1.6
Decrease...	...	...	...	354,143	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

12. *General Result of Classification.*—The work performed during the year is very much on a par with that of the previous year, the arable area being a little less; while the number of fields is a little more. The

decrease as compared with the previous year is explained to be due to the curtailment of the field season owing to classification being delayed until the rice crop was cut in the Malnad and in the preceding year the season admitted of the classers remaining out in the field unusually late.

13. *Classification Test.*—There is an increase in the number of fields and area tested. The mean average error between test and original classification was 6 pies as against 5 in the preceding year and is due to the classers being a little new to the working of a rule enhancing the relative value of a “dry crop” field according as its position is favorable for the retention of moisture and for sinking wells.

14. *Measurements and Classification of Inam Villages.*—The subjoined comparative statement shews the progress made by the establishment formed for the measurement and classification of inam villages. The result is highly satisfactory, more especially since there are some difficulties attending the survey of isolated villages widely-separated from one another :—

Year.	Measured.			Classed.		
	Villages.	Fields.	Acres.	Villages.	Fields.	Acres.
1872—73	29	1,943	27,217	11	719	8,164
1873—74	33	3,295	41,565	36	3,251	32,584
Increase	4	1,352	14,348	25	2,532	24,420
Decrease	...	...	...	...	...	...

15. *Preparation and Distribution of Village Maps.*—The number of village maps to be copied and distributed to the Local Officers had risen from 145 to 164. The work performed in this branch of the Department was not quite so satisfactory.

SETTLEMENTS.

16. The settlement was introduced into the Honnali Taluk of the Shimoga District in the year under report. The Taluks of Sagar, Anantapur, Shimoga and Kengeri were ready for the introduction of the settlement, but it was postponed owing to a discussion regarding the rates of assessment as proposed by the Survey Commissioner.

17. *Cost of Operations.*—The total expenditure of the Department for the year was Rs. 2,65,543 against Rs. 2,65,322 of the previous year, shewing a trifling increase of Rs. 221. The details are given in the statement on next page.

SETTLEMENTS.

[illegible]

18. The cost per acre as compared with 1872—73 was —

Measurement	...	{	1872—73	0	3	4·3
		{	1873—74	0	3	11·1
Classification	...	{	1872—73	0	0	11·5
		{	1873—74	0	1	4·4
Total Cost for both operations.		{	1872—73	0	4	3·8
		{	1873—74	0	5	3·5

showing an increase of 11·7 for the year. This increase is entirely caused by the falling off in the area of unarable land measured. Hitherto the Survey operations have been carried on in an extensive country with a revenue small for its area. Henceforth the Department can no longer expect to keep the cost per acre so low as heretofore, for the operations of the Department will, for the future, be carried on in Districts more highly cultivated and in some parts abounding in coffee holdings.

19. Of the 73 taluks into which, after the reduction caused by the introduction of the Munsiff scheme, the Province is divided, the operations of the Survey Department have been introduced in 39. The details are as follow :—

16 Taluks,	measured, classed and settled.
7 „	measured and classed only.
4 „	measured, classing in progress.
12 „	measurement in progress.

20. The following table gives in detail the total area, measured and classed, &c., from the commencement of the Survey operations up to date :—

YEAR.	Total area arable and unarable.				Average cost per acre of both operations.	Total Cost of Survey.
	Measured.		Classed.			
	Acres.	Average cost per acre.	Acres.	Average cost per acre.		
1863—64 to 1874—75	8,989,020	R. A. P. 0 3 1·82	6,668,925	R. A. P. 0 1 1·5	R. A. P. 0 4 3·3	Rupees. 18,44,480

21. The people, generally, throughout the Province, are, it is satisfactory to find, beginning to understand the object of the Survey, and a good deal of the obstruction which arose from the misapprehension of the intention of Government, now no longer exists.

22. Orders were issued to introduce the Survey forms of village accounts in all unsettled taluks in anticipation of the Survey settlement, and notwithstanding many difficulties arising from the dislike felt to the change more especially by the Shanbhogs (Village Accountants), considerable progress had been made in carrying out the measure.

INAM SETTLEMENT.

23. The details of the system, on which the Inam settlement of the Province is conducted, were fully explained in the Administration Report for 1872—73. No changes were introduced during the year.

24. *Changes in the Department.*—Major Cole having returned from furlough about two months before the close of the official year resumed charge of his office, till when Colonel Puckle continued to officiate as Superintendent of Inam Settlements.

25. The settlement of the Hoskote Taluk which had been commenced in 1873 was brought to a close during the year under review and progress made in the settlement of the Bangalore, Devanhalli and Nela-mangala Taluks.

26. The different degrees of progress made in the settlement of the taluks since 1867 when the Inam Department first commenced operations is as shewn in the margin.

Taluks settled	...	30
„ in progress	...	18

27. The number of cases registered by the Assistants was 4,223 and old cases re-arranged under the “Grantvar” system 10,680. There is no doubt that progress in original work was for a time checked by the necessity for devoting some considerable time to re-arrangement of cases. The total out-turn of work during the year, however, compares favorably with that of previous years. In any comparison of the number of “cases” disposed of in different years, it must be remembered that the “Grantvar” system tends to reduce materially the number of “cases” by ignoring the separate portions of land comprised in one and the same actual inam and requiring them to be treated and reckoned as one “case” instead of several cases as was previously done. There were 883 cases pending in the Central Office on the 1st April 1874, and 5,060 cases were received from the Assistants during the year, making a total of 5,943 cases, of which 5,461 cases were disposed of, thus leaving a balance of 482 cases at the close of the year.

28. The results of the year's settlement are exhibited in the sub-joined statement:—

How disposed of.	No. of Cases.	Area. K. C. P.	Assessment. Rs. As. P.	Former Jodi. Rs. As. P.	Quit-rent. Rs. As. P.	Combined Quit-rent. Rs. As. P.
Confirmed ...	3,740	4,006 10 11	36,380 7 10	8,642 15 11	6,871 13 2	15,514 13 1
Malnad ...		4,155 dayas }				
Cash payment...	109	...	1,860 0 0	...	...	...
Resumed ...	451	628 12 3 } 1,212 dayas }	2,918 13 11	640 6 11	2,278 7 0	2,918 13 11
Struck off ...	440	962 6 11 } 10,325 dayas }	5,794 1 6	770 2 3	5,023 15 3	5,794 1 6
Village service...	721	...	...	...	...	...

29. The quit-rent imposed during the year amounted to Rs. 6,871, against Rs. 4,240 in the year previous, giving an increase of Rs. 2,631. The number of cases confirmed also shewed an increase of 718 cases. There were only 721 village service cases registered and referred to the Survey Department for disposal against 3,422 cases in 1873—74. The decrease is due chiefly to the service cases of the Taluks under settlement having been disposed of during the year previous.

30. The assessment on the lands confirmed during the year amounted to Rs. 36,380 bearing a jodi of Rs. 8,642 ; and the quit-rent imposed amounted to Rs. 6,871 raising the combined quit-rent or total demand to Rs. 15,514 or 43 per cent of the assessment.

31. One thousand and fifty four religious and charitable inams assessed at Rs. 9,520 were confirmed; 516 on rent-free tenure, 393 on existing jodi, and 145 on $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ quit-rent

32. Two thousand three hundred and twenty two personal and miscellaneous inams bearing an assessment of Rs. 24,522 were disposed of. Enfranchisement was refused in one case only during the year. The object of the imposition of the quit-rent has been made so apparent to the inamdars that only 138 have refused to enfranchise their inams out of over 20,000 personal cases settled by the Department since the beginning of its operations.

33. Four hundred and twenty seven Kodigi inams in Government villages were registered during the year, and 45 such inams were confirmed in whole inam villages.

34. The number of kodiḡi inams registered up to the close of the year and classed for disposal on the receipt of the final orders of the Government on the subject of the up-keep of such tanks amounted to 1,620. The extent is 1,677 acres assessed at Rs. 19,517, out of which the jodi hitherto paid was only Rs. 710. The quit-rent proposed by the Inam Department to be imposed on these inams, in the event of the kodiḡidars being released from their obligations to maintain the tanks in an efficient state, amounts to Rs. 8,870.

35. Seven hundred and twenty one inams belonging to the Government village servants noted in the margin were registered and their settlement will be made as soon as the Survey assessment of the taluks in which they are situated has been determined upon. The explanation of the decrease in the number of such inams registered during the year as compared with the previous year has been given in para 29. Of the other class of service inams, *viz.* those belonging to the artizans of village communities, 292 were settled as against 749 in the previous year. There were 215 confirmed free of rent, 69 on the existing jodi, and 8 on $\frac{1}{2}$ quit rent.

36. Sixty-five whole inam villages were confirmed as personal grants and nine to religious institutions making an aggregate of 74 villages against 150 in the year preceding.

37. The number of inams resumed during 1873—74 amounted to 451 against 757 in the previous year. The causes for resumption were as follows :—

	No.
1. Invalidity, Rule VII	199
2. Defective title of persons	1
3. Non-fulfilment of conditions	177
4. Omission to register inams	40
	417
5. Voluntary relinquishments	34
Total.....	451

38. Four hundred and forty inams assessed at Rs. 5,794 and sub-

ject to a jodi of Rs. 770 were struck off the accounts as against 633 assessed at Rs. 5,385 and charged with a jodi of Rs. 363 of the previous year.

39. In 98 cases, the inam land was attached for the non-attendance of the inamdars at the settlement. On the attendance of the parties within the year, their lands are released from attachment and a proportionate share of the mesne proceeds is credited to Government, but in the case of uncultivated lands, the defaulting inamdars escape.

40. The total expenditure of the Department amounted to Rs. 66,173 against Rs. 66,495 during the preceding year. The permanent additional revenue derived from resumptions and quit-rent amounts to Rs. 9,239, to which for the value of the operations of the year a further sum of Rs. 670 derived from items of a fluctuating nature must be added.

WASTE LANDS.

41. The total waste land at the disposal of the Government was 2,808,064 acres or 110,660 acres less than in the previous year. During the year 102,641 acres were resigned, but on the other hand 170,559 acres were taken up, the whole of which, with the exception of 73 acres for building sites, was for the purpose of cultivation.

GOVT. ESTATES.—WARDS' ESTATES.

Nil.

III, PROTECTION,**POLICE.**

42. The chief administrative measure during the year has been the introduction of a provisional or *ad interim* scheme, the object of which is to place the whole of the District Police on an efficient footing, independently of the Village Police, the re-establishment of which formed the basis of the measure previously sanctioned, and which was experimentally introduced in one District, Chitaldroog. Owing to the difficulty of constituting a Village Police, which had for many years existed only in name, the working of the new scheme in Chitaldroog was found impracticable, and it became necessary during the year under report, to increase the constabulary of the Chitaldroog District from 240 to 320 men of all grades.

43. In the other 6 Districts (the Bangalore District Police having been re-organized some years ago) the old Kandachar Police have given place to a Police organized on the principles of the Regular Police systems elsewhere, the main features being the discharge of incompetent men, and the introduction of an improved class on better pay accompanied by a numerical reduction of the Force. The proposal for this measure, which was submitted in October 1874, was sanctioned by the Government of India in Foreign Secretary's letter No. 13 J., dated 29th January 1875.

44. In the Bangalore Cantonment, the Police Force has been increased to such an extent as was commensurate with the growth of the town and its population which has taken place since 1868 when it was organized.

45. The total sanctioned strength of the Police Force for Districts and Towns, &c., was 4,532, while the actual strength at the close of 1874 was 4,422. The District Police Force amounts to 3,719 of all ranks, and the additional 813 men are maintained by the Municipalities of towns, &c. The total cost of the Force was Rs. 4,30,030 or 40,461 less than in the previous year, but the strength had also been reduced by 1,050. The decrease of cost is not proportionate to the decrease of strength,

and is due to increased salaries being paid to both officers and men as before noticed.

46. Towards the close of the year under review, in all Districts, except the Kadur District which has since been supplied, an Assistant Commissioner was placed at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioner to aid in the work of supervision and control. This measure while relieving the District Magistrate of a great amount of petty but pressing departmental details, has led to closer supervision and more frequent local inspection of Police operations.

47. *Conduct of the Police.—Rewards and Punishments.*—While the number of both officers and men punished has, as compared with previous year, increased, the number rewarded either by promotion or gratuity has also been greater.

48. *Education.*—520 officers and 1,186 men were able to read and write as compared with 408 and 1,084 respectively in the previous year.

49. *Pensioned.*—402 persons or 150 more than in 1873 have been discharged on pensions and gratuities and there have been only five desertions as compared with 12 in the previous year.

50. *Village Police.*—The Village Police in the Province was in course of re-organization during the year, but owing to the labor involved in determining the emoluments of the Patels, the final settlement of which rests with the Survey and Settlement Department, the progress of the measure must necessarily be slow.

51. In all Districts, excepting Tūmkūr where nothing seems to have been done, actual measures have been taken to re-constitute the Village Police, so far at least as regards the Patels, and their instruction in their duties as Heads of Police in their villages. The re-establishment of the other members of the Village Police will be dealt with as the survey and settlement progresses.

52. *Cognizable Crime.*—There were reported only 4,776 cognizable offences as compared with 5,330 in 1873, and the decrease in the classes hereunder noted :—

	1873.	1874
II. Serious offences against person...	463	414
III. Serious offences against person and property or against property only	1,008	860
V. Minor offences against property.	2,549	2,301
VI. Other offences	1,131	1,007

The only description of crime which shewed a slight increase was "minor offences against the person."

53. *Number of Cases.*—Including offences of 1873 under enquiry during the year under report, there were for Police investigation 5,061 cases as compared with 5,415 in the former year. Enquiries were completed in 4,351 of these and the results were so far successful that convictions were obtained in about 63 per cent as against 57 per cent in 1873.

54. *Number of Arrests.*—7,232 persons were arrested by the Police on their own authority and 227 under orders from Magistrates, and together with 188 arrested persons pending from 1873, there were under arrest 7,647 persons as compared with 9,523 in the previous year. The number actually put on trial was 5,657, being about 74 per cent of the total number of persons arrested. In 1873 the proportion was only 70 per cent and the improvement in this respect is satisfactory, especially since 55 per cent of the number of persons arrested were ultimately convicted as compared with 50 per cent in the previous year. The Officiating Inspector General of Police adds on this point "these results were however susceptible of considerable improvement which it is hoped will be obtained when the Police have acquired more experience." The amount of property stolen amounted to Rs. 4,27,866, of which only 29 per cent has been recovered. The proportion recovered in the previous year was less, being only 23 per cent.

55. There was a marked decrease in the interference of the Police in "non-cognizable" crimes. During the year they took up 478 cases as compared with 828 in 1873. The decrease is general in all classes of offences, and under the one head of "Intimidation and Insult" alone, the decrease was so large as 152. The total number of non-cognizable offences enquired into by the Police was 978, and 500 persons were convicted.

56. *General Remarks.*—The results of Police operations in the detection and prosecution of the more heinous offences against the person and property, though evidencing some improvement as compared with those of the previous years, are far from satisfactory, but the Department has, except in the Bangalore District, been in a transition state while in process of re-organization, and sometime must elapse before a system of Police administration approaching efficiency can be established.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

57. *Acts extended to Mysore.*—Act XI of 1874—Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Act—and Madras Act I. of 1873—to prevent the indiscriminate destruction of wild elephants—were made applicable to the Province during the year.

58. *Tribunals.*—There was no change in the constitution of judicial tribunals. Their cost during the year amounted to Rs. 6,20,176 against Rs. 6,00,171 in 1873. This increase is accounted for by the fact that the Munsiffs in the Nundydroog Division and the office of Deputy Inspector General of Police were established towards the end of 1873, and that therefore a fair comparison between the two years does not appear. The receipts from stamps and judicial fines amounted to Rs. 2,98,464. The net cost to Government on account of the Judicial Administration of the Province in the Civil and Criminal Courts was therefore Rs. 3,21,712, while in the preceding year the cost amounted to Rs. 3,26,179—4—6.

59. *Crime.*—The total number of offences reported during the year was 13,865, being less by about two per cent than in the preceding year. The number of offences of each class during the year 1874 as compared with 1873 was as follows :—

							1873.	1874.
I.	Against the State and Public Justice	...	...	...	...	...	2,265	1,918
II.	„ the person	...	...	...	...	...	6,405	6,750
III.	„ the property	...	...	...	...	...	4,186	3,606
IV.	„ the special laws	...	...	...	...	...	1,308	1,591
Total.....							14,164	13,865

60. *Heinous Offences.*—The number of heinous offences, except dacoity, shews a general decrease. There were only 49 murders as compared with 54 in 1873. In 27 cases 43 persons were convicted and three cases were pending at the close of the year.

61. *Culpable Homicide.*—Culpable homicides have fallen from 37 in 1873 to 17. Convictions were obtained in 11 cases.

62. *Kidnapping*.—Eight cases of kidnapping and abduction were reported, as compared with 11 in the previous year. Kidnapping for immoral purposes is of rare occurrence in the Province.

63. *Rape*.—In 8 out of the 10 cases of rape the complaints appear to have been made on insufficient grounds, and the accused were accordingly either acquitted or discharged. The other two cases resulted in the conviction of the accused.

64. *Dacoities*.—The number of dacoities has increased from 34 in the previous year to 39 in the one under review. The crime of dacoity still prevails to a considerable extent in the Nagar Division, where the number of offences of this kind committed during the year was 21 while there were only 9 cases reported in each of the other two Divisions. The Judicial Commissioner remarks on this point. “The circumstances of the Nagar Division appear to afford peculiar facilities for the perpetration of this description of crime. The wild and sparsely populated taluks of the Malnad with isolated houses at great distances from each other and numbers of reputed criminals and nomadic tribes moving through them more than half the year in quest of work, or on the pretence of trade, account in some measure for the prevalence of dacoities and highway robberies. Such crimes are, however, very much fewer than they used to be, and every endeavour is being made by the local and controlling authorities for their suppression.”

65. *Robberies*.—Fifty-five robberies were reported as against 91 in 1873. Thirty-two of these cases occurred in Nagar, 15 in Nundydroog and 8 in Ashtagram; 41 persons were convicted of robbery in 23 cases during the year.

66. *Results of Criminal Trials*.—In all 13,753 cases were brought to trial before the Sessions Judges and Magistrates, being 99 per cent of the number of offences reported. Convictions were secured in 7,936 or 58 per cent of the cases brought to trial. The percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained in 1873 was 67. Except 52 cases involving 121 persons all the cases brought to trial were disposed of before the close of the year. Only five cases were pending over one month. The number of persons brought to trial was 5·3 per mille of the population.

67. *Witnesses.*—The number of witnesses examined was 47,430, or less by about 5 per cent than in the previous year. All except 542 witnesses were discharged within three days. The number detained beyond 3 days in 1873 was 450.

68. *Duration of Trials.*—The average duration of trials in the Magistrates' Courts was about 5 days as against 4·3 in 1873. In the Sessions Courts it was 37 days, or 14 days less than in the previous year.

69. *Punishment.*—The statistics of punishments inflicted during the year shew, as compared with 1873, a decrease both in number and severity, due no doubt to the general decrease of crime during the year. 23 persons as against 35 in 1873 were sentenced to death, and 28 as against 36 to transportation. Of the latter 6 were term-convicts as compared with only 3 in the previous year. The number of persons who gave security and recognizances to keep the peace was 209, being about two thirds of the number during the preceding year. This large decrease is highly satisfactory. Of sentences of imprisonment a very large proportion, *viz.* 96 per cent, were for terms below two years, while the numbers between 2 and 7 years and above 7 years were 140 and 14 respectively, as against 158 and 24 in 1873.

70. *Fines.*—There were 12,307 sentences of fine or 1,189[†] less than in 1873, and the total amount of fines inflicted, *viz.*, Rs. 74,988, also shewed a decrease to the extent of Rs. 13,483. The average amount of each fine was Rs. 6—1—6 against Rs. 6—8—0 in 1873. Of the total amount of fines imposed Rs. 55,398 were realized, of which Rs. 53,529 and Rs. 1,295 were credited respectively to Government and to Municipal and Local Funds. The sum of Rs. 55,398 was realized on account of fines imposed during the year, and in addition, a sum of Rs. 6,609 on account of those of former years. Rs. 11,498 were struck off as relating to sentences passed more than 6 years ago, and on remission on appeal. There was at the close of the year a balance of Rs. 96,866 remaining unrecovered.

71. *Compensation.*—The total amount of compensation paid to injured parties was Rs. 9,056 or Rs. 3,014 in excess of amount paid in 1873. This increase is partly due to the unpaid balance of the previous year. Rs. 2,305 were paid to accused persons as compensation for frivolous and vexatious complaints and Rs. 2,027 were awarded under Section 31 of the Court Fees Act after conviction of the accused in non-cognizable cases.

72. *Whipping*.—The only description of punishment in which the returns of the year shew an increase is whipping. 253 persons as against 215 in the previous year were whipped, 45 in addition to and 208 in lieu of other punishments as against 28 and 187 in 1873.

73. *European British Subjects*.—68 European British subjects were tried, 67 by the Cantonment Magistrate and one by the District Magistrate of Shimoga. Of these 25 were fined in sums under Rs. 100, and 17 were imprisoned for terms under 2 months and 15 were acquitted or discharged.

74. *Assessors*.—The Commissioners of Divisions as Sessions Judges tried 130 cases with the aid of assessors, and they differed with the assessors in only 21 cases.

75. *Criminal Appeals*.—Including 9 appeals pending at the close of 1873, the total number of criminal appeals for disposal before the Courts during the year was 439 as against 455 in the previous year. 427 of the number were decided, leaving 12 appeals pending at the end of the year. The number of appeals confirmed was 197 or 46·13 per cent, while the proportion of sentences reversed was even more than in 1873, being 31·1 per cent as against 27·5. The result of the trial of appeals by the several classes of appellate Courts is as follows :—

Appellate Courts.				Rejected.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Quashed.	Remanded.	Referred.	Total.
1st Class Magistrates ...	...	...	...	12	52	22	40	1	...	...	127
District do ...	...	...	...	16	93	24	78	1	7	2	219
Sessions Judges ...	...	...	...	5	52	5	17	1	...	1	81
Total.....				33	197	51	133	3	7	3	427
Percentage				7·73	46·13	11·94	31·14	·71	1·64	·7	

76. The average duration of appeals has risen from 10·3 days in the Magisterial and 18·5 days in the Sessions Courts in 1873 to 11·3 and 21·2 days respectively in 1874.

77. *Judicial Commissioner's Court as a Court of Reference*.—During the year under review, 24 sentences of death were referred to the

Judicial Commissioner for confirmation, and of these, in 22 cases the sentence was confirmed, in one case the sentence was commuted to transportation for life, and in the other case the sentence was set aside and the convict acquitted. In 1873 there were 40 cases referred for the Judicial Commissioner's orders. The smaller number during the past year is due to the trials for murder being less numerous.

78. *The Judicial Commissioner's Court as an Appellate Court.*—There were instituted only 72 appeals involving 106 persons as compared with 117 appeals and 192 appellants in 1873. Including the appeals pending at the end of the year the total number of appeals was 75. In 64 cases the sentence was confirmed, shewing an increase of 8 per cent over previous year; in 5 cases sentences were modified, in 3 reversed, and 3 appeals were pending at the close of the year.

79. *The Judicial Commissioner's Court as a Court of Revision.*—The number of cases (119) submitted for revision was slightly in excess of that (104) in 1873. In 18 the Judicial Commissioner declined to interfere, in 12 cases the orders of the lower Courts were modified, and in one set aside, and two remanded for further evidence. In the remaining 86 cases, the proceedings of the lower Courts were quashed as being contrary to law. In 7 cases out of the 12 cases modified, as a Court of Revision the Judicial Commissioner enhanced the sentence passed by the lower Court.

80. *Miscellaneous Cases and Petitions.*—The number of miscellaneous cases and petitions disposed of by the Criminal Courts of the Province was 869 and 3,813 respectively, as against 1,994 cases and 6,549 petitions in the previous year. This large decrease is due to the exclusion from the returns of cases and petitions in which formal judicial orders were not required. At the close of the year, 7 cases and 22 petitions of a miscellaneous nature were pending.

PRISONS.

81. *Accommodation.*—The accommodation in the jails and lock-ups has been generally ample except in the Shimoga Jail, where the number of male convicts was considerably greater than could be accommodated in the barracks at the prescribed rate of 36 superficial feet

per man. The daily average strength of male convicts was 380, while there was accommodation for only 300. A few of these convicts have been transferred to the Tímkúr Jail.

82. *General Summary Statement.*—Including 1,820 males and 121 females under confinement on the last day of 1873, there was, during the year 1874, a total jail population of 9,277 men and 750 women, as compared with 10,760 men and 1,006 women in the preceding year. This decrease was in the classes of under-trial and convicted prisoners. The numbers confined in the Civil Jail were 293 as compared with 243 in 1873. On the last day of the year there were in confinement in the whole Province, 1,738 men and 94 women. The total daily average was 1,903·97 as against 1,923·61 in 1873.

83. *Statement No. I.—Number and Disposal of Convicts.*—The total number of convicted prisoners in all the jails and lockups of the Province, including the number received by transfer, and the number remaining from the previous year, was 5,652 (5,202 males and 450 females) as compared with 6,274 convicts, (5,744 males and 530 females) in 1873, being a decrease of about 10 per cent in the year under report. Notwithstanding a decrease in the total prison population, the daily average strength has increased from 1,677·327 in 1873 to 1,714 in 1874, a circumstance that is due probably, as remarked by the Judicial Commissioner, to the longer term of the sentences of the convicts. 356 were transferred to other jails, 3,509 were released, 31 transported, 1 was transferred to the Lunatic Asylum, 7 escaped, 22 were executed, 38 died, and 1,688 were remaining at the end of the year.

84. *Statement No. II.—Religion, Age and Occupation.*—Of the total number of convicts, 1·9 per cent were Christians, 13·4 Muhammadans ; and 74·6 Hindus. The number of Muhammadans increased by about 3 per cent, and there was a corresponding decrease in the number of Hindus.

85. There was a decrease of 19 in the number of juvenile convicts, but the increase among convicts above 60 years is remarkable, namely from 97 in 1873 to 209 in 1874, and the percentage has risen from 1·7 to 3·8. The percentage of convicts between 40 and 60 has fallen

from 20·1 to 16·8. The percentage of convicts between 16 and 40 years shews a slight increase, having risen from 75·2 in 1873 to 76·4 in 1874.

86. Of 4,905 male convicts, only 87 were of independent property, 127 were domestic servants, 245 were Government servants, and 163 had no occupation, 2,174 were agriculturists, and 2,190 belonged to other classes, and are returned as non-agriculturists. Of the 415 female convicts, 362 were married, 31 unmarried, and 22 were prostitutes.

87. *Statement No. III.—Nature of Sentence.*—62·6 per cent of the total number of convicts as against 66·35 per cent in 1873 had been sentenced to imprisonment not exceeding 6 months. The proportion of persons sentenced to simple imprisonment to the total convict population was 20 per cent, as compared with 18 per cent in the previous year. The number of prisoners sentenced to imprisonment for periods exceeding 10 years was 15 less than in 1873, while the number between 1 and 10 years shews an increase of 131 prisoners.

88. *Statement No. IV.—Re-committals.*—355 of the convicts or nearly the same proportion as in 1873, viz., 6·6 per cent, were old offenders, 80 of whom were thrice convicted and 90 more than thrice.

89. *Statement No. V.—Escapes and Re-captures.*—One escaped prisoner of previous years and 2 of the year under report have been re-captured. There were on 31st December 33 escaped prisoners who had not been re-captured.

90. *Statement No. VI.—Prison Discipline.*—273 prisoners or 4 less than in 1873 were found guilty of criminal offences and breaches of jail rules and were punished, 139 by corporal punishment and the rest by solitary confinement, reduced diet, &c. The percentage of punishments to the average strength was 16.

91. *Statement No. VII.—(Judicial) Education.*—719·33 prisoners or 44 per cent of the total daily average strength were under instruction. Of the persons released during the year, 416 were able to read and write a little and 114 to read and write well, representing on the whole a proportion of 15 per cent. The proportion of educated persons among those who were released after more than 6 months in jail was as great as 38 per cent.

92. *Statement No. VIII. (Judicial)—Employment of Convicts.*—125 male and 4 female convicts, as compared with 119 and 5 respectively in 1873, were employed as prison officers. 22 of these persons were reduced or otherwise punished.

93. *Statement No. IX. (Judicial)—Diet.*—No change was made during the year in the scale of prison dietary.

94. *Statements Nos. X. and XI. (Financial)—Guarding and Maintenance of Prisoners.*—Rupees 1,72,756 were expended as against Rs. 1,74,505 in 1873 on guarding and maintaining prisoners of all classes (convicted, under-trial and civil), while the corresponding old statements, IX and X, shewed the cost on account of convicts only. The decrease of Rs. 1,749 was no doubt due to the decrease in the total daily average strength of persons confined, viz., from 1,923·61 in 1873 to 1,903·97 in 1874. The total cost per head of average strength was Rs. 90—11—8 in 1874. The cost per head of strength for all classes of prisoners for the several items of charge was as follows :—

Per head of average strength.

			Rs.	A.	P.
Rations	...	...	28	7	1
Establishment	...	...	25	12	11
Police Guard	...	...	26	9	2
Hospital charges	...	...	1	5	1
Clothing	...	...	3	1	8
Contingencies...	...	...	5	7	8
Total.....			90	11	7

95. *Statement No. XII.—Employment of Convicts.*—Out of a daily average strength of 1,459·25 effectives, 300 were employed as prison servants, and 476·22 on manufactures, being a percentage of 20·6 and 32·6 respectively. 190·42 were employed on jail gardens.

96. *Statements Nos. XIII and XIV (Financial)—Buildings and Manufactures.*—A sum of Rs. 17,438 was expended on repairs, alterations, &c. executed to jail buildings, and Rs. 33,784 on manufactures for raw material. There was thus a total expenditure on prison administration of Rs. 2,23,978 during the year under review. The cash receipts from manufactures amounted to Rs. 23,539 and the net cost to Government was therefore Rs. 2,00,439, which shews an average cost per head of Rs. 104 for the whole year.

97. *Statement No. XV. (Vital)—Health of Convicts.*—The general health of prisoners was on the whole good. In all 1,115 convicts were admitted into hospital against 1,493 in the preceding year. The average daily number sick was also less, being 40·16 as against 41·87. But the number of deaths increased from 27 in 1873 to 38 in 1874. The ratio of deaths per cent of average strength was 2·2 as against 1·6 in 1873. The increase was almost entirely confined to the Bangalore and Mysore Jails.

98. *Statement No. XVI (Vital)—Diseases among Convicts.*—The largest proportion of deaths was from anæmia or general debility. There were two prisoners attacked with cholera, but only one died.

99. *Statement No. XVII—Health of all classes of Prisoners.*—There have been only a daily average of ·28 sick among under-trial prisoners and ·18 among civil debtors ; of the latter two died, one from apoplexy, and the other from old age. There were no deaths among under-trial prisoners.

100. *Statement No. XVIII (Vital)—Mortality of Convicts according to Age.*—Of the 38 prisoners who died, 18 males and 2 females were between 16 and 40 years of age, and the rest between 40 and 60 years. As in the previous year there was no death among juvenile convicts.

101. *Statement No. XIX (Vital)—Mortality of Convicts according to length of imprisonment.*—There were 12 deaths among convicts sentenced to terms of imprisonment under one year, being 1·28 per cent of the total number of such prisoners. There were 15 deaths among convicts sentenced to terms between 1 and 3 years, being about 2·5 per cent of the daily average. The mortality among convicts sentenced to more than 3 years was 11 or 2·8 per cent. Thus the rate of mortality shewed an increase according to the length of imprisonment.

102. *Statement No. XX—Civil Prisoners.*—There were at the beginning of 1874, 35 civil debtors in confinement which together with the admissions during the year gives a total of 272 males and 21 females in all the jails of the Province, as compared with 234 and 9 respectively.

103. The daily average was 29 or 2 more than in the preceding year. All the female prisoners and 225 of the males were released be-

fore the close of the year ; 2 died and 45 were remaining at the close of the year.

104. *Statement No. XXI.—Under-trial Prisoners.*—The total number of under-trial prisoners was 4,414—(4,100 males and 314 females)—or 1,240 less than in 1873 with a corresponding decrease in the daily average strength of about 58·57 prisoners. The average strength was 160·55 in the past and 219·12 in the previous year. Of the total number 2,503 were released, 1,799 convicted, 5 committed to the High Court of Madras and 8 escaped, leaving 99 awaiting trial on the last day of the year. There were no deaths among this class of prisoners against 6 in 1873.

105. *Bangalore Central Jail.*—Including the 759 prisoners who were in jail at the commencement of the year, there was a total prison population of 1,351 persons, the daily average strength was 735·84 as compared with 741·391 in 1873.

106. The total expenditure for the year was Rs. 64,951 as against Rs. 63,684 for 1873, giving a cost per head of Rs. 88—5—11, as compared with Rs. 87 in the previous year. The increase has arisen owing to a larger allowance of vegetables, tyre, and condiments rendered necessary on medical grounds, as well as from other unavoidable causes.

107. In connection with the manufactures in the jail, the total credits amounted to Rs. 43,561, and the debits including cash expended on raw materials, plant, &c., was Rs. 37,218. This gives a profit of Rs. 6,343 or Rs. 9 per head of effectives. The estimated value of work done for Government rose from Rs. 12,695 in 1873 to Rs. 14,625, of which Rs. 5,930 represented the value of printing work. Considerable profit was made from weaving cloths and cumblies (native blankets).

108. The general conduct of the prisoners was good.

109. The total number of recommitments was 246, being only one less than in 1873.

110. There was no escape during the year and a prisoner who had escaped in 1873 was recaptured.

111. Five hundred and eighty eight convicts as against 496 have been taught the rudiments of reading and writing, but 186 or 45 more

than in 1873 have been taught to read and write well. Of the convicts released, 63 had learned to read and write while in jail.

112. The total number of admissions into hospital was 560, the daily sick 23 or 3·185 per cent of the average strength against 2·729 in 1873.

113. There were 14 deaths or 6 more than in the previous year. All of them occurred among male convicts; six from debility, 3 from diarrhœa, 2 from old-age, and 3 from other causes.

114. The general health of the prisoners was not good owing to the damp and cold during an unusually wet year; a scorbutic state existed generally among the prisoners and necessitated an addition to the diet which in ordinary times is found quite sufficient. Dr. Henderson notices that in the intramural system prisoners are very susceptible to atmospheric changes.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

115. *Number of Suits instituted.*—The total number of civil suits instituted in the Courts of the Province during the year was 22,652, being 1,238 cases or about 6 per cent in excess of the number filed in 1873.

116. *Nature of Suits.*—A very large proportion of suits, namely 21,049 or 92·7 per cent, were simple claims for money of a nature cognizable by Courts of Small Causes. In 1873 there were only 20,148 suits of this description.

117. *Value of Suits.*—From this increase of litigation it cannot always be inferred that there has been any advancement in the material prosperity of the country. The increase is confined to petty cases; as observed by the Officiating Judicial Commissioner, the aggregate *value* of suits has been in the descending scale since 1870, as exhibited by the subjoined figures :—

1870	...	...	Rs.	27,39,011
1871	...	...	"	23,64,852
1872	...	...	"	22,08,631
1873	...	...	"	22,07,369
1874	...	...	"	22,02,784

118. The average value of each suit was Rs. 97 as against Rs. 103 in the previous year, and Rs. 133 in 1870. The Officiating Judicial Commissioner infers from the increasing number of so called Banks which are in reality mere money lending establishments, that it is to this source that the number of petty cases on claims for money is attributable.

119. The following table compares the number of original suits in the different classes of Courts of first instance in the Province :—

Class of Courts.	1873.		1874.	
	No. of Suits.	Percentage.	No. of Suits.	Percentage.
1 Bangalore Court of Small Causes ...	5,936	27.8	6,505	28.8
2 Amildars ...	8,618	40.3	5,059	22.3
3 Munsiffs (in Nundydroog Division) only.	1,313	6.1	6,691	29.6
4 Judicial Assistants ...	5,451	25.5	4,341	19.1
5 Deputy Commissioners ...	57 }	0.3	47 }	0.2
6 Commissioners ...	9 }		9 }	
Total.....	21,414		22,652	

120. The Courts of Munsiffs in the Nundydroog Division have been in operation throughout the whole year, and the increase and decrease of cases in the Courts of the Munsiffs and Amildars respectively is traceable to this fact. As in former years, the largest number of suits instituted during the year was in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division, being about 61 per cent of the total litigation of the Province. The remainder was distributed equally between the other two Divisions where the litigation shewed no material variation.

121. *Disposal of Suits.*—Including 932 suits pending from 1873 and 10 received by transfers, there were for disposal 23,594 suits in the whole Province. 22,399 or 95 per cent of the suits before the Civil Courts were finally disposed of, 12 were transferred, and 1,183 suits were pending at the close of the year. The following comparative statement shews how these suits were decided :—

Disposal of Suits.						1873.	1874.
<i>Contested.</i>							
Judgment for Plaintiff...	...	...	...	...	...	4,290	4,303
Do Defendant	...	...	...	...	...	1,214	1,343
<i>Uncontested.</i>							
Rejected or returned ...	...	...	...	...	...	335	197
Dismissed for default...	...	...	...	...	...	2,317	2,454
Withdrawn with leave	...	...	...	...	...	416	339
Compromised	...	...	...	...	...	1,311	1,016
Decreed on Admission	...	...	...	...	...	4,625	4,296
Do <i>Ex parte</i>	...	...	...	...	...	5,670	7,082
Dismissed	...	...	...	...	...	997	1,309
Total.....						21,175	22,399

122. About one fourth only of the total number of suits decided was contested, and this very nearly corresponds with the proportion in the two preceding years. A large number of suits, *viz.*, 10,855, as compared with 8,984 in 1873, were disposed of *ex parte* or dismissed on default of the plaintiffs. The proportion of cases disposed of in the absence of parties was greatest in the Bangalore Court of Small Causes, *viz.*, 37 per cent. In the Courts of the Munsiffs it was 28.9 per cent, in the Amildars' Courts 19 per cent, and in the Judicial Assistants' 14 per cent. The disproportion is owing to the petty character of the suits before the Small Cause Court and the Munsiffs. The jurisdiction of an Amildar is somewhat smaller than that of a Munsiff and which probably accounts for the difference in uncontested cases.

123. *Arbitration.*—During the year under report 31 suits as compared with only 17 in 1873 were referred to arbitration, all in the Nundydroog Division.

124. Ten thousand three hundred and thirty-five suits as against 9,417 in 1873 were for sums not exceeding Rs. 100, and there was an increase of 1,252 cases in suits of the value of Rs. 500 and under, while the number above that value has decreased by only 28 suits.

125. *Duration of Suits.*—There is a slight increase of about two days in the average duration of each contested suit, being 31 days in 1874 as against 29 in 1873. But the average time occupied in disposing of each uncontested suit remained the same as in 1873, *viz.*, 18 days.

126. *Civil Appeals in Courts other than Judicial Commissioner's.*—During the year under report, 825 regular appeals were preferred to the various District and Divisional Appellate Courts of the Province, which with the 70 appeals pending at the commencement of the year gives a total of 895 for disposal. The number of appeals in these Courts in 1873 was 733 or 162 less than in the year under review. The increase of appeals is out of proportion to the increase of suits tried, and may to some extent be attributed to the inexperience of the Munsiffs, but more to the facilities given to filing appeals at District stations instead of in the Divisional Commissioners' Courts. Out of 1,585 appealable decisions passed by Munsiffs, appeals were preferred in 367 cases, representing 23·1 per cent.

127. *Disposal of Appeals.*—Of the 895 appeals filed, 835 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 60 at the end of the year; 73 were dismissed for default, 440 or 52·7 per cent as against 56·7 per cent in 1873 were confirmed, 107 modified, 165 reversed, and 50 remanded.

128. *Duration of Appeals.*—The average duration of each appeal disposed of was 39 days as against 34 days in 1873.

129. *Civil Appeals in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner.*—In the Court of the Judicial Commissioner there were filed during the year under report 10 regular appeals. Four of these were dismissed, three others were remanded to the lower Courts, one was reversed, and two were pending at the close of the year. 132 special appeals as compared with 113 in 1873 were filed during the year. In 74 cases, the decrees of the lower Courts were confirmed, and in 21 cases they were reversed, 11 were modified and 17 remanded. The proportion of decrees confirmed to the total number of appeals disposed of was 64 per cent, as compared with 56 in 1873.

130. *Executions.*—Including 1,748 applications for executions of decrees pending on the last day of the preceding year, there were 17,193 cases of this description before the Courts, as against 15,543 in 1873. Of the 17,193 cases, 12,955 were completely executed, 2,029 partially so, and there remained at the close of the year 2,209. 254 decrees as against 230 in the previous year were executed by possession being given. There was a very remarkable increase in the number of decrees executed

by imprisonment of the debtors. In 1873 there were only 785 such executions, while in the year under review the number rose to 1,430, being an increase of 645. From enquiries made, it is believed that imprisonment led nearly always to payment of debts. Property was attached in 2,629 cases and sold in 1,843. The total value of decrees, for the execution of which applications were made amounted to Rs. 27,36,049 as against Rs. 25,88,182 in 1873.

131. *Miscellaneous Cases and Petitions.*—The number of miscellaneous cases, 1,697, and petitions, 3,325, requiring judicial orders, filed during the year, is slightly in excess of the previous year. With the exception of 120 cases and 22 petitions all were disposed of. Only 18 cases and 3 petitions were pending over two months.

132. *Processes.*—In all 101,138 processes were issued during the year, of which only 1,404 remained unserved at the end of the year. The total amount of fees collected on processes amounted to Rupees 69,306 and after deducting Rs. 38,541, the cost incurred on account of all charges, there remained a surplus of Rs. 30,765.

REGISTRATION.

133. *Compulsory Registration.*—In the last report it was stated that the number of documents registered under the compulsory provisions of the Act had advanced by 9 per cent ; and it is satisfactory to observe that the returns for 1874-75 shew a still larger increase in the same class of documents, namely 766 or 11 per cent more than in 1873-74.

134. The comparative table in the margin gives the number of documents registered in each District.

Districts.	1873-74	1874-75	More.	Less.
Bangalore...	1,823	2,188	365	...
Tumkū ...	617	668	51	...
Kolar ...	473	525	52	...
Shimoga ...	573	638	65	...
Kadur ...	560	652	92	...
Chitaldroog ...	263	315	47	...
Hassan ...	752	707	...	45
Mysore ...	1,500	1,639	139	...
Total.....	6,536	7,332	811	45

135. *Optional Registration relating to immovable property.*—It will

Districts.	1873-74	1874-75	More.	Less.
Bangalore...	381	541	160	...
Tumacur...	151	195	44	...
Kolar...	308	393	87	...
Shimoga...	66	115	49	...
Kadur...	125	147	22	...
Mysore...	185	359	174	...
Hassan...	330	344	14	...
Chitaldroog...	47	61	14	...
Total.....	1,591	2,155	564	...

be seen from the comparative table, appended, that optional registration, which previously shewed a tendency to remain stationary in some Districts; and in others to decline, has, during the year under review, increased in all Districts. If to the number of documents affecting immovable property

be added the number of documents affecting movable property, the increase is more marked, 2,661 documents having been registered in 1874-75 against 2,067 in the year 1873-74.

136. The increase occurs in both classes of registration and in every District except one, that of Hassan, where there was a slight falling off in the compulsory class. This favorable result is in a great measure due to the measures taken during the year to promulgate by notification a memorandum explanatory of the advantages attending the registration of documents.

137. It is to be feared that the bulk of the population are still ignorant of the protection afforded by registration against fraud, and how nearly the registration law concerns the disposition of property and monetary transactions of various kinds. For example in a Hindu population of $4\frac{1}{2}$ millions there were 4 cases only during the year, in which registration was effected of authority to adopt a son, although such instruments are compulsorily subject to registration. In the previous year, there were only five. On this subject a Notification was issued and circulated in the taluks through the Sub-Registrars, pointing out that such documents, if not registered, are invalid.

138. *Subsidiary Work.*—In the subsidiary work of the Department, the progress has also been satisfactory. 43 wills were registered, 147 searches made, 217 copies or extract of registers were granted, 283 special and 16 general powers of attorney were attested by Registering Officers; and the numbers in every case, being much in excess of those of previous years, denote a growing appreciation of the uses of the Department. In bonds, contracts, and miscellaneous documents not relating to immovable property, the progress has been but small since the

present Act came into force in 1871—72. The number registered in that year was 417, in 1874—75 it was 463.

139. *Value of Property registered.*—The aggregate value of the properties registered was as follows :—

	1873—74.	1874—75.
Value of documents relating to real property	33,68,590	35,33,219
Do movable property	2,42,039	4,06,071
Total.....	36,10,629	39,39,290

140. *Penalties.*—Penalties for late presentation were inflicted in 76 cases ; and for late appearance in 99. 193 summonses were issued. These figures are considerably in excess of previous years, indicating, more frequent instances of delay and recusancy.

141. *Refusals and Appeals.*—There were fewer refusals, 66 against 76 in previous year, fewer appeals from such refusals, 6 against 16, and fewer reversals 2 against 6.

142. *Prosecution.*—One instance of a forged document having been registered was brought to notice during the year. The parties concerned were prosecuted and sentenced, one to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment for fraudulently using the document as genuine, one (the Registration Gumasta), likewise to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment for aiding and abetting in the admission of the deed and two others to 5 and 3 years respectively for fraudulently altering it.

143. *Cost of Registration to the Public.*—The average cost of registration to the public, that is the percentage of fees on value of property, was :—

	1873—74.	1874—75.
On immovable property	Rs. 0 7 10	0 8 6
„ movable „	0 6 10	0 4 3

144. The average of registration fees per document was :—

	1873—74.	1874—75
On compulsory registration	2 3 11	2 3 11
„ optional registration	1 7 5	1 6 4

145. *Documents impounded under Stamp Act.*—The Registration Department has as usual been a useful auxiliary to the Revenue Department in the detection of unstamped and insufficiently stamped documents, 95 as against 90 in the previous year being impounded by Registrars and forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners to be dealt with under the provisions of the Stamp Act.

146. *Unclaimed Documents.*—No documents were destroyed during the year. The number of documents undelivered, owing to the parties not applying for them, had increased from 296 in 1873—74 to 451 at the close of the year under review.

147. *Financial Results.*—The financial results of the year shew a further improvement in the gross and the net profits, as will be seen from the following table:—

Districts.	Receipts.					Expenditure.				
	Fees.	Penalties.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Salary and Establishment Allowance.	Commission to Sub-Registrars at 40 per cent of Fees.	Contingencies.	Total.		
Inspector General's Office	...	...	8 8 0	8 8 0	4,921 9 9	...	234 3 0	5,155 12 9		
Bangalore ...	6,745 12 0	275 12 0	5 9 6	7,027 1 6	1,020 0 0	2,524 8 11	98 0 0	3,642 8 0		
Mysore ...	5,001 8 0	262 6 0	11 12 7	5,275 10 7	784 14 2	1,865 2 4	28 14 3	2,678 14 9		
Tāmkār ...	1,787 12 0	50 0 0	14 15 3	1,852 11 3	600 0 0	729 9 3	19 10 9	1,349 3 6		
Kolar ...	1,790 8 0	16 12 0	0 6 5	1,807 10 5	600 0 0	726 6 0	6 0 0	1,332 6 0		
Hassan ...	2,539 14 0	63 6 0	5 6 5	2,608 10 5	600 0 0	863 8 1	32 10 10	1,496 2 11		
Kadur ...	2,478 4 0	223 8 0	21 4 0	2,723 0 0	442 8 0	940 2 4	32 9 8	1,415 4 0		
Shimoga ...	2,031 8 0	57 4 0	45 10 4	2,134 6 4	300 0 0	823 4 5	37 8 9	1,160 13 2		
Chitaldroog ...	963 0 0	163 0 0	3 0 0	1,134 0 0	300 0 0	337 7 2	46 0 11	683 8 1		
Total for 1874—75.....	23,143 2 0	1,112 0 0	116 8 6	24,371 10 6	9,568 15 11	8,810 0 6	535 9 8	18,914 10 1		
Total for 1873—74.....	20,344 2 0	872 4 0	101 14 10	21,318 4 10	9,707 2 10	7,713 12 7 1/2	356 3 1	17,777 2 6 1/2		

148. *Inspection.*—Beside the annual inspection, the books of each Sub-Registry Office were examined by District Registrars twice in the year. The annual inspection reports are based on a printed series of questions, drawn up at the Head Office, on all such points as require special attention ; with the exception of four, every Sub-Registry Office in the Province was subjected to this examination. Except in the case of a few of the Sub-Registry Offices, the annual inspection shews that an improvement has been made in all the Offices.

149. *Territorial Changes.*—In consequence of the absorption of six taluks in the Nundydroog Division during the year, 1873—74 the Sub-Registrars' duties at Yelahanka, Chintamani, Turuvekere and Channapatna were transferred from November 1874 to the newly appointed Munsiffs at the first three mentioned places and to the Master of the English school at Channapatna. In the two other taluks the registration work has devolved upon the Amildars at the new head-quarter stations. Similar arrangements have been made during the current year for such taluks of the Nagar and Ashtagram Divisions as have been absorbed in consequence of the formation of Munsiffs' Courts. The Munsiffs and School Master receive 75 per cent of the fees for the maintenance of any establishment that may be necessary to aid them in the work, Should the experiment now under trial at Channapatna prove successful, village or other school masters specially selected, as in that case, by the Director of Public Instruction, may be appointed as Sub-Registrars at other places, where there is a probability that their presence would stimulate registration by bringing it nearer to the village communities.

150. *REGISTRATION OF COMPANIES UNDER ACT X OF 1866.*—During the year 1874—75 sixteen new Banking Companies were registered with an aggregate capital of Rs. 4,60,000. The fees realized on these and the registration of periodical returns amounted to Rs. 1,800 and the charges for translation, &c., to Rs. 260 only. The Manager of one of these Banks was prosecuted under Section 26 of the Act, for omitting to submit for registry a list of shareholders and summary of capital, &c., within the time prescribed by law. He was convicted and fined in a penalty of Rs. 28. The orders of the Government of India which were issued in November 1873 directing the severance of all connection with such institutions on the part of public servants by

the 1st of January 1876 were modified under the same authority in August 1874, to the effect that the prohibition applies to those only who are employed in the District in which the operations of such Companies are carried on. It was however notified at the same time that the orders interdicting Government servants from holding such posts as Directors, Managers, Agents, &c., of Banks would remain in force, and accordingly officials in those positions have been compelled to resign them, excepting such as come within the period of grace allowed by Government. The duties of Auditor have however been permitted by the Local Government, as an exception to the rule, to be performed by public servants as they are of a temporary character.

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

151. Including the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore there were in the year under review 77 Municipalities, of which 12 were worked by Municipal Committees. In the remaining 65 towns Municipal Conservancy operations are supervised by the Amildars of Taluks assisted by the village servants who also collect the Municipal revenue :—

152. The subjoined statement shews the income and expenditure of 12 regular Municipalities and of other towns in aggregate :—

						Income.	Expenditure.
1	Cantonment of Bangalore	...	...	...	...	1,18,257	1,19,172
2	Town of Do	...	...	...	...	63,440	70,925
3	Kolar	...	...	...	...	4,377	5,804
4	Tunkúr	...	...	...	...	897	1,279
5	Mysore	...	...	...	...	85,076	79,364
6	Húnsúr	...	...	...	...	2,494	2,089
7	Seringapatam	}	...	...	...	10,468	10,518
8	Ganjam		...	...	...	4,688	4,411
9	Hassan	...	...	...	...	17,975	21,153
10	Shimoga	...	...	...	...	9,209	5,013½
11	Chikmagalur	...	...	...	...	4,220	4,798
12	Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...		
Total.....						3,21,101	3,24,525
65 Minor Municipal towns						43,767	49,347
Total.....						3,64,868	3,70,448
Cash Balance..						57,980	1,52,400
Grand Total.....						5,22,848	5,22,848

153. The Town and Cantonment of Bangalore constitute the only Municipality which maintains a separate Officer as President from its own income.

154. During the year under report no additions were made to the sources of municipal income, which is derived from octroi duties, tax on houses and professions, and tax on carriages in the towns of Mysore, Seringapatam and Ganjam.

155. In the Shimoga and Chitaldroog Municipalities of the Nagar Division, a revision of house-tax was effected fixing the rate at $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on the annual value of all houses in the former and one per cent experimentally in the latter town.

156. The funds at the disposal of the Chikmagalur and Chitaldroog Municipalities in the Nagar Division were supplemented by the transfer to them of the mohatarfa revenue on the condition of their bearing the cost of the Police and the Chikmagalur Municipality defraying the charges of the Educational establishments also.

157. The charges debitable to municipal revenues are those noted below, and the expenditure incurred under each item will be separately noticed in Part V of this Report under head Municipal Revenues:—

1. Collection.	7. Conservancy.
2. Head Office charges.	8. Road watering.
3. Public Works.	9. Lighting.
4. Police.	10. Garden.
5. Education.	11. Miscellaneous.
6. Charitable grants.	12. Extraordinary.

158. The town of Mysore suffered great distress from scarcity of water which was most seriously felt from April to the end of the year. Much was done to meet the distress by deepening old wells and reservoirs and construction of new ones. A scarcity of water was again felt in February 1875, but the supply in the Karanji tank lasted throughout the season. Projects for improving the water-supply of the town are under preparation by the Department Public Works.

159. The water-supply of Bangalore has for several years past engaged attention and a project for the construction of a large reservoir has been recently sanctioned and is now in progress.

MILITARY.

160. **SILEDAR HORSE.**—At the close of the last official year the reduction of the Siledar Horse had not been finally completed, owing to the delay in settling the question of the future distribution of outposts throughout the Province. This was disposed of in the month of April, when the 3 surplus Regiments were broken up, and the Commissioned Officers who had elected for discharge were finally removed from the effective list.

161. The strength of the Siledar Horse now stands at a total of 1,300, divided into 3 Regiments organized on the revised establishment as sanctioned by the Government of India.

162. The Head-Quarters of these three Regiments are located at the stations of Bangalore, Mysore and Shimoga, detachments being thrown out along the frontiers wherever the necessity for Siledars has been pointed out by the Civil Officers.

163. Drill has been continued steadily throughout the year at Bangalore as well as at the Head-Quarters of the Regiments at Mysore and Shimoga. The 3rd Regiment having advanced sufficiently to admit of its removal from Bangalore, the 2nd Regiment has been brought in from Shimoga to take its place.

164. *Officers.*—The Officers are reported to have displayed both zeal and intelligence in learning the details of the new drill. Much still requires to be done in regard to that most essential part of an officer's duty, *viz*, maintaining strict discipline in lines and at stables and requiring implicit obedience from those under them. The peculiar character of the force and the absence of the example of more highly disciplined troops renders this a very great difficulty.

165. *Dress.*—The dress of the Siledars has been improved by dispensing with the handkerchief which tied the turband under the chin. The 3rd Regiment wear a turband of a uniform pattern, and cloth overalls in lieu of the linen trowsers hitherto worn.

166. *Horses.*—Great difficulty has been experienced in procuring

horses owing to the dealers not having brought northern horses in any number during the year to the Oosoor Depôt.

167. *Kunigal Farm*.—Thirty-seven foals were born during the year, of which eleven died. The young stock have suffered severely and the loss is apparently due in some measure to the want of professional skill in the care and management of foals under 2 years. It is hoped that this difficulty will be remedied by the appointment of a Veterinarian, for whose entertainment sanction has recently been obtained from the Government of India. The whole of the expenses of the Farm were met from the Stallion Fund supplemented by a Budget grant of Rs. 2,400.

168. *Chanda Fund*.—The Chanda Fund continues to work successfully. Rs. 44,300 have been received from the men, and Rs. 4,132 on account of sale of cast horses. The disbursements were Rs. 24,528, which leaves a balance after allowing for advances made for leather and accoutrements of Rs. 56,413. This large balance arises from the impossibility of filling up casualties, owing to the failure in the supply of horses. There were on the 1st April seventy-nine horses wanting to complete the establishment. The amount paid for new horses during the year was only Rs. 18,560 against Rs. 67,261 in the previous year.

169. *BARE OR INFANTRY*.—One Regiment has been armed with percussion muskets at a cost of Rs. 9,506.

170. *Drill*.—Drill has been continued at Head-Quarters throughout the year, and instructors have been sent to all the outstations for the purpose of drilling the remaining battalions.

171. *Pensions*.—Ninety-seven officers and men have been transferred to the Pension Establishment.

IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

WEATHER.

172. *Rain-fall.*—The rain-fall as gauged in the Bowring Civil Hospital at Bangalore during the year 1874—75 was 56·68 inches against 29·16 inches in the previous year. Of this 48·90 inches fell during the south-west and 7·78 inches during the north-east monsoons.

173. The following statement shews the average amount of rain-fall at the head-quarters of Districts during the past year as compared with the previous year :—

Districts.	1873—74.		1874—75.		Difference.			
					Increase.		Decrease.	
	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.
Bangalore ...	22	79	40	62	17	83	...	...
Kolar ...	24	60	38	11	13	51	...	...
Támkúr ...	21	75	62	43	40	68	...	...
Mysore ...	21	...	30	...	9	...	...	...
Hassan ...	43	7	50	69	7	62	...	...
Shimoga ...	28	51	41	26	12	75	...	...
Kadur ...	29	26	45	89	16	63	...	...
Chitaldroog ...	31	17	35	10	3	93	...	...
Total.....	222	15	344	10	121	95	...	...
Average.....	27	77	43	1	15	24	...	...

174. *Temperature.*—The mean annual temperature recorded at Bangalore during the year under review was 71°·70 as against 79°·3 in 1873—74.

175. During the hot months of May and July, the maximum was 85°·5 and 80°·1 respectively as against 88°·9 and 80°·1 in 1873—74, the minimum in the same months being 68° and 64°·3 against 83°·2 and 75°·5. The minimum for the year was 56°·9 as against 71°·6 in the preceding year.

CROPS.

176. In the year under report, there was an abundant rain-fall throughout the Province generally, and the season was on the whole favorable for agricultural operations.

177. In the Nundydroog Division the harvest of nearly every description of crop was above the average, except sugar-cane which suffered considerably in some places.

178. The out-turn of the various crops in the Ashtagram Division was good, the only exceptions being in the case of gid-ragi and dāl, which suffered from excessive rain.

179. In the Nagar Division the crops were generally good, though the dry grains suffered in some places from excessive and often unseasonable rains. The supari crop in the Malnad is reported to have suffered seriously from the blight known as "Koleroga" occasioned by damp.

180. According to the statistical returns the aggregate extent of land under cultivation including inam for the year 1874—75 was 5,226,364 acres or 24,901 acres in excess of that of the previous year. The increase was principally under the heads of rice, sugar-cane, ragi and other dry grains.

181. The proportionate area cultivated with the various crops in the year under review is shewn in the subjoined statement :—

Crops.	Area under cultivation.	
	Acres.	Proportion.
Rice	521,967	10
Wheat	15,723	31
Ragi and other dry grains	4,054,181	77.60
Oil-seeds	199,286	3.81
Sugar-cane	24,415	.46
Cotton	36,705	.70
Opium	311	
Indigo	3	
Fibres	3,536	.07
Tobacco	22,652	.43
Tea	2	
Coffee	111,139	2.12
Vegetables	54,100	1.04
Cocoanut and Areca-nut	163,354	3.12
Mulberry	11,986	.22
Lac	371	
Pepper	6,633	.12
Total.....	5,226,364	1

182. *Coffee*.—During the year under report the coffee crop was good, the season having been favorable. The borer insect has almost entirely disappeared. The subjoined comparative statement exhibits the particulars of coffee cultivation, the quantity exported, and the duty levied thereon:—

Year.	Planters.	Estates.	Extent in acres.	Number of trees.	Quantity in tons exported.	Duty paid.	
1873—74 ... {	Europeans..	310	33,175	34,408,990	520½	10,414	14 2
	Natives ...	23,409	78,422	83,558,410	2,228½	44,564	1 2
	Total...	23,719	111,597	117,967,400	2,749	54,978	15 4
1874—75 ... {	Europeans..	307	32,652	34,377,590	730½	14,611	3 5
	Natives ...	23,564	78,486	83,779,620	2,586	51,724	6 9
	Total...	23,871	111,138	118,157,210	3,316½	66,335	10 2
Net ... {	Europeans..	Decrease. 3	Decrease. 523	Decrease. 31,400	Increase. 209½	Increase. 4,196	5 3
	Natives ...	Increase. 15½	Increase. 64	Increase. 2,21,210	357½	7,160	5 7
	Total...	Net Increase. 152	Net Decrease. 459	Increase. 1,89,310	567½	11,356	10 10

183. The areas given in column 4 are only approximately correct. The completion of the Revenue Survey in the Coffee Districts will supply more accurate statistics.

184. Coffee lands in Mysore are not assessed, but an excise duty called *halat* is levied on the quantity of coffee exported, the rate of duty now in force being 4 annas per maund of 28 lbs.,

185. The revenue from coffee shews an increase of Rs. 11,356—10—10 in the year under report due to increased exportation.

186. *SERICULTURE*.—This branch of industry is still on the decline owing to the prevalence of a fatal disease among the silk-worms. Sericulture is however still carried on to a limited extent in some Taluks in the Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkūr and Mysore Districts.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

187. The following statement gives the approximate number of the live and other stock in the Province as shewn in the returns for 1874—75:—

	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Cows and Bullocks ...	2,911,684	2,921,962	10,278	...
Horses ...	8,008	7,665	...	343
Ponies ...	21,451	18,051	...	3,400
Donkeys ...	49,671	47,344	...	2,327
Sheep and Goats ...	2,138,750	2,184,594	45,844	...
Figs ...	35,357	39,743	4,386	...
Carts ...	94,912	89,656	...	5,256
Ploughs ...	619,423	625,887	6,464	...
Boats ...	161	134	...	27
Total.....	5,879,417	5,935,036	66,972	11,353

188. The number of deaths among cattle was 150,797 against 138,759 in the previous year, giving an increase of 12,038 deaths in the year under report, which was chiefly owing to the prevalence of cattle disease in several Taluks of the Mysore and Hassan Districts. The sub-joined statement shews further particulars under this head for the year 1874—75:—

	Died of sickness.	Killed by wild beasts.	Total.
Cows ...	33,440	1,522	34,962
Bulls or Bullocks ...	24,555	1,041	25,596
He Buffaloes ...	5,450	279	5,729
She do ...	12,575	414	12,989
Sheep and Goats ...	67,129	1,681	68,810
Horses ...	826	45	871
Asses ...	1,797	43	1,840
Total.....	145,772	5,025	1,50,797

189. CATTLE SHOW.—The Annual Show was held at Bangalore on the 23rd February 1875.

190. The amount placed at the disposal of the committee for the distribution of prizes was Rs. 1,000. The animals brought in for exhibition were divided into six classes as follows:—

- 1st.—Mysore-bred bulls, 4 years old and upwards.
- 2nd.—Cows, any breed other than Mysore.
- 3rd.—Best cows with calf at heel or in calf, Mysore-bred.
- 4th.—Best pair of bullocks valued from 2 to 300 Rs.

Do	do	Rs. 150 to 200 „
Do	do	Rs. 100 to 150 „
- 5th.—Best pair of foreign bullocks.
- 6th.—Best Mysore-bred ponies.

191. The first prizes consisted of silver bangles and gold signet rings. Six hundred and twenty-four head of cattle in all were exhibited and were classified as follows :—

1st Class	..	..	90 pairs.
2nd	..	..	14 head.
3rd	..	..	89 do
4th	..	..	166 pairs.
5th	..	..	Nil.
6th	..	..	9 head.

192. The animals under classes 1 and 4 were excellent, and it was not an easy task to allot the prizes. The cows exhibited under classes 2 and 3 were better and the number greater than at the previous Shows held at Nundi.

193. *Average Prices of Produce and Labor.*—The subjoined table shews the average prices of the principal articles of produce as compared with the previous year:—

Articles.			1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Rice, per Rupee	... Seers.		12	12.43	.43	
Wheat do	... do		9	11.22	2.22	
Dal do	... do		9	11.14	2.14	
Ballar do	... do		9	11.31	2.31	
Ragi do	... do		45	38.71		6.29
Horse-gram do	... do		25	18.13		6.87
Bengal-gram do	... do		10	16.41	.41	
Salt do	... do		12	10.71		1.29
Cotton per maund	... Rs.		7 8 0	6 5 1		1 2 11
Sugar do	... do		4 0 0	4 1 8	0 1 8	
Plough bullocks, each	... do		15 to 200	0 0 15 to 200		
Sheep do	... do		1 to 7	0 0 1½ to 10		
Fish per seer	... do		0 2 0	0 2 0		
Iron per maund	... do		2½ to 6	0 0 2½ to 6		
Fresh coconut per 100	... do		8 15 0	8 10 0		0 5 0
Jaggory per maund	... do		1 12 0	1 8 7		0 3 5
Areca-nut do	... do		8 0 0	8 7 6	0 7 6	
Tobacco do	... do		10 0 0	9 2 0		0 14 0
Ghee do	... do		9 8 0	9 9 3	0 1 3	
Opium per seer	... do		7 8 0	7 15 5	0 7 5	

194. *Labor.*—The prices of labor for the past year are shewn in the following statement:—

			Rates.			
			Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	
Wages per diem...	{ Skilled Labor	...	Varied from	0 4 0	to	1 0 0
	{ Unskilled do	...	Do	0 2 0	to	0 10 0
Cart per day	...	...	Do	0 8 0	to	1 4 0
Donkey per score per day	...	...	Do	0 1 8	to	5 0 0
Boat per day	...	...	Do	0 6 0	to	4 0 0

HORTICULTURE.

195. During the year under review, experiments in the culture of Vanilla, Coffee Liberia, Epecacuanha and Theobroma cacas have been successfully continued at the Lal-Begh. The cultivation of fruit trees has also received attention. Large numbers of the Indore peach—a very good variety—have been propagated, and are ready for issue to the public. New varieties of apple, apricot, pear and plum trees have been received from Australia, and, notwithstanding some rough treatment received during transport, are doing fairly well.

196. *Cinchona Plantation on the Bababudan Hills.*—The plantation on the Bababudan Hills contains 30,526 trees of different ages. There are 5,920 plants in the Propagating House and Nursery at Santaveri, which are available for filling up blanks in the plantation. The trees are not capable of yielding superior bark although the bark, from some of them is reported to have been efficient in checking ordinary mild cases of intermittent fever. A large number of trees is in a fit state to be barked, and arrangements have been made to prepare the bark for market.

197. *Cinchona Plantation on the Biligirirangam Hills.*—The cinchona plantation on the Biligirirangam Hills, which extends over an area of 49,000 square yards, and contains entirely *C. succirubra* plants, is progressing fairly. The favorable result of the analysis of the bark by Mr. Broughton, the Madras Government Quinologist, was noticed in the report for 1872—73. The Jahagirdar of Yelandur, on whose land the plantation is situated, has offered to take its management into his own hands. The subject is under consideration. The expenditure incurred on the plantation during the year amounted to Rs. 459, a moiety of which was, as usual, debited to the Jahagir.

198. *Experiments with Exotic Seeds.*—The experiments carried on during the year with exotic seeds, plants and trees were generally unsuccessful, the failure in many cases being attributable to excessive rain, while in others to want of sufficient attention on the part of those who were entrusted with the cultivation. The different experiments were:—

(1). *Carolina Paddy.*—The experiment failed throughout

the Province, except in the Hassan District where partial success seems to have been attained.

(2). *Sorgho*.—The results in the Kadur and two taluks of the Hassan District were favorable. In the latter, 16 tolas of seed sown yielded 5 seers. The experiment in other places proved a failure owing chiefly to excessive rain.

(3). *Katang Bamboos*.—The results were favorable throughout the Province.

(4). *Cotton*.—The experiment with Wardah cotton seed in the Chilaldroog District and with Hinganghat cotton seed in the Mysore District (excepting the Chamrajnagar Taluk where it failed for want of attention) was on the whole successful. The results in the Kadur District proved a failure owing to heavy rains.

(5). *Virginia or Havannah Tobacco*.—Failed owing to excessive rain except in the Periyapatna Taluk, where the yield of a tola of Virginian tobacco seed was 20 seers of good tobacco.

(6). *Queensland Maize*.—Generally successful.

(7). *Ground Nut*.—The crop was a good one, the season being favorable.

(8). *Pundi & Sugar Maize*.—Yielded small crops owing to excessive rain.

(9). *Sun flower*.—The cost incurred on the experiment exceeded the value of the crop harvested.

(10). *Caroba, Wheat, Nutmeg and Cocoa*.—Failed.

The ryots as a rule have little or no inclination for the cultivation of exotic seeds.

199. **EXPERIMENTAL FARM AT BANGALORE**.—The land selected for the Experimental Farm at Bangalore consisting of 142 acres and 17 guntas was purchased by Government at a cost of Rs. 24,897, but no work was done during the year pending the arrival from England of Mr. Harman, who was selected to superintend the farm. Mr. Harman has since arrived and operations have been commenced, the result of which will be reported next year.

FORESTS.

200. *State Forests.*—The number and extent of the State forests remained unaltered during the year.

201. *Demarcation.*—The demarcation work during the year was limited to a clearance of $47\frac{1}{2}$ miles of old lines in the Nundydroog Range.

202. *Forest Cases.*—The number of cases of breaches of Forest Rules was 286, of which 245, were carried to conviction and 8 were pending at the close of the year.

203. *Improvement of Forests.*—The only work of importance under the head “Improvement of the forests” was the opening of a track 7 miles in length in the Nagar Range. The other works were of a trivial character and consisted chiefly in the repairs of forest huts.

204. *Protection of Forests from Fire.*—The measures taken for the protection of the forests from fire were inconsiderable, and in one case, that of the Ainur-Marigudi forest in the Mysore Range, half the area was burnt out by fire owing to the protection being incomplete on one side.

205. *Plantations.*—The number and extent of the different plantations are as follows :—

			Acres.
4	Teak plantations	... ..	$158\frac{1}{4}$
4	Sandal-wood „	... ..	368
2	Timber „	... ..	304
10	Fuel „	... ..	$1,364\frac{1}{2}$
1	Of exotic plants	... ..	$4\frac{1}{4}$
21			2,199

The total number of acres planted during the year was 740 against $450\frac{1}{2}$ in the previous year

206. The condition of the teak plantations is generally good, although no extension was made in them except to a small extent in one case. The timber plantations are in fair order, though the extension made in one case was retarded by an inundation which swamped 20 acres of the newly planted area.

207. The work in the sandal plantations, with one exception, viz.,

that of Gurapur, which was burnt out by fire, has gone on efficiently, while the fuel plantations are all doing fairly well.

The fellings were :—

Range.	Teak-wood.		Jungle-wood.		Bamboos.
	Logs.	Poles.	Logs.	Poles.	
Nagar ...	6,798	3,704	4,414	905	234,843
Mysore...	...	11,089	10	25,222	191,093
Hassan...	296	...	1,088	315	9,069
Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...

Collections and Sales of Timber.

Range.	Collected.		Sold.	
	Timber.	Bamboos.	Timber.	Bamboos.
Nagar ...	17,365	345,107	20,901	223,158
Mysore	22,440	193,255	22,731	203,589
Hassan	933	5,513	1,071	16,148
Nundydroog	5,695	22,750	5,454	36,597

Collections and Sales of Sandalwood.

Range.				Collected.	Sold.	Description.
				Tons.	Tons.	
Nagar	...	...	...	224	208	Good wood.
				54	54	Inferior wood.
Mysore	...	...	...	406	103	Good wood.
				16	72	Inferior wood.
Hassan	...	...	...	77	46	Good wood.
				29	28	Inferior wood.
Nundydroog	...	...	...	92	83	Good wood.
				11½	11½	Inferior wood.

208. *District Forests.*—No new depôts were opened during the year. The financial results of the District-Forest Scheme were satisfactory, the actuals having exceeded the estimates by Rs. 4,133. The total cost including establishment and working charges amounted to Rs. 45,794, and the sales of wood and bamboos at the depôts realized a sum of Rs. 60,133 shewing an increase of Rs. 14,339.

209. *General Financial Results.*—The general financial results are as follows :—

I. Realizations	Rs.
...	3,83,124
<i>Deduct—</i>	
Realized on account of transactions of previous years...	22,038
Balance.....	3,61,086
<i>Add—</i>	
Outstandings at close of year	23,696
Value of year's transactions	3,84,782
II. Disbursements	2,36,722
<i>Deduct—</i>	
On account of transactions of former years	0
Balance.....	2,36,722
<i>Add—</i>	
Due for transactions during year under review not yet disbursed	0
Value of year's transactions	3,84,782
Cost	2,36,722
III. Net result of year's transactions	1,48,060
<i>Add—</i>	
Net difference of value of stock	77,219
Net Revenue.....	2,25,279

showing an increase on the estimated surplus of Rs. 69,879, but a decrease on the net revenue of the previous year of Rs. 62,570.

210. *Number of Trees.*—The number of trees in the Province is 806,073, which are distributed in 16,267 topes in 12,136 villages, while the number of miles of road is 3,766, of which 3,575 are planted up on either side with trees at distances from each other varying from 12 ft to 60 ft.

MINES AND QUARRIES.

211. *Iron.*—The only metal found in any considerable quantity in the Province is iron. The quantity manufactured was 23,468 maunds, or 4,170 more than in the previous year, while the number of mines worked, 1,463, had decreased by one. The duty realized from the furnaces was Rs. 8,140 or Rs. 75 more than in 1873—74.

212. *Gold*.—A small quantity of gold weighing $1\frac{1}{2}$ seers was collected in the Kolar District, against 3 seers in the past year (1873–74). Rs. 20 worth of gold, it is reported, was also collected in Honnali Taluk of the Shimoga District.

213. *Grant of certain mining rights*.—During the year under review certain mining rights in the Kolar District were granted to Mr. Lavelle, who is permitted to prospect and search for gold, metallic ores, &c., for a period of three years from 22nd February 1875, and to select one or more pieces of land, the number of pieces not to exceed 10, and no block to exceed 2 square miles in extent. These blocks are to be demarcated as soon as they have been selected and leased out to him for a period of 20 years.

MANUFACTURES.

214. The information which is procurable regarding the exact value of the manufactures of the Province is defective, as the statistics upon which it is based are not reliable. The approximate value of the articles manufactured in the Province is given in the subjoined statement :—

	1874—75.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Silk	1,33,080	1,68,030	...	34,950
Cotton	1,59,446	8,66,393	...	7,06,947
Wool	1,89,127	2,44,825	...	52,698
Fibres	39,609	17,580	22,029	...
Iron	2,29,220	1,48,120	81,100	...
Brass and Copper	3,78,880	3,05,083	73,797	...
Sugar	5,45,700	1,36,625	4,09,075	...
Coffee	11,88,131	7,17,314	4,70,817	...
Paper	6,600	10,000	...	9,340
Wood	2,65,923	7,500	2,58,423	...
Oils	8,08,381	6,49,143	1,59,238	...
Total.....	39,38,157	32,67,613	14,74,479	8,03,935
		Deduct Decrease.....	8,03,935	...
		Net Increase.....	6,70,544	...

TRADE.

215. The subjoined Statements A and B give the quantity and value of the principal articles exported from, and imported into, the Province during the year under report :—

A.

Principal Exports to Her Majesty's Territories.

Articles.	Quantity exported.		Average Value,	Articles.	Quantity exported.		Average Value.
	Tons.				Tons.		
			Rs.				Rs.
Arecanut ...	...	4,668	21,80,775	Paddy ...	...	60,125	16,70,750
Cotton ...	...	320	1,21,750	Betel leaves, No...	...	3,467,195	1,32,225
Coffee ...	...	3,045	10,72,291	Hides No...	...	45,245	34,021
Cardamoms ...	...	22	82,197	Cocoanuts, fresh, No.	...	3,976,657	1,53,045
Chillies...	...	481	75,150	Silk, raw ...	...	1	22,400
Dry cocoanuts	...	571	41,085	Camphor ...	...	...	...
Pepper ...	...	111	55,000	Cocanut oil ...	...	4	1,780
Poppy seeds	...	10	1,610	Gingelly oil ...	...	99	40,500
Tamarind...	...	507	39,650	Jaggory ...	...	1,683	1,91,870
Tobacco ...	...	738	1,45,967	Opium ...	...	1	8,735-11-9
Iron ...	...	273	69,900	Sandal oil ...	...	...	...
Gold ...	...	...	6,40,000	Sugar ...	...	1,071	4,00,000
Tuvar-dál...	...	583	57,575	Cotton thread ...	...	26	25,000
Green-gram	...	85	6,000	Earth salt ...	...	...	...
Bengal-gram	...	1,687	1,13,285	Coarse cloth, No...	...	102,412	5,61,912
Horse-gram	...	31,802	2,40,490	Piece goods, No. ...	...	390,937	10,93,951
Black-gram	...	...	...	Silk ...	...	1	20,000
Ragi ...	...	40,423	11,17,362	Silk cloth No...	...	2,000	1,40,000
Wheat ...	...	...	...				
Rice ...	...	8,931	5,42,480				
Cholam ...	...	16,660	4,01,250	Total.....			1,15,00,006

B.

Principal Imports from Her Majesty's Territories.

Articles.	Quantity imported.	Average Value.	Articles.	Quantity imported.	Average Value.
	Tons.			Tons.	
Arecanut ...	1,276	8,15,626	Cholam ...	782	40,920
Cotton ...	1,852	10,15,048	Paddy ...	300	8,000
Coffee ...	438	1,75,640	Betel leaves No ...	8,030,000	2,51,200
Cloves ...	18	35,460	Hides No ...	20,000	25,000
Cardamoms ...	3	19,915	Cocoanuts fresh, No.	1,062,800	33,832
Chillies ...	1,076	1,95,030	Camphor ...	21	78,620
Dry cocoanut	57	15,995	Cocanut oil ...	118	55,338
Pepper ...	264	2,03,514	Gingelly oil ...	111	41,635
Poppy seeds	15	2,000	Jaggory ...	964	1,12,500
Tamarind ...	478	42,500	Earth salt ...	...	...
Tobacco ...	438	3,55,376	Opium ...	2	1,600
Iron ...	929	2,07,980	Sandal oil ...	...	1,650
Silver ...	28	26,45,498	Sugar ...	124	37,815
Gold ...	1	15,11,930	Cotton thread ...	124	1,62,880
Tuvar-dál	3,199	2,81,230	Salt ...	31,859	16,00,888
Green-grain	600	48,000	Coarse cloth, No...	230,900	16,23,830
Bengal-gram	834	78,684	Piece goods, No ...	943,773	49,66,095
Horse-gram	3,928	1,81,720	Silk ...	5	1,20,790
Black-gram	131	16,000	Silk cloth No...	20,663	1,72,740
Ragi ...	7,500	2,00,000			
Wheat ...	13,676	8,63,895			
Rice ...	11,221	5,38,000	Total.....		1,97,84,356

216. *Apparent decrease under Exports and Imports.*—It is observed on a comparison of the value of the exports and imports of the year under report with that of the previous year, that there is a great decrease under both the heads during the present year; under exports it is Rs. 29,53,754 and under imports Rs. 33,25,323. This large decrease is owing to the fact that the figures given in the Annual Report for 1873—74 and in those of previous years included in several cases not only the exports and imports to and from Her Majesty's Territories, but also the internal trade between the several parts of the Province itself.

217. A special report giving full particulars regarding the cotton trade of the Province was directed to be submitted in future in Government of India's Resolution No. 10—391, dated 12th July 1875. The report will be submitted in due course.

PUBLIC WORKS.

218. The original grant was Rs. 9,00,000, which subsequently was supplemented by an additional lakh, on account of the Bangalore and Mysore Water-supply projects, making a total grant for the year Rs. 10,00,000. Against which amount, an expenditure of Rs. 9,77,950 was incurred, leaving a lapse of Rs. 22,050.

ORIGINAL WORKS.

219. *MILITARY.—Constructing Sick-Horse Lines at Bangalore.*—This work, although not provided for in the Budget of 1874-75, was sanctioned on the strong representation of the Military Assistant to the Chief Commissioner that it was of urgent necessity. Funds were provided by re-appropriation of Budget credits.

220. *CIVIL BUILDINGS.—Improvements to the Cutcherry of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, Bangalore.*—This work which consists of the addition of two wings (affording separate Courts to the Commissioner, Deputy and Assistant Commissioners, also Judicial Assistant) to the old building, which in itself is also being

improved in its internal arrangements, was commenced last year. The progress of the work at end of year was as follows, *viz* :—

1st Wing completed with exception of white washing to walls, glazing to doors and windows, and plastering to floor.

2nd Wing, brick-work completed, and plastering 3rds done.

The progress of this work has not been as fast as was anticipated, but the materials are sound and the construction good; its completion will prove a great relief to the present overcrowded courts and the adjoining offices.

221. *Clock Tower in front of Public Offices.*—This, which is a work of some artistic pretensions having assumed the form of a canopy over the Equestrian Statue of Sir Mark Cubbon (by Marochetti) with clock above, has been delayed by the difficulty of procuring stone-cutters possessed of the requisite skill; arrangements, however, have lately been made which should ensure the completion of the work within fairly reasonable time.

222. *New Museum at Bangalore.*—The site for this building which is at the end of the avenue facing the Public Offices at Bangalore, was encumbered by great boulders of granite, the removal of which by blasting proved tedious. The foundations also turned out on excavation to be of a character that required considerable caution, and free use of concrete. All the substructions were satisfactorily completed, and the building should now make rapid progress. All work in the foundations very good.

223. *Alterations and Additions to Government House, Bangalore.*—The work here which consisted in the addition of a new range of apartments for the Chief Commissioner's family, of a billiard room and office, and certain changes to the front verandah, &c., was all satisfactorily completed early in the year.

Estimate ...	Rs. 15,633
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 7,540
Do Outlay	Rs. 7,542

Estimate ...	Rs. 35,000
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 10,000
Do Outlay	Rs. 10,819

Estimate ...	Rs. 30,400
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 6,846
Do Outlay	Rs. 7,273

224. *Improvements to House purchased for His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.*—This work being conversion

Estimate	Rs. 58,000*	of a house, purchased for Government, into a
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 33,000	Palace Residence for the Raja of Mysore, was
Do Outlay	Rs. 32,331	commenced in April 1874. The amount of

estimate was Rs. 58,000, subject to sanction of the Government of India ; and the expenditure during the year was Rs. 32,331. The building is of coursed gneiss with cut-stone groynes and cornices, to replace plaster mouldings, and is a work of some architectural pretensions. The major part of the lower story, masonry of converted buildings, and of a new wing, was completed, and much progress made with the upper story.

225. The foundations of a block of new servants' houses were laid, and timber and stone collected for the superstructure. The work at the close of the year was being pushed on as fast as it was possible to get dressed stone work forward with a limited supply of skilled labor. In a work of this character calling for higher finish and more elaborate detail than usually associated with public works, sources of delay exist which cannot be avoided ; but notwithstanding this the progress has been very fair, and it is hoped that the current official year may see the whole nearly completed.

226. The other works in the Nundydroog Division call for no special report.

227. In the *Ashtagram Division* the following works were in progress.

228. *Civil Hospital at Mysore.*—This building, which is constructed

Estimate	Rs. 37,158	on the detached pavilion plan, was occupied
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 6,000	early in the year. A sum of Rs. 5,674 has
Do Outlay	Rs. 5,674	been spent during the year in planting and

levelling the compound, constructing a large well, and several additions and improvements considered necessary by the Medical Authorities. A portion of the reserve withheld from the contractor still remains unpaid. Work creditably completed to the extent of the estimate, on contract. An Apothecary's quarters, compound enclosure wall, and a few sundries, will have to be added when there are funds available.

229. *Tuluk Cutcherry at Belur.*—As was observed in last year's report, much delay and trouble were caused by

Estimate ...	Rs. 13,622
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 2,000
Do Outlay	Rs. 924

the nature of the soil in the vicinity of Belur ; and it was anticipated that, as a fair start had been made, no further delay would occur.

The contractor employed shortly after, however, suddenly stopped the work, and declared his inability to proceed unless an enhanced rate was sanctioned for brick-in-chunamm. These and other difficulties are now being arranged. Work so far as executed, good.

230. *Assistant Commissioner's Cutcherry at Sahlespur.*—The completion of this building was delayed from various

Estimate ...	Rs. 7,391
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 2,500
Do Outlay	Rs. 881

circumstances. It has progressed rapidly during the past month, and there is every prospect of its being ready for occupation before the commencement of the monsoon. Work sound and good.

231. *District Jail at Hassan.*—This building, intended for the accommodation of 60 male and 6 female

Estimate ...	Rs. 36,350
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 5,000
Do Outlay ...	Rs. 4,892

prisoners, did not make at all the advance anticipated, chiefly owing to difficulties into which the contractor fell, and which are supposed to have led to his committing suicide. The work so far as executed was of excellent quality, and the whole should be completed easily within the current official year.

232. *Improving the Town Magistrate's Court, Mysore.*—A new Court-room and other improvements have been

Estimate ...	Rs. 5,044
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 5,000
Do Outlay ...	Rs. 5,040

carried out by contract in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner.

233. *Improvements and Additions to the District Jail at Mysore.*—

Estimate ...	Rs. 6,164
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 6,100
Do Outlay ...	Rs. 6,165

A Civil Debtors' Jail with out-houses and enclosure wall, also a set of punitive cells, have been constructed in a substantial and satisfactory manner.

234. *School-house at Húnsúr.*—The commencement of this work was delayed, partly owing to the difficulty

Estimate ...	Rs. 4,290
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 2,500
Do Outlay ...	Rs. 1,975

of obtaining a suitable site, and partly to a reference about the accommodation required.

An excellent site in a central position was given by the Commissariat Department, and good progress made. The building was at close of year being roofed in, and would soon it was anticipated be completed.

235. *Malvalli Taluk Cutcherry*.—Rs. 2,560, against an estimate of Rs. 3,153, were spent during the year in the reconstruction of the roof of this building, and in effecting other improvements.

236. In the *Nagar Division* the following works were in hand.

237. *Constructing a Sub-Divisional Assistant Commissioner's Court at Sagar*.—This work, which was commenced in December 1873, was almost finished; the corrugated sheeting only requiring to be put on, and which is now being done. Materials and workmanship good; owing to extra depth of foundations and enhanced rate for iron sheeting, a revised estimate has been rendered necessary.

238. *Civil Hospital at Chitaldroog*.—This work consisting of four principal buildings has made fair progress. It was commenced on contract in June 1874. The Dispensary and male huts were roofed in; the superstructure to the female huts finished; and foundations for the dead-house excavated. Owing to several alterations and improvements having been found necessary, the original estimate has been exceeded by Rs. 1,760. Work has since close of year been reported as satisfactorily completed.

239. In the *Kachur Division* the works under this head were :—

240. *Peshkar's Cutcherry at Mudgere*.—As soon as possible after the monsoon, this work, commenced in previous year, was started afresh, and the allotment fully spent. The walls are completed; the tiles (Mangalore) are at site; timber has been purchased; and it was hoped that the building would be covered in by the end of May. The work is of very good quality.

241. *Judicial Assistant's Court at Chikmagalur*.—This building, which was commenced in the previous year as Judicial Assistant's Court, has since been enlarged by the addition of the Treasury Office,

Estimate ...	Rs. 6,450
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 3,019
Do Outlay...	Rs. 2,706

Estimate ...	Rs. 8,000
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 5,000
Do Outlay...	Rs. 4,857

Estimate ...	Rs. 5,050
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 2,800
Do Outlay...	Rs. 2,896

Estimate ...	Rs. 7,800
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 7,000
Do Outlay...	Rs. 4,537

242. Much slower progress than anticipated was made with this work, owing chiefly to difficulties about timber ; but these having since been removed, and all brickwork nearly finished, there should be no further delay in completing the building. Work sound and good.

243. *School house at Tarikere.*—This building, rather more effective in appearance than those of the ordinary pattern, has been completed at lower rates than provided, and is considered a satisfactory piece of work.

Estimate ...	Rs. 4,432
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 2,500
Do Outlay...	Rs. 2,201

244. Rupees 6,704 were expended in all on other works in *Kadur Division* during the year under review.

245. COMMUNICATIONS.—In the *Nundydroog Division* the following works under this head were in hand.

246. *Constructing two Bridges on the Kunigal-Huliyurdurga road*
—These works made fair progress up to June, when the bridge over the Mavatur stream (35 feet span) was completed with the exception of pointing and coping stones. The state of the Nalla prevented progress being made with the second bridge."

Estimate ...	Rs. 7,742
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 1,200
Do Outlay ...	Rs. 1,359

247. In November, work at the second bridge was again commenced, and had begun to shew satisfactory progress, when sickness intervened carrying off the Sub-Overseer. The Assistant Engineer being also taken ill, the work was stopped for the time.

248. This bridge lies under a large tank in a densely jungled valley, which is notorious for *malaria*. At the close of the year, however, work was being pushed on ; the north abutment had been raised 11 feet including its foundation ; materials were collected, but difficulties of various kinds were experienced in getting in the south abutment foundation. Better progress is now looked for.

249. *Bridge across the frontier stream on the Maddur-Huliyurdurga road.*—This important work was started Departmentally in December ; but the death of the Sub-Overseer who was in charge rendered an alteration in the programme necessary. It

Estimate ...	Rs. 8,565
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 1,000
Do. Outlay...	Rs. 1,064

was, therefore, given on contract, and has since progressed, though slowly. Materials were got ready, but none of the foundations put in.

250. On less important works in the *Nundydroog Division* Rs. 1,381 were expended.

251. In the *Ashtagram Division* the following works have been in hand.

252. *Gundlupet-Sultans's Battery road*.—As noted in previous reports, this line of road leading to the Wynad passes through an unhealthy and sparsely populated part of the Province. An iron-girder bridge (60 feet span) has been erected across the Hebbala stream, and opened for traffic. Two drain bridges were still incomplete, but would, it was hoped, be out of hand before the end of June. Much difficulty was, however, experienced in executing the work carried out, owing to the prevalence of fever. Several large gangs of coolies were prostrated by sickness; and as some deaths occurred among the men employed on the Hebbala bridge, the remainder absconded and could not be induced to return. The road would have been completed during the year but for the serious illness of the contractor, who was unable to bear up against the prevailing epidemic. The Mysore Government have paid to Madras Rs. 5,315, being moiety of the cost of a 60 feet iron girder bridge across the Mavinhalla, or frontier stream. The foundation of the latter work had been commenced on the occasion of Executive Engineer's last visit in March. The Mysore portion of the line may be now considered complete, and cannot fail to prove a great boon to Wynad as supplying a thoroughly bridged monsoon communication, by which grain can at all times be imported for the Mysore taluks to the eastward.

253. *Hasanur Ghat road*.—This work has been completed and the ghat much used by traffic. There are still a few heavy gradients which are susceptible of improvement, and which will now be dealt with at no very large cost. This is the most important of the communications with the Coimbatore Collectorate, and its improvement during the last two years has proved of the greatest relief to traffic, which has been especially heavy in timber.

Estimate ...	Rs. 1,20,006
Year's Appropriation Rs.	15,000
Do. Outlay ...	Rs. 12,769

Estimate ...	Rs. 19,227
Year's Appropriation Rs.	5,500
Do. Outlay ..	Rs. 5,747

254. *Two Bridges on the Anemahal-Mudgere road.*—The iron work of the Chittanhalla bridge has been completed,

Estimate	...	Rs. 19,100.	the embanked approaches formed, and the
Year's Appropriation	...	Rs. 5,500.	work opened to the public. Owing to inade-
Do. Outlay	...	Rs. 6,192.	quacy of establishment, it was found impossible

to make such a complete examination of the nature of soil for the foundation of the Vodenhalla bridge as had been hoped; but, so far as ascertained, there would now appear to be no reason why the work should not be pushed on during next working season: great difficulties however exist in the execution of works situated in this part of the Province.

255. *Bridge on the Mysore-Manantoddi road.*—The estimate provides for the construction of a drain bridge

Estimate	...	Rs. 14,202.	across the western supply channel to the Dod-
Year's Appropriation	...	Rs. 6,700.	kere Tank in the town of Mysore; for a single
Do. Outlay	...	Rs. 4,855.	arch of 28 feet span across a stream in the

93rd mile; and for a bridge of 3 arches (each of 25 feet span) over the stream in the 94th mile. The drain-bridge was completed last year, and the single arch early in that under review. The arches of the remaining structure have been uncentred, and the bridge would, it was hoped, be completed at an early date.

256. The rest of this road leading to Manantoddi in North Wynad has never hitherto been properly made, and is little better than a fair-weather line. Defect of funds, bad soil, much cross drainage, sparse population, and an almost deadly climate as the frontier is approached, have contributed to retard the bringing of this line up to standard, as urgently pressed for by the Wynad Planters; but arrangements have been made for effecting what may be possible at no distant date.

257. *Improvements to the Manjarabad Ghat.*—This only deals in a preliminary manner with some bad gradients

Estimate	...	Rs. 5,000.	near the top of the ghat and urgently required;
Year's Appropriation	...	Rs. 2,000.	but arrangements have been made for dealing
Do. Outlay	...	Rs. 2,481.	in a thoroughly practicable manner with the

whole line of ghat road, which for three miles at its lower end requires to be retraced entirely owing to the excessive steepness of the present gradients.

258. *Travellers' Bungalow at Kempkal*.—The climate at this place, which is the foot of the Manjarabad ghat, being very deadly and the soil bad for brickmaking, a timber bungalow was designed, and is now nearly completed.

Estimate	...	Rs. 4,090
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 2,032	
Do. Outlay	...	Rs. 2,018

259. In the *Nagar Division*, the following works were in progress during the year.

260. *Opening out the new Hyderghar Ghat*.—This ghat is $7\frac{3}{8}$ miles in length from Hulikal to Hosangadi on the new main line from Shimoga to Nagar and Kundapur, and was commenced in 1870. During the past year the chief work was collecting metal on 4th, 5th, 6th and 8th sections, or a total distance of about $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles: and removing rock at points known as "Annagere" and "Sheet" Rocks. The upper $5\frac{3}{4}$ ths miles were relevelled, and all discrepancies in gradient rectified. So far the progress of the work has been most satisfactory.

Estimate	...	Rs. 75,000
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 10,000	
Do. Outlay	...	Rs. 12,486

261. *Constructing Hulikal-Nagar road including bridges and drains*

Estimate	...	Rs. 1,19,256
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 19,400	
Do. Outlay	...	Rs. 19,600

- This project which is for a continuation of the above ghat line to Nagar, $10\frac{1}{2}$ miles in length, was commenced in 1872—73. During the year the following masonry works were completed, *viz*:—

Vadinbail bridge-iron-girder of 30 feet span.

Kopadi bridge 12 feet span,—Timber platform.

Small bridge over the Ganapimani halla, 6 feet—stone covered.

Sherein Matt (2—4 feet vents) stone covered.

Bagodi Bagal (2—6 feet vents) stone covered.

262. At *Nirtigi* a double vent 6 feet tunnel was nearly finished, and foundations were being got in at *Mundewalli* for a 12 feet bridge. Gravel for 5 miles was also collected and stacked by road-side. Work satisfactory, and expenditure large considering the difficulties of all kinds met with in this portion of the Province.

263. *Nagar-Kulur Katte road, including bridges and drains.*—

Estimate	... Rs.	92,227
Year's Appropriation	Rs.	17,000
Do Outlay	... Rs.	16,879

This road which is a further continuation of the above line, is $8\frac{3}{4}$ miles in length, and was commenced in 1872—73.

264. During the year the earth work and forming up road surface were almost finished; the long embankment at Yergi, and a short piece at Indrawadi, remaining to be done.

265. Of the masonry works *Basvan Byana* "skew" bridge 12 feet span was almost completed with a covering of timber supported by L irons, and which appear to suit very well. The following works also were brought to a more or less advanced state, and would, it was thought, be finished before the rains :—

<i>Tirth Kanave</i> 9 feet span.—Stone-arch.	} Progress and work satisfactory.
<i>Bill Sagar</i> , 16 feet.—Timber platform.	
<i>Yergi jungle</i> , 8 feet.—Stone-arch.	
<i>Yergi Nalla</i> , 20 feet.—Iron girder.	
<i>Yergi flat</i> (2 to 4 feet).—Stone covered.	

266. *Opening out bridle road from Kulur Katte to Benavalli.*—This

Estimate	Rs.	8,000
Year's Appropriation	Rs.	8,000
Do Outlay	Rs.	7,997

line being a further extension of the previous road towards Shimoga, 20 miles in length, was commenced in the year, and the work satisfactorily completed and made available for carts.

267. This road is a continuation of preceding roads, and the work so far has been undertaken primarily with a view to allow of the estimate for a complete monsoon-line being framed for the sanction of Government on a reliable basis; and next, with a view to afford immediate communication for traffic and the materials required for the works during the dry season.

268. *Bridge over the Wattai Batchl River.*—This is an iron War-

Estimate	Rs.	20,057
Year's Appropriation	Rs.	10,000
Do Outlay	Rs.	11,949

ren girder bridge of one bay of 60 feet span on the Nagar-Hulikall road, and was commenced in December 1874; but as good foundations were not obtainable at the original site, another was subsequently selected lower down stream, and very little foundations having been required owing to the presence of rock on the

surface on one side, and at a slight depth on the other, a great saving in masonry was effected, and the work was nearly finished.

269. *Bridge over the Begarhalla*.—Single span 90 feet (Warren girder). This bridge situated not far from the Agumbe ghat on the road from Tarikere to that place, was commenced during the previous year ; and considering the late period at which owing to the season in this part of the Malnad, it was found possible to resume work during the year under review, viz., in December, very rapid progress was made. Nearly all masonry in superstructure was completed ; and the girder having been conveyed to site after careful prior fitting at Bangalore, there should be no difficulty in getting it into position early next working season, and completing the work.

270. Owing to the rise in the prices of iron after the original estimate had been framed, the cost of the girder as actually delivered at site was nearly three times the amount calculated on previous invoices of Her Majesty's Secretary of State ; and to this being added (1) unexpected difficulties in regard to the foundations ; (2) the compulsory substitution of hammer dressed stone for brick in the abutments ; (3) higher rates than anticipated, the result has been that the original estimate has been nearly doubled ; the revised estimate passed lately by the Government of India amounting to Rs. 51,175.

271. No available precautions were omitted in framing the first estimate, the excess over which, however much to be regretted, was due to circumstances entirely beyond control ; and viewing both the magnitude of the undertaking in a portion of the Province so beset with difficulties of all kinds, much credit is due to the Officers who have carried it out to its present stage, and who no doubt will bring it to a successful completion. The work actually executed is reported as being first-class.

272. *Improvements to the Agumbe Ghat*.—This work was commenced in 1872-73, and embraced the reconstruction of two heavy revetments on the 7th and 8th turns, bringing the ghat to proper section with paved side drains, and metalling both it and 2½ miles of the road above.

Estimate	...	Rs. 25,750
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 30,200	
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 31,958

Estimate	...	Rs. 16,467
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 4,613	
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 4,572

273. This work was almost completed, and the ghat has been greatly improved. Everything was so secure that, notwithstanding the very heavy monsoon, no damages worth mentioning occurred—a fact that speaks for itself, as not a monsoon passed previously without some serious mischief happening. This ghat being that chiefly used by all the traffic proceeding from the country to the north-east and Mangalore, the improvements thus effected are of great importance.

274. *Mundagihalla Bridge*.—This is an iron-girder bridge of 40 feet span on the Shinoga-Talguppa road, to replace a three-arched bridge which fell in the early part of 1872. The masonry work was satisfactorily carried out; and would have been completed, had it not been for the difficulty in obtaining cap-stones to receive the girders. The iron work is at site, and the bridge will soon be out of hand.

Estimate	...	Rs.	13,617
Year's Appropriation	Rs.	7,500	
Do Outlay	...	Rs.	7,773

275. *Itchalkerehalla Bridge*.—This is a single iron-girder span of 40 feet on the Tarikere-Agumbe Road; and the revised estimate for it embraced the construction of a small arched culvert 6 feet span in the immediate neighbourhood, as also of the approaches. The work was commenced in 1872-73, and was very satisfactorily completed in the year under review.

Estimate	...	Rs.	10,956
Year's Appropriation	Rs.	2,632	
Do Outlay	...	Rs.	1,428

276. In the *Kadur Division* the following works were in hand.

277. *Kudikal Ghat Approaches*.—This work included metalling 5 miles and gravelling 7 miles; the construction of new tunnels and bridges, (2 iron ones among the number); the repairs of others partially or wholly broken down; as also the general improvement of the alignment and gradients.

Estimate	...	Rs.	65,935
Year's Appropriation	Rs.	15,000	
Do Outlay	...	Rs.	13,670

278. The whole is now very nearly completed; there only remain the construction of two or three smaller tunnels; the plastering of No. 11 and No. 2 bridges which were built before the monsoon; turfing in places; the metalling and gravelling of a deviation across some paddy flats.

279. *Aldur-Vastara Road*.—This estimate was for the construction of a 15 feet road, 6 miles in length, between

Estimate	...	Rs. 8,786
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 7,100	
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 7,581

Vastara and Aldur, which forms one portion of the new Vastara-Balehonnur road. It included the improvement of a portion of old road, the construction of one 3 vent masonry tunnel over the Goteshtarhalla, several rough stone tunnels, 2 masonry irrigation tunnels in Aldur paddy flat. The Aldur paddy flat embankment was covered with shingle from the bed of the Birangehalla, and a good surface given. The work has been completed, on the whole, very satisfactorily, and the road opened to traffic.

280. *Balehonnur-Basvankote Bridle Road 10 feet wide*.—This road

Estimate	...	Rs. 7,500
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 14,500	
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 13,879

passes through the Anebidhalla Valley, hugs the river for a distance of 9 miles, thus crossing all the lesser drainages, and involving comparatively heavy cuttings through the spurs and embankments across numerous narrow steep ravines. It then passes over a ridge into the Bhadra Valley, where a very similar country is met with for another 5 miles. The work has been carried out in a substantial manner with good alignment and easy gradients; nearly 70 small bridges and tunnels have been built, the former with rough stone abutments and squared logs, the latter with rough stone and slabs.

281. The work actually executed was very much in excess of the sum originally sanctioned, the roadway being actually 12 feet and in places 15 feet wide; but the money has been well laid out and will go in reduction of that required for the finished roadway for which the work now done only forms the preliminary measure, 1st to secure the actual passage of carts along the whole length, 2nd to afford safe data for the complete estimate to be submitted to the Government of India for sanction.

282. *Balehonnur-Bagunjikatte Road*.—This road which had been

Estimate	...	Rs. 75,575
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 15,000	
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 15,609

previously opened out 9 feet wide with temporary log-tunnels, &c., is now being made full width. Masonry bridges, rough-stone tunnels with slabs over rough-stone revetments, arched bridge over Sidda Nadi stream have been constructed, and metalling and gravelling executed throughout. The work has been very well carried out,

283. The revetments and some of the rough-stone tunnels deserve especial mention for neat and workmanlike appearance.

284. *Chikmagalur-Belur Road*.—Raising to standard.—This estimate provides for the permanent improvement of the road, easier gradients, widening the road throughout, and especially over the tank-bunds, which being narrow and tortuous proved very inconvenient to traffic, metalling and gravelling several miles, heavy rock cutting through a ridge about 3 miles from Chikmagalur, and the construction of some new tunnels.

285. The work has been pushed on with; the cutting was completed; most of the metalling and gravelling was also finished. There now remain the widening of the tank-bunds, metalling and gravelling them, building parapets, &c., all of which are in progress. The work has been well executed, and the improvement to the road is already very marked.

286. *Bhund or Kodikal Ghat Improvement*.—The estimate provided for several improvements on this ghat, —raising revetments, constructing parapet-walls, improving gradients, clearing space for a bandy-stand, and metalling certain portions of miles. The whole was carried out, and the ghat greatly improved.

287. MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.—In the *Nundydroog Division* the following under this head were in progress.

288. *Bangalore Water-Supply Project*.—This project, which is for the collection and storage of the rain-fall on a comparatively high portion of land $2\frac{1}{2}$ square miles situated north-west of Bangalore, was entered on late during last year, and consequently but little actual progress was made with the work further than erecting huts for the two companies of Sappers whose services have been placed at disposal, constructing subsidiary buildings, excavating a portion of the trench for the centre concrete-wall of the bund of the reser-

Estimate	...	Rs. 16,540
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 10,000	
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 11,200

Estimate	...	Rs. 4,916
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 4,500	
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 4,400

Estimate	...	Rs. 5,68,257
Year's Appropriation	Rs. 10,000	
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 6,827

voir, setting out work generally, nicking the ground for channels, and acquisition of the catchment area, &c.

289. During the interval which has elapsed since the framing and sanction by Government of the first estimate, the English quotations of iron have undergone so great a change that a reconsideration of the necessity for introducing so much of this material in the form of pipes, has had to be undertaken. This with other desirable modifications which it is hoped will cause no increase in the original cost, are being embodied in the revised estimate, which ere long will be submitted for the orders of the Supreme Government. Work is advancing very satisfactorily under the able direction of Mr. W. Henderson, M. I. C. E., and rapid progress is now promised.

290. *In the Ashtagram Division* the following works were undertaken.

291. *Channel to supply the Karanji Tank.*—This channel is 4 miles in length, and has been excavated to increase by 355 acres the catchment area of the reservoir on which the Palace and inhabitants of Mysore are chiefly dependent for their supply of drinking water. The completion of the work has been delayed by the amount of hard rock met with, but very little now remains to be done.

292. *Improving the Dodkere Tank Feeder from the Bennahardanhalli Tank.*—This work was commenced late in the year. It is now making fair progress. The bed of the feeder has been deepened and improved throughout, and the waste weir of the Bennahardanhalli Tank raised. After entering the town, the channel was in several places blocked, and obstructed by bridges and drains of insufficient waterway. These have been dismantled and are now under reconstruction.

293. It is proposed to continue this channel to a much greater distance, so as not only to recoup to the Dodkere Tank all that will be withdrawn by diverting the town channels into the sewer now constructing, but if possible to give the tank in future a fair and regular supply.

Estimate	...	Rs. 11,662
Year's Appropriation	Rs.	11,600
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 9,154

Estimate	...	Rs. 13,320
Year's Appropriation	Rs.	9,590
Do Outlay	...	Rs. 4,740

294. *New Reservoir on the Karanji Duct.*—This work was completed early in the year ; but owing to the failure of the old native feeding pipe leading from the Karanji Tank, it has not been hitherto utilized. Arrangements are being made to procure iron piping, when, as far as possible, a regular supply will be led into this new reservoir and both the Summer and Fort Palaces.

295. Under no circumstances however can a constant supply be guaranteed to the Karanji Tank itself ; and consequently until the full gravitation scheme (the project for which is now under preparation) has been carried out, this source will always be subject to interruption during years of deficient rainfall, and which unfortunately are of very frequent recurrence in Mysore.

296. *Clearing out wells in Mysore.*—This amount has been spent in clearing out and improving several baolis in the town of Mysore. The principal of these is the so-called "Bowen's" Baoli which is a large open well situated at one corner of the Dodkere Tank. The supply being good and the quality of water pretty fair, it is satisfactory to record that the prejudice which existed against the use of the baoli has been overcome, and that it is freely used.

297. The other works in the *Ashtagram Division* were :—

(1). *Erecting Engine and Pump at the Rajput Ghat.*—This though a promising project has hitherto failed owing to the defects of the machinery employed. Other arrangements are in contemplation.

Estimate	...	Rs.	875
Year's Appropriation	...	"	875
Do Outlay	...	"	454

(2). *Mysore Drainage.*—Rs. 700 were expended in collecting material.

REPAIRS.

298. *MILITARY.—Repairing huts at Bangalore.*—Against an estimate of Rs. 8,793, an expenditure was made of Rs. 6,793 from Imperial and Rs. 2,000 from Rent Fund. The work was completed.

299. *Repairing Barr Barracks in different Stations.*—Rs. 448 were laid out in repairing Barr Barracks in the Province.

300. CIVIL BUILDINGS.—In the *Nundydroog Division* repairs to the Government Offices at Bangalore were effected to the value of Rs. 4,768 ; and the Bowring Civil Hospital, Central Jail, Government School at Kolar, &c., were likewise dealt with. In *Ashtagram* the wall round the old Cemetery at Seringapatam was rebuilt ; and in *Nagar* repairs were effected to the Divisional Jail, School houses, and Judicial Assistant's Court at Shimoga, also to sundry other buildings. Work, however, under this head is, as a rule, carried out by Civil Officers from the assignment in the Civil Budget.

301. COMMUNICATIONS.—The following table shews the class of roads, their several length, and cost of maintenance, as provided from the Public Works grant of the past official year :—

Divisions,				Total No. of miles.	Outlay du- ring the year, 1874—75.	Mileage Average Rs.
				Miles.	Rs.	Rs.
Nundydroog Division	...	...	...	460 $\frac{1}{2}$	84,391	183 $\frac{1}{2}$
Ashtagram Division	...	...	...	499 $\frac{1}{2}$	79,319	158 $\frac{1}{2}$
Nagar Division	...	...	...	446	78,810	176 $\frac{3}{4}$
Kadur Division	...	...	...	139	26,279	189
Total...				1,544 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,68,799	174

302. As a rule, most of the roads throughout the Province have been maintained in fair trafficable order, and many have been much improved.

303. In Nundydroog, the condition of the roads to the eastward has not been so satisfactory as could be wished, owing mainly to reduced allowances and want of proper supervision.

304. In Mysore, the portion of the main road between the town and Seringapatam has not been in good order ; and the Manan-toddi road, though much improved, still remains extremely heavy in the monsoon. It has never yet been properly formed or bridged.

305. In Hassan, the previous excellent condition of the roads was maintained.

306. In Kadur, considerable improvement was effected to the Bhund Ghat, and all the other lines.

307. In Nagar, the Agumbe Ghat was dealt with satisfactorily, and many old log bridges renewed on the roads leading thereto from Shimoga and Tarikere.

308. MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.—The chief work here has been the repair of the bund of the Jivan Rao Tank at Mysore, which will on completion admit of this reservoir being supplied by a new channel, which by leading in drainage from a large additional catchment, cannot fail to prove a boon to the inhabitants of the adjoining portion of the town.

309. ESTABLISHMENT.—The Budget assignment under this head of service was Rs. 2,23,710; this was subsequently increased to Rs. 2,32,710 against which the expenditure has been Rs. 2,28,293, shewing a saving of Rs. 4,417.

310. The percentage of Establishment as compared with that for 1873—74 is as follows:—

	On Outlay excluding Establishment.	On Outlay including Establishment.
1874—75	30·5	23·3
1873—74	33·6	25·1

311. If the expenditure on agricultural works and from District Funds supervised by Officers of the Roads and Buildings' Branch be taken into account, the percentage will be—

	On Outlay excluding Establishment.	On Outlay including Establishment.
1874—75	27·7	21·4
1873—74	31·8	23·9

312. TOOLS AND PLANT.—The Budget allotment was Rs. 20,000, to which an addition of Rs. 12,000 was afterwards made, bringing the amount up to Rs. 32,000. Even this amount proved inadequate to meet the charges of the year, as the total amount allotted was exceeded by Rs. 2,236.

313. GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.—The most noticeable feature in the past year's working is the large relative expenditure, which, as marginally noted, took place on works, and which coupled with other circumstances, may be claimed as indicating the improved efficiency of the establishment, and the better command of

1872-73	...	Rs. 8,95,426.
1873-74	...	Rs. 9,12,466.
1874-75	...	Rs. 9,77,950.

labor as compared with the period previous to the separation of the irrigation works.

314. The re-miling of all roads in the Province from the Public Offices at Bangalore, as the point of departure, and the sub-division of each into furlongs, &c., for Departmental purposes, were completed in the year; and this measure coupled with the introduction of descriptive road-books for the guidance of Sub-division Officers, the correct numbering and registration of all masonry works, the simplification of the daily report so as to shew how each separate gang has been working, &c., will doubtless all improve the efficient working of the Department.

315. The improved class of materials and of work generally, as noticed in the previous year's report, has made steady progress, and considerable advantage has been taken of the admirable experiments and reports on the use of Surki in cements and concrete, which were made during the course of the year by Surgeon E. Nicholson of the British Medical Service.

316. The employment of hammer-dressed stone, with dressed quoins, &c., has already been well illustrated in the Palace now constructing for His Highness the Maharaja at Bangalore, and in bridges in the Tunkur Range, and Nagar Division.

317. Brick of greatly improved quality is now to be seen in most of the Divisions; and as regards a roofing material for the Malnad the so-called Mangalore tiles (made by the Basel Mission of that place) have been successfully introduced as a cheap and excellent substitute for corrugated iron.

318. Although in many respects favorable for road making, the past year was not so as regards ordinary building operations, owing to the unprecedentedly heavy rain which fell in many parts of the country, and to the early period at which the monsoon set in. As indicating the singular difference between the two successive years in this respect, the following table of rain-fall for 1873-74 and 1874-75, as recorded at some of the principal stations where work is in progress, is herewith appended:—

Stations.					1873—74.		1874—75.	
					Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.
Bangalore	...	...	...	...	38	67	69	55
Kolar	...	...	...	...	25	5	37	66
Túmkú	...	...	...	...	22	30	62	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	19	68½	23	78½
Hassan	...	...	...	...	24	98	18	33
Chikmagalur	...	...	...	...	29	26½	42	40½
Kadur	...	...	...	...	20	49	39	5
Hulikal	...	...	...	...	Incomplete.		379	51
Shimoga	...	...	...	...	28	51½	39	90
Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	31	17½	35	13½

319. The progress made in the scheme of Malnad communications has, as will be observed from the various details of works given above, been satisfactory and should be considered as highly encouraging in reference to the working out of the Forecast Programme of operations on an extended scale for that part of Mysore, which has lately received the approval of the Government of India.

320. The actual breaking ground for the works connected with the general water-supply of Bangalore, and the advance made with regard to the project for a similar scheme for the town of Mysore, and another for Chikmagalur, are especially deserving of note as being the first of their class in the Province.

321. As regards Mysore, a great deal of work, as shewn, has been executed in operations which are intended to relieve, as far as possible, the immediate necessities of the people, who, ever since the city became the capital, have been subject periodically to the greatest sufferings from deficiency of water. As yet the efforts made in this direction, owing to a succession of dry years, has not been crowned with much success; and there is thus the more need for undertaking the scheme for a general water supply, the details of which are now far advanced.

322. Much of the time of the Public Works Department was unfortunately taken up by somewhat profitless discussion as to the proper solution of this question which, however, from an engineering point of view has not presented any difficulty; and the details of which though necessarily requiring time to mature, are singularly simple, forming in this respect a marked contrast to Bangalore, where the ground available as catchment is extremely limited in extent.

323. Throughout the year, the attention of members of the Department has been much directed to the preparation of various projects, not only those connected with the future work of this special branch, but others connected with District Funds and Municipalities ; in fact, the recorded details of work, as given in the foregoing paras only indicate the results attained in each of the cases mentioned, but leave out of sight matters which have claimed much of the attention of both officers and subordinates.

324. The drawbacks which have to be noticed in reference to the past year's working are chiefly of long standing, *viz.*, those connected with the deficiency of establishment. Towards the close of the year this was especially observable, when, from want of an Assistant Engineer, the Hassan District had to be placed in charge of an Upper Subordinate. In Kolar, owing to the dismissal of an Overseer, the District had no Sub-Division Officer ; and in Mysore an Overseer having died, the Executive Engineer has had to perform the duties of Sub-Division Officer in addition to his own special work ; while in Chitaldroog the works have been almost wholly in the hands of subordinates.

325. The Chief Engineer, moreover, has had no Assistant in his Office, and during latter part of the year was thus unable to make any tour of inspection. As there is no part of his duties to which so much importance can be attached, this enforced retention at head-quarters is extremely to be regretted.

IRRIGATION.

326. The Budget for 1874—75 was framed for an expenditure from the Treasury of Rs. 8,30,000; but, as in last year, owing to the establishment being far below the strength provided for, the expenditure which from the Treasury amounted to Rs. 6,46,686 only, has fallen short of the estimate by rupees 1,83,314, of which Rs. 40,645 come under the head of establishment.

327. In addition to the regular Budget grant rupees 2,961 were contributed from District Funds; ryots paid in cash Rs. 21,063 and performed work to the value of Rs. 21,190. The actual money expenditure upon irrigation works in the Province during the year was Rs. 4,42,585,

whilst the value of the work carried out and supervised was rupees 4,63,775.

328. ESTABLISHMENT.—The cost of establishment amounted to Rs. 2,28,125 or nearly 33 per cent on the total outlay Rs. 6,91,900 including the value of contributions in labor. Four Irrigation Divisions were provided for in the Budget, but only three were formed, and these three were so short handed as to seriously interfere with progress and prevent efficient supervision.

329. ORIGINAL WORKS.—The total outlay on original works was Rs. 2,85,301 against a modified grant of Rs. 3,61,315, thus giving a lapse of Rs. 76,014. The following figures shew that the steady progress in expenditure year by year under "Original" still continues.—

			Rs.
1869—70	..	..	80,750
1870—71	..	..	91,394
1871—72	..	..	1,17,176
1872—73	..	..	1,14,333
1873—74	..	..	1,77,456
1874—75	..	..	2,85,301

330. HEMAVATI DIVISION-*Channel District*.—The Superintendent of Channels in this Division has remained during the entire year employed in Keddah operations, and the Assistant Engineer of the Channel District, Mr. Warder, has continued to perform the duties of the two Offices. Notwithstanding that he has worked, as already brought to the notice of Government, zealously and well, he has had no time for projecting, and the supervision of work has necessarily been left more to subordinates than would have been the case with a proper strength of establishment. These circumstances must in fairness be held to have led to the shortcomings noted below.

331. *Sriramdevar Anicut and Channels*.—The Budget grant for this work was Rs. 9,000, and the whole should certainly with proper management have been utilized. The push made just before the Irrigation season of 1875—76 commenced shews what might have been done had the same exertion been made earlier. The work remaining, the construction of

		Rs.
Estimate ...	...	3,23,147
Previous expenditure ...	3,07,237	
During the year	5,476	
	<u>3,12,713</u>	
Balance ...	...	10,434

distribution sluices and accommodation bridges, was nearly at a standstill during the working season of 1875.

332. *Extension of Srirandevar North Channel.*—The modified Budget grant for this work was Rs. 46,000, and as the lapse of Rs. 9,386 is nearly covered by savings upon rates, the progress on the whole was not unsatisfactory, but on this work also the masonry and preparation of materials were practically permitted to come to a standstill during the latter portion of the year, with the result that the 12 span aqueduct in the 34th mile cannot be completed until more bricks are burnt after the monsoon, and thus water, which might have passed this season as far as the 40th mile, will stop at the 33rd. Much land up to this point has already been taken up, and the channel should irrigate to the end in 47th mile next season.

Estimate	...	...	Rs.	
Previous Expenditure	...	29,109	1,28,703	
This year's	"	36,614		
			65,723	
Balance	...	...	62,980	

333. *Improving Mandageri Channel.*—This estimate has been revised and provides, under sanction of the Chief Commissioner, for an extension of 4½ miles in addition to the improvements to the old channel. There was a lapse of Rs. 1,689 on the grant, but the work done, combined with improved conservancy, has produced a most marked effect in improving the supply at the lower end of the channel.

Estimate	...	...	Rs.	
Previous Expenditure...	...	11,757	20,000	
During the year	...	2,111		
			13,868	
Balance	...	...	6,132	

334. *Krishnaraj Channels.*—This estimate was sanctioned by the Government of India on the 19th September, and notwithstanding that no real work could be commenced until the irrigating season closed in January, the usual difficulties about establishment prevented work being even started by that date. A commencement was, however, made in February under a Lower Subordinate; and although the actual money outlay is small, the arrangements have been good, and substantial progress has been made. The Kattepur

head sluice of 8 fine cut stone vents was so far completed before the channels were re-opened that it was capable of regulating the supply.

335. *Hemavati Tank District,--Restoring the Belur-Dasankere series--* Rs. 25,000 was provided in the Budget for this work, but the Assistant Engineer just appointed to it having been removed to the Bengal Famine Works on the 24th May, by order of Government, the District was broken up. It was re-formed under Assistant Engineer Mr. Wilmer on the 12th February, and the first estimates were sanctioned on the 6th March by the Chief Commissioner. No money payments were made for work.

336. CAUVERY DIVISION—*Channel District.*—For 8 months in the year, there was no Assistant Engineer for this District, and the charge of all the works devolved on an Upper Subordinate. Projecting of course fell back.

337. *Improvements to the Chikdevar Sagar Channel.*—For the reason given in the preceding paragraph, the revised supplemental estimate for this work could not be submitted to Government in time, and the sanctioned estimate was exceeded. The modified grant for the work was Rs. 25,500.

The head and under sluices were nearly completed, and gates and lifting machinery provided.

From head to 26th mile, about 10 miles of sectioning and bringing channel to grade were completed.

From 26th to 64th miles, these items were nearly out of hand. Silt dams have made good progress. Bridges and distribution sluices now form the bulk of the work to be done. All arrangements upon this channel improved greatly during the latter part of the year, and the result is seen in the largely increased expenditure, which will be still more marked in 1875—76.

338. *The Karrikal Aqueduct.*—This work was sanctioned by the Government of India on the 19th May 1874, but nothing could be done until after the harvesting season in January. With the exception that the foundations of the main stream piers were

Estimate	...	...	Rs.
Previous Expenditure...	19,863		39,629
During the year	26,288		46,151
Excess	...	...	6,522

Estimate	...	...	Rs.
Previous Expenditure...	0		30,520
During the year	1,712		1,712
Balance	...		28,808

not got in, the arrangements have been satisfactory, and as the work can progress throughout the year, there is every reason to believe that it can be utilized for the irrigation season of 1876—77.

339. *The Vizianadi Channel.*—The head sluice for this channel was practically completed : but little progress could be made with the other items of the estimate, as the rates required revision and the subordinate in charge of the District had his hands too full with the works mentioned in the last two paragraphs to devote much time to other works. The details of the estimate have now been got out, and it will be shortly submitted to Government.

Estimate		Rs.
Previous Expenditure ...	13,259	32,738
During the year	4,731	
		17,990
Balance		14,748

340. *Improvements to the Ramaswami Channel.*—The head sluice has been completed, the balance of the estimate is required to pay for the gates and lifting gear which have been supplied, and for iron pipes yet to arrive.

Estimate		Rs.
Previous Expenditure ...	8,113	15,961
During the year	3,485	
		11,598
Balance		4,363

341. *Constructing tank across the Moslehalla.*—The expenditure upon this work during the year has somewhat improved, but there are still very great difficulties in procuring labor.

Estimate		Rs.
Previous Expenditure ...	15,058	27,567
During the year	7,178	
		22,236
Balance		5,331

342. *Restoring the Hallapur Tank.*—Want of establishment prevented this work being gone on with after the revised estimate had been sanctioned by Government, and work on the channels was in progress. As soon as irrigation commenced under the channels, a subordinate was sent to this tank, which will shortly be completed.

Estimate		Rs.
Previous Expenditure ...	16,938	20,930
During the year	379	
		17,317
Balance		3,613

343. *Cauvery Tank District—Restoration of Sulekere Series.*—The

Estimate 1 to 5 Sub-series	Rs.	74 were nearly completed during the
Previous Expenditure	1,14,825	year ; sub-series Nos. 3, 4, and 5 re-
During the year, inclusive		ceived sanction and work was com-
of contribution, by P.		menced. The estimates for outlying
W. D. ...	36,269	chains Nos. 1 and 2 and the Arekere
Do do under Civil		series were got up, and much progress made with the surveys for the
Officers ...	6,276	Maddur and Koppa series.
	55,319	

The progress in this Tank District is very slow, it being extremely difficult to get Stone-Waddars in the neighbourhood, and those who are to be got are very uncertain workmen.

344. In his remarks on the works carried out in this series, the Commissioner of Ashtagram writes—"the ryots throughout the taluk admitted that work equal to that lately executed to the tanks of these sub-series was never seen before, the stone revetment being more solid and better laid than on any of the old bunds, and tamping the earth-work of the bunds being previously unknown."

345. The above extract refers equally to work carried out by the Revenue Officers under the Deputy Commissioner Major Hill, and to those under the more immediate charge of the Assistant Engineers Mr. Perram, and Lieutenant Kenny.

346. *TANK DIVISION.—Bangalore Tank District—Restoration of*

Estimate	Rs.	<i>Hesargatta Series.</i> —Of the 6 sub-series
Previous Expenditure	1,66,013	composing this series, the Kolatur,
During the year { From Treasury...	43,516	Nagankere, Jambinkere, and Harli-
From Contribution	57,915	mallige have been completed and the
	5,880	Kakol has been put in hand.
	1,07,411	

347. The total expenditure from all sources during the year, Rs. 73,261, is very good ; and such a hold has been obtained on the laboring classes, that the tendency will be for the numbers of workmen to increase rather than fall off.

348. Projecting has made but little way during the year, and the want of sanctioned works is likely to impede progress during 1875—76. This is in a very great measure due to the following causes :—(1.) There

was no Assistant Engineer in charge of the District between the 15th July and the 12th January; (2.) The Executive Engineer who performed the duties in addition to his own, had his time greatly occupied by the work at the breach of the Hoskote Tank, Hoskote series, especially between the 22nd September and 26th October, when he was able to attend to nothing else; (3.) The Assistant Engineer who was appointed in January was without practical experience.

349. Extreme difficulty has been experienced in this series in enforcing the duties of villagers regarding conservancy of the tanks completed and handed over for up-keep.

350. *Kolar Tank District—Restoration of Ramsagar Series.*—The management of this District under Lieutenant Kensington, R. E., has been in every respect successful. Nos. 1 and 2 sub-series, sanctioned in the end of 1873—74, have been fully completed, whilst good progress has been made with Nos. 3, 4 and 5; Betmangala sub-series No. 2, was sanctioned, and the projects for No. 6, Betmangala No. 1, and Ramsagar nearly got ready for sanction.

Estimate	...	Rs.
Previous Expenditure	8,193	1,62,468
During the year	From Treasury 61,098	
	From Contribution 15,952	
		85,243
Includes the expenditure on the Ramsagar and Holali Tanks.		

351. A large portion of the work in this District is carried out by the ryots under departmental supervision, and notwithstanding the difficulties inseparable from such a system, the value of work from all sources amounted to Rs. 78,698. The out-turn is steadily progressive.

352. The condition of the terminal tanks of this series, and the consequent danger to the Madras Railway and the country below the Ghats drained by the Palar, formed the subject of correspondence during the year with both the Governments of India and Madras. Rs. 6,954 were spent during the year on the Holali tank, and Rs. 1,121 on the Ramsagar; whilst subsequent progress on these works was so good that no further danger is to be apprehended.

353. Lieutenant Kensington received very valuable assistance and support from the Deputy Commissioner Mr. Krishnaiengar, under whose orders all the tanks in the District are well conserved.

354. *Chitaldroog Tank District.*—The tanks in this District, although

Estimate	...	...	Rs.	
Previous Expenditure	...	9,072	68,608	
During the year	{ From Treasury	20,341		
	{ From Contribution	503		
			29,916	
Balance	...		38,692	

grouped into series for the convenience of account, are generally independent works, and are of importance principally because they furnish the water-supply of a periodically drought and famine-stricken country.

355. The expenditure upon them during the year amounted to Rs. 26,200 only, which is accounted for by the great amount of surveying necessary to prepare in full detail the projects for widely scattered works, and the smallness of the estimates for individual works. Under the recommendation made a large portion of the survey work will in future be discontinued.

356. Estimates exceeding in the aggregate Rs. 50,000 were sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner early in 1876, and others for an equal amount are reported to be nearly ready, so that expenditure ought to improve.

357. The neat and complete manner in which Assistant Engineer Mr. Bayly submitted projects from this District has more than once been noticed by the Chief Commissioner.

358. *NUNDYDROOG DIVISION—Restoring the Kadagattur Tank.*—

Estimate	...	...	Rs.	
Previous Expenditure	...	14,169	16,874	
During the year	...	935		
			15,104	
Balance	...		1,770	

The reasons assigned for no progress in 1873—74 have continued to operate until the work has come to a standstill. The matter is now under investigation, but it is feared a supplemental estimate will be necessary.

359. *Tumkur (Civil) District—Restoring the Gottikere tank.*—On

Estimate	...	...	Rs.	
Previous Expenditure	...	11,029	17,640	
During the year	{ Pub. W. Dept.	509		
	{ Revenue Dept.	988		
			12,526	
Balance	...		5,114	

the breaking up of the Hassan Tank District, and the removal of the Irrigation Establishment from that part of the country, this work was handed over for execution by the Amildar, under the orders of the Deputy Commissioner.

It will be seen from the marginal figures that he has been hitherto unable to overcome the labor difficulties.

360. MINOR WORKS.—For the reason assigned in last year's Report the expenditure under this sub-head has continued to decline and amounted to Rs. 6,824, only. It calls for no remarks.

361. Rs. 34,915 were provided in the Budget for channel repairs, of which only Rs. 24,953 were spent. The contributions amounted to Rs. 6,681, all in cash; but only Rs. 1,489 were utilized. A great deal of unpaid work was also done by the ryots on the Hemavati Channels through the influence of the Revenue Officers.

362. The short expenditure shewn in the last para cannot but be considered unsatisfactory. It is due partly to want of establishment, and partly to the principal channels in both Districts undergoing thorough remodelling from "Original" and thus not requiring outlay from this head. Still, larger expenditure upon the other channels would have been desirable.

363. *Lakshmantirtha Anicut*.—The face wall to this anicut was completed last season, and it only remains to lengthen the scouring sluice. The anicut was satisfactorily tested in May, and the leakage under the 23 feet head estimated at 1 cubic foot per second only. It is a very useful piece of work.

364. *Chunchankatte Anicut*.—This work breached for a length of 100 feet in July; but as the river fell, the necessary temporary measures for securing the supply to the fields were taken by the Irrigation Department, and no loss of crop was incurred.

365. The anicut, 14 feet high at the breach, was restored during the working season with concrete capped and backed with stone. It was completed in a very work-man-like manner.

366. Both the last mentioned works were under the charge of the Channel Superintendent Mr. Evans, who returned to duty from sick certificate to England on the 11th December 1874; and the manner in which they were completed is very creditable to him.

367. At Chunchankatte, malarious fever of a deadly type broke out, and the supply of labor and materials were only kept up by the kindly exerted influence of the Deputy Commissioner Major Hill.

368. The expenditure on tank repairs by Public Works Officers was Rs. 24,155, out of appropriations amounting to Rs. 29,795. Irrigation Officers have now their attention fully engaged upon sanctioned serial works, and can only supervise the repairs of outlying works at considerable inconvenience, as was fully exemplified this year in the case of the breach to the Hoskote tank. This accounts for the expenditure on repairs being below the average of former years.

369. Revenue Officers had placed at their disposal from all sources during the year, Rs. 1,24,353 for the repairs of tanks, out of which, if all the labor contributions were realized, they utilized Rs. 1,05,235.

370. The lapse is considerable and largest in those Districts where the greatest exertions have been made to repair the tanks; and this being the case, short expenditure is perhaps unavoidable, the number of works on which the repair fund is expended being very large indeed.

371. The expenditure under this sub-head in Shimoga has improved very much, whilst it has fallen back in Tūmkūr and Kadur. In the latter District, the percentage of lapse on works was 55.

372. Two hundred and twenty one tanks were reported breached or damaged during the year; and considering the very extraordinary and exceptional nature of the rainfall throughout the Province (69 inches of rain were registered at Bangalore against an average annual fall of 35) the number must be considered very small.

373. Amongst them, however, were some of the largest tanks in the Province. In Bangalore, the great Hoskote tank breached; in Kolar, Hukur and Holali breached, and Ramsagar was injured; in Tūmkūr, the Gubbi, the Kadaba and Madaladu received extensive damage; in Chitaldroog, the Gunur Katte breached.

374. The maintenance of large tanks, with large revenues dependent upon them, always receives considerable attention; and the fact that so many works of this class have been injured, whilst the total number of injured works has not exceeded the average, tends to confirm the opinion expressed in the Report of 1873—74, that the tanks generally, at all events in some Districts, are in better order than they have ever previously been.

375. CONSERVANCY OF CHANNELS.—The cost of establishment was Rs. 26,143, whilst the expenditure incurred upon repairs was only Rs.

27,132 including money and labor contributions. The revenue was Rs. 3,58,913.

376. The Superintending Engineer's Inspection Journals upon the channels, which have been submitted from time to time for the information and orders of the Chief Commissioner, shew marked improvement in the conservancy arrangements, especially in the Hemavati Division, where they were unfavorably commented upon last year.

377. GENERAL REMARKS.—During the year, a considerable reduction in the amount of surveying in connection with the preparation of data for Tank Projects was proposed by the Local Administration and approved by the Government of India ; but the effect of the orders will not be felt until towards the end of 1875—76, when the estimates for sub-series already surveyed have been worked out.

378. The Irrigation Branch of the Department in this Province was separated from the Roads and Buildings in 1869—70 ; but no separate accounts for its expenditure were kept until 1872—73. The following abstract, prepared from that year down to the end of the 4th month of the current year, shews a steady increase in the outlay incurred upon works, and a decrease in the percentage of establishment. The figures for the four months of 1875—76 shew that the improvement for the year will be greater than usual :—

	1872—73.		1873—74.		1874—75.		Four Months of 1875—76.	
	Establishment.	Works.	Establishment.	Works.	Establishment.	Works.	Establishment.	Works.
1st 4 months ...	55,155	75,877	73,313	1,04,508	70,521	1,02,878	87,308	1,72,986
Whole year ...	2,15,474	3,12,663	2,23,190	3,62,966	2,28,125	4,18,561	...	...

POST OFFICE.

379. *Post Office*.—During the monsoon of 1874, several large bridges on the north-west line of Railway were washed away by the floods and communication by rail interrupted. On the 29th October, within twenty-four hours of intimation of the break in postal communi-

cation being received, a line of runners for the despatch of mails to Bel-lary, *via* Bangalore was established by the Mysore Anche Department, and continued in working order till the 24th November, when the Rail-way was re-opened.

380. The number of receiving houses was during the year in-creased by one, making the total number 151. No increase has been made in the length of the postal lines which aggregate as heretofore 2,304 miles.

381. An abstract of the returns of correspondence for the Pro-

Year.	Letters.	News- papers.	Parcels.	Total.
1873—74	* 1,065,397	30,590	7,431	1,103,418
1874—75	† 1,118,452	55,398	8,568	1,182,418
Increase	53,055	24,808	1,137	79,000
Percentage	5	81	15	7.1

vince is given in the margin. There has been an increase under all heads ; but that of newspapers nearly 81 per cent is most marked.

* Includes registered letters 7,110
† Do do 9,507

382. There was a decrease of 26,884 in the number of official letters as compared with the number that passed through the post in 1873—74. On the other hand the private correspondence has increased. The revenue derived from this source was Rs. 3,077 more in the year under review than in the previous year. There was a decrease in the number of letters sent to, and received from, the imperial post for deli-very, but this is accounted for by the opening of two imperial post offices at Hassan and Kolar.

383. An Assistant Clerk was convicted of stealing a currency note enclosed in a letter, and sentenced by the Sessions Judge to three years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 250.

384. The financial results of the Department continue satisfac-tory, and shew a surplus of Rs. 82,992 over expenditure. This includes receipts on account of official postage:—

Receipts including official postage,	Rs. 2,34,961
Disbursements	„ 1,51,969
Balance	Rs. 82,992

V. REVENUE AND FINANCE.

IMPERIAL REVENUE AND FINANCE.

385. The out standing balance on the 1st April 1874, inclusive of the arrears of previous years, was Rs. 27,08,831, and the demand for 1874—75 under all heads of revenue, exclusive of that which related to Local and Municipal Funds, amounted to Rs. 1,09,49,687, thus making an aggregate demand for the year under report of Rs 1,36,58,518, as against Rs. 1,36,90,446 of the previous year, 1873—74.

386. The subjoined statement exhibits the demand under the several heads for the past and previous years :—

Items.	1873—74, Rs.	1874—75, Rs.	Increase, Rs.	Decrease, Rs.
Land Revenue ...	71,77,284	73,51,268	1,73,984	...
Forest ...	5,13,661	3,82,162	...	1,31,499
Abkari ...	11,50,298	11,53,773	3,475	...
Customs (Sayer) ...	8,68,633	7,79,697	...	88,936
Opium ...	688	772	84	...
Salt pans ...	18,492	16,539	...	1,953
Stamps ...	1,92,585	2,02,384	9,799	...
Assessed Taxes ...	3,73,827	3,68,249	...	5,578
Post Office ...	46,866	49,749	3,083	...
Law and Justice ...	4,14,533	4,24,265	9,732	...
Police ...	1,221	1,472	251	...
Public Works ...	50,031	48,901	...	1,130
Mint ...	...	3,567	3,567	...
Miscellaneous ...	1,39,881	1,66,889	27,008	...
Total.....	1,09,47,800	1,09,49,687	2,30,983	2,29,096
Add Balance of previous year	27,42,646	27,08,831	...	33,815
Grand Total.....	1,36,90,446	1,36,58,518	2,30,983	2,62,911
Deduct Increase.....				2,30,983
Net Decrease.....				31,928

387. *Collections.*—The revenue realized during the year under report was Rs. 1,19,27,293, the proportion of collection to the total demand being 87·32 as against 80·18 per cent in the previous year.

388. *Remissions.*—Remissions to the amount of Rs. 11,610 were granted during the year as against Rs. 3,985 in 1873—74, as per particulars subjoined:—

									Rs.
Land Revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,862
Mohatarfa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	239
Abkani	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,151
Sayer	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Forests	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,294
Total.....									11,610

389. *Outstanding Balances.*—Deducting the sum of Rs. 15,87,466 which formed the instalments for the following months of April and May, the net balance on 1st April 1875 amounted to Rs. 1,32,149 or 96 per cent as against Rs. 2,50,069 or 1·82 per cent of the previous year. The collections in April and May 1875 amounted to Rs. 14,73,896, which when deducted from the balance of Rs. 17,19,615 outstanding at the close of the official year, leave a net arrear of Rs. 2,45,719 as against Rs. 3,06,338 remaining uncollected on 1st June 1874. The percentage of the balance on the aggregate demand was 1·80 in 1874—75 and 2·24 in 1873—74. The results are favorable and are owing to increased exertions, a good season, and favorable prices to the agriculturist.

390. The subjoined statement shews the periods and rates of instalments for payment of revenue as fixed under the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 163 of the 11th January 1870, which was intended to afford relief to the ryots by enabling them to bring the bulk of their produce to market before meeting the Government demand :—

Districts.		December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.
		An nas.	Annas.	Annas.	Annas.	Annas.	Annas.
Bangalore	...	...	2	3	4	4	3
Kolar	...	...	2	3	4	4	3
Tumkur	...	2	3	4	4	3	...
Mysore	...	2	4	6	4	...	...
Hassan	...	...	3	5	5	3	...
Chitaldroog	...	...	2	3	4	4	3
Shimoga & Kadur	Maidan Taluks	...	...	2	6	6	2
	Malnad do	...	...	2	4	6	4

391. But upon a representation that this object was defeated and the indulgence abused by the improvidence of the cultivators, and that the collection of revenue was attended by great difficulty after they had

disposed of their crops, the rates were revised as shown in the margin, and the number of instalments was reduced to 4, so as to make the collection period, or what is called the revenue year, conterminous with the official year ending 31st March. No alteration was made in the Mysore District as the existing khists did not run beyond the 31st March.

December	2	Annas.
January	6	do
February	6	do
March	2	do

392. The new system was in full operation in the Shimoga and Kadur Districts, and partially in the Chitaldroog District as well as in the Nundydroog Division.

393. *Coercive Measures.*—In the year under report, Rs. 12,941 were realized by distraint and sale of property in satisfaction of arrears of revenue as against Rs. 10,262 in the previous year. It is hoped that when the revised * khistbandi is introduced fully into the Province, there would be a marked decrease in the adoption of coercive measures for the realization of revenue.

*System of khists.

394. The number of process forms to be served on defaulters of revenue before attaching and selling their property was reduced from 10 to 3, as it was brought to notice that great inconvenience and delay were experienced under the old system. The course now adopted simplifies matters, and is calculated to ensure a speedy collection of arrears of revenue.

LAND REVENUE.

395. The total demand on account of land revenue for the year under report amounted to Rs. 73,51,268 as against Rs. 71,77,284 of the previous year, the net increase being Rs. 1,73,984.

396. The subjoined statement exhibits the income from the various sources of land revenue for the past year as compared with that of the previous year :—

ITEMS.	Money Assessment.						Batayi.		Total.				Comparison.			
	1873-74.		1874-75.		1873-74.		1874-75.		1873-74.		1874-75.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent. Acres.	Assessmt. Rs.	Extent. Acres.	Assessmt. Rs.	Extent. Acres.	Amount. Rs.	Extent. Acres.	Amount. Rs.	Extent. Acres.	Assessmt. Rs.	Extent. Acres.	Assessmt. Rs.	Extent. Acres.	Assessmt. Rs.	Extent. Acres.	Assessmt. Rs.
1 Dry land ...	3,325,006	30,08,088	3,439,858	30,44,360	20,116	14,522	17,017	13,488	3,348,122	30,20,610	3,456,875	30,57,848	110,753	37,238	...	...
2 Wet land ...	443,231	21,41,363	469,131	22,04,927	11,094	72,049	21,216	1,32,671	454,323	22,13,412	489,347	23,37,598	35,022	124,186	...	...
3 Garden land ...	154,837	10,53,002	153,443	10,53,618	49	392	28	286	154,886	10,53,394	155,471	10,55,904	585	510	...	...
4 Sugar-cane "	21,268	1,43,798	20,782	1,47,947	7	170	4	103	21,275	1,48,968	20,786	1,48,050	...	...	489	918
5 Mulberry "	12,825	54,260	11,926	54,055	...	...	...	...	12,825	54,260	11,926	54,055	...	...	899	205
6 Coffee Halat	111,597	54,979	111,138	66,336	...	...	...	...	111,597	54,979	111,138	66,336	...	...	459	...
7 Pasture lands	...	1,10,337	...	1,20,269	...	...	...	...	...	1,10,337	...	1,20,269	...	...	...	...
8 Kayangutta villages	...	62,117	...	62,129	...	...	...	...	...	62,117	...	62,129	...	12	...	...
9 Lightly assessed and whole Inam villages	...	1,36,764	...	1,40,500	...	...	...	...	...	1,36,764	...	1,40,500	...	3,736	...	...
10 Inam jodi or minor inams	...	1,83,169	...	1,91,385	...	...	...	...	...	1,83,169	...	1,91,385	...	3,216	...	...
11 Sale proceeds of Government land	...	5,815	...	5,907	...	...	...	...	...	5,815	...	5,907	...	92	...	...
12 Miscellaneous..	...	1,26,459	...	1,11,287	...	...	...	...	...	1,26,459	...	1,11,287	...	...	...	15,172
Total	4,069,764	70,90,151	4,207,278	72,04,720	31,266	87,133	38,265	1,46,548	4,101,030	71,77,284	4,245,543	73,51,268	146,360	190,279	1,847	16,295
									Deduct Decrease ...				1,847	16,295		
									Net Increase.....				144,513	173,984		

397. The causes of variation in the above items will be briefly noticed below.

398. *Dry Land*.—There was a net increase of Rs. 37,238 under this head; the total revenue for the year under report being Rs. 30,57,848 as against Rs. 30,20,610 for the previous year. Owing to the favorable nature of the season, a large extent of waste land was taken up during the year, and the increase in cultivation was general in all the Districts of the Province except Chitaldroog, in which there was a small net decrease of Rs. 334. The net increase of Rs. 4,200 in the Shimoga District was almost entirely due to the operation of the Survey and Settlement in the Honnali Taluk.

399. The decrease of Rs. 1,034 under the head "Batayi" was owing to the abolition of the batayi system in some of the taluks.

400. *Wet Lands*.—The revenue from wet lands was Rs. 23,37,598 or Rs. 1,24,186 more than the demand for the previous year. Of this amount, Rs. 60,622, accrued from an increase in the cultivation of land on batayi or division of crop system, still in force in the Nundydroog Division; and Rs. 63,564, from the taking up of new land, and the imposition of full assessment on what are called "Bengar" or lands held on half assessment.

401. The following statement shews the various sources of irrigation with the aid of which wet lands were cultivated in the past and previous years :—

Sources of Irrigation.	1873—74.		1874—75.		Comparison.			
	Extent in Acres.	Assessment. Rs.	Extent. Acres.	Assessment. Rs.	Increase.		Decrease.	
					Extent. Acres.	Assessment. Rs.	Extent. Acres.	Assessment. Rs.
1 River water ...	47,544	3,08,161	49,943	3,16,653	2,099	8,492	...	...
2 Tank water ...	233,897	12,08,367	261,750	13,25,702	27,853	1,17,335	...	...
3 Rain water ...	142,355	5,46,377	147,421	5,46,983	5,066	...	...	1,394
4 Irrigated by means of buckets ...	11,277	62,659	11,215	61,922	...	...	62	737
5 Do lever ...	663	3,528	637	3,385	...	...	26	143
6 Do wells ...	16	61	16	61	...	...	...	...
7 Do jungle streams...	7,622	32,466	7,678	32,661	56	195	...	...
8 Do Talaparige or springs ...	3,134	11,868	3,028	11,774	...	...	106	94
9 Katte, hole or dams across small streams...	799	6,566	855	6,655	56	89	...	...
10 Marshy lands ...	6,718	31,359	6,804	31,802	86	443	...	...
Total.....	454,325	22,13,412	489,347	23,37,598	35,216	1,26,554	194	2,368
				Deduct Decrease...		2,368		
				Net Increase...		1,24,186		

402. The increase in the area of cultivation below river channels was chiefly owing to the extension of the Honnahole channel in the Chamarajanagar Taluk of the Mysore District.

403. The large increase of Rs. 1,17,335 under the head "Lands irrigated by tank water" was owing to tanks having received a fuller supply of water in the year under report.

404. Up to 31st March 1875, there were 483 tanks and 91 wells which were newly constructed or repaired by private enterprize under the terms of the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 227 of the 31st March 1863. Of this number, one tank was resumed in the Mysore District under the orders of the Government of India. Some doubts having been entertained in the application of the rates sanctioned in the Notification of 1863 above referred to, it was explained in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 7402—R. 448 of the 13th January 1875, that, in future, the reduced wet assessment, *i. e.*, the ordinary assessment according to classification at the Survey Settlement with a reduction of $\frac{1}{4}$ th should be taken as that leviable, except when the highest dry land rate prevailing in the taluk is expressly entered in the *Mutchá-líka* or agreement, which will, in that case, be of course adhered to. And in the case of new works constructed under the provisions of the Circular of 1863, it was laid down that the constructor should be allowed the option of paying the highest dry land rate prevailing in the taluk, or the Survey wet assessment minus $\frac{1}{4}$ th.

405. *Garden Lands.*—The revenue under this head amounted to Rs. 10,55,904 for the year under report as against Rs. 10,55,394 for the previous year as per particulars shewn in the subjoined statement, column I of which shews the description of crop planted on what are called garden lands :—

Description of crops raised in garden lands.	1873—74.		1874—75.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent.	Assess-	Extent.	Assess-	Extent.	Assess-	Extent.	Assess-
	Acres.	ment. Rs.	Acres.	ment. Rs.	Acres.	ment. Rs.	Acres.	ment. Rs.
Areca-nut ...	20,672	2,63,902	20,627	2,63,574	...	...	45	328
Cocoanut ...	25,571	1,25,549	25,816	1,26,264	245	715	...	...
Areca and Cocoanut ...	48,909	3,94,727	49,385	3,94,024	476	...	...	703
Tarifasal or Ragi &c. ...	23,378	88,708	23,402	89,331	24	623	...	...
Plantain ...	2,196	9,214	2,142	9,221	...	7	54	...
Betel leaves ...	4,841	28,197	4,741	28,085	...	...	100	112
Vegetables ...	29,319	1,45,097	29,358	1,45,405	39	308	...	...
Total.....	154,886	10,55,394	1,55,471	10,55,904	784	1,653	199	1,143
					Deduct Decrease...	1,143		
					Net Increase...	510		

406. The net increase amounting to Rs. 510 is so small that it does not call for any remark.

407. *Sugarcane*.—Under this head, there was a net decrease of Rs. 918 owing to a diminution of cane cultivation in the Chitaldroog District.

408. *Mulberry*.—The net falling off of Rs. 205 under this head was caused by the partial abandonment of mulberry cultivation owing to the disease prevailing among silk worms. 520 acres of mulberry land assessed at Rs. 390 in the Mysore District, and 15 acres yielding a revenue of Rs. 167 in the Kolar District were relinquished during the year under report.

409. *Pasture lands*.—The revenue realized from the sale of grazing was Rs. 1,20,269, or Rs. 9,932 in excess of the collections of the previous year. The increase was due to greater attention paid to the sale of waste lands for grazing purposes.

410. The existing orders on the subject of the disposal of grazing lands in surveyed taluks other than those allotted to villages as free common, were revised and, after some correspondence with the Survey Commissioner and the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, it was ruled in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings noted in the margin, that all the assessed waste and a portion of the

No. 3209—22, R, dated 29th July 1874.

No. 8695—24, R, dated 18th August 1874.

unassessed unarable waste numbers in a village should be set apart at the settlement exclusively for the villagers, with whom no outsider should be allowed to compete at the auction sale, and that the remainder of the unassessed waste should be thrown open to villagers as well as to others. This rule was introduced also into the unsurveyed taluks in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 4720—General 172, dated 30th September 1874.

411. *Kayamgutta Villages*.—The revenue from Kayamgutta or permanently settled villages amounted to Rs. 62,129 as against Rs. 62,117 in the previous year. The increase of Rs. 12 was owing to the resumption of certain inams in a kayamgutta village in the Bangalore District, and to the imposition and addition of their full assessment to the "Gutta" amount of the village.

412. *Lightly assessed and whole Inam Villages*.—Under this head the revenue amounted to Rs. 1,40,500 in the year under report, as against Rs. 1,36,764 in 1873—74. The increase amounting to Rs. 3,736 was due to the quit-rent imposed by the Inam Department, and to the resumption of 2 jodi villages for default of attendance of the inamdars even after due notice under the Land Inam Rule XIII.

413. *Minor Inams*.—There was a net increase of Rs. 3,216 under this head, the revenue for the year under report being 1,91,385 as against Rs. 1,88,169—0—0 for the previous year. This result was due to the imposition of quit-rent on minor inams, and to the uncollected jodi on certain chor inams in the Nundydroog Division being re-imposed and brought to the demand during the year.

414. *Coffee Halat*.—The past year was on the whole a favorable one for coffee and consequently the out-turn of crop was good, especially in the Hassan and Kadur Districts. There was however a net decrease of 459 acres in the area of coffee cultivation owing partly to relinquishment of lands found unfit for it and partly owing to resumption of certain estates for default in the fulfilment of the conditions laid down in clause 3 of the coffee patta or title-deed, which requires that a minimum number of 500 trees per acre should be planted within 5 years from the date of grant.

415. The realizations from halat or duty on exported coffee amounted to Rs. 66,336, or Rs. 11,357 in excess of the receipts of the previous year owing to an increase of produce. A large quantity of coffee, *viz.* 6,754 maunds, or 4 per cent of the year's produce, is reported to have been reserved in the Kadur District in expectation of a better market.

416. The substitution of an acreage for the present halat system is under consideration, and pending its introduction grants of land for coffee cultivation have been forbidden except in special cases.

417. *Sale Proceeds of Government Waste Lands.*—The revenue derived under this head amounted to Rs. 5,907 as against Rs. 5,815 in the previous year. The increase, Rs. 92, is so small that it calls for no special explanation.

418. *Miscellaneous.*—The income from the several items classed under this head amounted to Rs. 1,11,287 in the year under report as against Rs. 1,26,459 in the previous year, the net decrease being Rs. 15,172.

419. The subjoined statement shews the particulars of the miscellaneous revenue under the head of land for the past and previous years :—

No.	Items.	1873—74. Rs.	1874—75. Rs.	Increase. Rs.	Decrease. Rs.
1	Village Amrayi or fruit trees ...	1,01,962	76,244	...	25,718
2	Collections on account of land cultivated but not included in jamabandi...	7,138	8,077	939	...
3	Collections on account of concealed cultivation...	467	28	...	439
4	Collections from inam land on account of inamdar's absence ...	2,925	2,234	...	691
5	Fees on coffee pattas ...	277	190	...	87
6	Sale proceeds of assessed unoccupied lands sold by auction. ...	6,895	8,665	1,770	...
7	Fines levied from ryots for cultivation of lands without authority ...	6,145	7,448	1,303	...
8	Sale proceeds of ryots' receipt books. ...	44	1,901	1,857	...
9	Duty on smuggled coffee ...	...	419	419	...
10	Fees collected on revenue processes ...	...	3,551	3,551	...
11	Additional assessment charged on lands cultivated without orders. ...	...	1,620	1,620	...
12	Other items. ...	606	910	304	...
Total.....		1,26,459	1,11,287	11,763	26,935
				Deduct Increase.....	11,763
				Net Decrease.....	15,172

420. It will be observed from the above statement that there was a large falling off of Rs. 25,718 under the head of amrayi. This is reported to be owing to the hongé and tamarind crops being indifferent in the several Districts of the Nundydroog Division.

421. The increase of Rs. 939 in item No. 2 was chiefly due to the omission to credit in the accounts of the year 1873—74, the quit-rent charged on certain lands in the Kadur District for that year, and to the same having been brought to book in the year under report.

422. The falling off of Rs. 439 under the head of revenue from concealed cultivation is satisfactory, and shews that greater check is exercised on encroachments by ryots on lands adjoining their holdings.

423. There was a net increase of Rs. 1,770 in the receipts from sale of assessed unoccupied lands owing to higher bids, and to the larger extent of lands applied for for cultivation in surveyed taluks.

424. The increase of Rs. 3,551 under the head of revenue process fees was the result of the transfer of this item from the head of "General Miscellaneous Receipts" to that of "Land Revenue Miscellaneous."

425. Receipt books (Survey Form No. 4) were issued to ryots in all the Districts of the Province, during the year under report; and the realizations from their sale at 3 pies per copy amounted to Rs. 1,901 or Rs. 1,857 in excess of the receipts of the previous year, in which the issue of the books was confined to the settled taluks alone.

426. The increase of Rs. 1,620 in item No. 11 was due to the imposition of additional assessment on lands cultivated without orders in the settled Sira Taluk of the Túngúr District.

427. The other items do not call for any special remark.

428. The subjoined statements marked A and B shew at a glance the causes of increase and decrease which resulted in a net increase of Rs. 1,73,984 under the head of "Land Revenue" as stated in para 394 above.

A.

No.	Items of Increase.	Amount.
1	Lands taken up	3,08,637
2	Increase by measurement of lands	22,512
3	Increase owing to enhancement of rates	2,227
4	Water cess	18,494
5	Fasal jasti, or increase in assessment owing to cultivation of superior description of crop, &c.	5,577
6	Fruit trees	1,780
7	Increase on reference to "Kulvar Patti"	1,634
8	Increase by imposition of full assessment on Bengar, &c., lands	9,229
9	Increase by cultivation of resumed inam lands, &c.	2,915
10	Increase owing to the revision of the Survey "Akarband"	387
11	Increase owing to levy of assessment due on relinquished 'Alvi' land	95
12	Increase by levy of kadayam due for past years	1,054
13	Assessment on lands granted to Patels on account of their temporary remuneration	4,325
14	Increase in Batayi cultivation	59,415
15	Pasture land	9,932
16	Inam lands	6,952
17	Coffee Halat	11,357
18	Sale proceeds of Government land	92
19	Kayamgutta villages	12
Total.....		4,66,626
Deduct Decrease.....		2,92,642
Net Increase.....		1,73,984

B.

No.	Items of Decrease.	Amount.
1	Relinquishment of lands	1,94,326
2	Decrease by measurement of lands	16,316
3	Reduction of rates	2,504
4	Fasal Kammi or decrease owing to cultivation of inferior crop, &c.	11,184
5	Fruit trees	6,225
6	Submersion of lands	497
7	Decrease on reference to Kulvar Patti	1,631
8	Remission of Kadayam for the present year only on account of waste lands in wargs in the Nagar Malnad	11,858
9	Assessed lands taken up for building purposes	167
10	Water cess	14,885
11	Decrease owing to conversion of Kadayam lands into Inam	179
12	Decrease owing to revision of Survey Akarband	320
13	Remission of assessment on lands belonging to Patels on account of their remuneration	8,798
14	Assessment on lands involved in boundary disputes	12
15	Other items	8,568
16	Net decrease in miscellaneous items of land revenue as per particulars given in the statement at para 419	15,172
Total.....		2,92,642

429. It will be seen from the above statements that the net increase was chiefly caused by the large extent of lands taken up for cultivation during the year.

430. The head " Measurement of lands " shews a net increase of Rs. 6,196, and this was mainly due to the operations of the Survey in the Honnali Taluk, which resulted in an increase of Rs. 7,127 or 7·3 per cent over and above the former assessment. The rates imposed by the Survey are contrasted with the old rates in the subjoined table :—

Description of land.						Average rate per acre under the old system on the surveyed area.			Rates fixed by the Survey.					
									Maximum.			Average.		
						Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Dry crop	...	...	...	...	...	0	15	2	2	8	0	1	0	8
Rice...	...	...	...	...	...	2	12	4	6	2	3	3	4	3
Garden	...	...	...	...	...	3	5	4	16	0	0	6	0	0

431. The other chief items of increase are batayi and coffee halat and these have been already explained elsewhere.

432. *Relinquishment and acceptance of land.*—The value of lands taken up for cultivation and of those relinquished during the year amounted to Rs. 3,08,637 and Rs. 1,94,326, respectively, as per particulars given in the subjoined statement. Compared with the demand of 1873—74, the rate per cent of the land taken up in the surveyed taluks is 3·51 and in the unsurveyed taluks, 5·18. The percentage of land thrown up is 2·27 in the surveyed and 3·24 in the unsurveyed taluks. The results under the head of garden lands shew that the value of relinquishments was greater than that of the land taken up in the surveyed taluks.

433. The increase in cultivation was due not only to the favorable nature of the season, but also to the abolition of the existing practice of deferring the disposal of darkhasts or applications for land presented after the 31st August to the following year.

Lands taken up.													
	Dry.			Wet.			Garden.			Total.			
	Extent.	Assessment.	Average per Acre.	Extent.	Assessment.	Average per Acre.	Extent.	Assessment.	Average per Acre.	Extent.	Assessment.	Average per Acre.	Extent.
	Acres.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Acres.
Bangalore { Surveyed	573	656	1 2 2	49	301	6 2 3	...	...	...	622	957	...	...
{ Unsurveyed	7,333	7,424	1 0 2	1,800	10,434	5 12 8	238	1,498	6 4 0	9,371	19,356	...	...
Kolar ... Unserved	14,342	14,592	1 0 2	4,186	23,699	5 10 7	235	1,855	7 14 3	18,763	40,086	...	...
Tumkur { Surveyed	10,003	3,644	0 5 10	2,195	13,121	5 15 8	143	497	3 7 7	12,341	17,262	...	...
{ Unsurveyed	18,203	10,747	0 9 5	4,179	28,329	6 1 0	169	718	4 4 0	22,551	36,794	...	...
Mysore ... Unserved	12,070	8,988	0 11 10	882	3,484	3 15 2	51	128	2 8 2	13,003	12,600	...	...
Hassan ... Unserved	22,012	39,660	1 6 3	11,037	95,615	8 10 7	383	1,705	4 7 3	33,432	1,27,980	...	...
Shimoga { Surveyed	18,076	10,855	0 8 7	1,758	6,041	3 6 11	46	383	8 5 2	19,880	17,379	...	...
{ Unsurveyed	140	186	1 5 3	730	4,159	5 11 1	35	315	9 0 0	905	4,660	...	...
Kadur ... Unserved	8,462	8,705	1 0 2	1,066	8,428	7 14 2	54	786	14 8 10	9,582	17,919	...	...
Chitaldroog... Surveyed	40,549	10,490	0 4 10	817	2,027	2 7 8	419	1,227	2 14 10	41,785	13,744	...	...
Total { Surveyed	69,201	25,845	0 5 11	4,819	21,490	4 7 4	608	2,107	3 7 5	74,628	49,242	...	...
{ Unsurveyed	82,562	81,242	0 15 8	23,880	1,71,148	7 2 3	1,165	7,005	6 0 1	1,07,607	2,59,395	...	...
Total	1,51,763	1,06,987	...	28,699	1,92,638	...	1,773	9,112	...	182,235	3,08,637	...	...
Deduct value of lands given up.....													
Net Increase.....													
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	106,001	1,94,326	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76,234	1,14,311	...	...

Lands relinquished.												
	Dry.	Wet.			Garden.			Total.				
		Extent.	Assess- ment.	Average per Acre.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Average per Acre.	Extent.	Assess- ment.			
										Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Bangalore	{ Surveyed	81	82	1 0 2	94	394	4 3 0	5	26	5 3 2	181	502
	{ Unsurveyed	3,455	3,942	1 2 3	798	4,621	5 12 7	89	547	6 2 3	4,942	9,110
Kolar	... Unsurveyed	6,474	9,427	1 7 3	2,030	11,776	5 12 9	160	1,261	7 14 1	8,664	22,464
Tunkūr	{ Surveyed	5,819	2,543	0 7 0	989	5,882	5 15 1	163	858	5 4 3	6,971	9,293
	{ Unsurveyed	3,711	2,310	0 9 11	1,157	5,806	5 0 2	61	349	5 11 0	4,929	8,465
Mysore	... Unsurveyed	5,121	3,938	0 12 4	1,193	1,792	1 8 0	19	82	4 5 0	6,333	5,832
Hasan	... Unsurveyed	12,040	23,566	1 15 3	8,567	81,580	9 8 4	203	1,323	6 8 0	20,810	1,05,469
Shimoga	{ Surveyed	5,289	3,461	0 10 6	1,720	4,758	2 9 10	22	241	10 15 8	7,031	8,480
	{ Unsurveyed	127	115	0 14 5	311	2,046	6 9 3	42	516	12 4 6	480	2,677
Kadur	... Unsurveyed	3,464	4,304	1 3 10	271	2,891	10 10 7	35	231	6 9 7	3,770	7,426
Chitaldroog...	Surveyed	41,204	9,784	0 3 3	650	1,762	2 11 4	637	2,092	3 4 6	42,491	13,638
Total	{ Surveyed	52,393	15,870	0 4 10	3,453	12,796	3 11 3	827	3,217	3 14 2	56,875	31,883
	{ Unsurveyed	34,392	47,622	1 6 1	14,327	1,10,512	7 11 4	609	4,309	7 1 2	49,328	1,62,443
Total		86,785	63,492	... ..	17,780	1,23,308	... ..	1,436	7,526	... ..	106,001	1,94,326
Deduct value of lands given up.....												
Net Increase												

SOURCES OF IMPERIAL REVENUE OTHER THAN THE LAND.

FORESTS.

434. *Revenue*.—The total revenue under the head of forests amounted during the year under report to Rs. 3,82,162 against Rs. 5,13,660 in the previous year, shewing a net decrease of Rs. 1,31,498. The details are shewn in the subjoined statement :—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Proceeds from sale of sandalwood	3,18,763	2,08,454	...	1,10,309
Do do timber	85,436	94,013	8,577	...
Amount realized from the contract of pepper and cardamom jungles	8,545	8,366	...	179
Do from fruit trees	23,257	19,794	...	3,463
Lac	2,715	4,248	1,533	...
Wax and honey	2,981	2,950	...	31
Pasturage	3,767	3,531	...	236
Iron furnaces	8,068	8,143	75	...
Miscellaneous	60,128	32,663	...	27,465
Total.....	5,13,660	3,82,162	10,185	1,41,683
		Deduct Increase		10,185
		Net Decrease.....		1,31,498

435. *Cause of Decrease*.—The large decrease of Rs. 1,31,498 thus shewn is due chiefly to the falling off in the sale of sandalwood which realized only Rs. 2,08,454 against Rs. 3,18,763 in the previous year. The sale of sandalwood in the Nundydroog and Nagar Divisions was good, and the prices realized were higher than in 1873—74 ; while the sales in Mysore and Hassan were small in extent, though the rates realized were higher than in the previous year. The quantity sold in the Province during the year was 445 tons of good and 165½ tons of inferior wood against 777½ tons of good and 188¾ tons of inferior wood in 1873—74.

436. The other items call for no remarks, excepting the head 'Miscellaneous' in which there appears a decrease of Rs. 27,465 during the year under report, which is due to a falling off in the growth of minor forest produce.

437. *Expenditure*.—The total expenditure in the Forest Department amounted to Rs. 2,36,722 or 61·9 per cent of the total income.

ABKARI.

438. *Revenue under this head.*—The abkari revenue of the Province for the year amounted to Rs. 11,53,773 against Rs. 11,50,298 in the year 1873—74, shewing a net increase of Rs. 3,475. The subjoined statement shews the receipts from each item under this head :—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Toddy (contract)	5,81,013	5,86,867	5,854	...
Still head duty on arrack	4,68,521	4,56,601	...	11,920
Do do beer	7,327	15,336	8,009	...
License fees	57,703	60,858	3,155	...
Sale of arrack shops by public auction	24,946	23,535	...	1,411
Ganja (contract)	10,296	9,989	...	307
Miscellaneous	492	587	95	...
Total.....	11,50,298	11,53,773	17,113	13,638
		Deduct Decrease.....	15,638	
		Net Increase.....	3,475	

439. *Toddy.*—The right of collecting and selling toddy in the Province is leased out on contract.

440. In the Districts of Bangalore and Kolar the contract was given for a period of 5 years from 1st April 1873 to 31st March 1878, as stated in para 514 of the Administration Report for 1873—74. There was therefore no increase or decrease under this item in these two Districts. In the District of Tumkûr, the former contract was renewed during the year under report for a period of 4 years from 1st April 1874 to 31st March 1878, which gave an increase of Rs. 4,000 during the current year.

441. In the Mysore and Hassan Districts, the contract for toddy which dated from 1st April 1870 came to a termination on 31st March 1875. The realizations in that District were therefore the same as in the previous year, except that there appears in the Hassan District an increase of Rs. 2,907—14—8 under the head of bagni toddy which is leased out on yearly contract.

442. In the Nagar Division, the lease is separately sold by public auction for each taluk to the highest bidder once a year. In the

Districts of Shimoga and Chitaldroog there was a decrease of Rs. 7,268—14—6 as noted in the margin, but there appears an increase of Rs. 6,215 in the Kadur District. The large

Shimoga	Rs.	1,233	0	0
Chitaldroog	Rs.	6,035	14	6
		7,268	14	6

decrease in Chitaldroog is ascribed not only to want of competition but also to the following circumstance. Formerly, agreements used to be given by occupants of Survey numbers that they would not interfere with the toddy trees situated therein. This practice was opposed to the Mysore Survey * Guarantee which conferred the right of the trees on land holders, and was interdicted in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6266—R. 401, dated 27th November 1874. Such trees were therefore excluded from the toddy contract, and hence the loss of revenue. The increase in the Kadur District was owing to greater competition for the purchase of the annual lease.

*Rule III of Survey Rules, dated 26th May 1869.

443. *Net Increase under Toddy.*—The net increase shewn under the head of toddy for the whole Province during the year under report was Rs. 5,854 over the receipts of the previous year, and is due to the bagni (Sago palm) toddy contract in the Hassan District, and the toddy contract in the Tunkur District having been let for larger sums than in 1873—74.

444. *Arrack.*—Arrack is worked in this Province under the Sadar Distillery system. During the year under report, attention was drawn to the low and varied rates of still head duty then existing and a general revision was made, by which the duty was raised throughout the Province to Rs. 2 per gallon, excepting in the towns of Bangalore and Mysore, in which the rates were fixed at Rs. 3 and Rs. 2—8—0 respectively. The strength of the liquor to be issued from the distilleries was fixed at 19° below proof, and the new rates were directed to come into force from 1st July 1874 in the Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions, but for good reasons did not come into force in the Nagar Division till the 1st of January 1875.

445. In Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 5063—R. 87, dated 12th October 1874, it was directed that certain outlying distilleries situated at Harihar, Siralkoppa and Tarikere should be closed from 31st March 1875, their places being supplied by wholesale shops.

446. *Realizations from Arrack.*—The realizations from arrack amounted during the year under report to Rs. 4,56,601 or Rs. 11,920 less than in the previous year. The falling off was in the Districts of Bangalore, Kadur, Shimoga, and Chitaldroog and was owing not only to

the enhanced rates of the still head duty above referred to, which has led to the relinquishment of several shops, but also to a decrease in the consumption of liquor. The very large decrease of Rs. 19,535 in the Bangalore District is ascribed to combination among the distillers, but steps are being taken for remedying this evil.

447. *Particulars regarding Arrack.*—The particulars regarding the quantity of liquor distilled and the revenue derived from the manufacture of arrack during the year under report are shewn in the following statement :—

Districts.	No. of stills.	Quantity distilled in gallons.	Degree of strength.	Rate of still head duty.	Amount realized.	No. of shops.			Amount of fees levied on licences for shops.
						Whole sale.	Retail.	Total.	
Bangalore (Town and Cantonment) ...	1	78,872	From 1st July 1874, 19° below proof.	From 1st July 1874, Rs. 2 throughout the Province,* in Bangalore Rs. 3 per gallon, and in Mysore Rs. 2—8 per gallon.	2,30,881	16	234	250	11,342
Do District ...	...	35,457			64,418	...	...	...	...
Kolar ...	2	23,182			39,261	36	462	498	17,129
Tumkūr ...	1	5,533			9,253	0	38	38	5,642
Mysore ...	1	19,587			35,420	14	107	121	8,748
Hassan ...	1	8,452			14,231	9	59	68	3,447
Shimoga ...	3	23,590			29,911	5	211	216	6,582
Kadur ...	3	17,680			24,173	0	174	174	5,428
Chitaldroog ...	2	7,447			9,050	4	84	88	2,336
Total ...	14	219,800			4,56,601	84	1,369	1,453	60,654
1873—74 ...	14	271,572	From 1st July 1874, 19° below proof.	From 1st July 1874, Rs. 2 throughout the Province,* in Bangalore Rs. 3 per gallon, and in Mysore Rs. 2—8 per gallon.	4,68,521	86	1,442	1,528	57,517
Increase ...	...	...			...	...	...	...	3,137
Decrease ...	...	61,771			11,920	2	73	75	0

448. *Cost of Establishment.*—The cost of the establishment for the collection of the still head duty on arrack amounted to Rs. 17,708 or 3·87 per cent of the revenue from arrack.

449. *Beer.*—The still head duty on beer brewed in Bangalore exhibits a net increase of Rs. 8,008 and the consumption of this liquor in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore is largely on the increase. The quantity brewed in 1873—74 was 58,617 gallons, while in 1874—75 it rose to 122,688, shewing an increase of 64,071 gallons. The rate of duty on beer was 2 annas per gallon throughout the year.

450. *License Fees.*—Under the head of license fees, there is a net increase of Rs. 3,155, the increase being chiefly in the Kolar and Tumkūr Districts of the Nundydroog Division.

* In the Nagar Division, however, the old rates prevailed up to 1st January 1875.

451. *Sale of arrack shops by public auction.*—The receipts under this head shew a decrease of Rs. 1,410, which was in the Nagar Division, as compared with those of the past year.

452. *Ganja.*—The receipts from ganja did not fluctuate much, as it was given out on contract. It has been ruled and orders issued that no encouragement should be given to the cultivation of ganja.

453. *Expenditure out of Abkari Revenue.*—Out of the total amount of abkari revenue, viz., Rs. 11,53,773 as above shewn, Rs. 2,468 were paid to inamdars of whole villages whose sannads entitle them to the abkari collections in their respective villages.

CUSTOMS AND SAYER.

454. *Collections.*—The subjoined statement shews the collections under the head of sayer customs, as compared with the receipts of the previous year :—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Supari or arecanut ...	6,19,092	5,56,720	...	62,372
Tobacco ...	1,28,194	1,20,773	...	7,421
Opium ...	5,632	3,429	...	2,203
Pepper ...	1,645	3,571	1,926	...
Cardamom ...	3,405	3,158	...	247
Coccanut (Dry) ...	10,144	8,648	...	1,496
Do (Green) ...	41,679	33,694	...	7,985
Betel-leaves ...	48,350	43,388	...	4,962
Piece goods ...	50,697	47,510	...	3,187
Miscellaneous ...	8,416	6,875	...	1,541
Total.....	9,17,254	8,27,766	1,926	91,414
Net Decrease.....	...	...	...	89,428

455. *Decrease under several heads.*—It will be observed from the foregoing statement that there has been a great falling off under all the items composing this branch of the revenue with the single exception of pepper.

456. *Supari.*—The very large decrease of Rs. 62,372 under this head was in the Nagar Division, where supari is cultivated extensively. The deficiency in the crop is ascribed to the heavy rain-fall during the year and the consequent appearance of the koleroga (rot) which caused great losses to many garden holders. The decrease is however reported

to have been confined to the superior kinds of supari produced in the Malnad.

457. *Tobacco*.—The heavy falling off in the revenue under this item is also ascribed to the excessive rain-fall in the Nagar Division.

458. *Opium*.—The heavy rains of last year are reported to have been unfavorable to the cultivation of poppy. Hence the decrease of revenue from opium. The privilege of selling in the Ashtagram Division opium imported from other Divisions is leased to the abkari contractor for Rs. 500 annually. This sum is not however credited to the sayar revenue, but is included under a distinct head of revenue (opium).

459. *Pepper*.—This is the only item of sayar under which there is observed an increase. The season was a favorable one for the cultivation of this crop.

460. *Dry and Green Cocoanuts*.—The decrease under this head is ascribed to large exports to Her Majesty's dominions on which no duty is levied.

461. *Other items*.—The other items call for no remark.

462. *Receipts from Exports and Imports*.—Out of the total receipts, Rs. 2,82,213 were levied on goods exported to, and Rs. 13,893 on imports from, Her Majesty's territories.

463. *Payments out of Sayar Revenue*.—Out of the total collections for the year a sum of Rs. 16,228 was made over to the Mysore Town Municipality, and a sum of Rs. 30,472 was credited to the Shringeri Matt and other inamdars on whose behalf the Government collects the sayar duties. A further sum of Rs. 1,369 was paid as allowances to Devasthanams, Brahmans, &c. The net balance credited under this head amounted to Rs. 7,79,697.

464. *Cost of Establishments*.—The cost of the establishment for the collection of the sayar dues amounted during the year to Rs. 38,054 or 4.59 per cent of the total collections against Rs. 38,644 of the previous year, there being thus a net decrease of Rs. 590. Of the above cost, Rs. 302 were paid by inamdars for whom the Government collected the sayar revenue. The salary of the paid establishment was Rs. 30,220, and the allowance to Shekdars, Shanbhogs and Patels at 5 per cent of the collection made by them amounted to Rs. 7,286.

ASSESSED TAXES.

465. The mohatarfa or assessed taxes include the taxes levied on houses, shops, looms, oil mills and carts. The receipts from these different items are given in the following comparative statement :—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tax on houses	1,59,775	1,57,238	...	2,539
Do on shops	90,053	89,070	...	983
Do on looms	76,518	76,539	21	...
Oil mills	13,940	13,904	...	36
Carts	33,472	31,480	...	1,992
Miscellaneous	69	20	...	49
Total.....	3,73,827	3,68,249	21	5,599
Deduct Increase.....				21
Net Decrease.....				5,578

466. *Collections credited to Municipal Funds.*—The collections made under this head in the towns of Bangalore, Kolar, Mysore, Hassan and Shimoga (to which were added Chitaldroog and Chikmagalur during the year under report) are not included in the assessed taxes, as they have been credited to the Municipal income of those towns.

467. *Houses.*—The number of houses in the Province is estimated at 1,030,069, of which a large number have been exempted from taxation in accordance with the special privileges accorded in conformity with ancient custom to certain classes. But in Municipal towns this exemption has been withdrawn.

468. The particulars regarding the number of houses exempted from the tax are given below :—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.
Agricultural	615,020	626,009
Brahmans, Musalmans, and Rajbindes	150,533	153,601
Headmen of towns, villages, &c...	47,591	46,390
Houses on which shop tax is imposed	21,349	21,378
do loom tax	31,968	31,961
do oil-mill	2,700	2,784
Total.....	869,161	882,123

469. The houses in which the tax is levied number 147,946 as against 148,422 in the previous year, and are classified as follows:—

Class of Houses.				No.	Rate of Tax.	Amount realized.	Average Rate per House.
					From. To. Rs. Rs.	Rs. As. P.	
Terraced houses	...	...	...	15	3 12	87 0 0	5 12 9
Tiled do	...	...	...	16,050	As. 8 12	42,638 1 11	2 10 6
Mud do	...	...	...	35,108	" 8 10	47,143 9 4	1 5 6
Thatched do	...	...	...	96,773	" 4 ² 12	67,367 8 6	" 11 2
Total.....				147,946	...	1,57,236 3 9	1 1 0

470. *Shops.*—The total number of shops was 28,011 as against 27,839 of the previous year. Of these 300 shops belonging to Shanbhogs and Patels and other privileged classes were exempted from the tax. The tax on shops varied from 8 annas to 30 rupees giving an average rate of Rs. 3—3—5 per shop.

471. *Looms.*—The number of looms in the Province during the year under report was 41,794 as against 42,247 in the preceding year. Out of this number, 1,764 belonging to village servants were exempted from the cess as is usual in such cases. This tax varied from 8 annas to 6 rupees giving an average of Rs. 1—14—7.

472. *Oil Mills.*—The number of oil mills was 3,361 against 3,353 of the previous year, and the tax on them varied from 1 rupee to Rs. 20. The average rate was Rs. 4-2-3.

473. *Carts.*—The number of carts was 15,741 against 16,737 in the previous year, the rate being 2 Rs. on carts driven on hire.

474. *Salt Pans.*—There was a decrease of Rs. 1,952—12—7 under the head of salt pans which was shared by all the Divisions and is due to the prohibition placed on the manufacture of earth salt within 5 miles of the frontiers of Her Majesty's territories. The following statement gives the necessary particulars regarding salt pans:—

Year.	No. of Salt Pans.	No. of Manufactures.	Rate of Tax per man.	Amount of Revenue.
1873—74 ...	3,141	3,699	From 1 Anna to Rs 65	18,491 12 9
1874—75 ...	2,202	2,832	" " to " 60-8-0	16,539 0 2
Decrease.....	939	867	...	1,952 12 7

STAMPS.

475. The realization under the head of general stamps during the year was Rs. 2,02,384 against Rs. 1,92,584 in the previous year, shewing a net increase of Rs. 9,799. The following comparative statement exhibits the receipts from stamps :—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Sale of General Stamps ...	1,68,355	1,79,795	11,440	...
Receipt Draft Labels ...	9,408	8,896	...	512
Penalties and other items ...	14,821	13,693	...	1,128
Total.....	1,92,584	2,02,384	11,440	1,640
Deduct Decrease.....			1,640	
Net Increase.....			9,799	

POST OFFICE.

476. The receipts from the Anche or Post Office Department of the Mysore Government amounted to Rs. 49,749 as against Rs. 46,665 in the previous year, shewing an increase of Rs. 3,083, which is due not only to the increase of correspondence, but also to closer supervision having been exercised over postage collections. The subjoined statement shews the particulars of receipts under this head:—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Amount of postage on letters ...	4,4135	47,176	3,041	...
Express charges ..	850	676	...	174
Registration fee ...	738	1,162	423	...
Sale of Anche houses ...	166	45	...	121
Miscellaneous, including fines, &c. ...	776	690	...	86
Total.....	46,665	49,749	3,464	381
Deduct Decrease.....			381	
Net Increase.....			3,083	

LAW AND JUSTICE.

477. The receipts under the head of law and justice were Rs. 4,24,265 for the year under report as against Rs. 4,14,533 of the previous year. The details are shewn in the subjoined statement:—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Court fees stamps... ..	3,11,756	3,00,516	...	11,240
Magisterial fines	67,913	62,120	...	5,793
Registration fees	22,903	25,497	2,594	...
Sale of unclaimed property	3,130	5,114	1,984	...
Sale proceeds of Jail manufactures	4,475	1,667	...	2,808
Realized from convict labor... ..	517	350	...	167
Miscellaneous	3,839	29,000	25,161	...
Total.....	4,14,533	4,24,264	29,739	20,008
Deduct Decrease.....			20,008	
Net Increase.....			9,731	

478. *Causes of Increase.*—The increase was chiefly in the item of Court fee labels. In the Nundydroog Division there was a large increase of Rs. 24,409 under this head arising chiefly from suits instituted in the Munsiffs' Courts. In the Nagar Division however there was a decrease under this head of Rs. 5,458.

479. The increase of Rs. 2,594 under the head of registration is satisfactory.

POLICE.

480. The increase of Rs. 251 under the head of police does not call for any special remark.

PUBLIC WORKS.

481. The receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 48,901 as against Rs. 50,030 of the previous year as per detailed statement below :—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Refunds... ..	24,475	3,469	...	21,006
Contributions	15,872	31,149	15,277	...
Rent on houses	632	266	...	366
Miscellaneous	9,051	14,017	4,966	...
Total.....	50,030	48,901	20,243	21,372
Deduct Increase...			20,243	
Net Decrease...			1,129	

MINT.

482. The receipts under this head, derived from the sale of mutilated old copper coin, amounted to Rs. 3,566. There were no receipts under this head in 1873—74.

MISCELLANEOUS.

483. The total receipts under the head of miscellaneous amounted to Rs. 1,66,889 against Rs. 1,39,881 realized in the previous year, exhibiting an increase of Rs. 27,008. Almost all the items are of a fluctuating character and require no explanation, but there was a large increase of Rs. 19,196 in the Ashtagram Division due to the sale proceeds of the elephants captured in the Keddahs in the Chamrajnagar Taluk. There was also an increase of Rs. 1,552 in the Nundydroog Division, being the sale proceeds of the materials of the dismantled Anche Cutcherry in the fort of Bangalore.

484. The several items comprising the head of miscellaneous are noted below:—

Items.	1873—74.	1874—75.
Fines, (in the Revenue Department) ...	24,469	31,454
School fees ...	16,038	} 27,438
Sale of school books ...	13,251	
Subscriptions to the Mysore Gazette ...	2,368	1,827
Travellers' Bungalows' fees ...	6,085	6,884
Gross revenue of the Island of Seringapatam ...	19,156	17,675
Tolls on bridges ...	6,786	4,535
Interest realized on Government securities ...	1,240	1,240
Value of private work done by Govt. Press ...	3,783	817
Produce of public gardens ...	1,831	2,477
Premium on Hundis... ..	523	706
Savings and fines, &c. in the Military Local Force ...	293	4,852
Interest collected on arrears of revenue defaulters ...	30,071	32,721
Sale proceeds of Government buildings and unserviceable furniture ...	5,638	4,609
Sale proceeds of elephants captured in Chamrajnagar ...	...	20,861
Sundry receipts	8,349	8,793
Total.....	1,39,881	1,66,889

REVENUE AND FINANCE OTHER THAN IMPERIAL.

LOCAL FUNDS.

485. The total revenue from the several items credited to the head of Local Funds for the year 1874—75 amounted to Rs. 4,75,207,

or Rs. 15,228 in excess of that of the previous year as shewn in the following comparative statement:—

Items.	1874—75.	1873—74.	Increase.	Decrease.
Local cess	3,74,536	3,57,823	16,713	...
Irrigation cess	54,800	51,349	3,451	...
Sale of stray cattle and fines	36,287	40,191	...	3,904
Ferry collections	6,118	6,405	...	287
Miscellaneous	3,466	4,211	...	745
Total.....	4,75,207	4,59,979	20,164	4,936
			4,936	
			Net Increase.....	15,228

486. The net increase above shewn was chiefly from the Honnali Taluk, in which the old rate of the local cess at 6 pies was raised to one anna in the rupee of the survey assessment during the year under report, and there was also a similar increase in the rate of the cess charged on items other than land revenue in some of the surveyed taluks.

487. Measures are in progress for merging the irrigation cess in the land assessment under the orders of the Government of India.

MUNICIPAL REVENUE.

488. The subjoined statement shews the particulars of revenue amounting to Rs. 3,64,868 credited to Municipal funds in 1874—75, as against Rs. 3,53,189 of the preceding year :—

	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
Octroi	1,46,728	1,57,917	11,189	...
House tax	81,473	76,932	...	4,541
Tax on professions	43,278	67,989	21,711	...
Tax on carriages... ..	2,742	1,723	...	1,019
Rents	9,346	9,143	...	203
Transfer and contribution	10,995	11,041	46	...
Miscellaneous	55,627	40,123	...	15,504
Total.....	3,53,189	3,64,868	32,946	21,267
			Net Increase.....	11,679
			Cash Balance.....	1,57,980
			Grand Total.....	5,22,848

489. The item "Miscellaneous Receipts" includes all other sources of income such as sale of stray cattle, pound fines, fines for offences against Municipal Rules and market-rents.

490. The net increase of Rs. 11,679 was owing partly to the increased collections and partly to the receipts from mohatarfa surrendered by Government to the Municipalities of Chikmagalur and Chitaldroog.

491. During the year under report the number of articles subject to octroi in the town of Shimoga was reduced from 62 to 12 and the loss of revenue made up by the enhancement of rates on articles which hitherto bore a nominal tax.

492. The cash balance on the 1st April 1874 was Rs. 1,57,980, which, when added to Rs. 3,64,868 collected during the year, raised the total sum of the Municipal Funds to Rs. 5,22,848. Of this amount Rs. 3,70,448 were expended during the year, leaving an opening balance of Rs. 1,52,400 on the 1st April 1875. Where large cash balances exist, measures are in progress for expending them on works of permanent utility.

493. The subjoined statement shews the particulars of expenditure during the year under report :—

	1873—74.	1874—75.	Increase.	Decrease.
1. Collection	26,006	26,410	404	...
2. Head Office charges	18,488	18,576	88	...
3. Public Works	1,39,716	1,48,042	8,326	...
4. Police	63,014	68,520	5,506	...
5. Education	...	519	519	...
6. Charitable grants	1,049	841	...	208
7. Conservancy	57,139	63,973	6,834	...
8. Road watering	1,591	1,432	...	159
9. Lighting	10,902	14,033	3,131	...
10. Gardens	801	474	...	327
11. Extraordinary	5,625	2,103	3,522	...
12. Miscellaneous	14,803	25,525	10,722	...
Total.....	3,39,134	3,70,448		
Balance at the close of the year.....		1,52,400		
Grand Total.....		5,22,848		

494. The works undertaken during the year consisted of construction and repair of markets, latrines, drains, dust boxes, roads, police stations and bandy-stands.

495. In the town of Shimoga a scarcity of water was apprehended and 5 wells were excavated in different parts of the town during the year at an aggregate outlay of Rs. 5,668—5—11, and Rs. 3,091—2—9 were spent by the Municipality towards filling in the Kumbargundi ditch and the construction of a drain for diverting the sewage of the town into the river. The last named work was completed and the Kumbargundi ditch is being filled up and made available for the extension of the town. In undertaking these works the Shimoga Municipality had to borrow Rs. 3,500 from Local Funds General, of which Rs. 2,000 have since been repaid.

496. The subjoined statement shews the towns in which the mohatarfa revenue is collected and credited to Municipalities and the amount they have been required to pay towards the cost of police and education:—

Towns.							Mohatarfa Revenue.	Cost of Police.	Cost of Education
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,157	23,727	...
Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,730	861	...
Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,219	2,965	...
Chikmagalur	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,636	323	519
Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	965	749	...
Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,789	20,310	...
Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,145	1,307	...
Seringapatam including Ganjam...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,890	3,401	...

VI. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

497. *Population*.—The population is 5,055,412, the proportion of the Census being 2,535,924 males to 2,519,488 females.

498. *Area*.—The area of the Province is 27,040 square miles. The average population to each square mile is 189·96.

499. *Birth-Rate*.—During the year 38,010 births, being in the ratio 7·31 to total population, were registered in the Province. This shews a falling off as compared with returns in preceding year. The ratio of births in the Cantonment of Bangalore where registration is more systematic and carefully attended to was 31·07 being the same as in the year before. The existing agency for registration in the rural circles is so manifestly defective that no reliance can be placed on the returns furnished thence.

500. *Death-Rate*.—Fifty one thousand two hundred and thirty deaths were registered in 1874 as against 53,340 in 1873, shewing a decrease of 2,110. The returns for the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore give the death rate as 21·96 per mille. This may be assumed to be nearer the actual rate than 10·13 per mille which the returns for the Province generally give as the rate for the year under review. As observed last year a more detailed examination of the faulty birth and death rate returns would be unprofitable.

501. *Deaths by different causes*.—The following comparative table gives the death from all causes in 1874 as compared with those in 1873:—

			1873.		1874.
Cholera	...	...	12		2
Small Pox	...	...	3,052		1,535
Fevers	...	...	28,854		29,158
Bowel Complaints	...	...	5,785		5,358
Injuries.	{	Suicide	158		137
		Wounding	103	} 1,192	73
		Accident	721		792
		Snake bites or killed by wild beasts...	210		171
All other causes	...	...	14,445		14,004

502. These results as regards 1874 shew a complete absence of epidemic cholera; a diminution of the aggregate deaths from small-pox of nearly 50 per cent; a decrease in casualties from bowel complaints;

in the number of suicide and casualties from wounds ; an increase in the number of casualties from accident and a decrease in the list of deaths from snake-bites, &c.

503. *Mortality of large Towns.*—The subjoined table proves that the defective registration is chiefly met with in the rural circles:—

Death-rate.	Population.	Deaths.	Ratio per mille.
Of entire Province ...	5,055,412	51,320	10.13
Of 22 large towns ...	259,484	4,099	15.8
Of 511 rural circles ...	4,710,476	45,400	9.64
Of 2 cantonments ...	85,452	1,731	20.22

EMIGRATION.

504. From the subjoined statement furnished by the Protector of Emigrants it will be seen that while the total number of emigrants has been nearly the same during the year under review as in the previous year, there has been an increase in the number of men and a large decrease in the number of women :—

Port of Embarkation.	From.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Madras... ..	Province of Mysore.	5	...	...	5
Pondicherry... ..		25	8	4	37
Karikal		60	9	3	72
Total.....		90	17	7	114
1873—74		46	58	14	118

None returned.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

505. The following comparative statement shews the operations of the hospitals and dispensaries (exclusive of special hospitals) of the Province for the years 1871—74 inclusive :—

Years.	In Hospital.	Treated.—		Total.
		Out of Hospital.		
1871	2,711	69,830		72,541
1872	2,831	85,885		88,716
1873	2,599	102,226		104,825
1874	2,981	105,550		108,531

506. The true test of the popularity of a hospital or dispensary and of public confidence in its Medical Officer is to be found in the num-

VACCINATION.

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ber of its out-patients. Tried by this test it is satisfactory to note an annual average increase of 900 out-patients. The following table gives the details for each hospital and dispensary in the Province :—

Stations.	Hospitals and Dispensaries.	Total treated.		Average daily sick.		Died.		Per mille ratio of deaths to treated (In patients.)
		In.	Out.	In.	Out.	In.	Out.	
Bangalore ...	Bowring Civil Hospital ...	1,516	21,449	68.09	177.58	178	6	117.41
Do	Pete Dispensary ...	...	21,032	...	140.11	...	4	...
Mysore ...	Raja's Hospital ...	744	18,635	44.28	136.06	67	3	90.05
Shimoga ...	Civil do ...	237	8,393	13.93	75.06	21	5	88.61
Hassan ...	Do Dispensary ...	9	6,677	.50	51.25	1	3	111.11
Shethalli ...	Do do ...	48	1,510	1.25	13.	2	...	41.04
Chitaldroog ...	Do do ...	166	3,968	10.8	33.7	...	...	...
Chikmagalur ...	Do do ...	174	6,122	7.50	47.50	14	3	80.46
Tumkūr ...	Do do ...	...	4,617	...	43.13	...	4	...
Kolar ...	Do do ...	87	5,866	4.56	56.78	1	...	11.50
Chikballapur	Do do ...	...	7,281	...	60.88	...	2	...
Total.....		2,981	105,550	150.91	841.04	284	80	95.27
Grand Total.....		108,531		991.95		314		

507: SPECIAL HOSPITALS.—There was a very slight increase in the average daily strength of the Lunatic Asylum and a decrease in that of the Leper Asylum. Both institutions have during the year given satisfactory results.

VACCINATION.

508. The subjoined statement gives the results for the year under review as compared with those for 1873 :—

Divisions.	Years.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Total.	Cost.		
						Rs.	As.	P.
Nandydroog	1873	34,419	2,183	3,686	40,288	4,285	7	11
	1874	34,797	2,252	4,408	41,457	4,446	13	6
Ashtagram	1873	29,120	760	170	30,050	3,244	6	3
	1874	29,205	794	134	30,133	3,261	5	11
Nagar	1873	23,009	2,025	1,089	26,123	2,915	0	8
	1874	23,732	1,564	627	25,923	2,949	11	0
Office Establishment	1873	...	...	...	...	240	0	0
	1874	...	...	...	...	240	0	0
Total.....	1873	86,548	4,968	4,945	96,461	10,682	15	1
	1874	87,734	4,610	5,169	97,513	10,897	14	8

509. The aggregate shew an increase in the number of successful cases and a diminution in that of unsuccessful cases.

510. Each successful case cost the Government anna 1—pies $11\frac{2}{3}$, and the total cost of the establishment was Rs. 10,897 as against Rs. 10,682 in the previous year, shewing a slight increase of Rs. 215. The pressing requirement of the Vaccination Department is a more efficient system of inspection, and measures for carrying this out are under consideration.

VII. INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATION.

511. *New Measures*—Besides the attention bestowed on the usual educational operations, which, it will be seen, have resulted in a large increase of the number of pupils under instruction, the following new measures have been instituted during the year under review : the establishment of Normal schools for the training of additional masters for Hobli schools, and the opening of a School of Engineering and Natural Science for the purpose of preparing native candidates for the Public Works, Revenue Survey and Forest Departments.

512. *Results for the Year.*—The year closes with 808 schools and 31,577 pupils connected with the Department, against 774 schools last year containing 27,298 pupils. An addition has thus taken place of 34 schools and 4,279 pupils ; but as 28 of the new schools were established only in the last week of the year, this increase of 15·7 per cent in the number of pupils is not due to the opening of fresh schools. On the contrary, it must be accepted as an index of the growth of previously existing institutions following upon a more liberal allowance of teachers, and is in accordance with the results anticipated from that measure in last year's report. Except in 1868—69 when the Hobli schools were first established, there has been no such increase in the number of pupils under instruction in any year since the formation of the Department.

513. *Details of Increase.*—The following figures exhibit the details of the increment thus made to the strength of the schools :—

Year				Government Schools.	Pupils.	Aided Schools.	Pupils.
1874—75*	...	...	...	699	23,878	109	7,699
1873—74	...	...	...	670	20,145	104	7,153
Increase.....				29	3,733	5	546

514. *Schools and Pupils.—Grand Total.*—In the unaided schools

there has been, according to the returns, a decrease of exactly 200 schools, while the aggregate of pupils remains almost the same. These statistics cannot be relied on. However, by adding 1,336, reported to be the number of such schools, with their 18,407 pupils, we obtain a grand total for the Province of 2,144 schools, containing 49,984 pupils. According to creed, 26,263 of these are Hindus, 3,338 Muhammadans and 1,976 others. The last item is composed of 660 Europeans, 499 Eurasians and 817 Natives. The number of girls was 3,142 against 2,620 in the previous year.

515. *Classes of Schools.*—The subjoined list shews the classification of the schools connected with Government and the attendance at those of each grade. An attempt has been made to exhibit more accurately than in former years the extent of secondary instruction, which from the returns, hitherto adopted appeared to be deficient, and on the paucity of which as so represented the Government of India not long ago remarked. But it should be borne in mind that every school of a higher grade includes a very large proportion of teaching corresponding to each of the grades below it:—

Class of Schools.	Government.		Aided.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Boys' Schools.—				
Higher	...	8	6	1,179
Middle	...	43	32	2,220
Lower	...	629	39	1,919
Girls' Schools				
Higher	...	...	3	380
Middle	...	...	9	663
Lower	...	9	19	1,293
Normal Schools	...	3	...	...
Special	...	7	1	65
Total.....	699	23,878	109	7,699

516. *Inspection.*—Several changes occurred among the Sub-Deputy Inspectors, and the experiment was tried of appointing men who had received an English education. Hitherto the places had been filled up, with one exception, from the Vernacular Department, and it was hoped

that a superior standard of instruction would be promoted in the Hobli schools by the change. But the expectation has hardly been fulfilled. The wants and circumstances of these primary village schools seem to be better met, other things being equal, by the inspection of well-trained vernacular scholars. The Inspectors agree that such men generally accommodate themselves more easily to the rural population among whom they have to move, and perhaps take more interest in their work from not regarding it as derogatory, which those whose chief attention has been directed to the study of English are too apt to do. An additional circle was formed during the year with head-quarters at Sira.

517. *Charges.*—The expenditure for the year on the part of Government amounted to Rs. 2,64,962, which was apportioned according to the statement below. The cost of direction bore a ratio to the whole of 5·6 per cent, and that of inspection of 10·2 per cent. The ratio which grants-in-aid bore to the whole Government expenditure for instruction was 19·8 per cent. The additional expenditure from private sources in aided schools was Rs. 84,510, and in unaided Rs. 46,677, making up the grand total of Rs. 3,96,149 expended on education from both public and private funds :—

Head of Charge.	Expenditure during 1874—75.	
	From State Funds.	From Local Funds.
Direction with its subsidiary charges	14,973	...
Inspection with its subsidiary charges	19,464	7,504
Instruction (including all educational expenditure not coming under the above heads)	1,57,679	65,342
Total.....	1,92,116	72,846

518. *Receipts.*—The receipts from all sources paid into Government Treasuries amounted to Rs. 1,29,421, composed of school fees Rs. 14,611, proceeds of book sales Rs. 18,004, and educational share of local fund collections Rs. 96,806, which is Rs. 10,103 in excess of that for the previous year. As the Survey settlement extends over the country, the receipts from this fund will continue to increase. The receipts in aided schools came up to Rs. 79,985, of which school fees contributed Rs.

24,023. The income of unaided schools is set down at Rs. 43,570, the fees having yielded Rs. 43,115. Adding these various items, we derive a total of Rs. 2,52,976 on account of the receipts in all the schools of every description throughout the Province, of which Rs. 81,749 or 32·3 per cent consisted of fees paid by the pupils. The decrease from last year is entirely confined to the unaided schools; the fees in Government and aided schools shew a good increase.

519. *University Examinations.*—As compared with last year there has been an increase in the number of students who passed the several University examinations. Of three candidates sent up from the High School to Madras, for examination, one obtained the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The subjoined table gives details as to the lesser examinations :—

					No. of Candidates for Matriculation.		No. of Candidates for First in Arts.	
					Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.
Government—								
	High School, Bangalore	...	...	...	29	11	18	9
	Raja's School, Mysore	...	...	...	11	2	6	5
	District School, Shimoga	...	...	...	7	...	...	...
	Do Hassan	...	...	...	12	6	...	...
	Do Chitaldroog	...	...	...	3	1	...	...
	Do Tumkūr	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
	Do Chikmagalur	...	...	...	4	1	...	...
Aided—								
	Total.....				69	21	24	14
	Bishop Cotton's School, Bangalore...	..			11	4	3	2
	Saint Andrew's School	...			9	1	...	...
	Wesleyan Mission Institution "	...			24	11	...	...
	London Mission Institution "	...			14	4	...	...
	Wesleyan Mission School, Mysore	...			10	2	...	...
	Saint Joseph's Catholic Seminary, Bangalore...	...			5	1	...	...
	Private Study	...	...	...	28	1	3	2
	Total.....				170	45	30	18

520. The following table exhibits in the prescribed form the statistics of all the Government schools in Mysore. The number of middle class schools has been increased by the transfer of some which it has been the practice heretofore to put in the lower class, but which for reasons elsewhere stated seemed to have established a well-founded claim to a higher position :—

Description of Institutions.	Number of Institutions.	Number on the Rolls (monthly average.)	Average Daily Attendance.	Total Expenditure.		Fees and Book Sales returned to Government.	Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.	
				From Provincial Funds.	From Local Funds.		Average Total.	Cost to Government.
Boys' Schools—							Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Higher Class ...	8	1,628	1,414	48,991	...	23,914	30 1 6	23 9 3
Middle „ ...	43	2,773	2,429	23,708	...	3,937	8 8 10	7 11 3
Lower „ ...	629	17,502	13,079	20,144	52,818	4,634	3 8 3*	10 6 2
Girls' Schools ...	1	291	238	3,032	...	31	10 6 8	10 6 2
Normal Schools ...	3	86	84	1,134	4,987	...	...	...
Special Schools ...	7	789	789	506	...	100	71 2 7	...
Total.....	691	23,069	18,033	97,515	57,805	32,616	*In Hobli Schools only.	

521. *Schools of the Higher Class—Proposed Changes.*—Proposals submitted for more accurately defining the position and work of these schools, by separating the collegiate institutions from those which taught only to University Entrance standard, were sanctioned. These changes will come into force in the ensuing year, and will be detailed in its Administration Report. By raising the Chikmagalur School to the grade of a District School the number of Higher Class schools has been raised from 7 to 8. The average number of pupils has advanced from 1,435 to 1,628. This increase is not entirely due to the addition in the number of this class of schools, although the attendance at the Chikmagalur School on its being raised to the higher rose from 40 to 110. The total amount realized from fees was Rs. 10,605 as against Rs. 9,055 in the previous year. The annual cost of each pupil to Government has fallen by nearly Rs. 2 per head, being Rs. 23—9—3 in 1874—75, while in 1873—74 it was Rs. 25—8—7. One of the Coorg students at the High School, Bangalore, the first of his race to do so, left this country to prosecute his studies in England.

522. There is much truth in the Principal's remark that "those who do hereafter join the College classes should be prepared to complete the university four-years' course, or not attempt at all. Many resort to the bad practice of seeking employment as soon as the Entrance examination has been passed, and yet striving to pass more examinations. This is detrimental to themselves, and lowers the character of the institution to which they belong. Many a poor student must however adopt this course until native liberality provides for such cases. But for founders and

benefactors in our English seats of learning, the world would have lost much both in Literature and Science."

523. *Middle Class Schools*.—It has hitherto been the practice to consign all the vernacular schools to the lower class. But as this tends to convey a false impression of the graduation of schools in Mysore, and left scarcely any to be included in the middle class, it has been deemed necessary to introduce a change. Hence those Vernacular schools which have long emerged from the primary stage, and made good a position entitling them to be regarded as secondary schools, have in the present report been entered as of the middle class. The number has thus increased from 6 to 43. The average number of pupils was 2,773; the amount realized from fees Rs. 2,351 and the cost to Government for each pupil Rs. 7—11—3.

524. In connection with the Middle Class schools the following rules published on the 4th of March, instituting a General Test Examination for Mysore, may be quoted.

"From and after 1st April 1876, no person not being a matriculated student of any University, or not having passed the Madras General Test, or who has not been continuously employed in the public service since January 1st, 1860,* shall be appointed to any situation under the Mysore Government, the salary of which may exceed Rs. 20 a month, without having passed a satisfactory examination in the following subjects, viz:—

- (a.) Hand-writing, including the ability to copy within a prescribed time and in a good clear hand a manuscript or printed paper.
- (b.) Orthography, to include writing from dictation and correctly re-writing a mis-spelt passage.
- (c.) Composition and Grammar, including ability to write a simple letter in good grammatical language; to correct a passage written in un-grammatical style, and to answer questions on Grammar.

*These rules do not apply in the case of purely Military appointments, or to persons belonging to regular establishments of peons, or to Police Officers who have passed the Police Test.

- (d.) Arithmetic, the first four Rules, Simple and Compound; Vulgar and Decimal Fractions, and questions involving the Rule of Three.*
- (e.) Geography, including the elements of General Geography, and a somewhat more accurate knowledge of Geography of India and of Mysore in particular.
- (f.) History, including a knowledge of the leading facts of the History of India and of Mysore in particular.

The examination will be divided into two branches, English and Kanarese. Candidates for employment in an appointment the duties of which require a knowledge of English will be required to execute the test in Hand-writing, Orthography, Composition and Grammar in the English language. All candidates will be required to perform the test in Arithmetic, Geography and History in Kanarese.

The examinations provided for in these rules shall be conducted by means of printed papers. They shall be open to all candidates whose age exceeds 17 years on the 1st of October of the year in which the examination is held.

The examination will be held annually in the month of November at the undermentioned places:—

Bangalore. | Mysore. | Shimoga.

A fee of Rs. 4 will be required from all candidates. This fee will be paid by each candidate into a Taluk Treasury, and the Amildar will grant him a receipt.

All applications from candidates desirous of appearing at the above mentioned examinations must be addressed to the Director of Public Instruction, Bangalore, in time to reach him not later than October 1st. Each application must be accompanied by the following certificates:—

- (1.) A certificate from a Civil Surgeon, that the applicant is of sound bodily health and free from constitutional infirmity unfitting him for the service of Government.

*The Kanarese paper in this subject should be executed in English figures.

- (2.) A certificate from an Amildar that the applicant has paid the prescribed fee of 4 Rs. into the Taluk Treasury.
- (3.) Evidence that the applicant will be more than 17 years of age on the 1st October of the year in which the examination is held.

The Chief Commissioner reserves to himself the power of exempting any candidate for Government employment from the necessity of passing the test ; but such exemptions will only be granted in very special cases."

525. *Lower Class Schools.*—This class includes both Taluk and Hobli schools. The condition of the former is hardly as satisfactory as is desired, and much remains to be done before the majority reach the standard aimed at. On the other hand the state of the Hobli schools is highly satisfactory.

526. *Hobli Schools.*—These primary schools now number 562 with 15,035 pupils, against 534 with 11,983 pupils last year. The medium of instruction in all the schools is Kanarese, but 200 pupils, principally in the Kolar District, learn Telugu. The 28 additional schools, as explained in a previous part of the report, were established only in the last week of the year, and do not therefore contribute more than about 300 towards the total. We have thus the gratifying result to record of an increase of 4,052 pupils for the year, or nearly 34 per cent, effected almost entirely by improved arrangements in the formerly existing schools.

527. The average number of pupils for each school has thus been raised to 27. This is more than double the average attendance of the indigenous schools. But the actual strength of individual Hobli schools is in numerous cases very much higher than the average.

528. The progress of the schools may be judged from the classes which have been formed. There are 28 schools with a first class, while 202 have a second class as the highest, and 248 a third class. As regards the condition of the schools, the Inspectors report 23 as *very good*, 146 as *good*, and 214 as *fair* ; the rest are not satisfactory. We thus gather that 230 schools, or about two-fifths of the whole number, have pupils advanced beyond the elementary stage ; that 68 per cent are doing generally well, 30 per cent very well. Arrangements for the addi-

tional training of such masters as require it will probably result in improving the standard of those schools which have not yet attained to a satisfactory condition.

529. A number of new schools of this class will be opened during the ensuing year, the masters for which have been under training at Devanhalli and Shimoga. Applications for the establishment of such schools are of almost daily occurrence, and there is no doubt that the people as a whole appreciate the instruction imparted, which, elementary though it be, is yet superior to what was commonly obtainable in the formerly existing indigenous schools. But even that consideration would probably not have sufficed to invest the hobli schools with the popularity they enjoy, had they not been established on the basis of the old country schools, and to a great extent under masters who had previously secured the confidence of their respective neighbourhoods. On the requisition of the Deputy Inspector General of Police special arrangements were made for teaching reading and writing to such of the police constables throughout the country as were ignorant of these arts. A considerable number have thus attended for a time in the taluk and hobli schools during the intervals of duty and taken the first steps in the acquisition of knowledge.

530. *Girls' Schools.*—The number of Girls' schools continues the

District.	Schools.	Pupils.
Bangalore	...	4
Kolar	...	4
Hassan	...	1

same as reported last year, but the attendance has risen from 252 to 337. The details for each District are as given in the margin. The pupils include 334 Hindus and 3 Muhammadans. All are taught Kanarese, except 28 at Chintamani, learning Telugu.

531. The schools at Hassan, Chintamani and Closepet appear to be doing well. The others are fair, with the exception of those at Magadi and Shrinivaspur, which are in very poor condition. It is difficult to estimate the utility of these schools. They fluctuate much, both in attendance and progress. The indications of steady growth and advance are rare. The masters are generally men without training, selected by the people as respectable and fully arrived at years of discretion rather

than for any special aptitude for the work, which in general opinion requires very little.

532. Applications continue to be received occasionally for new schools, and there is unquestionably a disposition springing up in favor of female education. It has already been stated that 147 girls attend the hobli schools. There are besides 20 in the taluk schools.

533. *Normal Schools.*—By the opening of two Normal Schools for the training of Hobli School Masters, the number in this class of schools has been raised from 1 to 3. At Devanballi upwards of 600 candidates presented themselves for admission. It was impossible to make provision for any thing like this number, which exceeded that of all the hobli schools put together. After a careful examination of each man's claims and qualifications, 60 were selected for training. They continued under instruction in the various books used in hobli schools, and had regular practice in giving lessons to a class, up to March, when a final examination was held. Of the 53 students who appeared for examination, 28 were granted certificates of qualification and appointed to the charge of schools. The remaining 25 are still under training.

534. This training school was opened at Shimoga with 32 students, who went through a course similar to that adopted at Devanballi. The final examination was not held within the official year but shortly after its close, resulting in the passing of 29. Some of these would have profited by longer study, but the demand for teachers in the Nagar Division being much in excess of the supply, the men were all provided with appointments.

535. *Special Schools.—School of Engineering and Natural Science.*—As intimated in last year's report, arrangements of a more satisfactory character than had previously existed were under consideration as regards the means of instruction in Civil Engineering.

536. The correspondence on this question dates as far back as September 1873, when the Government of India called for a report as to the training that could be locally provided for subordinates of the Forest Department. The proposals for meeting this demand gradually took shape in a scheme for a School of Engineering and Natural Science, to be placed under a competent Engineer Officer as Principal, and at-

tached to the High School, Bangalore, as a branch. The design of the institution was extended so as to embrace the preparation of candidates for both the upper and subordinate grades of the Public Works, Revenue Survey and Forest Departments.

537. The following Notification published on the 20th November states the conditions of admission and the course of studies.

“ With the sanction of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, conveyed in the despatch noted in the margin, a school for the education of natives for the Departments of (1) Public Works, (2) Revenue Survey and Settlement, and (3) Forests, will be established in connection with the Bangalore High School, on or about the 1st of April 1875, under the designation of the ‘ School of Engineering and Natural Science.’ The school will consist of two departments, termed Upper and Lower Divisions, designed respectively to furnish employés for the Upper and Subordinate Establishments of the Départments referred to above. The selection of candidates for nomination to the Upper and Lower Divisions of the school respectively will be made annually in the month of March, under the orders of the Chief Commissioner, and will be restricted to youths of not less than 17 or more than 22 years of age, of good health and physique, (as certified by competent medical authority,) of active habits and who are prepared to serve in any part of the Province of Mysore.

All candidates for the Upper Division of the school must previously to nomination have passed the University ‘ First-in-Arts’ Examination. Those for the Lower Division, who are intended to fill grades corresponding with the present Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department, must similarly have passed the University ‘ Matriculation’ Examination. Candidates for employment in the grades corresponding with the present Lower Subordinate Establishment of the Department Public Works will be subjected to an entrance examination in Arithmetic, Kanarese and English.

If the number of approved candidates for either division of the school is in excess of the number required, the Chief Commissioner may, at his discretion, direct that selection be governed by a competitive examination in Mathematics, English and Kanarese,

Nominations will be made in the first instance without reference to the special department of the public service to which the pupils will ultimately be appointed. The first half of the course prescribed for both divisions will be occupied with such subjects as are common to the requirements of all three departments of the service. At the conclusion of the first half of the course, the students will be allotted to the several departments of the service, selection being made as far as possible with reference to the aptitude and inclination of each student. Thenceforth the education of the students will be conducted with reference to the special requirements of the department of the service to which they are assigned.

An engagement will be taken from all candidates previously to final nomination, binding themselves with two securities in the sum of Rs. 2,000 for the Upper and Rs. 500 for the Lower Department, to serve the Mysore State, if required, in the department to which they may be ultimately assigned, in any part of the Province to which they may be sent, for a term of not less than five years from the date of their final admission to the service.

The course of instruction in the Upper Division for pupils under training for the superior grades of the departments specified in the 1st para of this order will ordinarily occupy three years. The term may be abridged in the case of any student who is able to complete the course in a less period.

The fee for pupils while under instruction in this division is fixed at Rs. 15 per mensem, payable quarterly in advance, and they will provide their own books, instruments, &c.

The course of instruction for students in the Upper Division will embrace the following subjects:—

- I. Mathematics.
- II. Natural Philosophy.
- III. Mensuration and Estimate making.
- IV. Surveying and Levelling.
- V. Constructive Engineering.
- VI. Architectural and Topographical drawing.

- VII. Natural science, including Botany and Vegetable Physiology; Chemistry, Geology and Meteorology (for candidates for the Revenue Survey and Forest Departments.)

The course of instruction in the Lower Division will ordinarily occupy two years, but the term may be abridged as in the case of the Upper Form.

Students while under training in this division will receive from Government a monthly allowance of Rs. 8 per mensem, during the first year, and Rs. 12 per mensem, during the second year of the course, provided that no student shall be advanced to the higher scale of pay whose conduct and progress do not in the opinion of the Principal entitle him thereto. Students in the Lower Division will be required to find their own books and instruments.

The course for the Lower Division will embrace the following subjects :—

- I. Mathematics.
- II. Surveying and Levelling.
- III. Engineering.
- IV. Drawing and Estimating.
- V. Account and Book-keeping.
- VI. Elements of Botany and Vegetable Physiology, Chemistry and Geology (for candidates for the Revenue Survey and Forest Departments.)

The course for candidates for the Lower Subordinate Establishment will be less difficult in degree than that to which candidates for the Upper Subordinate Establishment will be subjected. Quarterly examinations will be held to test the progress of the students in both divisions, and any student who fails to satisfy the Examiner at such examinations, or who is considered unlikely to attain the required proficiency within the period prescribed for the course, will be reported, in view to his removal from the school, in which case he will forfeit his claim to an appointment under Government. Cases of marked misconduct on the part of any pupil will be similarly reported with the same object.

At the close of the course a final examination will be held, designed to test the general proficiency of the students in each division of the school. Seniority in the several grades and departments will be determined by the result of this examination.

Those students who pass will join the departments to which they are assigned, in the order of their passing, on probation for one year, at the end of which period, if they give satisfaction, they will be confirmed and will thereafter be fully eligible for promotion. The appointments in the several departments of the Mysore service, for promotion to which in due course passed students will be eligible on the satisfactory completion of their term of probation, are as follows :—

UPPER DEPARTMENT.

Public Works.	Forests.	Revenue Survey and Settlement
Chief Engineer (1st, 2nd and 3rd class)	Conservator (1st, 2nd and 3rd class)	Superintendent (1st and 2nd class)
Superintending Engineer (1st class, 1st and 2nd grades.) ...	Deputy Conservator (1st, 2nd and 3rd class)	Deputy Superintendent.
Superintending Engineer (2nd class, 1st and 2nd grades) ...	Assistant Conservator (1st, 2nd and 3rd class)	Assistant Superintendent (1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th class)
Executive Engineer (1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th grades)		
Assistant Engineer (1st, 2nd, and 3rd grades)		

LOWER DEPARTMENT.

Upper Subordinate Establishment.

Public Works.	Forests.	* Revenue Survey and Settlement.
Sub-Engineer (1st, 2nd and 3rd grades)	Rangers (1st, 2nd and 3rd class)	
Supervisor (1st and 2nd grades)		
Overseer (1st, 2nd and 3rd grades)		

Lower Subordinate Establishment.

Public Works.	Forests.	* Revenue Survey and Settlement.
Sub-Overseer (1st, 2nd and 3rd grades)		

* As there are at present no Upper and Lower Establishments corresponding with those in the Department Public Works in the Revenue Survey Department, and no Lower Subordinate Establishment in the Forest Department, no candidates for the appointments in question can for the present be received in the school.

The object of the school is, as already stated, the education of candidates for certain specified departments of the Mysore Government service. It is hoped however that in process of time the sphere of its usefulness may be extended, that private pupils may be induced to enter upon the course, or a part of it, and that candidates for appointments in the General and Revenue Departments will avail themselves of the special training provided by the institution.

Due notice will be given hereafter of any arrangements which may be made for enlarging the scope of the school and rendering it available for the general public."

538. For the Principal-ship of the School of Engineering and Natural Science the services of Mr. Gramatzki, Assistant Engineer of the First Grade, were placed at disposal. At the same time Mr. Subba Rayar, a graduate of Madras in Arts and Civil Engineering, was appointed as Assistant Master.

539. In order to provide lectures on Botany, Chemistry, Agriculture and kindred subjects, arrangements were entered into with Mr. Harman of the Royal Agricultural College, Cirencester, who had been engaged as Superintendent of the Experimental Farm.

540. The number of candidates nominated for admission was 9 to the Upper Division and 12 to the Lower. Of the former 5 were intended for the Public Works Department, 2 for the Forest Department and 2 for the Revenue Survey. Of the latter 10 were assigned to Public Works and 2 to Forests.

541. It is to be hoped that the institution started on this prosperous footing will fulfil the expectation of Government in its establishment, and be the means of training up a body of skilled professional men who will be a credit to the country.

542. The schools receiving grants-in-aid from Government may be classified as in the following statement, which also gives the attendance and other particulars. As with the Government schools, and for similar reasons, several previously included in the lower class have been added to the middle class.

Class of Schools.	Number of Institutions.	Number of Pupils on the Rols. Monthly Average.	Average Daily Attendance.	Grants-in-aid given by Government.	Expenditure from all sources other than Grants-in-aid given by Government.	Fees.	Annual Cost of educating each pupil.					
							Average Cost.			Cost to Government.		
							Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Boys' Schools—												
Higher Class	6	997	897	12,160	29,379	10,382	41	10	7	12	3	2
Middle „	32	1,997	1,718	10,270	17,754	3,279	14	0	6	5	2	3
Lower „	39	1,738	1,496	6,732	10,098	899	9	10	11	3	14	0
Girls' Schools—												
Higher Class	3	355	347	4,040	9,254	6,230	18	12	0	6	10	5
Middle „	9	616	507	4,240	3,387	1,539						
Lower „	19	1,206	1,044	6,200	13,698	699						
Normal Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Other Schools for Special Education	1	65	65	600	940	995						
Total.....	109	6,974	6,074	44,242	84,510	24,023						

543. New grants to the extent of Rs. 125 were made during the year. In addition to these monthly grants for education, Rs. 1,700 were given in aid of buildings.

544. Of grants previously in force the amount of Rs. 60 given to the Cantonment Orphanage, Bangalore, was raised to Rs. 100, to provide for the admission of destitute children who were not orphans.

545. *Anglo-Indian Aid Associations.*—A donation was made by the Chief Commissioner of Rs. 500 to the Anglo-Indian Aid Association. This is a society formed, as its name indicates, for assisting the poor of the European and Eurasian community, and owes its origin to the inquiries lately set on foot by the Government of India regarding the means of education for these classes of the population. A similar Association has also been established at Mysore.

546. The operations of the Bangalore Association embraced the following points:—the registration from house to house of the persons requiring aid, with particulars regarding family, income and means of livelihood; the assisting of Ragged Schools; the establishment of an Industrial School, and the placing out with local tradesmen of apprentices. Petitions were presented to Government that the Apprentice Act might be extended to Mysore, and also for the admission of Anglo-Indians into the Army. Inquiries were further made regarding the openings for emigration.

547. The registration above referred to will doubtless be of great use when completed; it is still going on. Of the Ragged Schools, one opened in Shule at the expense of private persons contains 39 boys and girls. To this the Association gives Rs. 20 a month. A like sum is given to Saint Mark's Ragged School, for the purpose of providing a meal a day for poor children. A school for girls established in the Infantry Lines has since been given up.

548. The Industrial School has been established in the Friend-in-need Society's workshop, lent to the Association free of rent for one year. Here there are 11 boys learning, 3 of them smith's work and 8 carpentering, under a European foreman. Besides these, 3 lads have been apprenticed out as shoemakers, 7 as fitters, &c. at iron works, 3 as printers, 2 as stone-masons and 2 as gardeners. The necessity for industrial training was remarked upon in last year's report, and these measures indicate a good beginning made in the right direction.

549. The Mysore Association has established a Night Poor School, which is reported to be doing good.

550. In connection with the education of European and Eurasian children, the following statistics now obtained in this Department are offered as more reliable than any that were previously available. The statement in the margin gives the number of pupils of these classes ascertained to be under instruction in schools directly or indirectly connected with Government.

	Europeans.		Eurasians.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Government Schools	22	...	39	...
Aided Schools	276	297	261	199
Military Schools	149	116	65	58
	447	413	365	257

551. On proceeding to compare these figures with the accompanying statistics obtained at the Census, a difficulty presents itself, inasmuch as the terms *boy* and *girl* have not been used in one definite sense throughout the returns.

552. But from a comparison of tables it is evident that they have, as regards these figures, been applied to all minors, that is, all up to and including the age of 20. This is beyond the ordinary period of attendance at school. Making therefore the proper

	Europeans.		Eurasians.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Civil	418	505	689	794
Military	421	308	118	116
	839	813	807	910

	Europeans.		Eurasians.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Civil	226	273	372	429
Military	227	166	64	63
	453	439	436	492

abatement for all below 6 and above 18, the results stand thus. There are therefore 889 boys and 931 girls of school-going age in the Province, and there are 812 of the former and 670 of the latter known to be under instruction. Of the 77 boys and 261 girls unaccounted for, it may fairly be inferred that the majority are receiving private instruction. For girls especially there are two or three well-known private schools.

553. While treating of this subject it may be worth while to inquire into the details as they affect the cities of Bangalore and Mysore, the only two places on which there are regular settlements of Anglo-Indians, and in each of which an association has been formed for their aid.

554. Calculated on the same principle as the foregoing statements, it is ascertained that, within the limits of school-going age, there are altogether 778 boys and 829 girls in Bangalore, and 20 boys and 21 girls in Mysore. The school returns shew 748 boys and 628 girls being taught in Bangalore, and 18 boys and 19 girls in Mysore. The result thus arrived at is that there are 766 boys and 647 girls, out of 798 and 850 respectively, under public instruction in both cities. Of the balance, namely 32 boys and 203 girls, there can be no doubt that a large proportion attend private schools, or receive instruction from tutors and governesses at home.

555. In any view of the matter the opinion is confirmed that the means of education for European and Eurasian children in this Province are not inadequate, as stated in last year's report, though the conclusion is more amply verified by the statistics now presented.

556. *Aided Schools of the Higher Class.—Bishop Cotton's School.*—The number of students at *Bishop Cotton's* is returned as 113, against 141 last year. There has thus been a decrease of 28. With the view of helping this school out of financial difficulties, a grant of Rs. 12,000 was given for purchase of the site, and a loan of Rs. 37,000 on liberal terms sanctioned on the security of the buildings. It is to be hoped that these measures will result in the increased efficiency of the institution.

557. In applying for the grants, the Committee undertook to bring the training of the school within the reach of the whole Eurasian and European community of Bangalore not otherwise provided for. As regards the course of instruction the Government of India insisted upon the imparting of a thorough and accurate knowledge of English and arithmetic, a good knowledge of some local vernacular language, and that

habits of self-dependance, should be inculcated as far as possible. On the latter point the Committee stated that they did not see their way to introduce industrial training, but that the idea of preparing the pupils to earn their own livelihood was very prominently kept before them : which statement was noticed by Government in the following terms :—
 “ It would seem that the Committee confuse industrial training with the independent habits insisted on. What the Government of India desire is, that the boarders of both sexes should be taught to do without servants of any kind, and that such habits should be inculcated in them as will enable them to rough it in active life hereafter.”

558. The year has been a prosperous one for each of the Anglo-Vernacular schools in Bangalore, and the reverend gentlemen who have now been at the head of the respective institutions for some time are to be congratulated on the favorable results of their labors.

559. *Aided Schools of the Middle Class.—English.*—The inspection reports on these schools are on the whole favorable.

560. *Kanarese.*—Under this head are placed two schools belonging to the London Mission, situated at Malur and Anekal ; and three Wesleyan schools in Bangalore, Mysore and Tûmkûr.

561. Attempts are being made to superadd the study of a vernacular language, and of mathematics and geography, to the exclusively literary course pursued at the Sanskrit and Persian and Hindustani schools. Instances are common among them of young men highly trained and eminently skilled in the literature, grammar or dialectics of a dead language, yet unacquainted with the simplest arithmetical rules and operations.

562. *Aided Schools of the Lower Class.*—The inspection reports on these schools are not satisfactory.

563. *Aided Female Schools.*—The higher, middle and lower classes of girls' schools continue on the whole to be carefully managed.

564. *Private unaided schools.*—From Deputy Commissioners of Districts and from Missionary Societies returns have been received shewing the existence of 1,336 private unaided schools. This is exactly 200 less than last year. The total daily average attendance of pupils is 17,056 against 18,914 as given in the last report. The Hindu schools appear to number 1,260, Muhammadan schools 40. So far as these various

figures can be depended on, they shew a decided diminution in the number of indigenous schools. The income from fees is set down as Rs. 43,115, and from other sources as Rs. 455, against Rs. 50,995 and Rs. 3,349 respectively last year, which points in the same direction.

565. The distribution of the indigenous schools may be gathered

District.	1873—74.		1874—75.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Bangalore	237	4,103	240	4,337
Kolar	169	2,078	102	1,494
Tumkūr	305	3,411	246	2,782
Mysore	208	1,654	150	781
Hassan	152	1,509	147	1,657
Shimoga	103	1,402	80	1,069
Kadur	137	1,450	121	1,235
Chitaldroog	204	2,628	221	2,851

from the marginal table, which compares the figures with those of last year. The number has considerably decreased in every District except Bangalore and Chitaldroog, where there is a slight increase.

566. *Book Department—Stock.*—The stock of books in the Central and Branch Depôts on the 31st of March 1875 was of the value of Rs. 47,168. There were added to the Central Depôt during the year 34,605 books, at a cost of Rs. 13,055. The number of books supplied to Branch Depôts for sale was 39,084, valued at Rs. 8,913.

567. *Sales.*—The amount realized by sales of books and paid into Government treasuries was Rs. 18,003 or about the same as last year.

568. The taluk school houses at Holehonnur and Tarikere were completed by the Public Works Department, according to the second class standard design. The building on the first class plan of a school house at Húnsúr was commenced.

569. Many of the schools are carried on at a great disadvantage owing to want of suitable premises. Arrangements were therefore made for the erection by the Educational Department of a certain number every year, which will add greatly to the permanency of the improvement which has taken place during the past year. Repairs were carried out to 18 school houses at a total cost of Rs. 3,408.

570. The Director of Public Instruction reports.—“The remoter parts of the Kadur Malnad and the south of the Mysore District were visited by me in the cold weather. The former inaccessible region

"is now being opened up so thoroughly for traffic that inspection will no longer be a matter of difficulty, and I found a strong desire prevailing among those with whom I came in contact for schools. But more especially for English instruction, which is not to be wondered at in connection with the general settlement of European coffee planters in those parts. Applications for aid to Sanskrit and Muhammadan schools, which are of course semi-religious in their character, are very frequent."

LITERATURE.

571. The comparative statement in the margin will shew that the

	1873	1874	
Biography ...	1	1	total number of works registered in this Province for 1874 was nearly double that for the previous year. Of the publications 2 were in English, 39 in Kanarese, 1 in Telugu, 7 in Hindustani, 8 in Sanskrit (with Kanarese translation or notes) and one in Persian.
Drama ...	...	7	
Fiction ...	3	5	
History ...	...	1	
Language ...	5	2	
Law ...	3	9	
Medicine ...	1	1	
Miscellaneous ...	...	1	
Poetry ...	7	6	
Politics ...	...	1	
Philosophy ...	1	4	
Religion ...	9	15	
Science, Mathematical and Mechanical ...	...	1	
Science, Natural, &c. ...	1	2	
Travels and Voyages ...	...	...	
Total.....	31	56	

572. The work under the head of biography is a life of Kabira Dāsa, a religious mendicant who lived in the time of Akbar, and used to travel between Seringham and Seringapatam accepting alms and feeding all who came to him. The works classed as dramatical are all based upon episodes of the Maha Bharata, composed as *yaksha gana* for public performance. With one exception the stories are connected with fighting. The medical work is an edition of Dr. Conquest's Outlines of Midwifery, with translation in Kanarese, under the title of *Sūtika Sāstra Sangraha*, by Arokyam Pille. The religious works include *Christa Sabhe Prarthane*, a Christian Liturgy in Kanarese; and *Brahmananda Sataka*, hymns of the Brahmo Samaj, also in Kanarese.

IX. MISCELLANEOUS.**ECCLESIASTICAL.**

573. There has been no change in the ecclesiastical arrangements of the churches of England and Scotland since last report.

MUZRAYI.

574. This Department has the administration of the revenues of Devasthanams and Chatrams enjoying land and money inams and interest from certain deposits of money lodged by votaries for fulfilment of certain vows.

575. After the assumption of the Country in 1831, the management of these funds and the up-keep of the institutions were vested in the Superintendents and their subordinate District Officers.

576. In 1852, Sir Mark Cubbon, the then Commissioner, took the administration of the Muzrayi Department into his own hands, and on his departure in 1861, it again devolved on the Superintendents.

577. In 1866, the Government of India observed that, although the peculiar circumstances under which Mysore was administered might render it necessary that certain classes of acts should be performed which would not be thought of in a purely British Province, yet where such acts were connected with idolatrous buildings and practices there seemed no reason why any Christian Officer of the Government or indeed any Government Officer as such should be called on to perform them. They therefore suggested that native committees should be nominated to the duty in the same manner as committees were appointed under Act XX of 1863.

578. Mr. Bowring, the late Chief Commissioner, explained in reply that in a Province like Mysore which was declared to be a Native State, it would be highly undesirable to transfer the management of religious institutions to private committees, divesting Government Officers of all concern, and suggested that their management might be vested in Native Assistants. This was approved.

579. Accordingly in 1867 the Muzrayi Department was finally placed in charge of a Native Assistant in each District, he being styled the "District Muzrayi Officer." This arrangement is still in force.

580. In the meantime, however, committees were also organized for the management of the important Devasthanams of Melkote and Shravan-belgola, but it having been soon found that feuds and contentions ensued between the committees and the hereditary managers of the institutions and the people, which led to serious results instead of promoting the interests of the institutions, an order was issued in 1874, abolishing the committees that had been formed and retransferring the management of funds to Muzrayi Officers.

581. The orders passed by the Muzrayi Officer are subject to appeal to the Deputy Commissioner and Commissioner and finally to the Chief Commissioner.

582. The accounts, &c., are submitted to the Chief Commissioner's Huzur Daftar Department, where they are checked and examined.

583. The power of sanction of Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners with regard to original works and repairs of buildings belonging to these institutions is limited to Rs. 500 and Rs. 200 respectively, and all works costing more than Rs. 500 are sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner on regular estimates.

584. There are at present 80 chatrams or feeding houses inclusive of the one at Benares and one at Tripatti in the North Arcot District.

* Kadakal Chatram, Mysore-Nanjangūd road,
Baleraj Ursu's Chatram, Seringapatam-Melkote Road.
Damodara Sait's Chatram, Huli-yurdurga Taluk.

Of these, 3 * chatrams enjoying State grants are under the management of private individuals

who had originally constructed and also endowed them with funds. The total cost of feeding and establishment of the remaining 77 chatrams amounts annually to *Rs. 68,235.

* Feeding allowance	...	53,602
Salaries	...	14,633
		68,235

The annual allowance in money to Hindu temples amounts to Rs. 2,12,528.

585. Repairs to chatrams are made from the money saved by stopping wholly or partly the Government allowance, so as to accumulate funds equal to the estimated cost, and expenditure under this head in

case of Devasthanams or temples is either met from the Muzrayi surplus funds or from the grant of Rs. 24,000 sanctioned by the Government of India in 1871. Some of the chatrams repaired or reconstructed with the funds made available in the manner above stated, are so extended and improved that they are not as heretofore mere houses for feeding Brahmans alone, but also afford accommodation and shelter to all classes of travellers without in any way affecting their caste prejudices.

586. The amount of Rs. 24,000 above alluded to was ordered to be spread over three years, allotting Rs. 8,000 to each.

587. Special rules have been drawn up for the appropriation of these funds, the chief condition of an assignment therefrom being that the votaries attached to each institution shall contribute a moiety of the estimate in money, labor, or material, the other half being paid by Government.

588. The total income of the Muzrayi Department during the year 1874—75 including balance of previous years amounted to * Rs. 4,72,103, and the total expenditure to Rs. 3,67,177, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,04,926.

* Government allowance	3,40,677
Private contributions	43,390
Previous year's balance	88,036
	4,72,103

589. The Pudukat funds of Devasthanams (which are classified under the four heads noted below) amounted to Rs. 42,780.

- I. Sums deposited by private individuals in trust with the temple manager or guardian on condition of the interest being devoted to a special object or service, the disposal of the principal being left to the discretion of the manager.
- II. Sums lent by one individual to another with the stipulation that the interest shall be paid to a temple.
- III. Voluntary agreements entered into by private individuals to pay to a temple the interest accruing on certain sums assigned for the purpose, but retained in their own hands.
- IV. Savings from the Government allowances or "Tasdik" lent out on interest by the temple managers for the benefit of the institution.

590. The following statement which furnishes further particulars regarding the different items of receipts and expenditure of the Muzrayi Department for 1874—75 will not be considered uninteresting:—

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No.	Particulars.	Balance of previous years.	Receipts during the year.			Total including the balance of previous years.	Disbursements during the year.	Balance at the close of the year.	Puduvat.	Total including Puduvat and the balance at the close of the year.
			Government Endowment.	Private Contributions.	Total.					
1	Bangalore District Muzrayi	8,259	23,985	2,420	26,405	34,664	21,985	12,679	2,299	14,978
2	Kolar do	621	31,826	230	32,056	32,677	32,108	569	...	569
3	Tumkūr do	1,224	26,670	214	26,884	28,108	26,440	1,668	...	1,668
4	Mysore do	23,249	1,20,121	17,810	1,37,931	1,61,180	1,34,044	27,136	3,044	30,180
5	Hassan do	14,370	55,468	15,977	71,445	85,815	66,164	19,652	5,499	25,151
6	Ashtagram Division do	7,517	14,320	277	14,597	22,114	13,697	8,417	...	8,417
7	Shimoga District do	12,831	30,865	2,047	32,912	45,743	31,535	14,207	4,306	18,513
8	Kadur do	18,622	18,608	3,516	22,124	40,746	22,412	18,335	24,051	42,386
9	Chitaldroog do	264	9,935	899	10,834	11,098	10,498	599	3,581	4,180
10	Tripatti do	888	5,996	...	5,996	6,884	5,411	1,473	...	1,473
11	Benares do	191	2,883	...	2,883	3,074	2,883	191	...	191
	Total.....	88,036	*3,40,677	45,390	3,84,067	4,72,103	3,67,177	1,04,926	42,780	1,47,706

*In addition to this sum a grant of Rs. 41,182 is made annually to the temples and chattras attached to the Palace, and which are under the control of the Guardian.

APPENDICES,
STATISTICAL TABLES.

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I. STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL, AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY OF THE TERRITORIES UNDER THE CIVIL AND POLITICAL CONTROL OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE.

I. A.—2. Character of the Surface.

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Mountains and Elevated Tracts.	The Mysore country above the ghats is often called the "Table Land," a denomination very little descriptive of its appearance, as it is by no means plain or flat, but in some parts mountainous, and everywhere undulating. The Eastern Ghats form the frontier by which it is separated from the Carnatic. They constitute the exterior of the east ranges of hills, which run along the whole length of the Peninsula from Cape Concorin, stretching up to the Continent of Asia. In many parts the ascent over them into Mysore is very high and difficult, while in others it is more sloping and protracted. The country rises gradually from these ghats towards Bangalore, which is situated in the most elevated portion of the Mysore plateau, and is 3,031 feet above the sea level.		The soils, in the order of their prevailing kinds, are as follow :— 1. Red soil mixed with loam and vegetable mould. 2. Inferior red sandy soil. 3. Black cotton, free from stones. 4. Stony and gravelly soil. 5. Rich garden soil. 6. White stiff loam. 7. Black cotton, but light and stony. 8. Soil impregnated with salt.
Plains.	The descent from Bangalore on all sides is perceptible though not rapid. On the north-west, after passing the Chitaldroog range of hills, there is a gradual fall through the broad valley which leads to the river Tungabhadra, near which is the station of Harihar, probably the lowest point in Mysore, its altitude above the sea being only 1,800 feet. To the south-west and west by Seringapatam and Hassan, there is perhaps a more marked descent, until it is abruptly terminated by the western range of ghats comprising in this direction the Nilgiri and Coorg hills, and further north, the Manjambad and Nagar ranges.		The great rock, which may be said to constitute the basis of the whole country, is a kind of sienite, composed for the most part of four different ingredients, viz., quartz, felspar, hornblende and mica. The quartz has usually a dull greyish white color, and veins of it from 4 to 10 inches thick, often traverse the rock in different directions. The felspar varies in color from a silver white to a deep brick red, and is the most copious constituent of the rock. The hornblende is black, very abundant, and very much given to decomposition. The mica is easily distinguished from the hornblende, even when the stone is nearly in a state of disintegration. The hornblende in that state has assumed a brown ochre color, and has lost all lustre and cohesion, while the mica retains both its color, lustre and cohesion to the last, and becomes only more apparent by the progress of disintegration. This is particularly exemplified in the Mysore country, where the undulating high ground consists of sienite, decomposed into pipe clay, intermixed with micaceous shining particles and grains of quartz. From the structure of the country, which is entirely primitive, no coals could be expected.
Forests.	A marked feature of the country is the number of isolated hills called Durgs, on the most inaccessible of which the former Pallegars or petty chiefs built forts, afterwards in many instances strengthened and improved by Hyder and Tippu, and still in good preservation, but now without guns. The principal forests are found clothing the sides of the Western Mountains. They abound in teak, blackwood and other valuable kinds of timber. There are no forests in the Eastern Ghats. Sandalwood grows in the country bordering the hills.		Chlorite slate is found near Sirra, and drawing slate in the neighbourhood of Chitaldroog. Other minerals are the following :— Clay Iron Stone. Schorl in Quartz. Mica Slate.

I. A.—2. (Concluded.)

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Areas, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Rivers.	The Tungabhadra rise in the north-west of Mysore, and uniting form the Tungabhadra, which flows northwards and eastwards till it joins the Krishna below Kurnool. The banks of the Tungabhadra are too high for irrigation purposes. The Cauvery rises in Coorg and passes through and out of Mysore in a south-easterly direction, after receiving the Hemavathi, the Lokapavani, the Shamsha, and the Arkavati from the north, and the Lakshmantirtha and the Kapini from the south. The Cauvery and its tributaries supply numerous irrigation channels and tanks. The Pennair, the Palar and Pennar rise in the eastern part of Mysore, in their short course through which their waters are detained and converted into chains of tanks. They become large rivers before they reach the sea. None of these rivers are suitable for navigation.		Magnetic Iron Stone. Pot Stone. Actinolite. Ligniform Asbestos. Brown Spar. Common Salt. Carbonate of Soda. Gold is occasionally found near Betmangala by washing the alluvial soil, but in too small quantities to repay labor. The chief products are :— Paddy. Ragi.—The principal food of the people. Ballar.—A kind of small bean. Gram. Wheat. Millet. Oil Seeds. Sugar-cane. Cotton. Hemp. Tobacco. Mulberry. Coffee. Coconuts. Betel nuts. Potatoes for export.
Lakes.	There are no natural lakes in Mysore ; but there are nearly 20,000 artificial reservoirs, some of which are of considerable magnitude.		
Marshes.	None of any consequence.		

I. A.—3. Climate for 1874—75 in the Province of Mysore.

No.	Districts.	Rain-fall in inches.			Average temperature in the shade.										Prevailing winds.		Remarks.	
		January to May.	June to September.	October to Dec.	May.			July.			December.				January to May.	June to September.		October to Dec.
					Sun rise.	2 P. M.	Sun set.	Sun rise.	2 P. M.	Sun set.	Sun rise.	2 P. M.	Sun set.					
1	Bangalore...	16.20½	32.69½	7.78	10 A. M. 68°	4 P. M. 85.5	...	10 A. M. 64.3	4 P. M. 80.1	...	10 A. M. 56.9	4 P. M. 77.6	...	S. by E.	W. by S.	S. E.		
2	Kolar*	4.93½	22.15	10.57½	9.30 A. M. 78.7	3.30 P. M. 88°	...	9.30 A. M. 73.4	3.30 P. M. 74.8	...	9.30 A. M. 70.5	3.30 P. M. 72.8	...	...	...	...		
3	Tumkūr	8.31	17.73	10.2	Maximum. 91.9	...	...	Maximum. 82°	...	...	...	...	...	N. E.	N. W.	N. E.		
4	Mysore	7.97½	15.69	6.24	9.30 A. M. 74.50	...	...	9.30 A. M. 70.25	...	...	...	...	...	N. N. E.	W. S. W.	E. N. E.		
5	Hassan	14.24	24.98	8.35	7.50	...	...	7.50	...	...	...	...	...	E. W. S. W.	S. W.	S. W. N. E.		
6	Shimoga	7.62	24.29½	7.98½	9.30 A. M. 76.18	3.30 P. M. 77.18	...	9.30 A. M. 70.20	3.30 P. M. 70.20	...	9.30 A. M. 70.16	3.30 P. M. 78.10	...	E.	S. W.	S. E.		
7	Kadur	17.98½	18.66	10.75½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. W.	S. W.	S. W. & N. E.		
8	Chitaldroog*	7.75	14.86½	12.52½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	N. E.	S. W.	N. E.		
Total...		85.2½	168.6½	74.22½	325.31½													

* No observations taken.

I. D — POPULATION.

Districts.	Inhabited houses.			Population.					Classification of Population.						Occupation.	Prevailing Languages.	Emigration or Immigration during the year.		
	No. of Masonry Dwellings.	Do. of all other kinds.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children under 12 years.		Total.	No. per square mile.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Parsees.	Buddhists and Jains.				Agriculturists.	Non-Agriculturists.
						Male.	Female.												
Bangalore	2,223	1,74,398	1,76,621	2,71,794	2,71,938	1,42,749	1,41,873	8,28,354	284	17,613	7,56,693	53,485	1	562	1,45,825	7,82,529	Kannarese, Telugu and Hindustani.		
Kolar	98	1,65,794	1,65,892	2,06,232	2,05,355	1,03,453	1,03,918	6,18,954	240	613	5,92,652	25,088	0	651	1,32,872	4,86,082			
Tumkūr	11	1,23,390	1,23,401	1,99,308	2,03,716	1,15,632	1,13,083	6,32,239	178	709	6,09,520	20,535	0	1,475	1,31,769	5,00,470			
Mysore	298	1,74,653	1,74,951	2,87,175	3,08,437	1,80,387	1,67,188	9,43,187	232½	2,249	8,98,897	39,790	37	2,214	1,71,047	7,72,140			
Hassan	95	1,47,148	1,47,243	1,99,202	2,15,104	1,29,122	1,24,989	6,68,417	203	2,670	6,49,333	14,460	0	1,954	1,41,793	5,26,624			
Shimoga	24	1,01,935	1,01,959	1,70,267	1,55,485	88,179	85,045	4,98,976	131½	984	4,68,351	25,598	1	4,042	1,28,617	2,70,359			
Kaūr	0	75,856	75,856	1,09,653	1,03,660	60,684	59,928	3,33,925	145½	568	3,20,928	12,017	0	1,312	68,234	2,65,691			
Chitaldroog	4	1,18,554	1,18,558	1,68,857	1,59,507	1,02,730	1,00,266	5,31,360	118¾	270	5,12,193	18,068	4	825	1,14,406	4,16,654			
Total.....	2,753	10,81,728	10,84,481	16,12,988	16,23,198	9,22,936	8,96,290	50,55,412	187	25,676	48,07,667	2,08,991	43	13,035	10,34,563	40,20,849			

I. E. FISCAL.
I. E. 2.—Surveyed and Assessed Area in Acres for 1874—75.

DISTRICTS.	CULTIVATED.			Total as per class 2, No. 7.	UNCULTIVATED.				Total Area assessed, columns 5 and 7.	Gross Amount.	ASSESSMENT.			REMARKS.
	Irrigated.		Unirrigated.		Grazing lands.	Culturable.	Unculturable Waste.	Rate per Acre on cultivation.			Rate per Acre on culturable land.	Rate per Acre on Total Area of Settlement.		
	By Government Work.	By private individuals.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	15	16	
Chitaldroog.	25,626—27	49,656—24	10,79,914—13	11,55,197—24	3,84,086—29	6,83,591—36	7,92,766—28	18,38,789—20	7,20,564—2-10	0—9—6	0—5—8	0—6—3		
Shimoga ...	1,00,011—37	5,129—15	2,58,441—14	3,63,582—26	2,40,426—12	1,49,593—39	1,66,992—32	5,13,176—25	5,45,679-5-1	1—7—5	1—1—9	1—1—0		
Tumkūr ...	14,770—31	13,439—30	2,04,508—30	2,32,719—11	27,882—26	1,29,916—27	2,14,744—20	3,62,835—38	2,56,964-6-7	1—1—8	0—6—5	0—11—4		
Baegalore .	1,923—18	1,486—12	22,088—22	25,496—12	2,161—37	3,347—36	7,108—30	28,844—8	42,984-3-0	1—10—11	0—9—4	1—7—10		
Total ...	1,42,832—33	69,712—1	15,64,950—39	17,76,995—33	6,54,517—24	9,66,450—18	11,81,612—30	27,43,446—11	15,66,192-1-6					

II. STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A. LEGISLATIVE.

II. A.—4. *Statement of the Acts of the Governor General in Council extended to the Province of Mysore during the year 1874—75.*

No. of Act.	Title or Purport of Act.	No. and Date of Notification or Orders of the Government of India extending Act to Mysore.	Remarks.
Madras Act I of 1873	To prevent the indiscriminate destruction of wild Elephants.	No. 88, Judicial, dated 22nd May 1874.	
XI of 1874	To amend the Criminal Procedure Code	No. 139, Judi, dated 24th July 1874.	

II. B.—1. *Statement shewing the Various Judicial Tribunals, Original and*

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.			
								Europeans.			Native.
								Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Peshkars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.							Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.				
Ashtagram ...	5	...	...	5	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class.		...	...	...	5
Nundydroog ...	9	...	...	9	1			...	...	...	9
Nagar ...	6	...	...	6	1			...	...	...	6
Total.....	20	...	...	20	1	...	...	...	...	...	20
Sheristadars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.											
Ashtagram ...	10	...	...	10	1	Do	Do	...	...	...	10
Nundydroog ...	8	...	...	8	1	Do	Do	...	...	...	8
Nagar ...	13	...	...	13	1	Do	Do	...	...	...	13
Total.....	31	...	...	31	1	...	...	...	...	...	31
Amildars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Civil and Revenue powers.											
Ashtagram ...	23	316	70,069	23	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd class with the exception of the Amildars of Ashtagram and Bangalore Taluks who are 2nd Class Magistrates. In the Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions they exercise Civil jurisdiction up to Rs. 50 with small cause powers up to Rs. 20.	Do	...	...	...	23
Nundydroog ...	26	304	77,020	26	1		Do	...	...	...	26
Nagar ...	26	456	52,471	26	1		Do	...	...	...	26
Total.....	75	...	...	75	1	...	...	...	...	...	75
Munsiffs—Exercising Civil powers only.											
Ashtagram ...	8	1,026	2,59,943	8	1	Dispose of Civil suits up to Rs. 300 in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 20.	Do	...	...	...	8
Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Sar-Amin—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.											
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1	Exercises powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd class.	Do	...	...	1	...

JUDICIAL.

Appellate, existing in the Province of Mysore, on the last day of the year 1874.

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.		Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of cases decided during the year.					
European.	Native.						Original.			Appeal.		
							Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	684 0 0 553 0 0 600 0 0	Included under the head of Amildars.		All duties entrusted to them by the Amildars, and in their absence all duties connected with their office.			755 1,072 91					
	571 0 0						1,918					
	420 0 0 217 0 0 432 15 4			Do			610 231 235					
	372 0 0						1,076					
	1,148 4 11 900 0 0 1,022 9 8	39,049 4 0 39,518 14 4 38,932 11 2	8,444 8 11 2,637 0 0 8,131 13 10	General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipalities, &c., within their respective Taluks.			1,728 3,832 1,615	2,378				
		1,17,500 13 6	19,213 6 9				7,175	5,022				
	2,475 0 0	34,081 9 10	42,430 6 8	None.				6,563				
	2,475 0 0	34,081 9 10	42,430 6 8					6,563				
2,400 0 0		4,710 1 7	157 8 0	Sub-Registrar for the Cantonment of Bangalore, and Executive Officer of the Municipal Board.			603					

II. B.

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.		Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.							
	2	3							4	5	6	7	8	Europeans.		
														Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Native.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12					
Town and Cantonment Magistrates—Exercising full powers of Magistrates in Criminal cases only.							Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 1st class. The Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore also hears appeals from the decisions of the Sar-Amin and the Magistrate of the 1st class in Criminal cases.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.								
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	1	1			...	1	...	...				
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1	1			...	1	...	...				
Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...				
Total.....	2	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...				
Judicial Assistants—Exercising Civil powers only.							Dispose of original Civil suits, from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100. In the Nundydroog Division the jurisdiction ranges from Rs. 300 to Rs. 5,000 with appellate powers in cases referred to them by the Deputy Commissioners. The Kolar and Tumkur Judicial Assistants have Small Cause powers up to Rs. 300 in addition.									
Ashtagram ...	3	2,427	537,201	3	1	1		Do	...	...	...	3				
Nundydroog ...	3	2,737	693,182	3	1	1		Do	...	...	...	3				
Nagar ...	3	3,950	454,753	3	1	1		Do	...	...	...	3				
Total.....	9	...	...	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	9				
Small Cause Court confined to proper functions							The Court is constituted under Act XI of 1865 consists of 1 Judge and 1 Registrar. There is no Jury nor are there any Assessors but occasionally cases are referred to arbitration.									
Nundydroog ...	1	14	120,000	1	1	1	The Judge has Small Cause jurisdiction up to Rs. 1,000. The Registrar up to 20 Rs.	Do	...	1	...	...				
Jaghirdar of Yelandur—Exercising powers of a Magistrate, in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.							Exercises powers of a Magistrate of the 1st class.	The present Jaghirdar is a Graduate at Law of the Madras University.								
Unpaid ...	1	...	...	1	1	1			...	...	...	1				
Assistant Commissioners—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.							Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd class.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.								
Ashtagram ...	2	...	...	2	1	1			...	...	...	2				
Nundydroog ...	4	...	...	4	1	1			...	...	1	3				
Nagar ...	3	...	...	3	1	1			...	...	...	3				
Total.....	9	...	...	9	1	...	...	...	...	1	8	...				

—1. (Continued).

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.			Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.					
European.	Native.	Original.						Appeal.					
		Criminal.						Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
8,880 0 0	.....	12,224 2 11	171 11 0	The Town Magistrate of Mysore superintends the Mysore Town Police and is the President of the Municipal Board.	...	...	356	...	...	...	...	...	
11,463 0 0	.....	16,002 14 10	94 11 0		...	...	563	...	...	...	...	...	
.....			...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
.....	.....	28,227 1 9	266 6 0	...	...	...	929	...	...	...	...	...	
.....	4,900 0 0	29,011 11 0	36,485 4 8	In charge of Jail and Treasury.	...	...	...	1,870	...	...	...	...	
.....	5,511 0 0	30,271 13 10	26,418 5 8		...	...	...	727	...	...	325	...	
.....	4,924 12 0	29,621 5 2	38,988 15 9		...	...	...	1,715	...	...	...	...	
.....	0 0 0	88,904 14 0	1,01,892 10 1	...	...	...	...	4,312	...	...	325	...	
11,574 0 9	.....	23,381 7 11	33,320 10 0	...	275	103	...	6,446	...	...	...	...	
.....	.....	.....	.....	The present Jaghirdar is an Assistant Commissioner in the Mysore Commission.	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	
.....					...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
.....	3,600 0 0	9,685 14 9	198 15 0	Generally assisting the Deputy Commissioner in all branches of duties excepting Civil.	...	...	276	...	...	...	...	...	
3,000	3,400 0 0	13,200 0 0	493 6 0		...	...	265	...	...	...	...	...	
.....	2,025 0 0	7,791 14 5	79 15 0		...	...	209	...	...	...	...	...	
.....	0 0 0	30,677 13 2	702 4 0	...	...	...	753	...	...	...	...	...	

II. B.

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.			
								Europeans.			
								Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Native.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Assistant Commissioners—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class, dispose of appeals from the decisions of 3rd Class Magistrates in Criminal cases.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.				
Ashtagram	2	...	...	2	1			1	1	...	1
Nundydroog	3	...	...	3	1			2	2	...	...
Nagar	2	...	...	2	1			1	...	...	1
Total.....	7	...	...	7	1	...	...	2	3	...	2
Deputy Commissioners—Exercising powers of a Magistrate of District in Criminal cases, also Civil and Revenue powers and enhanced powers in Criminal cases under Section 36 of Act X of 1872						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of a District with enhanced powers under Section 36 of Act X of 1872. Dispose of original Civil suits from Rs. 3,000 to Rs. 10,000 in value. Hear appeals from the decisions of Amildars and Munsiffs in Civil cases and of 2nd and 3rd Class Magistrates in Criminal cases.					
Ashtagram	2	3,641	805,802	2	1		Do	2	2	...	...
Nundydroog	3	2,737	693,182	3	1		Do	2	2	...	1
Nagar	3	3,950	454,753	3	1		Do	2	2	...	1
Total.....	8	...	...	8	1	...	...	...	6	...	2
Commissioners—Exercising powers of a Civil and Sessions Judge, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Sessions Judge. Dispose of Civil suits above Rs. 10,000 in value. Hear appeals from the decisions of the Judicial Assistants in Civil cases, and of the 1st Class and District Magistrates in Criminal cases.					
Ashtagram	1	7,282	1,611,604	1	1		Do	1	1	...	...
Nundydroog	1	8,212	2,079,547	1	1		Do	1	1	...	...
Nagar	1	11,852	1,364,261	1	1		Do	1	1	...	...
Total.....	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	3	...	...

—1. (Continued).

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.		Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.					
European.	Native.						Original.			Appeal.		
							Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
3,200 0 0 3,866 0 0 1,679 0 6	3,000 0 0 1,998 6 0	13,600 0 7 17,723 0 0 14,828 12 6	174 10 0 47 1 0	Generally assisting the Deputy Commissioner in all branches of duties excepting Civil.	... .. ... .. ... ..	... ..	191 333 192	... .. ... .. ... ..	... .. ... .. ... ..	33 75 19	... .. ... .. ... ..	... ..
... ..	... ..	46,151 13 1	221 11 0	...	... ..	... ..	716	... ..	... ..	127	... ..	... ..
7,998 0 0 9,570 0 0 6,259 0 0	 7,100 0 0 6,210 0 0	23,922 6 6 34,584 15 8 32,342 13 10	4,906 15 0 3,358 2 6 2,624 8 0	General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipalities, Public Works and Police	... .. ... .. ... ..	... ..	136 104 140	11 28 7	... .. ... .. ... ..	71 83 58	106 32 54	... ..
... ..	... ..	90,850 4 0	10,889 9 6	...	... ..	... ..	380	46	... ..	212	192	... ..
15,000 0 0 13,917 0 0 11,732 4 7	... .. ... .. ... ..	23,028 2 8 24,156 0 0 21,413 12 6	3,843 3 0 5,615 4 0 5,068 5 0	General supervision in the Division.	... .. ... .. ... ..	... ..	19 64 61	6 2 2	... .. ... .. ... ..	23 25 33	194 50 74	... ..
... ..	... ..	68,597 15 2	14,526 12 0	...	... ..	... ..	144	10	... ..	81	318	... ..

H. B.

Class of Tribunals distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.			
								Europeans.			
								Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Native.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Judicial Commissioner	1	27,346	5,055,412	1	1	Exercises powers of a High Court and original jurisdiction in granting probates and letters of administration.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties in general.	1	...	...	...
Grand Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	15	2	156

ABSTRACT.

COURTS.

Peshkars and Sheristadars ...	...
Amildars ...	...
Munsiffs ...	...
Sar-Amins ...	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates ...	...
Judicial Assistant Commissioners ...	...
Small Cause Court, Bangalore ...	...
Assistant Commissioners ...	...
Do invested with full powers...	...
Deputy Commissioners ...	...
Commissioners ...	...
Judicial Commissioner ...	...
Total.....	...

-1. (Concluded.)

Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.				Total Cost of tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.					
European.	Native.	Original.							Appeal.					
		Criminal.	Civil.						Revenue.	Criminal.	Civil.	Revenue.		
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		
38,000	0 0 ...	87,092 15 10	8,835 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	191	118	...		
...	...	6,20,176 13 10	2,32,456 8 0	...	...	..	13,701	22,399	...	611	953	...		

ORIGINAL.		APPEAL.	
Criminal.	Civil.	Criminal.	Civil.
51	...	...	...
75	49	...	...
...	8	...	...
1	...	...	...
2	...	2	...
...	9	...	3
...	1	...	...
9	...	...	...
8	...	8	...
8	8	8	8
3	3	3	3
...	...	1	1
157	78	22	35

II. B.—2. Statement of Offences reported, and of Persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each Offence in the Province of Mysore in the year 1874.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
CLASS I.									
OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, THE PUBLIC AND JUSTICE.									
<i>Against the State.</i>									
<i>Relating to Coin, Stamps, Weights and Measures.</i>									
Counterfeiting coin...	...231 to 238	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	2	3	1	2	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	2	3	1	2	...	...	...
Diminishing or altering coin	...246 to 249	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
Passing or possessing bad or altered coin ...	239 to 243 & 250 to 254	Ashtagram ...	2	3	3	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	11	14	8	6	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	7	8	3	5	...	...	...
		Total...	20	25	14	11	...	...	...
Counterfeiting stamps or selling same	...255 to 259	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Using as genuine counterfeit stamps, or effacing or altering same	...260 to 263	Ashtagram ...	2	3	...	3	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	2	3	...	3	...	...	...
Making, using or possessing false weights or measures	...264 to 267	Ashtagram ...	7	7	2	5	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	5	6	2	2	...	2	...
		Nagar ...	1	2	...	2	...	...	...
		Total...	13	15	4	9	...	2	...
<i>Against Public Justice.</i>									
Personating public servant or soldier	...140—170—171	Ashtagram ...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	2	3	3	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	5	6	3	3	...	...	...

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Concealing design to commit offence ... 118 to 120	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	1	6	6	...	...	...	
	Total...		1	6	6	...	...	...	
Omitting to give information of offence or giving false information ... 176-177-181 182-202-203	Ashtagram ...	...	17	28	8	20	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	6	10	5	5	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	14	19	5	13	...	1	
	Total...		37	57	18	38	...	1	
Causing disappearance of evidence ... 201 to 204	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	
	Total...		2	7	4	3	...	...	
Resisting, obstructing, or omitting to assist public servant... 183 to 187 189, 190	Ashtagram ...	...	10	16	4	12	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	12	18	5	13	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	4	12	12	...	...	...	
	Total...		26	46	21	25	...	...	
Disobedience of lawful order causing injury ... 188	Ashtagram ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	4	5	1	4	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		5	6	2	4	...	...	
Intentional insult or interruption in judicial proceeding ... 228	Ashtagram ...	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
	Total...		6	6	...	6	...	...	
Harbouring an offender ... 212—216	Ashtagram ...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		2	2	1	1	...	...	
Taking gift to screen offender ... 213 to 215	Ashtagram ...	...	2	3	2	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	2	6	6	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		4	9	8	1	...	...	
Resistance to lawful apprehension and rescue ... 224—225	Ashtagram ...	...	3	2	...	2	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Total...		7	6	...	6	...	...	
Escape from lawful custody or transportation ... 224—226	Ashtagram ...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	0	0	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	5	3	...	3	...	...	
	Total...		6	4	...	4	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Desconding from, avoiding or disobeying summons, or notice, or order to attend, or produce, or refusing to answer or sign ...	172—175 & 178 to 180	Ashtagram ...	24	62	8	54	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	50	106	1	105	...	...	
		Nagar ...	22	31	6	25	...	...	
		Total...	106	199	15	184	...	...	
Failure to attend as juror or assessor ...	C. P. 414	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
By Public Servants.									
Taking valuable thing by or to influence public servant ...	161—165	Ashtagram ...	4	4	4	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	10	15	12	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	5	6	3	3	...	...	
		Total...	19	25	19	6	...	...	
Public servant acting illegally to injure any person ...	166—137	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Public servant unlawfully trading ...	168—169	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Public servant fraudulently defeating punishment or forfeiture ...	217—218	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	3	...	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	4	1	3	...	...	
Public servant wilfully making order, or decision contrary to law ...	219—220	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Public servant intentionally omitting to apprehend, or permitting to escape ...	221—222	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
Public servant negligently suffering escape ...	129—223	Ashtagram ...	5	8	2	6	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	5	11	2	9	...	...	
		Nagar ...	8	13	2	11	...	...	
		Total...	18	32	6	26	...	...	
Breach of Police Act by Police Officers ...		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, as aped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
<i>False Evidence, False Complaints or Claims and Forgery.</i>									
Giving false evidence ... 193 to 196	Ashtagram ...	22	52	27	24	...	1		
	Nundydroog...	8	9	4	5	...	...		
	Nagar ...	9	25	18	5	...	...		
	Total...	39	84	49	34	...	1		
Fabricating false evidence ... 193 to 196	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...		
	Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...		
Making, issuing, or using false statement or certificate ... 197 to 200	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
False personation in judicial proceeding ... 205—229	Ashtagram ...	1	2	2	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	2	4	3	1	...	...		
	Nagar ...	1	3	...	3	...	...		
	Total...	4	9	5	4	...	...		
Fraudulent claim to, or concealment of, property or suffering of decree ... 206 to 208 ... 421 to 424	Ashtagram ...	...	0	...	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	1	4	2	2	...	...		
	Nagar ...	1	7	7	...	...	...		
	Total...	2	11	9	2	...	...		
False claim in Court of Justice 202—210	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...		
	Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...		
„ Charge of offence ... 211	Ashtagram ...	11	15	9	6	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	10	24	11	2	...	11		
	Nagar ...	5	7	4	3	...	...		
	Total...	26	46	24	11	...	11		
Frivolous or vexatious complaints ... C. P. 208	Ashtagram ...	81	185	185	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	599	1,466	1,466	...	...	...		
	Nagar ...	33	117	117	...	...	...		
	Total...	713	1,768	1,768	...	...	...		
Forgery or fraudulently using or possessing forged document 465—466 467—468 469—471 473 to 477	Ashtagram ...	9	24	15	9	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	10	16	12	4	...	...		
	Nagar ...	9	25	16	8	...	1		
	Total...	28	65	43	21	...	1		
Making or using false trade marks ... 482 to 489	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
<i>Public Nuisances.</i>										
Public nuisances under Penal Code ... 269 to 294	Ashtagram ...			10	24	1	23	...	...	
	Nundydroog...			31	48	12	36	...	...	
	Nagar ...			21	51	6	45	...	...	
Total...				62	123	19	104	...	...	
Nuisances under Police or Municipal Localities ...	Ashtagram ...			12	13	4	9	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...			568	830	11	819	...	...	
	Nagar ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total...				580	843	15	828	...	...	
<i>Relating to the Public Peace.</i>										
Rioting or unlawful assembly... 143 to 153 157—158	Ashtagram ...			18	254	146	108	...	...	
	Nundydroog...			17	110	44	68	...	...	
	Nagar ...			13	68	31	37	...	...	
Total...				48	432	221	211	...	...	
Omitting to inform of, or prevent riot ... 154 to 156	Ashtagram ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...			3	16	1	13	...	2	
	Nagar ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total...				3	16	1	13	...	2	
Affray ... 160	Ashtagram ...			43	220	69	151	...	...	
	Nundydroog...			52	252	57	191	...	4	
	Nagar ...			21	83	14	69	...	...	
Total...				116	555	140	411	...	4	
Offences relating to religion ... 295 to 298	Ashtagram ...			3	4	...	4	...	...	
	Nundydroog...			3	8	5	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...			3	2	1	1	...	...	
Total...				9	14	6	8	...	...	
Grand Total.....	Ashtagram ...			305	938	492	445	...	1	
	Nundydroog...			1,425	2,998	1,676	1,303	...	19	
	Nagar ...			188	496	256	238	...	2	
Total...				1,918	4,432	2,424	1,986	...	22	
CLASS II.										
<i>Offences against the person.</i>										
Munder 302-303. { By thugs ...	Ashtagram ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	By dacoits ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
By dacoits ...	Ashtagram ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total...				...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Murder 302—303.	{ By robber	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ By poison	For sake of robbery ... Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ From other motives	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	3	17	6	11	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	2	10	8	2	...	...	...	...
		Total..	5	27	14	13	...	...	...	...
	{ Other murders.	From motives connected with women ... Ashtagram ...	5	6	1	5	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	4	14	4	7	...	...	3	...
		Nagar ...	8	5	1	2	...	...	2	...
		Total..	17	25	6	14	...	...	5	...
	{ From other motives	Ashtagram ...	5	10	7	3	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	9	10	7	3	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	13	36	22	10	...	...	4	...
		Total..	27	56	36	16	...	...	4	...
Attempt to murder ... 307	Ashtagram ...	...	5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	3	17	13	4	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	3	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
	Total..	6	24	16	8	...	...	...	...	...
Culpable homicide ... 304—308	Ashtagram ...	5	9	4	5	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	5	13	8	5	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	7	14	9	4	...	...	...	1	...
	Total..	17	36	21	14	...	...	...	1	...
Abetment of suicide ... 305—306	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total..	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Attempt to commit suicide ... 309	Ashtagram ...	6	5	1	4	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	13	19	4	15	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	6	6	1	5	...	...	...	...	...
	Total..	30	30	6	24	...	...	...	...	...
Causing miscarriage ... 312—316	Ashtagram ...	1	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	3	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	6	19	13	6	...	...	...	...	...
	Total..	10	25	16	9	...	...	...	...	...

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number or Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ... 317—318	Ashtagram ...	11	12	2	10	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	5	7	...	7	...	...		
	Nagar ...	10	8	3	5	...	...		
	Total...	26	27	5	22	...	...		
Grievous hurt ... 325—326	Ashtagram ...	13	23	9	14	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	13	24	9	15	...	...		
	Nagar ...	13	13	2	11	...	...		
	Total...	39	60	20	40	...	...		
Do on grave and sudden provocation ... 335	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	3	5	3	2	...	...		
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Total...	3	5	3	2	...	...		
Hurt ... 323—334	Ashtagram ...	979	2,256	887	1,366	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	238	557	284	273	...	...		
	Nagar ...	456	1,038	462	576	...	...		
	Total...	1,673	3,851	1,633	2,215	...	...		
Hurt by dangerous weapons ... 324	Ashtagram ...	17	38	15	22	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	25	48	27	21	...	...		
	Nagar ...	21	39	18	21	...	...		
	Total...	63	125	60	65	...	...		
Administering stupefying drugs. 328	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	4	15	3	10	...	...		
	Nagar ...	0	...	...	...	...	2		
	Total...	5	16	3	11	...	2		
Causing hurt to extort property 327, 329 to or confession ... 333	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nagar ...	1	6	6	...	...	...		
	Total...	1	6	6	...	...	...		
Act dangerous to life or safety. 336—337	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nagar ...	2	1	1	...	...	...		
	Total...	3	2	1	1	...	...		
Wrongful Restraint ... 341	Ashtagram ...	127	253	128	125	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	138	229	118	111	...	...		
	Nagar ...	38	59	45	14	...	...		
	Total...	303	541	291	250	...	...		
Do Confinement ... 342 to 346	Ashtagram ...	4	7	1	6	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	13	26	8	18	...	...		
	Nagar ...	12	19	14	5	...	...		
	Total...	29	52	23	29	...	...		

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Wrongful confinement to extort property or confession ... 347—348	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	1	3	3	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	2	6	2	4	...	...	...	...
	Total...	3	9	5	4	...	...	...	...
Assault or use of criminal force 352—355	Ashtagram ...	727	1,397	606	791	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	1,367	3,344	1,848	1,473	...	5	18	...
	Nagar ...	391	732	368	363	...	...	1	...
	Total...	2,625	5,473	2,822	2,627	5	...	19	...
Criminal intimidation or insult. 504 to 509	Ashtagram ...	268	457	180	277	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	1,149	1,902	909	984	...	...	9	...
	Nagar ...	326	499	222	277	...	...	...	...
	Total...	1,743	2,858	1,311	1,538	...	...	9	...
Causing annoyance in state of intoxication ... 510	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	17	32	5	26	...	...	1	...
	Nagar ...	3	4	...	4	...	...	...	...
	Total ..	21	37	5	31	...	...	1	...
Unlawful compulsion of labor... 374	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buying or disposing of any person as a slave ... 370—371	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kidnapping or abduction ... 363 to 365	Ashtagram ...	5	5	4	1	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	3	8	8	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	8	13	12	1	...	...	...	...
Abducting a woman to compel marriage or for defilement... 386	Ashtagram ...	2	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	4	6	...	6	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	6	9	...	9	...	...	...	...
Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for purposes of prostitution ... 372—373	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Enticing a married woman with criminal intent ... 498	Ashtagram ...	4	8	4	4	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	8	13	9	4	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	5	5	4	1	...	...	...	...
	Total...	17	26	17	9	...	...	...	...

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Fraudulent and unlawful marriages ... 493 to 496	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Adultery ... 497	Ashtagram ...	...	...	4	4	3	1	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	8	17	9	8	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	2	4	2	2	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	14	25	14	11	...	...	...
Rape... 376	Ashtagram ...	...	...	2	3	3	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	3	3	1	2	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	5	8	8	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	10	14	12	2	...	...	...
Assault or use of criminal force on a public servant ... 353	Ashtagram ...	...	...	6	9	4	5	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	6	9	4	5	...	...	...
Assaulting a woman to outrage her modesty ... 354	Ashtagram ...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
Defamation ... 500 to 502	Ashtagram ...	...	...	9	17	16	1	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	25	37	29	8	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	37	57	48	9	...	...	...
Total II Class...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	2,204	4,535	1,880	2,652	...	...	3
	Nundydroog...	...	...	3,211	6,369	3,316	3,015	5	...	33
	Nagar ...	...	...	1,335	2,536	1,215	1,317	...	...	8
	Total...	...	...	6,750	13,440	6,411	6,980	5	...	44
CLASS III.										
OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.										
<i>With violence.</i>										
Dacoity ... 395, 397, 398	Ashtagram ...	...	...	9	76	65	2	...	...	9
	Nundydroog...	...	...	9	60	21	35	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	21	120	50	70	4	...	...
	Total...	...	...	39	256	136	107	4	...	9
Preparation or assembly for dacoity ... 399, 402	Ashtagram ...	...	...	1	3	3	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	1	10	10	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	4	13	13	...	...	...	...

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Robbery with hurt or deadly weapon, &c. ...	394—397 398	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	1	4	3	1	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	7	12	5	7	...	...	...
		Total...	...	8	16	8	8	...	...	...
Robbery ...	392—393	Ashtagram ...	...	8	17	13	4	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	14	23	8	15	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	25	32	18	14	...	...	...
		Total...	...	47	72	39	33	...	...	...
Extortion ...	384 to 389	Ashtagram ...	...	5	11	10	1	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	6	13	11	2	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	8	17	14	3	...	...	...
		Total...	...	19	41	35	6	...	...	...
House-breaking or house trespass in order to commit theft.	451—454 457	Ashtagram ...	...	71	141	84	57	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	125	176	75	97	...	...	4
		Nagar ...	...	88	127	57	70	...	...	...
		Total...	...	284	444	216	224	...	...	4
House-breaking or house trespass in order to commit an offence other than theft ...	449—450 451—454 457	Ashtagram ...	...	4	7	5	2	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	53	74	21	53	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	47	22	12	10	...	...	...
		Total ..	...	104	103	38	65	...	...	...
House-breaking or house trespass with preparation for or attempt at hurt ...	452—455 458—460	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	6	5	1	4	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	19	22	18	4	...	...	...
		Total...	...	25	27	19	8	...	...	...
House-breaking or lurking house trespass ...	452—455 458	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	1	16	16	...	...	...	...
		Total...	...	1	16	16	...	...	...	...
Without violence.										
Theft. { Of cattle	379, 380, 381	Ashtagram ...	...	20	38	16	22	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	16	31	9	22	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	27	49	21	26	2	...	...
		Total...	...	63	118	46	70	2	...	...
Ordinary		Ashtagram ...	...	370	619	312	306	...	...	1
		Nundydroog...	...	883	1,382	365	996	...	...	21
		Nagar ...	...	457	636	222	413	...	...	1
		Total...	...	1,710	2,637	899	1,715	...	...	23
Dishonestly receiving stolen property ...	411 to 414	Ashtagram ...	...	11	31	20	11	...	...	...
		Nundydroog...	...	31	58	35	23	...	...	...
		Nagar ...	...	10	17	5	12	...	...	...
		Total...	...	52	106	60	46	...	...	...

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Dishonest misappropriation of property ... 403 to 404	Ashtagram ...	34	60	37	22	...	1		
	Nundydroog...	59	95	46	47	...	2		
	Nagar ...	82	45	15	30	...	...		
	Total...	125	200	98	99	...	3		
Criminal breach of trust ... 406 to 409	Ashtagram ...	21	26	12	10	1	3		
	Nundydroog...	33	40	12	28	...	...		
	Nagar ...	12	20	13	7	...	...		
	Total...	66	86	37	45	1	3		
Cheating ... 417 to 420	Ashtagram ...	7	9	7	1	..	1		
	Nundydroog...	15	21	16	4	...	1		
	Nagar ...	6	8	5	3	...	...		
	Total...	28	38	28	8	..	2		
<i>Malicious Offences.</i>									
Mischief, ordinary... 426—427 430 to 433	Ashtagram ...	289	607	382	225	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	295	576	312	263	...	1		
	Nagar ...	77	128	54	70	...	4		
	Total...	662	1,311	748	558	...	5		
Mischief by poisoning or killing cattle ... 420—429	Ashtagram ...	5	9	4	5	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	15	36	26	10	...	...		
	Nagar ...	8	16	13	3	...	...		
	Total...	28	61	43	18	...	...		
Mischief by destroying landmarks ... 434	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	2	2	...	2	...	...		
	Nagar ...	9	12	1	11	...	...		
	Total...	11	14	1	13	...	...		
Serious mischief by fire ... 435—436 438	Ashtagram ...	5	12	9	3	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	7	10	4	5	...	1		
	Nagar ...	7	5	5	...	...	...		
	Total...	19	27	18	8	...	1		
Criminal trespass or house trespass ... 447—448	Ashtagram ...	120	212	125	87	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	120	272	184	88	...	...		
	Nagar ...	64	117	82	35	...	...		
	Total ..	304	601	391	210	...	...		
Breaking closed receptacle ... 461—462	Ashtagram ...	2	1	1	...	...	...		
	Nundydroog...	4	...	...	6	...	...		
	Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...		
	Total...	7	8	1	7	...	...		
Total for III Class...	Ashtagram ...	982	1,879	1,105	758	1	15		
	Nundydroog...	1,697	2,884	1,149	1,701	4	30		
	Nagar ...	927	1,432	636	789	2	5		
	Total...	3,606	6,195	2,890	3,248	7	50		

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
CLASS IV.										
<i>Not included in the above Classes.</i>										
Thugs	...	...	311	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Belonging to a gang of Dacoits			400	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nagar	1	...	...	...	...	...
				Total..	1	...	...	...	...	...
Thieves	...	...	411	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nagar	1	1	1	...	...	...
				Total..	1	1	1	...	...	...
Vagrancy without ostensible means of livelihood	...	C. P. 504		Ashtagram ...	32	74	17	57	...	...
				Nundydroog...	20	21	1	20	...	...
				Nagar	4	15	6	9	...	...
				Total..	56	110	24	86	...	...
Bad habit and repute	...	C. P. 505		Ashtagram ...	2	6	1	5	...	...
		506		Nundydroog...	14	17	...	17	...	...
				Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total..	16	23	1	22	...	...
Criminal breaches of contracts of service	...	490—492		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nundydroog...	1	1	1	...	...	...
				Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total..	1	1	1	...	...	...
Criminal breaches of the peace.	C. P. C.	489—491		Ashtagram ...	2	14	...	14	...	...
				Nundydroog...	12	90	...	90	...	...
				Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total..	14	104	...	104	...	...
Contempt of court	...	C. P. C. 435		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nagar	1	1	...	1	...	...
				Total..	1	1	...	1	...	...
Maintenance of wives and children	...	C. P. C. 536		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...
				Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total..	1	1	...	1	...	...

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Dispute concerning land ...C. P. C. 530	Ashtagram ...	...	1	2	...	2	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		1	2	...	2	...	...	
<i>Breaches of laws relating—</i>									
To Vagrancy Act XXI of 1859	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		2	2	...	2	...	...	
„ Contract Act XIII of 1859...	Ashtagram ...	...	132	213	154	57	...	2	
	Nundydroog...	...	4	5	...	5	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	
	Total...		139	221	157	62	...	2	
„ Soldiers' necessities, Act VII of 1867...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	6	6	2	4	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		6	6	2	4	...	...	
„ Companies' Act X of 1866	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		1	1	...	1	...	...	
„ Arms Act XXX of 1860	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	2	7	1	6	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		2	7	1	6	...	...	
„ Registration Act	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ..		1	1	...	1	...	...	
„ Abkari Rules ..	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	6	6	3	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	3	3	...	2	...	1	
	Total...		9	9	3	5	...	1	
„ Octroi Rules ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	27	44	15	29	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		27	44	15	29	...	...	
Rules relating to prostitutes ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	5	9	5	4	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		5	9	5	4	...	...	

II. B.—2. (Continued.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.				Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
To Police Rules ...	...	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	2	4	...	4	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
			Total...	3	5	...	5	...	...	...
„ Saltpetre ...	...	...	Ashtagram ...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...
„ Opium ...	...	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	7	14	2	12	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total...	7	14	2	12	...	...	...
„ Jails ...	...	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...
			Total...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...
„ Stamps, Acts X of 1862 and XVIII of 1869	...	...	Ashtagram ...	9	28	2	26	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	4	6	...	6	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	18	20	1	19	...	...	...
			Total...	31	54	3	51	...	...	...
„ Post Office ...	...	...	Ashtagram ...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	1	2	1	1	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total...	2	5	1	4	...	...	...
„ Municipalities...	...	...	Ashtagram ...	289	359	...	359	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	235	464	25	439	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
			Total...	525	824	25	799	...	...	...
„ Forests ...	...	...	Ashtagram ...	3	42	19	23	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	140	296	84	212	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	146	383	135	248	...	...	...
			Total...	317	721	238	483	...	...	...
„ Railways ...	...	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	23	29	1	28	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total...	23	29	1	28	...	...	...
„ Tools ...	...	...	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
			Nundydroog...	1	2	...	2	...	...	...
			Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total...	2	3	...	3	...	...	...

II. B.—2. (Concluded.)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
To gaming and lotteries ...	Ashtagram ...	...	6	30	...	30	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	6	30	...	30	...	...	...
„ Cattle trespass ...	Ashtagram ...	...	120	292	93	199	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	197	341	122	217	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	71	160	79	81	...	...	...
	Total...	...	388	793	294	497	...	...	...
Chief Commissioner's Circular No. 287 of 1874 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	1	2	1	1	...	...	...
	Total...	...	1	2	1	1	...	...	...
Total IV Class.....	Ashtagram ...	...	621	1,034	286	746	...	...	...
	Nundydroog...	...	719	1,401	263	1,138	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	...	251	596	226	369	...	...	...
	Total...	...	1,591	3,031	775	2,259	...	...	...
Grand Total.....	Ashtagram ...	...	4,112	8,386	3,763	4,601	1	21	...
	Nundydroog...	...	7,052	13,652	6,404	7,155	9	84	...
	Nagar ...	...	2,701	5,060	2,333	2,709	2	16	...
	Total...	...	13,865	27,098	12,500	14,465	12	121	...

II. B.—3. Statement shewing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Mysore in the year 1874.

CLASS OF TRIBUNAL.	NUMBER OF PERSONS DEALT WITH.										PERSONS DISPOSED OF.					REMARKS.	
	Remaining at end of last year.	Brought to Trial during present year.				Received by Transfer.	Total.	Discharged without Trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Remaining at end of year.	Average Number of Days during which each Case lasted.	Number of Witnesses who attended.		
		Under Arrest by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Peshkars	...	2	18	157	633	67	3	1,433	236	360	877	9	...	1	4.8	2,586	
	...	7	349	178	1,541	16	4	2,095	28	966	1,083	8	...	10	3	2,745	
	...	...	19	25	125	8	...	177	33	49	90	1	...	4	3.5	301	
	Total.....	9	386	960	2,302	91	7	3,755	297	1,375	2,050	18	...	15	3.6	5,632	
Sheristadars	...	2	38	605	621	3	...	1,269	264	310	693	1	...	1	5.3	2,813	
	...	...	48	178	300	6	...	532	37	248	245	2	...	...	4	888	
	...	...	72	84	337	3	...	496	95	126	273	2	...	...	5.7	873	
	Total.....	2	153	867	1,258	12	...	2,297	396	684	1,211	5	...	1	4.8	4,574	
Amildars	...	...	292	913	2,263	152	5	3,625	594	991	2,020	18	...	2	4.6	6,638	
	...	13	1,079	1,089	5,450	185	13	7,809	465	3,678	3,537	75	...	49	8	11,527	
	...	20	706	616	1,774	89	2	3,207	482	879	1,782	59	...	5	4.5	5,789	
	Total.....	33	2,077	2,598	1,984	426	20	14,641	1,541	5,548	7,339	152	5	56	4	23,954	

Deputy Commissioners	...	Ashtagram ...	207	68	4	1	19	297	80	33	142	38	...	4	7.2	625
	2	Nundydroog...	71	9	23	19	27	151	18	30	103	...	...	...	4	410
	1	Nagar	196	45	74	...	22	338	92	85	104	54	...	3	8.7	787
	3	Total.....	474	120	101	20	68	786	190	148	349	92	...	7	6.6	1,822
Do (with enhanced powers)	...	Ashtagram ...	26	5	...	..	2	33	10	1	22	...	...	...	6.9	78
	...	Nundydroog...	40	1	1	...	...	42	2	11	29	...	...	...	5	79
	...	Nagar	7	6	6	...	...	19	15	...	4	...	...	...	7.7	38
	...	Total.....	73	12	7	...	2	94	27	12	55	...	...	...	6.5	195
Commissioners (Sessions Judges)	16	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	62	78	...	53	25	...	...	...	35.6	210
	16	Nundydroog ..	...	...	...	...	116	132	1	39	88	...	4	...	38	572
	10	Nagar	...	...	...	...	161	171	...	60	111	...	...	...	39	589
	42	Total.....	...	...	...	...	339	381	1	152	224	...	4	...	37	1,371
Grand Total..	107		6,647	5,094	14,634	599	532	27,613	3,482	9,018	14,465	515	12	121	4.6	47,522

H. B.—4. *Statement shewing the Punishments inflicted by various*

CLASS OF TRIBUNAL.			Persons sentenced to—										Persons ordered to find or give—	
			Death.	Trans- por- tation.	Imprisonment.	Fine.	Whip- ping.	Surety of the peace.	Recognizance.	Sureties for good behaviour.	Persons sentenced to—	Persons ordered to find or give—	Persons sentenced to—	Persons ordered to find or give—
CLASS OF TRIBUNAL.			For a term.	Penal servitude.	Rigorous.	Simple.	With imprisonment.	Without imprisonment.	In addition to other punishment.	In lieu of other punishment.	Surety of the peace.	Recognizance.	Sureties for good behaviour.	
Peshkars ...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	37	13	42	785	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	30	7	79	967	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	3	2	10	75	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	70	22	131	1,827	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sheristadars ...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	14	...	18	661	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	15	9	8	213	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	5	9	31	223	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	34	18	57	1,102	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amildars ...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	71	9	135	1,805	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	207	90	229	2,996	3	12	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	149	30	266	1,337	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	427	129	630	6,138	3	12	...	...	...	...
Sar-Amin ...	Nundydroog	...	...	...	35	58	4	622	4	36	...	...	...	...
2nd Assistant Commissioners.	Ashtagram	...	...	...	29	16	34	134	4	25	...	2	16	...
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	46	15	73	86	2	9	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	8	7	63	85	...	5	1	...	4	...
	Total	...	...	...	83	38	170	305	6	39	1	2	20	...
1st do do	Ashtagram	...	...	...	2	39	4	8	59	3	13	...	8	...
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	97	14	41	104	2	21	...	...	8	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	15	4	46	106	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	2	151	22	95	269	5	35	...	16	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates ...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	62	4	6	289	7	20	...	12	15	...
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	4	68	74	13	430	9	42	94	8	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	4	130	78	19	769	16	62	94	23	...
Yelandur Jahagirlar ...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	1	...	6	...	...
Deputy Commissioners	Ashtagram	...	...	...	3	44	5	47	8	2	16	5	12	...
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	36	11	16	17	5	4	...	...	12	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	46	4	34	11	1	3	1	...	5	...
	Total	...	...	...	3	126	20	97	36	8	23	6	29	...
Do do (with enhanced powers) ...	Ashtagram	...	...	...	14	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	27	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	42	2	11	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commissioners...	Ashtagram	6	0	...	17	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nundydroog	8	16	...	48	...	11	1	5	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar	9	6	6	79	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	23	22	6	1	144	2	15	1	3	...	...	...	...
Grand Total.....			23	22	6	10	1,244	389	1,229	11,073	45	208	101	20 88

Fine.				Imprisonment.										Whipped.					
Rs. 10 and under.	50 "	100 "	500 "	1,000 "	Above Rs. 1,000	Total Amount of Fines.	Amount realized.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	15 days.	6 months.	2 years.	7 years.	Above 7 years.	10 stripes and under.					
									Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	10 stripes and under.
810	17	11	5			2,110	8	2,076	8	155	9	55	28	9					
1,035	11					2,602	13	2,418	15	85	5	48	20	48					
80	5					447	8	447	8	21	4	7	4	4					
1,925	33					5,160	13	4,942	15	262	2	110	52	61					
670	9					1,855	15	1,813	8	205	8	15	5	12					
218	3					577		562		18	8	18	12	2					
251	8					1,133	10	1,133	10	26	8	19	22	4					
1,139	20					3,566	9	3,509	2	250	8	52	39	18					
1,805	135					8,344	1	7,957	1	563	6	106	33	73	2	1			
3,137	88					10,677	4	10,089	6	648	11	206	102	199	22			2	9
1,497	106					7,953	4	7,653	10	496	2	200	114	129	2				4
6,439	329					26,974	10	25,680	1	1,708	3	512	249	401	26	1		2	9
623	3					590	13	583	2	16	4	6	52	36	7			12	23
90	73	8	1			2,992		2,573	10	162	9	2	1	46	21	8	1		8
88	61	5	5			3,394	2	2,398	6	253	8	1	6	104	20	5		3	6
96	34	10	8			4,678		3,902	15	500	12	1	3	51	6	19			2
274	168	23	14			11,064	2	8,874	15	916	13	4	10	201	47	32	1		3
52	12	3				796		621		105	9	3	2	28	2	21			1
78	60	4	3			3,340		2,428	5	222		3	9	79	10	51	2		3
98	40	1	2			4,069	4	2,191	4	404		11	2	19	15	18			1
238	112	18	5	1		8,205	4	5,240	4	731	9	17	13	126	27	90	2		4
282	11	2				873	7	657	15	52	5	2		50	3	23	1		21
486	21	5	1			2,678	6	1,399	12	68	3	18	78	54	4	14			4
																			4
743	32	7	1			3,551	13	2,057	11	120	9	20	78	104	7	37	1		4
2						6		6					1		1				1
17	27	4	5	2		4,721	8	1,651	11	380		7	1	53	6	20	1		4
9	19	3	2			1,215	2	586	13	1	2	1	8	17	10	32			1
25	15	4		1		2,011	8	557	9	192		1	1	29	6				

II. B.—5. Statement shewing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

TRIBUNAL.	Number of Appellants or Persons applying for revision under Section 297, Code of Criminal Procedure.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.								REMARKS.
		Appeals or Applications rejected.	Sentences confirmed.	Sentences modified.	Sentences reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry or evidence ordered.	Cases referred for revision to High Court.	Pending.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Assistant Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	72	4	16	18	21	...	...	...	13
	Nundydroog...	165	8	81	33	43	...	...	...	...
	Nagar ...	55	17	15	...	21	2	...	...	...
	Total.....	292	29	112	51	85	2	...	...	13
Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	179	31	72	10	65	...	...	...	1
	Nundydroog...	156	1	65	27	55	...	2	5	1
	Nagar ...	103	1	48	12	31	1	7	...	3
	Total.....	438	33	185	49	151	1	9	5	5
Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	43	7	20	1	7	1	...	...	7
	Nundydroog...	62	...	18	23	11	...	...	10	...
	Nagar ...	57	...	45	3	8	...	...	...	1
	Total.....	162	7	83	27	26	1	...	10	8
Judicial Commissioner...	Ashtagram ...	143	2	22	9	1	100	4	...	5
	Nundydroog...	125	14	55	18	12	22	4	...	...
	Nagar ...	118	5	32	16	1	63	...	...	1
	Total.....	386	21	109	43	14	185	8	...	6
Grand Total.....		1,278	90	489	170	276	189	17	15	32

II. B.—6. *Statement shewing the Number and Description of Civil Suits*

Suits for money, distinguishing suits up to Rs. 500, cognizable by Small Cause Courts from

CLASS OF TRIBUNALS.			On written objection.		On un-written.		On account stated.		Money had and received.		Goods sold.		Breach of contract, not mentioned above.		Rent not falling under the Rent Law.	
			Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.
Bangalore Court of Small Causes ...			2,366	49	1,102	11	29	...	28	...	2,441	4	78	...	206	...
Amildars ...																
Ashtagram ...			1,104	...	365	...	409	...	23	...	62	...	43	...	41	...
Nagar ...			1,361	...	430	...	283	...	93	...	105	...	104	...	15	...
Total.....			2,465	...	795	...	692	...	116	...	167	...	147	...	56	...
Munsiffs ...																
Nundydroog...			4,507	...	186	...	164	...	99	...	306	...	185	...	34	...
Judicial Assistant Commissioners.																
Ashtagram ...			1,063	74	132	3	43	7	6	...	44	...	10	4	26	1
Nundydroog...			392	84	15	...	14	10	7	2	8	5	8	10	5	1
Nagar ...			1,086	92	163	7	64	13	3	1	7	...	9	...	12	...
Total.....			2,541	250	310	10	121	30	16	3	59	5	27	14	43	2
Deputy Commissioners.																
Ashtagram ...			...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Nundydroog...			13	9	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Nagar ...			1	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....			14	19	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
Commissioners ...																
Ashtagram ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog...			...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagar ...			...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....			...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...			11,893	320	2,393	21	1,006	33	259	4	2,973	9	437	16	339	2

instituted in the Civil Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1874.

"Other Cases."			Suits under the Rent Law.										Other Suits.													
Movable property or value thereof.		Damages.	Arrairs of rent with or without ejectment or cancelment of lease. Enhancement or abatement of rent. Relating to Distraint. Damages for extortion or withholding receipts or on account of illegal restraint or other cause. For Pattas or Kaimlyaks. For ejectment or recovery of possession. For recovery of money or accounts from agents. All other suits under the Rent Law not included above.										Suits for immovable property. Suits for specific performance of contract. Suits to declare and establish rights to real property including pre-emption, foreclosure, &c. Suits to declare and establish personal rights. Suits for an account. Suits relating to religious endowments. Suits to set aside judgments, contracts or obligations on the ground of fraud. Suits for dissolution of marriage. Suits for enforcement of matrimonial rights. Suits for partition. Suits relating to shipping. Suits relating to religion and caste.													
Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.																							
175	2	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
165	...	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	124	7	3	13	...	...	...	...	2	5	...	1	...		
111	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	3	1	8	...	1	...	...	1	2	...	3	...		
276	...	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	190	10	4	21	...	1	...	...	3	7	...	4	...		
371	...	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	546	21	10	65	1	5	4	...	29	23	...	1	...		
59	10	71	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	343	5	3	...	5	...	4	5	16	29	...	6	...		
10	6	13	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	5	60	2	10	...	5	...	10	10	...	1	...		
29	2	51	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	...	6	5	1	...	2	...	...	9	...	1	...		
98	18	135	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	448	10	69	7	16	...	11	5	26	48	...	8	...		
...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...		
...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...		
...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...		
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...		
920	20	388	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,184	42	83	95	18	7	15	5	58	83	...	13	...		
REMARKS.																										

[illegible]

II. B.—8. Statement shewing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Mysore in the year 1874.

CLASS OF COURTS.	Suits remaining from last year.	Instituted in 1873.	Received by transfer.	Total or disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Plaint rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed ex parte.	Dismissed ex parte.	Contested.		Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over 2 months.	Over 4 months.	Average Duration of Suits.		REMARKS.
													Judgment for Plaintiff in whole or part.	Judgment for Defendant.					Contested.	Uncontested.	
Civil Courts.																					
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	137	6,505	...	6,642	...	2	815	54	382	867	3,235	14	761	316	6,446	196	2	1	11-96	10-99	9
Amildars																					
Ashtagram ...	15	2,425	...	2,440	4	19	348	96	107	584	450	176	466	132	2,375	58	5	...	50	20	...
Nagar ...	24	2,634	...	2,658	...	20	383	66	101	828	510	229	404	103	2,644	14	...	...	25	17	...
Total....	39	5,059	...	5,098	4	39	731	162	208	1,412	961	405	870	235	5,022	72	5	...	28	19	...
Munsiffs																					
Nundydroog...	328	6,691	3	7,022	3	36	579	92	142	1,262	1,891	60	1,534	387	6,563	456	65	11	27	18	19
Judicial Assistants																					
Ashtagram ...	205	1,972	5	2,182	2	50	205	22	178	316	355	17	504	223	1,870	310	63	18	62	37	...
Nundydroog...	55	726	...	781	...	39	43	14	27	76	166	32	298	32	727	54	6	5	27	22	...
Nagar ...	156	1,643	...	1,799	...	31	90	42	76	390	454	179	323	130	1,715	84	5	...	38	24	...
Total....	416	4,341	5	4,762	2	120	338	78	281	782	975	228	1,125	385	4,312	448	74	23	48	29	3
Deputy Commissioners																					
Ashtagram ...	2	14	...	16	2	...	...	1	...	1	1	2	4	2	11	3	...	...	100	66	...
Nundydroog...	2	26	...	28	...	...	...	2	...	1	18	...	2	3	28	...	...	...	139	23	...
Nagar ...	1	7	...	8	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	3	1	7	1	1	...	75	80	...
Total....	5	47	...	52	2	...	1	3	2	3	20	2	9	6	46	4	1	1	107	36	...
Commissioners...																					
Ashtagram ...	5	3	2	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6	3	...	...	148	...	...
Nundydroog...	2	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	1	...	285	17	...
Nagar ...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	148	65	...
Total....	7	9	2	18	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	4	4	10	7	2	3	203	41	...
Grand Total....	932	22,652	10	23,594	12	197	2,464	369	1,016	4,296	7,082	1,309	4,303	1,343	22,399	1,183	149	39	31	18	31

II. B.—9. Statement shewing the Business of the Civil Appellate Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1874.

CLASS OF COURTS.	Remaining.	Instituted.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Transferred.	Dismissed for default or under 5 and 6, Act XXIII of 1861.	Heard en banc.				Contested.				Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over four months.	Objections under Section 348, Act VIII of 1859.	Objections allowed.	REMARKS.
							Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.							
Civil Courts.	8	335	...	343	...	28	3	2	5	144	59	66	18	325	18	...	2	2		
	8	335	...	343	...	28	3	2	5	144	59	66	18	325	18	...	2	2		
	3	112	...	115	...	20	6	...	3	49	4	20	4	106	9	...	...	...		
	1	32	...	33	...	6	3	1	1	16	1	4	0	32	1	...	...	...		
	2	55	...	57	...	9	13	1	2	14	3	5	7	54	3	...	...	...		
	6	199	...	205	...	35	22	2	6	79	8	29	11	192	13	...	...	...		
Commissioners	38	174	...	212	...	4	11	1	3	125	15	27	8	194	18	...	...	...		
	10	43	...	53	...	2	...	...	...	27	9	7	5	50	3	...	10	4		
	8	74	...	82	...	4	...	...	...	29	11	22	8	74	8	...	...	...		
	56	291	...	347	...	10	41	1	3	181	35	56	21	318	29	1	10	4		
	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	3	8	2	1	...	...		
Judicial Commissioner. { Regular Appeals 																				

CLASS OF COURTS.	Applications to execute Decrees.			Nature and Number of Coercive Processes issued.										REMARKS.	
	Pending.	Filed.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Decrees completely executed.	Decrees partially executed.	Pending at the end of 1874.	Decrees executed by possession being given.	Imprisonment of persons.	Movable Property.		Immovable Property.			Orders under Section 243, Code of Procedure.
										Attached.	Sold.	Attached.	Sold.		
<i>Civil Courts.</i>															
Bangalore Court of Small Causes	144	3,593	1	3,738	3,112	430	196	...	252	285	146	...	...	...	...
Amlahs	78	1,121	52	1,251	1,085	97	59	26	21	105	25	100	65	...	...
Nundydroog ... Nagar	41	1,262	66	1,369	1,226	114	29	13	35	248	83	76	53	...	...
Total.....	119	2,383	118	2,620	2,321	211	88	39	56	353	111	176	118	...	...
Munsiffs	446	4,910	404	5,760	4,423	650	687	96	844	659	220	654	520	...	...
Judicial Assistant Commissioners.	77	1,624	94	2,435	1,231	270	934	75	107	97	39	134	255	...	...
Nundydroog ... Nagar	224	1,472	31	1,727	1,669	350	208	34	66	93	122	93	203	...	1
Total.....	1,018	3,723	224	4,965	3,028	711	1,226	119	278	210	177	287	540	...	1
Deputy Commissioners	11	15	...	26	22	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...
Nundydroog ... Nagar	2	33	...	35	18	15	2	...	...	4	2	...	1	...	...
Total.....	15	59	16	90	61	23	6	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
Commissioners	2	4	...	6	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog ... Nagar	2	4	...	6	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	6	14	...	20	10	4	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total....	1,748	14,682	763	17,193	12,955	2,029	2,209	254	1,430	1,511	657	1,118	1,186	...	1

II. B.—11. *Statement shewing Use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and Criminal Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1874.*

Classes of Courts in which Juries or Assessors are employed, distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.	Established or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case, and prescribed qualification.	Number of Cases tried by Jury.	Number of Cases with Assessors.	Jury Trials.		Assessors' Trials.		REMARKS.
				Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Cases in which the Judge did not approve of the verdict.	Number of Cases in which Judge agreed with Assessors.	Number of Cases in which Judge differed from Assessors.	
<i>Criminal.</i>								
Commissioners..	3	..	19	..	..	14	5	..
... Ashtagram ..	3	..	53	..	..	43	15	..
Nundydroog..	2	..	53	..	..	52	1	..
Nagar ..								
Total.....	8	..	130	..	..	109	21	..
								Note shewing in what Classes of Cases Juries and Assessors have been principally employed.

II. B.—12. *Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration*

OFFICES.		Registrations affecting Immovable Property, Book I.																						
		Compulsory.										Optional.												
		Number of Registration Offices.	Instruments of gift (Section 17, clause 1.)	Instruments of sale, of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of do.	Other Instruments registered under Section 17, clause 2.	Perpetual leases (Section 17, clause 4).	All leases (other than perpetual leases) which have been compulsorily registered under Sec. 17, clause 4.	Total of Compulsory Registrations.	Ordinary Fees paid for same.	Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Acknowledgment of considerations on account of do.	Leases for year or less, (Section 18, clause 3) and leases exempted under the provision in Section 17.	Awards (Section 18, clause 4).	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.	Total of Optional Registrations relating to immovable property.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Total Value of immovable property transferred.			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
Inspector Genl.'s Office.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Bangalore Dist.	13	20	992	969	4	120	21	62	2,188	4,729	4	0	327	178	...	25	...	10	1	541	581	0	0	10,81,151
Mysore "	14	40	748	756	1	76	3	45	1,639	3,612	8	0	250	95	...	2	...	6	6	359	399	12	0	7,61,001
Tumkūr "	10	1	302	323	16	12	3	14	668	1,401	0	0	149	47	2	2	...	2	2	195	212	8	0	2,36,073
Kolar "	42	1	205	256	1	25	13	24	525	1,161	8	0	275	113	...	1	...	4	...	393	438	0	0	1,74,256
Hassan "	11	1	336	337	1	17	4	11	707	1,558	14	0	246	77	...	2	...	4	15	344	387	8	0	3,52,040
Kadur "	8	3	364	248	1	11	23	7	652	1,768	8	0	127	18	...	2	...	...	...	147	174	12	0	5,42,500
Shimoga "	10	1	262	295	...	17	56	7	638	1,536	8	0	86	23	...	2	1	3	...	115	133	8	0	2,40,422
Chitaldroog "	11	3	167	133	...	6	3	3	815	737	12	0	49	10	...	...	...	2	61	71	0	0	1,48,782	
Total.....	90	40	3376	3309	24	284	126	173	7,332	16,445	14	0	1500	561	2	36	1	29	26	2155	2,398	0	0	35,33,219

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GENERAL SUMMARY.

[illegible]

Kadur District Jail	Convicts	17	5	22	87	9	96	104	14	118	95	13	108	9	1	10	1401	191	1592	22-47	295	25-42
	Under trial	3	1	4	121	9	130	124	10	134	122	10	132	2	...	2	755	86	821			
	Civil	...	...	1	12	3	15	13	3	16	16	3	13	3	...	3	91	38	129			
Chitaldroog District Jail	Convicts	20	5	25	81	6	87	101	11	112	57	10	67	44	1	45	2083	161	2244	25-55	227	27-82
	Under trial	...	...	...	97	4	101	97	4	101	97	4	101	...	...	...	290	22	312			
	Civil	5	...	5	13	3	16	18	3	21	15	3	18	3	...	3	182	44	226			
Taluk Lockups of the Bangalore District	Convicts	...	...	...	366	36	402	366	36	402	338	36	394	8	...	8	1172	048	1220	37-96	162	89-38
	Under trial	31	2	33	899	59	958	930	61	991	917	60	977	13	1	14	2624	114	2738			
	Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
" Kolar District	Convicts	17	2	19	294	34	328	311	36	347	301	36	337	10	...	10	1046	149	1195	20-46	298	23-44
	Under trial	4	...	4	213	22	235	217	22	239	209	22	231	8	...	8	1000	149	1149			
	Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
" Tumkur District	Convicts	5	...	5	203	22	225	208	22	230	196	21	217	12	1	13	577	043	620	17-36	166	1902
	Under trial	2	1	3	247	28	275	249	29	278	232	25	257	17	4	21	1068	123	1191			
	Civil	1	...	1	8	...	8	9	...	9	6	...	6	3	...	3	91	...	91			
" Mysore District	Convicts	3	...	3	193	24	217	196	24	220	193	24	217	3	...	3	481	51	532	28-81	180	30-61
	Under trial	13	...	13	731	51	762	744	51	795	731	51	782	13	...	13	2400	129	2529			
	Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
" Hassan District	Convicts	9	...	9	157	12	169	166	12	178	162	12	174	4	...	4	526	24	550	13-09	101	14-10
	Under trial	3	...	3	328	36	364	331	36	367	320	36	356	11	...	11	748	77	823			
	Civil	...	...	...	13	...	13	13	...	13	13	...	13	...	...	...	37	...	37			
" Shimoga District	Convicts	4	...	4	206	15	221	210	15	225	209	15	224	1	...	1	375	22	397	14-52	81	45-33
	Under trial	15	2	17	354	20	374	369	22	391	364	22	386	5	...	5	1677	59	1136			
	Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
" Kadur District	Convicts	24	...	24	173	11	184	197	11	208	192	10	202	5	1	6	699	30	729	15-71	55	16-28
	Under trial	12	2	14	182	6	188	194	8	202	189	8	197	5	...	5	845	25	870			
	Civil	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	27	...	27			
" Chitaldroog District	Convicts	4	1	5	177	20	197	181	21	202	175	21	196	6	...	6	537	48	585	10-65	103	11-68
	Under trial	10	1	11	181	14	195	191	15	206	179	15	194	12	...	12	515	52	567			
	Civil	...	...	...	3	1	4	3	1	4	3	1	4	...	...	...	13	03	16			
Grand Total...		1,820	421	1,941	7,457	692	8,086	9,277	750	10,027	7,539	686	8,195	1,738	94	1,832	1,792-58	111-39	1,903-97	1792-58	111-39	1,983-97

II. C.—1. Statement shewing the Number and Disposal of the

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8										
Serial Number.	JAILS OF—	Remained on the 31st December 1873.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Received from other Jails.				Transferred to other Jails.								
					A B				A B								
					To undergo sentence.		In transit for transportation or to other Jails.		Total Population.		To undergo sentence.		For transportation beyond Seas, &c.				
					M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
The Province of Mysore.	1667	107	3238	308	4905	415	213	23	84	12	5202	450	5652	305	28	18	5

II. C.—2. Shewing the Religion, Age and Previous Occupation of the

1	2	3												
Serial Number.	JAILS of—	Religion.												
		A			B	C		D		E				
		Christians.			Muhammadans.	Hindus.		Buddhists and Jains.		All other Classes.				
		a	b	c										
		Europeans.	Eurasians.	Natives.										
		M	F	M								F	M	F
		The Province of Mysore ...	9	1	7	...	72	13	697	19	3633	338	8	1	479	43

Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

										10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17									
Released during the year.										Transported beyond Seas.	Transferred to Lunatic Asylums.	Escaped.	Executed.	Died.	Remaining on the 31st December 1874.	Daily average number.	Serial Number.									
A		B		C		D																				
On appeal.		On expiry of sentence.		On payment of fine.		By Order of Government.																				
						(a)	(b)																			
On account of sickness.		On other grounds.																								
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.							
86	1	2663	279	436	41	3		27	4	1	...	7	...	21	1	35	3	1600	88	1688	1,616	47	98	02	1,714	49

Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

4								5										6			7
Age.								Previous Occupation.										Total.			Serial Number.
A		B		C		D		Males.					Females.								
								A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I					
Under 16.		16 to 40.		40 to 60.		Above 60.		Of independent property.	Agriculturists.	Non-agriculturists.	Domestic servants.	Government Ser- vants.	No Occupation.	Married.	Unmarried.	Prostitutes.					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F										M	F	Total.		
150	9	3,709	351	844	48	202	7	87	2174	2109	127	245	163	362	31	22	4,905	415	5,320		

II. C.—3. Shewing the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore for the year 1874, according to the nature and length of Sentence.

1	2	3			4			5	6																		
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Classes according to length of Sentence.										Nature of Imprisonment.		Total.	Serial Number.												
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H		I	A	B														
									Not exceeding one month.	Above 1 and not exceeding six months.						Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.	Above 1 year and not exceeding 3 years.	Above 3 and not exceeding 5 years.	Above 5 and not exceeding 10 years.	Exceeding ten years.	Sentenced to trans- portation beyond seas.		Sentenced to death.				
																					For life.	For a term.					
																								Simple Imprison- ment.	Rigorous Imprison- ment.		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
The Pro- vince of Mysore.	2,121	231	907	74	289	23	619	49	358	14	432	6	74	3	53	14	28	...	24	1	877	192	4,028	223	4,905	415	5,320

II. C.-4. *Shewing the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874, who had been previously convicted.*

1	2	3	4				5	6	7										
Serial Number.	Jails of --	Total.	Number previously convicted.				Ratio of column 4 D. to column 3.	Juvenile prisoners (under 16 years of age, Section 318, Criminal Procedure Code.)											
			A		B			A	B										
			Once.		Twice.														
			More than Twice.		Total.			Number im- prisoned.	Number previ- ously convicted.										
M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	F										
The Province of Mysore ...			4,905	415	5,320	182	3	78	2	89	1	349	6	7.11	1.44	6.66	150	9	...

II. C.—5. Shewing the Escapes and Recaptures of Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8								
Serial Number.	JAILS OF—	Remain- ing unrecap- tured on the 31st December 1873, of those who escaped during the previous ten years.	Escaped during the year.			Recaptured during the year.			Remained uncaptured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.			Serial Number.
			A B C			A B C			A B C			A B C			
			From inside the jail.	From outside the jail.	Total.	Of those who escaped in previous ten years.	Of those who escaped during the year.	Total.	Of previous years.	Of the year.	Total.	Under 1 year.	Above 1 and under 4 years.	Above 7 years.	
	The Province of Mysore ...	29	1	6	7	1	2	3	28	5	33	2	4	1	

II. C.—6. Showing the Offences committed by the Convicts and the Punishments inflicted on them in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	Punishments inflicted.						7	8					
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Average number of Convicts.	Criminal offences.	Breaches of Jail Rules.			By Jail Officers.						Ratio of Column 6 C to Column 3.	Serial Number.			
				Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.	Offences relating to work.	Other offences against prison discipline.	B					Corporal punishment.			Other punishments.	Total Punishments.	
							A		Reduced diet.	Solitary confinement with reduced diet.	Male.						Female.
							Male.	Female.									
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	139	273	16		

II.C.—7. Shewing the State of Education of the Convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails of the Province of Mysore for the year 1874.

1	2	3	4						5			6		7		8						9						10			
Serial Number.	Jails Of—	Number imprisoned during the year.		Of those in column 3 there were—						Daily average number of Convicts.			Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year.		Of those in column 7 there were						Number released during the year after more than six months in Jail.						Serial Number.		
		M	F	Unable to read or write.	Able to read or write a little.	Able to read or write well.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Unable to read and write.	Able to read and write a little.	Able to read and write well.	Unable to read and write.	Able to read and write a little.	Able to read and write well.	Unable to read and write.	Able to read and write a little.	Able to read and write well.	M	F	M	F	M	F		
	The Province of Mysore ...	3238	308	2,777	308	238	0	203	0	1616	47	98	02	719	33	0	3188	321	2658	321	416	0	114	0	331	34	172	0	48	0	

II. C.—8. Shewing the Employment of Convicts as Prison Officers in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Serial Number.	JAILS OF—	Average number of prisoners of all classes.		Total number employed as prison officers.		Average number employed.		Ratio of Col. 5 to Column 3.	Number reduced or otherwise punished.		Serial Number.
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		Male.	Female.	
	The Province of Mysore ...	1792-58	111-39	125	4	73-12	3-74	4	21	1	

II. C.—9. Shewing the Scales of Diet in force in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Serial Number.	JAILS OF—	Diet scale of laboring prisoners.	Diet scale of non-laboring prisoners.	Punishment diet scale.	Note of any changes effected in diet scales during the year.	Serial Number.
	The Province of Mysore...	* Vide Appendices A. and B.		Bread, salt and water for two days.	None.	

* Vide last year's Administration Report pp. 82 to 84.

II. C.—10. Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874, excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations, or repairs.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12																				
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Average number of prisoners.			Rations.		Establishment.		Police Guard.		Hospital Charges.		Clothing.		Contingencies.		Grand Total expended.	Total Cost per head of average strength.	Serial Number.												
		Under trial.	Civil.	Total.	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	Rs.	As.				P.											
Rs.	As.	P.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Rs.	As.	P.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Rs.	As.	P.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Rs.	As.	P.													
	The Province of Mysore	1,714-49	160-55	28-93	1,903-97	54-147	28	7	1	49,137-25	12-11	50,597-26	9	2-51	4	1	162-13	0-59	19	3	1	8,10,442	5	7	9	1,72,756	0	0	90	11	8

Serial Number:

Serial Number:

N. B.—In 1873 and previous years the cost of the convicts alone was shown, while in 1874 the cost of the undetrical and Civil prisoners was also included, *vide* statement No. 10.

II. C.—12. *Shewing the Employment of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.*

1	2	3	4	5	6						7		
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Average number sentenced to labor.	Average number not sentenced to labor.	Average number of effectives.*	Employment.						Ratio per cent on column 5 of those employed.		
					A	B	C	D	E	F			
					Prison officers.	Prison servants.	Building and repairing Jail.	On Jail garden.	On manufactures.	Extramural.			
	The Province of Mysore...	1,662-38	52-11	1,459-25	7656	300	51-75	190-42	476-22	364	5-3	20-6	32-6

(* i. e. excluding the infirm, sick or convalescent.)

II, C.--13. Shearing the Results of the Employment of Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

[illegible]

II. C.—14. Shewing the Expenditure on the Construction of new Jails, and on additions, alterations and repairs with the gross and net cost of the Prisoners in the Jails of Mysore during the year 1874.

1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Serial Number.	JAILS OF —	On Jail buildings.		On maintaining and guarding the prisoners.	Total expenditure, columns 3 and 4.	Expenditure on manufactures (column 4 D) of Statement 13.	Gross expenditure, columns 5 and 6.	Cash receipts from manufactures (column 3 A) of Statement 13.	Net cost or column 7 minus column 8.	Total expenditure (column 5) per head of average strength.	Net cost per head of average strength.	Serial Number.
		A	B									
		By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.									
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
The Province of Mysore ...	*	1,840	15,598	1,72,756	1,90,194	33,784	2,23,978	23,539	2,00,439	100	104	

II. C.—15. *Shewing the Sickness and Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.*

Serial Number.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
The Province of Mysore	Ratio per cent of average strength.									
	JAILS OF									
Serial Number.	Capacity of the Jail Barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.		Average daily strength.		Maximum population on any one day.		Number admitted into Hospital.		Daily average number of sick.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
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Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Serial Number.	Total.		Total.							

H. C.—17. Showing the Sickness and Mortality among Under-trial, Convicted and Civil Prisoners severally, and the Mortality from fevers, bowel complaints and cholera in each class of Prisoners in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9														
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Average population.		Daily average sick.		Total deaths in and out of Hospital.		Deaths from Bowel Com- plaints.	Deaths from Cholera.													
		Under trial.	Convicted.	Civil.	Under trial.	Convicted.	Civil.	Under trial.	Convicted.	Civil.												
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F											
	The Province of Mysore	149-48	11-07	1,616-47	98-02	26-63	2-3	28	38-08	2-08	18	...	35	3	2	...	3	...	4	...	1	...

II. C.—18. *Shewing the Mortality according to Age, among the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.*

Serial Number.	2	3			4			5			6			7			8											
		Under 16 years.			16 to 40.			40 to 60.			Over 60.			Total.														
Serial Number.	JAIS ON—	Average number.			Deaths.			Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.			Average number.			Deaths.			Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.			Average number.			Deaths.			Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		
		M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	.....	.....	.....	1,174	38	18	2	1.5	52	296	11	17	1	57	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

II. C. —19. Shewing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874, according to length of imprisonment.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9											
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Under 6 months in Jail.			From 1 to 2 Years.			From 2 to 3 Years.			From 3 to 7 Years.			Above 7 Years.			Serial Number.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.			
1	The Province of Mysore	401	6	1.5	553	6	1.07	371	10	2.7	218	5	2.3	328	8	2.4	60	3	5

II. C.—20. *Shewing Particulars regarding Civil Prisoners in the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17																		
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Total Population.		Average daily number.		Released during the year.		Escaped.		Transferred.		Died.		Remaining on the 31st December 1874.		Capacity of Barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.		Average number of Prisoners above capacity.		Average number of Prisoners below capacity.		Hospital.				Cost.		Serial Number.		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	A	B	C	D	A	B	Average Cost per Prisoner.		
	The Province of Mysore ...	35	0	237	21	272	21	26-63	2-3	225	21		2	0-45	0-66	25	5-25		41-30	2-98	8	0-18	0	2	0	7	0	Included in Statement No. 10.						

II. C.—21. Shewing Particulars regarding Prisoners under trial in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

1	2	3	4	4(a)	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15																						
Serial Number.		Jails or		Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received.		Received by transfer.		Total Population.		Average daily number.		Released.		Convicted and sentenced.		Transferred.		Escaped.		Deaths.		Remaining on 31st December 1874.		Cost.					Hospital.						

II. D.—

II. D.—(A.) *General Statement of Crime shewing the Result of Police Operations in the*
Mysore during
 PART I—

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.					
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	By Police <i>suo motu</i> .	Investigation.		Number of cases in columns VI to VIII in which conviction was obtained.
						By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>Class I.—Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.</i>								
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ...		...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes	30	2	28	...	...	12
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender ...	2	...	2	...	...	...
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	13	1	12	...	...	7
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	26	...	19	4	...	14
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	3	...	1	2	...	3
Total.....			74	3	62	6	...	36
<i>Class II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>								
8	302, 308, 396	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Do by dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Do by robbers	...	2	...	2	...	...
11		Do by poison	...	2	1	3	...	2
12	...	Other murders...	39	6	44	...	...	22
13	307	Attempts at murder	12	1	10	...	...	5
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	23	4	25	1	...	9
15	376	Rape	10	1	9	...	...	1
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	28	2	28	...	1	18
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	36	1	34	...	...	20
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt...	62	5	51	...	...	31
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	6	...	5	...	...	3
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession...	2	...	2	...	...	1
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon...	115	2	82	17	1	57
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	16	...	12	...	...	3
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	4	...	2	...	...	1
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	...	1	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	53	7	52	...	...	27
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	3	...	3	...	...	1
Total.....			414	30	365	18	2	201

POLICE.

Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen in the Province of the year 1874.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.							
Number arrested.										Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Number pending at end of year.							Number of cases in which property was stolen.		Number of cases in which property was recovered.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount of property recovered.	
Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	Within the year.		Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of, e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.							
			By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)								In custody of Police.	On bail.													
10	10a	10b	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
1	...	1	40	...	...	9	27	12	...	15	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...							
1	...	1	3	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	168	42	...	25	185	77	...	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	2	2	...	1	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
2	...	2	227	44	1	39	226	91	...	135	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
2	...	...	10	...	...	...	8	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...							
13	...	13	96	...	2	13	85	25	21	39	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...							
2	...	2	19	...	...	1	14	6	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
5	...	5	43	4	...	11	30	20	...	10	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...							
1	...	1	11	...	...	5	7	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
2	...	2	33	3	3	6	27	7	...	20	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	37	...	...	3	33	5	...	26	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	94	...	...	23	68	12	...	53	3	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	11	...	1	...	8	1	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
3	...	3	153	32	...	51	127	28	...	99	...	5	1	4	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	46	...	2	24	13	8	...	5	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	3	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
2	...	2	83	...	...	16	63	22	...	41	...	3	...	3	...	9	2	167-3-0	105							
...	...	...	3	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
30	...	30	655	39	8	157	492	144	28	312	8	16	2	31	18	18	3	1,269	862							

II. D.—(A.)

Serial Number.	LAW	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.					
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Investigation.			Number of cases in columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.
					By Police <i>suo moto</i> .	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>Class III.—Serious Offences against person & property or against property only.</i>								
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	37	5	37	...	...	13
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity.	3	...	3	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery { by poisonous or stupefying drugs with hurt by other means	...	...	...	...	...	...
		{ in dwelling house	8	...	4	...	...	1
33	392, 393	Robbery { on the highway, between sunset & sunrise.	10	1	6	...	...	4
		{ other robberies...	89	7	61	...	...	21
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	39	5	31	1	...	9
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	655	66	555	...	1	180
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	14	...	11	...	...	6
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually...	1	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	860	85	711	1	1	234
<i>Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.</i>								
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	5	...	5	...	...	5
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	112	5	69	27	1	45
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	3	...	2	...	...	2
41	374	Compulsory labor	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	120	5	76	27	1	52
<i>Class V.—Minor Offences against property.</i>								
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	110	5	91	...	1	27
43	379 to 382	Theft { Of cattle	113	5	112	...	...	76
		{ Ordinary	1,861	109	1,635	21	4	1,071
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	52	5	42	1	...	20
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	44	3	46	...	...	28
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	110	3	82	13	...	45
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	11	...	8	...	...	4
		Total.....	2,301	130	2,016	35	5	1,271
<i>Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>								
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers & thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	36	1	36	1	...	34
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	5	...	6	...	...	2
51	{ Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	5	...	5	...	...	5
52		" Excise Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...
53		" Railway Laws...	2	...	2	...	...	2
54		" Salt and Custom Laws, Section 323	21	...	21	...	...	9
55		" Stage Carriage Act, Section 511	1	...	...	...	...	1
56		" Stamp Act	5	1	2	4	...	6
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Sec. 34 of Act V of 1861, & any other Munl. or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	840	30	853	4	...	799
58		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	92	...	91	...	...	84
		Total.....	1,007	32	1,016	9	...	942
		Grand Total.....	4,776	285	4,246	96	9	2,736

(Continued.)

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.							
Pending at end of last year.	Number arrested.					Div'd, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after Trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of, e. g. died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.						
	Received by Transfer.	Total.	By Police.	Within the year.	By Magistrate.				By Sessions or High Court.	In custody of Police.			On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.											
				By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)																						
10	10a	10b	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27							
15	...	15	278	...	1	70	165	36	42	87	...	7	9	1	40	39	19	20,963	1,251							
...	...	...	10	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	10	...	...	3	7	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	433	9							
...	...	...	8	...	...	5	2	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	1	328	1							
...	...	...	17	...	...	6	11	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	354	1							
1	...	1	206	...	4	103	97	58	...	37	2	...	1	1	1	44	18	3,030	289							
1	...	1	71	2	2	22	48	22	2	24	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...							
17	...	17	746	4	1	191	502	206	...	290	6	11	16	38	8	376	171	66,259	22,981							
...	...	...	25	...	...	7	16	5	...	10	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
34	...	34	1372	6	8	418	843	332	44	463	9	21	26	41	50	471	214	91,347	24,532							
...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
6	...	6	198	52	...	48	199	91	...	106	2	6	...	3	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
6	...	6	206	52	...	48	206	91	...	113	2	6	...	4	...	...	...	...	...							
1	...	1	59	1	...	8	51	20	...	31	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	186	...							
3	...	3	170	...	1	30	142	34	...	108	...	...	...	...	...	96	82	2,031	1,481							
71	...	71	2621	48	6	736	1,898	456	...	1434	8	27	19	54	...	1324	957	31,192	9,288							
1	...	1	63	1	...	20	44	14	...	30	...	...	...	1	...	17	9	844	108							
3	...	3	75	...	...	17	59	24	...	35	...	...	...	2	...	18	15	977	721							
2	...	2	143	23	...	38	127	60	...	65	2	...	...	3	...	8	5	20	17							
...	...	...	21	...	...	16	5	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
81	...	81	3152	73	7	865	2,326	609	...	1,707	10	27	19	62	...	1465	1068	35,250	11,615							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
1	...	1	83	1	1	1	83	17	...	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	30	...	...	...	30	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	51	...	...	13	31	10	...	21	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	4	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	20	3	...	...	23	1	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
34	...	34	1283	9	...	38	1,246	9	...	1237	...	1	1	40	...	...	...	...	...							
...	...	...	140	...	...	3	135	11	...	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
35	...	35	1620	13	1	55	1,559	52	...	1,507	...	7	1	45	...	...	...	...	...							
188	...	188	7232	227	25	1,582	5,657	1,319	72	4,237	29	77	52	106	68	1954	1285	127,866	37,009							

II. D.—(A.) (Concluded.)
PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c., &c.</i>								
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 165, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	137 ...	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 258 ...	Offences against public justice	26	44	18	25	...	...
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Do by public servants	8	13	6	7	...	...
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424, ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims	13	31	16	10	...	...
6	465 to 477 ...	Bribery or fraudulently using forged documents...	3	7	3	...	...	...
7	264 to 267 ...	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	6	6	2	4	...	...
8	482 to 489 ...	Making or using false trade marks	1	6	...	6	...	...
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray...	20	104	34	70	...	...
Total.....			77	211	79	122	...	...
<i>Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.</i>								
10	312 to 316 ...	Causing miscarriage ...	4	7	6	1	...	...
11	370 ...	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....			4	7	6	1	...	...
<i>Class III.—Serious Offences against property.</i>								
12	384 to 389 ...	Extortion ...	8	19	17	2	...	...
<i>Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.</i>								
13	323 ...	Hurt ...	90	204	84	107	...	...
14	345 ...	Wrongful confinement ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358 ...	Criminal force ...	64	166	123	43	...	...
Total.....			154	370	207	150	...	...
<i>Class V.—Minor Offences against property.</i>								
16	417 to 420 ...	Cheating ...	11	15	9	1	...	...
17	403, 404 ...	Criminal misappropriation of property	8	8	2	6	Rs. 3	...
18	409 ...	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. ...	9	9	5	4	...	...
19	426 to 429, 434 ...	Mischief (simple) ...	46	88	69	20	„ 15	...
Total.....			74	120	85	31	„ 18	...
<i>Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>								
20	493 to 498 ...	Offences relating to marriage	7	5	1	4	...	...
21	295 ...	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	490 to 492 ...	Criminal breach of contract of service	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	500 to 502 ...	Defamation ...	11	13	13	...	...	...
24	504, 508 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult...	30	41	14	27	...	...
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288 290 ...	Public and local nuisances	6	5	...	5	...	...
26	...	Offences under Chapters XVIII, XX, XXI, and XXII, C. P. C. ...	2	2	...	2	...	...
27	...	Special laws not cognizable by Police	105	185	29	156	...	...
Total.....			161	251	57	194	...	...
Grand Total.....			478	978	451	500	„ 18	...

II. D.—(B.) *Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result*

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
			4	5	6	7	8	9
Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.								
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 & 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	25	28	32	42-85	52	41
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	3	2	...	...	3	3
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	14	12	78-57	58-33	20	15
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	27	23	81-48	60-87	294	210
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier...	4	3	75	100	6	4
Total.....			74	68	59-45	52-91	376	273
Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.								
8	302, 308, 396...	Murder by thugs...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		" dacoits	2	...	50	...	13	...
10		" robbers	...	2	...	...	...	10
11		" poison	10	3	50	66-6	19	8
12	307	Other murders	43	44	44-18	50	153	109
13		Attempts at murder	20	10	40	50	43	21
14		Culpable homicide	27	26	48-14	24-61	51	52
15		Rape	13	9	...	11-11	14	12
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	1	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	34	29	52-94	62-06	47	38
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of suicide	47	34	44-68	58-82	49	37
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	70	51	42-85	60-8	159	94
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt...	8	5	62-5	80	14	11
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	2	25	50	18	4
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	87	100	39-08	57	220	188
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	23	12	13-04	25	77	46
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	14	2	28-57	50	12	3
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	...	1	...	...	...	3
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	57	52	49-12	51-92	144	85
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	...	3	...	33-33	...	3
Total.....			459	385	41-4	52-2	1034	724
Class III.—Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.								
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	49	37	26-53	35-13	281	293
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	2	3	50	...	2	10
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery { By poisonous or stupefying drugs } with hurt { By other means	10	4	40	25	25	10
33	392, 393	Robbery. { In dwelling house } { On the highway, between sunset and sunrise } { Other robberies	170	70	30-58	35-71	482	232
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435, to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	67	32	16-41	28-12	111	74
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	632	556	29-43	32-37	912	767
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	28	11	64-28	54-54	29	25
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	...	...	...	...	1
Total.....			959	713	29-6	32-81	1842	1412

and Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.											Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.		Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount.			Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.			
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	
9a.		9b.		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	52	41	30	27	9.2	36.6	33.3	55.55	1	...	1	...	100	...	
...	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	20	15	19	11	60	60	63.2	81.81	22	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	294	210	258	185	67.3	51.42	76.7	58.38	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	4	8	66.6	75	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	376	273	315	226	59.6	49.45	71.1	59.73	23	...	1	...	4.35	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	13	...	10	...	53.8	...	70.0	...	68	...	8	...	11.7	...	
...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	19	8	14	8	26.31	37.5	35.7	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	153	109	93	85	23.7	35.78	47.3	46.3	265	790	2,065	685	...	86.78	
...	...	43	21	24	14	27.9	19.05	50	28.5	79	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	51	52	35	30	41.1	19.2	60	33.33	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	14	12	4	7	...	8.33	...	14.28	5	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	47	38	40	27	55.3	52.63	65.0	74.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	49	37	33	33	44.9	70.27	66.6	78.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	159	94	111	68	41.5	56.38	59.4	77.94	...	3.8.0	...	...	...	...	
...	...	14	11	12	8	57.1	63.63	66.6	87.5	24	300	...	72	...	24	
...	...	18	4	7	4	11.1	75	28.6	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	220	188	131	127	36	52.6	60.3	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	77	46	23	13	5.1	10.87	15.3	38.46	36	...	36	...	100	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	12	3	11	1	41.7	33.33	45.5	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	144	85	74	63	29.9	48.23	58.1	65.08	380	167½	26	105	6.8	62.87	
...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1034	724	625	492	33.3	43.09	55	63.4	857	1,269	2,135	862	...	67.7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	281	293	143	165	18.1	29.7	35.6	52.72	15,044	20,963	507	1,251	3.4	5.9	
...	...	2	10	2	...	50	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	25	10	9	7	28.0	57.14	100	57.1	392	433	1	9	As. 2	2.078	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	482	232	188	110	18.6	2068	473	43.63	5,672	3,602	564	291	9.9	7.8	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	111	74	63	48	11.5	32.43	55.5	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	912	767	534	502	34.6	37.81	59.1	57.76	51,671	66,259	10200	22,981	19.7	34.6	
...	...	29	25	27	16	72.8	40	77.7	62.5	2,122	...	256	...	11.1	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	...	100	...	
...	...	1842	1412	965	848	28.4	32.86	54.1	54.8	74,916	91,347	11543	24,532	15.5	26.7	

II. D.—(B.)

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number of persons arrested.		
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	
			4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	2	3							
Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.									
38334	...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	5	5	80	100	6	5	
39341 to 344	...	Wrongful restraint and confinement	96	97	42.7	46.4	223	256	
40336, 337	...	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	3	2	66.66	100	5	3	
41374	...	Compulsory labor	1						
Total.....			105	104	44.76	50	234	264	
Class V.—Minor Offences against property.									
42453, 456...	...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	99	92	34.34	29.34	135	61	
43379 to 382	...	Theft { Of cattle	2045	1772	57.5	64.67	3386	2913	
	...	{ Ordinary							
44406 to 409	...	Criminal breach of trust	59	43	22.03	46.51	92	65	
45411, 414	...	Receiving stolen property	56	46	41.07	60.87	109	78	
46447, 448	...	Criminal or house-trespass	192	95	51.04	47.35	426	168	
47461, 462	...	Breaking close receptacle	22	8	18.18	50	44	21	
Total.....			2473	2056	54.5	61.33	4192	3306	
Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.									
48311, 400, 401	...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves							
49Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	...	Vagrancy and bad character	79	37	97.46	91.9	130	85	
50295 to 297,	...	Offences against religion	1	6		33.33	4	5	
51	...	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	4	5	100	100	23	30	
52	Cognizable offences under the	" Excise Laws	1		100		1		
53	" Acts in force	" Railway Laws	1	2	100	100	1	4	
54	" in the Province	" Salt and Custom Laws, Section 323		21		42.86		51	
55		" Stage Carriage Act do 511						4	
56		" Stamp Act		6		100		23	
57269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or Local laws	...	Public and local nuisances,...	967	857	94	93.23	1471	1326	
58	...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	80	91	95	92.3	172	140	
Total			1133	1025	94.26	91.9	1832	1668	
Grand Total.....			5203	4351	57.31	62.9	9510	7647	

(Concluded.)

and percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.												Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.		Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount.				Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.			
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874		
9 a		9 b		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
...	...	6	5	6	5	83.3	100	83.3	100	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	223	256	145	199	36.3	41.4	55.8	53.26	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	5	3	5	2	100	66.66	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	234	264	156	206	38.5	42.3	57.0	54.85	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	135	61	75	51	31.1	50.82	56.0	60.8	897	186	19	...	2.1	...		
8	...	3394	2913	2316	2040	48.2	52.9	70.5	75.58	30,784	33,223	12,360	10,769	40.1	32.4		
...	...	92	65	61	44	16.7	46.15	27.9	68.18	2,346	844	83	108	3.5	12.8		
...	...	109	78	61	59	34.9	44.81	62.3	59.32	2,517	977	602	721	23.9	73.7		
...	...	426	168	297	127	38.0	38.69	54.5	51.18	313	20	77	17	14.9	85		
2	...	46	21	22	5	21.3	19.05	50.0	80	2,047	...	35	...	1.7	...		
10	...	4202	3306	2832	2326	45.3	51.63	67.2	73.38	38,904	25,250	13,176	1615	33.9	32.9		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	160	85	157	83	92.5	77.64	94.3	79.51	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	4	5	1	5	...	40	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	23	30	23	30	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	1	4	1	4	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	51	...	31	...	41.17	...	67.74	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	4	...	2	...	25	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	23	...	23	...	95.65	...	95.65	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
1	...	1472	1326	1389	1246	91.6	93.28	97.1	99.27	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	172	140	170	135	90.3	88.57	92.4	91.8	...	...	...	...	...	...		
1	...	1833	1688	1742	1559	91.6	90.3	96.4	96.66	...	...	...	...	...	...		
11	...	9521	7647	6636	5657	50	55.42	71.7	74.9	114700	127866	26,855	37,009	23.3	28.9		

II. D.--(C.) Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal Purposes, and other Professional Crimes in the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.			PERSONS.			COMPARATIVE RETURN.											REMARKS.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		18
Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial including the No. pending last year.	Convicted.	Acquitted, released, &c.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	No. of persons arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.				
											1872 1873 1874 1872 1873 1874 1872 1873 1874				1874 1873 1874	1872 1873 1874			
Thuggee { By strangulation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on land ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on water...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(a) with murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(b) without murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other professional crimes, viz—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kidnaping	1	16	5	12	...	...	46	46	5	34	7	...	77	46	...	36	...	36	
Cattle theft	9	113	84	38	...	...	170	173	108	65	...	244	170	...	1,578	...	968	1481	

II. D.—(D.) Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure, in the Province of Mysore for the year 1874.

District.	PART I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property.															PART II. Additional Police quartered as a Punitive Measure.							
	Names of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular force.	Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under columns 9 and 10.	Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.	Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	22	23			
				Officers.	Men.		Stolen.	Recovered.			Officers.	Men.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Hasan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Bengalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Tumkur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
																		498	0	0	6 months	...	...
																		...	...	...	...	...	

II. D.—(E.) Statement shewing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment of Police in the Province of Mysore for the year 1874.

District.	Sanctioned strength of Police Force.								Cost of Police.								Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Cols. 11 to 17.								
	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of controlling Officers (Column 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.				Total pay of District and Assistant Superintendents (Column 3). (2)		Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.			Pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments. (3)		Other Expenses of Column 3.	(4) Total Pay of Subordinate Officers, (Columns 4 and 5).	Total Pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7, and 8.)	Horse and travelling allowances permanent or otherwise not included in Cols. 11, 13, and 14.	Average Pay of —	
	Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100. (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20									
Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20						
Mysore Town Police.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	177	...	...	...	...	3,984	18,654	243	...	...	466						
Do. District do.	...	...	...	85	...	515	...	8	50	...	...	...	...	17,554	40,792	1,047	...	...	857						
Hassan	...	...	...	59	...	398	...	1	12	...	...	...	...	11,080	25,265	574	...	...	...						
Bangalore Town and Cantonment Police	...	...	...	62	...	230	...	24	135	...	7,258	2,586	2,586	15,324	28,412	1,195	...	...	9,062						
Do. District do.	...	...	4	125	...	494	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,015	40,632	5,444	...	...	3,525						
Kolar	...	...	1	59	...	408	...	1	17	...	...	...	...	4,221	38,051	...	...	...	156						
Tumkur	...	...	...	60	...	430	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,813	24,218	1,104	...	...	2,142						
Shimoga	...	...	...	58	...	408	...	1	33	...	...	...	...	4,886	35,366	619	...	...	57						
Kadur	...	...	...	39	...	260	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	3,030	24,555	2,036	...	...	432						
Chitaldroog	...	...	2	38	...	280	...	1	12	...	...	...	...	16,206	16,233	1,779	...	...	187						
Total...	...	1	7	585	...	3,423	...	65	451	...	7,258	2,586	2,586	89,083	290,178	14,041	...	...	16,884						

II. D.—(E.) (Concluded.)

District.	Cost of Police. (Concluded.)				Distribution of Force.										Population of whole District.					Proportion of Police (Officers and Men.)									
	Total Cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other Sources.		In District.										Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	To Area. (6)					To Population. (7)							
					Guards at Dis- trict, Central, or Subsidary Jails.					Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as escort to Prisoners and Treasuries.							On other Duties.					On Town Municipal or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	32	33	34	35	36	37
					Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns.			Of Towns. (5)	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns.	Of Towns. (5)									
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns.	Of Towns. (5)	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns.	Of Towns. (5)	To Area. (6)	To Population. (7)				
Mysore Town Police.	21,327	...	21,327	...	...	...	...	...	...	205	...	4	57,815	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Do District do	60,230	55,327	4,903	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	4,760	780,071	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Hassan do	36,919	36,019	900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,291	668,417	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Bangalore Town and Cantonment Police	63,837	32,280	31,557	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	248	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Do District do	69,616	69,616	...	1	4	3	22	109	454	...	...	2,914	828,354	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Kolar	42,428	42,428	...	...	...	...	...	59	408	18	...	2,577	618,954	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Tumkur	30,277	30,277	...	...	...	...	...	60	398	...	...	3,006	682,239	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Shimoga	40,938	37,908	3,030	...	...	...	...	58	345	34	...	3,797	486,976	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Kadur	30,053	29,777	276	...	...	...	...	38	241	15	...	2,294	333,925	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Chitaldroog	84,405	34,405	...	...	...	...	...	37	227	13	...	4,471	531,360	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Total...	430,030	367,937	61,993	1	4	21	263	496	2,941	448	248	27,714	4,950,111	6.26	...	1,118	1,073	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				

II. D.—(F.) Return shewing equipment, discipline, and general internal management of the Force in the Province of Mysore for the year 1874.

DISTRICT.	PUNISHMENTS.										Reward.		Education.		Of one year's service and under ten years.		Of ten years' service and upwards.		Number who have left the Force during the year.						Percentage in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.		Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
	Total sanctioned strength.		Arms and accoutrements of the Force.		Punished Judicially by a Magistrate.										Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write, and during the year.		Number enlisted during the year.		Of one year's service and under ten years.		Of ten years' service and upwards.		Number who have left the Force during the year.						Percentage in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.		Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
					Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended by their own department.		Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, IX of Penal Code.		Under Chapter 345, Penal Code.												Other offences.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (columns VII and VIII).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.		Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
Mysore Town	29	177	...	...	198	...	9	4	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...</

II. D.—(G.) Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police of the Province of Mysore for the year 1874.

DISTRICT.	RACE.					RELIGION OR CASTE.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
	Europeans.		Eurasians.		Natives.	Officers.					Men.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	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Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.

II. E. MILITARY.

II. E.—1. *Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year 1874—75.*

ARM OF SERVICE.	Total Number of Fighting Officers and Men.										Detail of Force at end of the year.					Average Annual Pay and Allowance of each—					Total Cost, including Contingencies.	
	Remaining at end of last year.	Recruited this year.	In Action.	Otherwise.	Total.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at end of year.	No. of Regiments, Battalions, or Batteries.	No. of Guns.	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Paid Camp Followers and Non-Combatants.	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Camp Followers.		
EUROPEAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
NATIVE.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	3,668	231	..	21	21	...	231	3,637	7	..	106	380	3,151	166	...	...	...	...	...	...	568,160	
Cavalry	1,321	61	...	8	8	...	92	1,282	3	...	31	128	1,123	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	804,700	
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
Infantry	2,337	170	...	13	13	...	139	2,355	4	...	75	252	2,028	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	
Total.....	872,960	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	872,960

II. E.—2. *Statement shewing Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year 1874-75.*

ARM OF SERVICE.	Employment on last day of the year.						Employment during the year.							
	Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on Active Service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of Out-Posts occupied.	Average Number of men at Headquarters of each Regiment, Battery, &c., not on Active Service.		Average Number of men of each Regiment, &c., detailed for Out-post Duty.		Average Number of Days spent by each man on Active Service.	Average Number of Days spent by each man not on Active Service.			No. of Divisional or Station Parades during the year.	No. of Regimental Parades during the year.	Average Number of Days devoted to Musketry Instruction, &c.
				On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.		On Duty.	With Corps or Company not on Duty.	On Furlough.			
								On Duty.				Off Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	With Corps or Company not on Duty.	On Furlough.
Cavalry	..	8	31	56	162	77	130	..	133	225	7	288	..	180
Infantry	..	8	77	275	137	170	..	..	260	50	23	48	..	180

II. E.—3. Statement shewing Religion, Races and Classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore on the last day of the year.

CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO RELIGION, RACE, &c.		Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Race and Caste.
ACCORDING TO RELIGION.	Muhammadans...	29.95	5' 4"	...	
	Hindus ...	31.67	5' 5"	...	
	Seikhs ...	33.78	...	...	
	Christians ...	22.97	5' 4"	...	
	Parsis, &c. ...	...	...	...	
	&c. ...	...	...	...	
ACCORDING TO COUNTRIES AND RACES.	Hindustanis ...	27.50	5' 4"	...	
	Panjabis ...	33.78	5' 7"	...	
	Affghans ...	...	...	...	
	Beluchis ...	...	...	...	
	From Western Himalayas ...	...	...	...	
	From Eastern Himalayas ...	...	...	...	
	Bengalis ...	...	...	...	
	From Mahratta Countries ...	31.6	5' 7"	...	
	Telingas ...	36.47	5' 4"	...	
	Kanarese ...	30.45	5' 4"	...	
HINDUS ACCORDING TO CASTE.	Tamils ...	22.94	5' 4"	...	
	Malabars ...	...	...	...	
	Brahmans ...	32.44	5' 4"	...	
	Rajputs ...	30.87	5' 4"	...	
	Mahrattas ...	31.18	5' 7"	...	
	Rache ...	31.25	5' 6"	...	
	Kunabis ...	31.08	5' 5"	...	
	Telingas or Naidus ...	36.47	5' 4"	...	
General Average...		30.88	...	...	

III. STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A. FINANCE.

III. A.—1. Account of the Gross and Net Revenues of the Province of Mysore for the year 1874—75.

SOURCES OF INCOME.	Gross Receipts.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges against Income.				Total.	Net Receipts.	Deficit.
			Charges of Collection and Opium and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.	Allowances and Assignments payable under Treaties and other Engagements.	Allowances to District and Village Officers and Grants (None brought into books.)				
Land Revenue including Sayer	90,77,390 15 31	686 13 10	8,19,736 14 10	25,66,561 15 1	...	...	33,85,998 13 11	56,90,705 3 5	
Forest	3,83,124 7 0	46 3 0	2,36,675 14 7	...	...	...	2,36,675 14 7	1,46,462 5 5	
Excise on spirit and drugs	11,44,418 0 1	3 0 0	19,812 2 7	...	...	...	19,812 2 7	11,24,632 13 6	
Tributes and contributions from Native States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	106,04,963 6 4	736 0 10	10,76,225 0 0	25,66,261 15 1	...	...	36,42,486 15 1	69,61,740 6 4	
Assessed Taxes	4,03,225 15 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,03,225 15 6	
Salt { Duty on imported Excise Duty Government Sales	16,365 8 8	...	242 0 0	...	...	...	242 0 0	16,123 8 8	
Opium { Export Duty Government Sales	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Stamps	2,02,487 6 4	2,271 12 1	7,984 13 9	...	...	...	7,984 13 9	1,92,230 12 5	
Post Office	49,757 9 4	...	1,52,791 0 10	...	...	...	1,52,791 0 10	...	
Electric Telegraph	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Mint	3,566 12 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Law and { Refunds	3,900 8 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,566 12 6	
Justice. { Real Fines, &c.	4,28,828 12 7	16,189 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	3,900 8 6	
								4,12,338 13 8	
								1,03,033 7 6	

III. A.—1. (Concluded.)

SOURCES OF INCOME.	Gross Receipts.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges against Income.				Total.	Net Receipts.	Deficit.
			Charges of Collection and Cost of Sale and Optum and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.	Allowances and Assignments payable under Treaties and other engagements.	Allowances to District and Village Officers and Grants (None brought into books.)				
Police { Refunds ... { Real ...	1,388 9 11 859 12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,388 9 11 859 12 3	
Education ...	27,926 3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	27,926 3 4	
Interest ...	30,008 2 11½	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,008 2 11½	
Public Works { Refunds ... { Sales ... { Real ...	33,495 14 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	33,495 14 3	
Marine. { Refunds ... { Real ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Military Refunds, &c. ...	3,352 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,352 7 0	
Miscellaneous ...	1,24,055 8 7	4,621 4 6	...	...	...	...	...	1,19,434 4 1	
Total.....	13,28,919 3 9½	23,082 15 6	1,61,017 14 7½	...	...	...	1,61,017 14 7½	12,47,851 13 2	1,03,083 7 6
Total Revenue...	119,33,882 10 2	23,819 0 4	12,37,242 14 8½	25,66,261 15 1	...	...	38,03,504 13 9½	82,08,592 3 6½	
Local Funds.									
Municipal Funds ...	1,83,379 7 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,83,379 7 9	
District Funds ...	3,18,569 4 6½	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,18,569 4 6½	
One Anna Cess for Local purposes	1,20,338 7 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,20,338 7 6	
One Anna Tank Fund	58,388 8 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	58,388 8 7	
District Irrigation Fund	1,93,978 9 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,93,978 9 7	
Miscellaneous Local Cesses	2,83,197 1 0½	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,83,197 1 0½	
Local Fund General	49,823 2 6½	...	...	...	...	...	...	49,823 2 6½	
Miscellaneous Funds	2,56,529 9 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,56,529 9 10	
Total.....	14,64,204 3 4½	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,64,204 3 4½	
Gross Total...	133,98,086 13 6½	23,819 0 4	12,37,242 14 8½	25,66,261 15 1	...	...	38,03,504 13 9½	96,73,796 6 11½	

III. A.—2. Account of Expenditure from the Net Income of the Province of Mysore for the year 1874—75.

SUBJECT OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount.			
	Last year, 1873—74.	Present year, 1874—75.		
Interest of the Mysore Government Savings' Bank, &c. ...	2,428	5	1	95
Civil and Political Establishments included under Administration, Inam Commission and Revenue Survey ...	14,82,515	6	7	14,55,121
Civil Contingencies ...	7,278	7	4	10,889
Minor Departments ...	8,238	10	5	24,728
Judicial charges. { Courts, &c. ...	8,86,567	3	6½	9,35,901
Police charges. { Prisons ...	1,26,537	5	4	1,26,396
Military ...	4,13,153	2	6	4,15,618
Marine ...	11,26,583	11	5	8,69,848
Mint ...	...	...	...	...
Deficit.—Post Office ...	1,06,138	13	1	1,03,033
Superannuation and retired allowances, &c. religious and charitable grants ...	1,83,340	2	7½	2,30,897
Agricultural { New ...	1,84,081	0	0	3,08,129
Repairs ...	1,59,584	0	0	1,23,997
Military... { New ...	15,100	0	0	7,878
Repairs ...	3,652	0	0	7,241
Civil Buildings { New ...	1,34,303	0	0	1,02,817
Repairs ...	15,364	0	0	23,414
Communications { New ...	2,07,655	0	0	2,48,983
Repairs ...	2,67,911	0	0	2,81,225
Miscellaneous Public Improvements { New ...	3,656	0	0	33,807
Repairs ...	4,91,270	3	2	980
Establishments, &c. ...	...	...	...	4,98,752
	14,82,556	3	2	16,35,223
				11
				2

III. A.—2. (Concluded.)

SUBJECT OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount.					
	Last year, 1873—74.			Present year, 1874—75.		
Education	235,631	3	11	206,009	8	2
Muzayyi or religious and charitable Institutions	283,465	12	8	293,265	2	1
Medical services	1,34,878	14	2	1,45,374	12	9
Stationery and Printing	61,880	3	2	87,807	7	2
Miscellaneous	84,247	7	5	1,01,267	14	5
Total Provincial.....	66,49,461	0	5	66,39,771	7	2½
Surplus (Provincial).....	6,85,109	7	2½	15,69,820	12	4½
<i>Local Funds.</i>						
Municipal Expenditure	1,52,356	10	11	1,82,272	14	1
District Roads and Bridges from District Funds	2,70,887	3	3	3,24,114	10	2
{ Transferred to Education	22,899	4	1	30,656	6	11
Do to District Fund	72,514	5	5	95,167	12	2
One Anna Cess for Local purposes	...	...	...	1,910	15	3
Do to Local Fund Genl.	...	...	...	5	6	0
Do to Refunds	...	...	...	193,981	9	4
One Anna Tank Fund...	2,73,419	11	9½	2,75,627	2	11½
Miscellaneous Local Cess	64,886	7	4	19,889	10	1
Local Fund General	...	...	...	1,89,941	15	10½
Miscellaneous Funds	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Local Funds.....	8,56,953	10	9½	13,13,568	6	10
Grand Total.....	75,06,414	11	2½	79,53,339	14	0½
Local Fund Surplus.....	92,849	9	6½	1,50,635	12	6½
Total Surplus.....	7,77,959	0	9	17,20,456	8	11

III. A.—3. *Account of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasuries of the Province of Mysore in the year 1874—75.*

RECEIPTS.	Amount.	DISBURSEMENTS.	Amount.
Treasury Cash Balance of last year	54,88,351 7 5½	Expenditure as per Statement No. 2	66,39,771 7 2½
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1	82,09,592 3 6½	Loans and Interest	5,396 8 0
Receipts on account of Loans... ..	7,480 3 10	Mysore Invested Surplus Account	2,50,715 8 8
Do of Service Funds... ..	...	Miscellaneous Local Funds, vide Statement No. 2.	13,13,568 6 10
Mysore Invested Surplus Account	2,16,416 14 1	Advances	30,34,986 13 2½
Miscellaneous Local Funds, vide Statement No. I.	14,64,204 3 4½	Repayment of Deposits	9,92,293 1 7
Repayment of Advances	29,98,560 11 1	Bills paid	12,78,269 6 4
Deposits	11,90,509 14 2½	Balance of Remittances	8,44,691 2 2½
Prize Money	...	Public Works Department Debt Heads	5,29,385 1 5
Sale of Waste Land	...		
Bills drawn	12,82,330 7 11		
Public Works Department Debt Heads	4,68,118 4 4		
Total.....	2,13,25,564 5 10½	Total.....	1,48,89,077 7 5½
Disbursements.....	1,48,89,077 7 5½		
Treasury & Public Works Cash Balances at end of year	64,36,486 14 5		

III. D.—AGRICULTURE.

III. D.—1. Crops cultivated in Acres, actual or approximate, 1874—75.

No.	Districts.	Rice.	Wheat.	Other Food Grains.	Oil Seeds.	Sugar-cane.	Cotton.	Opium.	Indigo.	Fibres.	Tobacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Vegetables.	Cocoanut and Areca nut.	Mulberry.	Lac.	Pepper.	Total.
1	Bangalore ...	44,057	71	458,558	28,881	1,858	...	118	...	20	802	...	...	4,837	8,235	5,338	171	...	553,146
2	Kolar ...	54,412	182	376,233	17,980	9,804	55	188	...	114	800	...	99	4,104	791	983	...	...	485,525
3	Tumkur ...	49,808	482	554,404	13,247	384	824	...	...	...	2,642	...	...	7,965	18,922	1,668	200	...	650,546
4	Mysore ...	59,891	6,975	570,306	39,710	239	1,072	...	...	...	2,401	...	...	19,356	...	8,955	...	...	708,905
5	Hassan ...	64,783	389	288,017	21,177	6,573	41	...	...	357	7,953	...	52,908	13,869	...	42	...	...	456,207
6	Shimoga ...	161,000	60	910,000	6,600	3,500	1,600	...	...	1,560	155	...	3,506	3,000	33,200	...	...	6,633	11,30,814
7	Kadur ...	43,455	2,600	72,130	3,100	475	300	5	3	900	7,000	2	54,828	15	8,820	...	...	...	193,483
8	Chitaldroog...	44,561	4,964	824,533	68,611	1,782	32,313	...	...	585	799	...	...	754	93,386	...	...	...	1,072,788
Total.....		521,967	15,723	4,054,181	199,286	24,415	36,705	311	3	3,536	22,652	2	1,11,139	54,100	163,354	11,986	971	6,633	52,26,364

III. D. —2. *Statement of Stock.*

Districts.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Carts.	Ploughs.	Boats.	Total.
Bangalore ...	4,23,123	1,232	3,200	11,801	2,76,177	2,220	16,574	77,932	5	8,12,264
Kolar ...	3,09,781	1,029	2,451	9,556	3,40,927	2,258	30,152	67,996	...	7,64,150
Tumkūr ...	2,94,667	285	3,850	5,662	3,47,734	8,335	5,739	92,639	...	7,58,911
Mysore ...	4,38,636	633	2,645	6,035	3,87,563	3,178	8,321	1,01,304	15	9,48,530
Hassan ...	4,22,321	144	2,948	4,439	2,91,175	11,319	3,784	94,470	33	8,30,633
Shimoga ...	3,87,820	887	1,846	1,649	43,836	3,478	12,324	72,494	61	5,24,395
Kadur ...	2,79,176	542	1,111	2,278	91,644	5,730	5,065	45,700	16	4,31,262
Chitaldroog ...	3,66,238	2,913	...	5,874	4,05,538	3,225	7,697	73,352	4	8,64,841
Total.....	29,21,962	7,665	18,051	47,344	21,84,594	39,743	89,656	6,25,887	134	59,35,036

III. D.—3. Statement shewing the Rates of Rent and Produce for the year 1874—75.

Districts.	Average Rent per Acre, for land suited for—											Average Produce of land per Acre in lbs.													
	Rice.	Wheat.	Inferior grains.	Indigo.	Cotton.	Opium.	Oil seeds.	Fibres.	Sugar-cane.	Tobacco.		Rice.	Wheat.	Inferior grains.	Indigo.	Cotton.	Opium.	Oil seeds.	Fibres.	Sugar-cane.	Tobacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Silk.	
Bangalore ...	7 8 0	6 14 0	1 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 6 0	1 7 0	0 15	8 13 4	0 6 5	0 1 771	1 680	6 12	...	...	20	520	120	1 052	199	...	...	...	...	87
Kolar ...	6 0 0	6 0 0	1 8 0	0 0 0	1 8 0	0 0 1	8 0	...	12 0 0	0 6 0	0 840	840	504	...	72	16	700	...	1 440	445	42	700	...	...	
Tumkár ...	6 14 10	7 2 3	1 9 9	0 0 0	1 3 0	...	0 15 0	0 14 9	9 8 5	2 4 9	695	538	677	...	126	...	628	96	...	122	...	...	...	...	
Mysore ...	4 10 0	2 10 9	2 10 9	0 0 0	2 10 9	...	2 10 9	2 10 9	4 10 9	2 10 9	1 394	574	820	...	984	...	820	...	1 125	840	...	...	...	...	
Hassan ...	6 1 11	4 10 6	4 1 0	0 0 4	2 10 ...	...	4 1 2	3 10 0	5 12 0	3 15 6	1 582	804	628	...	400	...	666	193	1 237	270	...	267	...	...	
Shimoga ...	1 0 0	3 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 1	0 0 0	...	0 4 0	0 8 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	342	40	342	...	60	...	100	100	360	80	...	140	...	...	
Kadur ...	6 4 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	8 0 0	1 10 0	1 8 0	10 8 0	3 4 0	800	60	40	...	100	3	160	300	1 400	500	...	225	...	...	
Chitaldroog ...	3 2 0	2 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 0	...	0 9 0	1 12 0	0 0 3	1 0	670	490	474	...	249	...	82	203	50	90	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	41 8	93 15	6 15	2 7	2 8	0 14	0 724	0 11 11	15 25 11	2 29 9	0 8 094	5 026	4 097	...	1 991	39	3 676	1 012	6 664	2 546	42	1 332	67	...	
Average...	5 3 1	4 8 0	2 2 8	2 8 0	2 0 1	8 0 0	1 10 1	1 11 4	8 3 11	3 11 1	1 1 011	628	5 12	...	284	13	459	168	952	318	42	333	67	...	

IV. STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.
A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of Religious Institutions of various Denominations in the Province of Mysore for the year 1874—75.

PROFESSION.	Number of Churches or Institutions.	Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of Persons attending Worship.	INCOME.			Explanatory Remarks.	
				Paid by Government.	From endowed Property.			
					In land.	In money.		
Christian.	77	1 Bishop and 24 Priests	25,075	300	93	...	51 Chapels and 26 Schools.	
	6	6	2,113	31,872	...	...		
	1	1	400	9,600	...	...		
	10	12	1,360	...	...	...		
	2	3	381	...	...	8,799		
	1	1	65	...	...	493		
	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Hindu ...	23,118	16,582	783,525	225,648	47,031	61,662	25,920	Income principally derived from the London Missionary Society in England.
	615	407	29,448	15,355	565	337	933	
Muhammadian.	6	5	516	237	20	25	1	
Sikh ...	16	16	5,420	14	175	8	200	
Buddhist or Jain ...	134	169	21,077	4,010	546	1,252	2,105	
Total.....	23,986	17,227	869,380	287,036	48,430	63,284	38,451	

IV. B.—EDUCATION.

IV. B.—1. Result of the Examinations of the University of Madras for the official year beginning 1st April 1874 ending 31st March 1875.

NATURE OF EXAMINATION.	No. of Institutions sending up Candidates.			Number of Candidates sent up.				Number of Candidates passed.				Religious or national classification of passed Candidates.					REMARKS.	
	Government Institutions.	Private Institutions.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Christians.	Hindus.	Mohammedans.	Natives of India.			
															Coorgs.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Entrance or Matriculation	7	6	13	69	73	28	170	21	23	1	45	2	38	..	..	..	5	
{ First Arts ..	2	1	3	24	3	3	30	14	2	2	18	1	13	..	2	..	2	
{ Bachelor of Arts ..	1	...	1	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	1	..	..	..	...	
{ Master of Arts ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Licentiate of Law	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	..	..	..	...	
{ Bachelor of Law ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ Doctor of Law ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
First L. M. S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ L. M. S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ First B. M.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ B. M.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ M. D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
First L. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ L. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ B. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ M. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	10	8	18	96	77	81	204	36	26	2	65	8	53	...	2	...	7	

IV. B.—2. *Return of Colleges and Schools and the Scholars attending*

CLASS OF INSTITUTIONS.	GOVERNMENT				
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—	
				English.	Vernacular only.
1	2	3	4	5	6
COLLEGES OR DEPARTMENTS OF COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY IN—					
Arts					
Law					
Medicine					
Engineering					
COLLEGES NOT AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY—					
Madrasas					
Medical Schools (Vernacular)					
NORMAL SCHOOLS—					
For Masters	8	87	84	...	87
For Mistresses	...	...	...	...	...
SCHOOLS OF ARTS	2	12	12	12	...
OTHER TECHNICAL SCHOOLS	5	767	767	26	741
SCHOOLS FOR BOYS—					
Higher Schools (English)	8	1,704	1,414	1,704	1,704
Middle Schools teaching English through	5	218	173	218	218
Vernacular only.	38	2,925	2,256	...	2,925
Lower or Primary Schools	629	17,828	13,079	...	17,828
SCHOOLS FOR GIRLS—					
For Natives of India	9	337	238	...	337
For Europeans and others	...	...	...	...	...
MIXED SCHOOLS (BOYS AND GIRLS.)	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	699	23,878	18,023	1,960	23,840

them, for the official year beginning 1st April 1874 ending 31st March 1875.

INSTITUTIONS.						AIDED INSTITUTIONS.				
Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.						Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—	
Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.			Others.				English.	Vernacular only.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
...	74	13			...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...
5	7	...			...	...	...	...	...	...
...	698	31			38	...	...	...	...	...
91	1,549	64			...	6	1,179	897	*1,179	1,011
5	203	10			...	6	490	348	448	428
...	2,575	326			24	25	1,685	1,334	114	1,685
...	16,237	1,495			96	37	1,841	1,420	158	1,748
...	334	3			...	24	1,754	1,380	63	1,749
...	...	...			...	5	446	414	356	90
...	...	...			...	5	235	216	239	...
101	21,677	1,942			153	108	7,634	6,009	2,557	6,711

CLASS OF INSTITUTIONS.	AIDED INSTITUTIONS. (Contd.)						UNAIDED INSTITU-		
	Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.						Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.
	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhamma- dans.			Others.			
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
COLLEGES OR DEPARTMENTS OF COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY IN—									
Arts... ..	...	...	...						
Law... ..	...	...	...						
Medicine... ..	...	...	...						
Engineering... ..	...	...	...						
COLLEGES NOT AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY—									
Madrasas... ..	...	...	...						
Medical Schools (Vernacular)... ..	...	...	...						
NORMAL SCHOOLS—									
For Masters... ..	...	...	...			...	...	...	...
For Mistresses... ..	...	...	...			...	...	...	...
SCHOOLS OF ARTS... ..	...	...	...			...	1	30	30
OTHER TECHNICAL SCHOOLS... ..	...	...	...			...	...	...	...
SCHOOLS FOR BOYS—									
Higher Schools (English)... ..	407	752	20			...	...	...	...
Middle Schools tea- ching through { English	141	336	13			...	...	...	...
{ Vernacular only	9	1,139	537			...	...	...	...
Lower or Primary Schools... ..	206	957	678			...	1,327	18,139	16,840
SCHOOLS FOR GIRLS—									
For Natives of India... ..	208	1,398	148			...	8	238	186
For Europeans and others... ..	446	...	...			...	...	...	...
MIXED SCHOOLS (BOYS AND GIRLS)... ..	235	4	...			...	...	...	...
Total.....	1,652	4,586	1,396			...	1,336	18,407	17,056

(Concluded.)

INSTITUTIONS UNDER INSPECTION.								Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March.	GRAND TOTAL OF—					
Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—		Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.								Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.			Others.
English.	Vernacular only.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.			Others.								
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
...	...	...	...	...			...	3	87	...	74	13	...	...	...
...	30	...	30	...			...	3	42	5	37	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...			...	5	767	...	698	31	...	...	38
...	...	...	...	...			...	14	2,883	498	2,301	84	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...			...	11	708	146	539	23	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...			...	63	4,610	9	3,714	863	...	...	24
17	18,122	...	18,139	...			...	1,993	37,808	206	35,333	2,173	...	...	96
21	217	...	238	...			...	41	2,320	208	1,970	151	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...			...	5	446	446	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...			...	5	239	235	4	...	...	...	...
38	18,369	...	18,407	...			...	2,143	49,910	1,753	44,670	3,338	...	...	158

IV. B.—3. Receipts and Expenditure of Educational Establishments in

Nature of Establishment.						Grants from Provincial Revenues.	Local Rate or Cesses
1						2	3
UNIVERSITY	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
DIRECTION	...	...	...	...	...	14,973	...
INSPECTION	...	...	...	...	...	19,465	7,504
COLLEGES OR DEPTS. OF COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY—							
Art	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Aided	...	...	...	...
Law	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
COLLEGES OR DEPARTMENTS OF COLLEGES NOT AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY—							
Madrassas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools (Vernacular)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
NORMAL SCHOOLS—							
For Masters	...	...	Government	...	...	1,134	4,987
			Aided	...	...	...	...
For Mistresses	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Aided	...	...	...	...
SCHOOLS OF ART—							
Other Technical Schools	...	...	Government	...	...	506	...
			Aided	...	...	...	...
SCHOOLS FOR BOYS—							
Higher Class, English	...	...	Government	...	...	45,908	...
			Aided	...	...	12,160	28
Middle Class, English	...	...	Government	...	...	6,303	...
			Aided	...	...	3,540	14
Middle Class, Vernacular	...	...	Government	...	...	16,215	...
			Aided	...	...	6,250	144
Lower Class and Primary	...	...	Government	...	...	19,356	52,820
			Aided	...	...	5,352	...
SCHOOLS FOR GIRLS—							
For Natives of India	...	...	Government	...	...	2,917	...
			Aided	...	...	8,400	...
For Europeans and others	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Aided	...	...	5,120	...
Mixed Schools (boys and girls)	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Aided	...	...	2,820	...
SCHOLARSHIPS—							
In Colleges	...	...	Government	...	...	...	...
			Endowed	...	...	...	...
In Schools	...	...	Government	...	...	1,473	...
			Endowed	...	...	...	...
BUILDINGS	...	...	...	...	...	5,403	...
MISCELLANEOUS	...	...	...	...	...	15,921	7,535
Total.....						1,93,216	73,032

the Province of Mysore for the year ending 31st March 1875.

Received.							Expended.
Endow-ments.	Subscrip-tions.	Municipal Grants.	From Reve-nues of Native States.	Fees and Fines.	Funds not included in foregoing heads.	Total.	Total.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	14,973	14,973
...	...	...	...	...	...	26,969	26,969
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	6,121	6,121
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	100	...	606	506
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	10,605	...	56,513	45,908
67	4,296	...	...	10,382	14,299	41,231	41,539
...	...	...	...	502	...	6,805	6,303
13	881	...	273	1,579	3,902	10,502	10,579
...	...	...	...	1,849	...	18,094	16,215
509	6,023	...	...	1,170	1,530	15,626	16,710
...	...	...	...	1,546	...	73,722	72,176
...	4,415	...	...	876	565	11,208	11,478
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	10,092	...	...	10	...	2,927	2,917
...	...	...	...	430	4,065	22,689	22,932
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	752	...	...	6,754	276	12,902	15,572
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2,619	...	...	1,537	1,552	8,529	8,411
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,473	1,473
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2,189	...	...	...	...	7,592	7,592
...	...	...	...	...	...	23,456	23,456
589	31,267	...	273	37,640	26,189	3,61,938	3,51,830

IV. B.—4. Distribution of Government Colleges and Schools, and of all Schools and Colleges aided and inspected by Government, in the several Districts under the Government of Mysore and in the States subject to administrative supervision for the year 1874-75.

Names of Districts and Native States.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Vernaculars spoken.	Area in square miles.	Estimates of Population.	Number of Schools.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on the 31st March 1874.	Average Number of Square Miles to each School.	Percentage of Scholars to Population.	REMARKS.
Bangalore	...	Tamil, Telugu	2,914	828,354	440	14,985	6.61	1.80	
Kolar	...	Telugu	2,577	618,954	233	5,547	11.06	0.89	
Tumkur	...		3,606	632,239	335	6,221	10.76	0.98	
Mysore	...		4,127	943,187	275	6,513	15.00	0.69	
Hasan	...		3,291	668,417	243	4,379	13.54	0.65	
Shimoga	...	Mahrattā	3,797	498,976	146	3,465	26.00	0.69	
Kadur	...		2,294	333,925	176	3,027	13.03	0.90	
Chitaldroog	...	Telugu	4,471	531,960	296	5,847	15.10	1.10	
Total.....			27,077	5,055,412	2,144	49,984	12.63	0.98	

IV. C.—SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY SOCIETIES.
IV. C.—1. Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year ending 31st March 1875.

NAME.	Objects.	Income.			Members or Visitors.				Registered or not.	When established.
		From Government.	Endowments.	Subscription.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Juvenile.		
Bangalore Book Society ... Bangalore Literary Union	Literary Mutual improvement of the members by means of lectures, discussions, library, &c. The improvement of the Vernacular literature and encouragement of the education of masses and female education.	...	...	2,388	2,388	66	...	...	66	Not.
Literary and Scientific Institute. Mutual Improvement Society	Moral and Intellectual instruction. Mutual improvement of its members by means of lectures, discussions, essay readings, library, periodicals, &c.	600	...	77 940	77 1,540	53 65	...	...	53 65	1874 1868
Mysore Government Museum Pickwick Club	To illustrate the products and resources of Mysore. To afford the means of improving the mental and moral status of the members of the club by weekly discussions, lectures on topics of social interest and to supply Periodicals, Books, Magazines, Newspapers, &c.	...	...	240	240	35	...	...	35	1867
	Richmond Town Literary Association...	4,032	...	...	4,032	6,432	2,465	...	8,897	1865
	To render facilities for the acquisition of useful knowledge by providing standard works on science, travel, approved novels, Magazines, Periodicals, News-Papers, &c. and by a regular series of lectures on topics of social and general interest.	...	...	405	405	45	...	...	45	1874
St. John's Library	General instruction	...	...	120 216	120 216	50 23	9	...	50 32	1875 1854

IV. C.—2. *Annual Return in the Province*

NAME OF PRESS.	NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS.						PERIODICALS.							
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.		Quarterly.		Yearly.		Occasionally.	
	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages	English.	Other Languages
Mysore Government Press.	...	...	...	...	The Mysore Gazette in English and Kanarese.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Jail Press	...	This Press is entirely employed in printing Forms, Statements, Returns and Reports for Government Offices.												
Albion Press	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore Vrit-tanta Bodhini in English and Kanarese, 500 up to 31st Dec. 1874.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

PRESS.

of Mysore for the year 1874—75.

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN THE YEAR.				
English.		Other Languages.		
Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	REMARKS.
<i>Kanarese.</i>				
Report on the Mysore General Census of 1871 ...	1,200	Act XI of 1874. The Criminal Pro-		
District Fund Budget for 1874-75 ...	80	cedure Code Amendment Act ...	650	
Catalogue of books in the Mysore Government Library ...	25	Padyasara (in part finished) ...	10,000	
Annual Report of the Lock Hospital Committee for 1873 ...	30	Pampa Ramayana (in part) ...	500	
Report on the Coorg General Census of 1871 ...	1,200	Third Book ...	500	
Priced Catalogue of plants and seeds in the Government Gardens...	100	Report regarding parasites which attack		
Mysore Forest Budget Estimates for 1873-74 ...	50	sheep ...	100	
Mysore Registration Report for 1873-74 ...	100			
Coorg Public Works Progress Report for 1873-74 ...	120			
Mysore do do (Roads and Buildings) ...	120			
Popular exposition regarding the Mysore water-supply question				
in English and Kanarese ...	200			
Military Furlough Regulations ...	100			
Money Order Department Report for 1873-74 ...	50			
Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Act XI of 1874...	192			
Mysore Irrigation Progress Report for 1873-74 ...	140			
Mysore Forest Administration Report do ...	420			
Mysore Land Inam Rules ...	100			
Muzrayi Rules ...	100			
Coorg Registration Report for 1873-74 ...	100			
Memo of Instructions to be observed in the inspection of Taluk				
Treasuries ...	200			
Subsidiary Rules for Budget Estimates on account of District Funds.	300			
Coorg Departmental Reports for 1873-74 ...	150			
List of Mysore Palace Pensioners ...	100			
Treatise on Small-Pox in English and Kanarese ...	1,000			
Mysore Educational Report for 1873-74 ...	250			
Col. Mackenzie's Report on the Kaveri Anicut ...	50			
Coorg Public Works Budget for 1875-76 ...	120			
Mysore do do do ...	100			
Coorg Forest Administration Report for 1873-74 ...	420			
Supplement to the Report on the Mysore General Census of 1871...	500			
Mysore Provincial Budget for 1875-76 ...	100			
Report regarding parasites which attack sheep ...	50			
Mysore Annual Departmental Reports for 1873-74 (in part) ...	150			
Mysore Administration Report " " ...	400			
Second Book in English ...	500			
Translation Exercises in English and Kanarese (in part) ...	5,000			
German Hymns in English ...	200	Prodigal Son ...	3,000	
Hymns for prayer Meeting ...	200	Wolf Story ...	3,000	
Hints on confessions, &c. ...	1,000	Garland of Songs ...	2,000	
Wesleyan Mission Report ...	500	What is Hinduism ...	1,000	
Do do Girls' Report ...	500	Errors of Hinduism ...	1,000	
Friend-in-need Society's Report ...	200	The Bible ...	2,000	
U. S. Club Report ...	200	The Godman II ...	1,000	
		Story of the Lamb ...	1,000	
		The Godman III ...	1,000	
		Litigural Service ...	50	
		Strictures on Brahma Samaj ...	1,000	
		First Book in Kanarese ...	6,000	
		Kanarese Land Bills ...	28,000	
		Vagvidhayini ...	10,000	

(Continued.)

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
English.			Other Languages.			
Names of Books.		No. of Copies.	Names of Books.		No. of Copies.	
Cavalry Memoranda	...	150	Catechism	...	300	
South India Rifle Report	...	400	Tracts (Various)	...	15,000	
London Mission Annual Report	...	300				
Geographical Hand Book	...	500				
Report of Bible Society	...	300				
Report of Tract and Book Society	...	300				
Catalogue of Book in Literary Institute	...	300				
English Tracts (Various)	...	51,000				
Novena of St. Joseph	...	500	Gnana Varthana	...	500	
Butlers' Catechism	...	1,000	First Kanarese Book	...	1,000	
Arithmetical Tables	...	1,000	Gnanopadesa	...	500	
...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	Jaimini Bharata	...	2,000	
...	...	...	Kaivalya Paddhati	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Krishnalile	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Arabian Nights entertainments	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Sukasaptati	...	1,250	
...	...	...	Pancha Blashe Balalile	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Kalinga Mardana	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Tambakini Prasanga	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Mairavana Cheritre	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Vasanta Lilé	...	4,000	
...	...	...	Hanumad Vilása	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Narasimha Setaka	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Baluskshe	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Santhivatham	...	1,000	
...	...	...	Bhag.nagarada Kathe	...	1,000	

NAME OF PRESS.	NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS.						PERIODICALS.					
	Daily.		Bi or Tri-weekly.		Weekly.		Monthly.	Quarterly.	Yearly.		Occasionally.	
	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.	English.	Other Languages.
Mysore Book Depôt Press...							Law Journal in Kanarese.					
Bahrul Islam Press	...	...	...	...		...	Manshore Muham-madi, tri-monthly 300.	Bangalore Guardian 100.	...	...	...	...
Firdusi Press	...	...	...	...		...			...	...	...	...
Chamaraj Press	...	...	...	...		...	Khasim ul Akbhar 312.	...	...	...	...	...

(Concluded.)

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN THE YEAR.				
English.		Other Languages.		REMARKS.
Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	Names of Books.	No. of Copies.	
		Cattle Trespass Act	600	
		Hindu Law	1,000	
		Bills of Exchange Act	1,000	
		Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Act	850	
		Revenue Survey Rules... ..	500	
		Patel-Shanbhogs' Rules	1,000	
		Hari Bhakti Sara	1,000	
		Chitrasena Kalaga	1,000	
		Temalramakrishna Kathe	1,000	
		Siva Kavaecha	1,000	
		Krishnarjuna Kalaga	1,000	
		Somesvara Setaka	1,000	
		Bhaganagarda Kathe	1,000	
		Samudrikashastra (With notes)	1,250	
		Bhagavat Kirtanegala	400	
		Sambasura Kalaga	1,000	
		Bramhananda Setaka	1,000	
		Basava Purana	1,000	
		Balagraha	1,000	
		Sarvagna Padagalu	1,000	
		Malahari Mahatme	1,000	
		Rukmani Swayamvara	1,000	
		Airavata	1,000	
		<i>Hindustani.</i>		
		Izhari Hakhakat	250	
		Syantul Iman	300	
		Katavi Cehli	300	
		Talim Namah	1,000	
		Ruhul Iman	1,000	
		Dewani Vais	250	
		Ihabatul Amal	400	
		Parai Um	150	
		Hadaai Mahadavin	300	
		Hidatul Muslameen	300	

V. STATISTICS OF LIFE.

A. BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES.

Statement shewing the Deaths registered in the Registration Circles and Towns of the Mysore Province during the year 1874.

DEATHS REGISTERED FROM DIFFERENT CAUSES.																											
Number.	Districts.	Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fevers.			Bowel complaints.			Injuries.						Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.									
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.			Females.	Total.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
1	Bangalore	...	...	...	180	190	370	3,147	2,930	6,077	370	291	661	14	15	29	12	3	15	115	94	209	14	10	24		
2	Kolar	...	...	...	75	58	133	2,419	2,000	4,419	327	262	589	15	8	23	7	3	10	58	64	122	17	10	27		
3	Tumkūr	...	...	1	81	85	166	1,414	1,138	2,547	222	148	370	3	4	7	1	0	1	52	49	101	20	4	24		
4	Mysore	...	...	...	135	125	260	3,511	2,464	5,975	632	465	1,097	10	6	16	13	6	19	63	49	112	20	7	27		
5	Hassan	...	...	...	163	105	268	1,782	1,173	2,955	324	239	563	7	3	10	5	1	6	32	41	73	17	3	20		
6	Shimoga	...	...	...	24	22	46	1,753	1,421	3,174	526	382	908	14	11	25	5	0	5	16	18	34	8	15	23		
7	Kadur	...	...	...	67	44	111	988	838	1,826	414	358	772	8	13	21	4	5	9	28	27	55	9	3	12		
8	Chitaldroog	...	...	1	94	87	181	1,247	938	2,185	208	190	398	3	3	6	4	4	8	52	34	86	10	4	14		
Total.....		1	1	2	819	716	1,535	16,261	12,897	29,158	3,023	2,335	5,358	74	63	137	51	22	73	416	376	792	115	56	171		

V. A. (Concluded.)

Number.	Districts.	DEATHS REGISTERED ACCORDING TO AGE.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
		All other Causes.				Total Deaths from all causes.				Adults.				Old People.				Total.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
		Males.		Females.	Total.	Males.		Females.	Total.	Males.		Females.	Total.	Males.		Females.	Total.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
		27	28			29	30			31	32			33	34				35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												

V. B.—

*Return shewing the Diseases treated and the Deaths from each
Mysore in the*

Place and Class of Hospital or of Patients.	Number of each											
	Cholera. Small-Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	Remittent.	Continued. Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Diseases.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.
NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.												
BANGALORE DISTRICT.												
<i>Pete Civil Dispensary.</i>												
European Patients ...	...	53	1	...	...	12	15	1	...	50	...	1
Native Patients ...	...	2,288	1	...	...	176	263	11	35	690	6	32
Out-door ...	...	2,341	2	...	...	188	274	12	35	740	6	33
<i>Bowering Civil Hospital.</i>												
European Patients ...	4	57	3	4	3	83	145	15	4	388	11	...
Native Patients ...	16	546	16	10	4	251	331	24	37	767	46	30
In-door ...	17	87	8	1	7	37	60	13	10	61	28	21
Out-door ...	3	516	11	13	1	297	416	26	31	1,094	29	9
TUMKUR DISTRICT.												
<i>Civil Dispensary at Tumkur.</i>												
European Patients ...	...	72	...	...	...	8	22	2	1	36	...	...
Native Patients ...	...	606	1	...	...	37	60	3	3	166	...	16
In-door ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door ...	...	678	1	...	...	45	82	5	4	202	...	16
KOLAR DISTRICT.												
<i>Civil Dispensary at Kolar.</i>												
European Patients ...	...	15	...	1	...	2	9	...	...	22	...	...
Native Patients ...	1	539	...	...	...	90	112	2	16	121	7	26
In-door ...	1	2	...	...	...	4	...	...	1	6	...	2
Out-door ...	...	552	...	1	...	88	121	2	15	137	7	24
<i>Civil Dispensary at Chikballapur.</i>												
European Patients ...	...	19	...	...	...	2	4	...	...	6	...	...
Native Patients ...	...	761	7	19	...	42	51	...	10	166	1	13
In-door ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door ...	...	780	7	19	...	44	55	...	10	172	1	13
NAGAR DIVISION.												
SHIMOGA DISTRICT.												
<i>Civil Hospital at Shimoga.</i>												
European Patients ...	...	59	...	2	...	11	21	...	...	56	...	...
Native Patients ...	3	1,359	10	18	2	142	212	10	29	318	1	23
In-door ...	1	42	1	1	2	7	11	...	5	10	1	6
Out-door ...	2	1,376	9	19	...	146	222	10	24	364	...	17

DISPENSARIES.

*Class of Disease in the Dispensaries and Hospitals, &c., in the Province of
year 1874.*

Disease treated.							Deaths from each Disease.																						
Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Veneral Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	" Remittent.	" Continued.	" Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Diseases.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Veneral Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.
...	10	6	1	16	12	234	412	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
1	818	441	249	3,408	1,050	11,151	20,620	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	
1	828	447	250	3,424	1,062	11,585	21,032	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	
1	138	56	42	242	114	2,217	3,527	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	14	
1	1,117	463	229	3,577	1,750	10,219	19,438	...	5	1	6	...	4	2	7	23	2	...	15	8	9	...	2	7	...	9	961	170	
1	73	156	18	100	127	688	1,516	...	6	1	6	...	6	2	8	23	3	...	16	10	9	...	2	7	...	8	962	178	
1	1,182	363	253	3,719	1,737	11,748	21,449	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	6	
...	9	...	...	5	17	176	348	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	129	61	181	515	318	2,173	4,269	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	4	
...	138	61	181	520	335	2,349	4,617	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	4	
...	4	...	2	1	6	97	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	309	128	193	913	253	3,084	5,794	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	7	3	...	12	11	38	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	306	125	195	902	248	3,143	5,866	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	4	3	1	3	43	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	243	133	279	963	300	4,202	7,195	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	
...	249	137	282	964	303	4,245	7,281	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	
...	5	3	5	13	2	191	368	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	
...	283	135	893	1,002	232	3,535	8,262	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	...	...	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	8	24	
...	22	18	1	34	19	56	237	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	...	...	2	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	6	21	
...	266	120	902	981	265	3,670	8,393	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	5	

Place and Class of Hospital or of Patients.	Number of each													
	Cholera. Small-Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	Remittent.	Continued. " Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Diseases.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.		
KADUR DISTRICT.														
<i>Civil Dispensary at Chikmagalur.</i>														
European Patients ...	...	38	14	...	1	9	42	7	...	53	...	...		
Native Patients ...	1	623	10	3	2	194	242	16	62	334	10	34		
In-door ...	...	6	10	2	...	8	14	2	8	11	3	11		
Out-door ...	1	655	18	4	1	195	273	21	54	376	7	23		
CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.														
<i>Civil Dispensary at Chitaldroog.</i>														
European Patients ...	...	69	...	...	...	6	8	1	1	18	1	...		
Native Patients ...	...	645	...	...	...	88	99	...	13	114	5	5		
In-door ...	...	23	...	...	...	4	14	...	3	6	2	...		
Out-door ...	...	691	...	...	...	90	93	1	11	126	4	5		
ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.														
MYSORE DISTRICT.														
<i>His Highness Raja's Hospital at Mysore.</i>														
European Patients ...	...	189	3	...	...	24	58	1	7	56	...	...		
Native Patients ...	...	3,620	26	...	...	295	259	8	118	697	3	80		
In-door ...	...	159	4	...	...	39	19	2	25	11	2	21		
Out-door ...	...	3,660	25	...	...	280	298	7	100	742	1	59		
HASSAN DISTRICT.														
<i>Civil Dispensary at Hassan.</i>														
European Patients ...	...	25	1	...	...	4	15	...	1	28	...	...		
Native Patients ...	...	710	...	...	...	85	109	7	39	294	...	5		
In-door ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Out-door ...	...	734	1	...	...	89	124	7	40	322	...	5		
<i>Civil Dispensary at Sethalli.</i>														
European Patients ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Native Patients ...	...	50	768	10	...	48	23	1	14	6	...	2		
In-door ...	...	1	24	10	...	2	2	...	...	1	...	...		
Out-door ...	...	49	744	...	...	46	21	1	14	5	...	2		
Total European Patients.....	4	596	22	7	3	1	161	339	27	14	713	12	1	
Total Native Patients.....	21	11,737	1,009	57	9	6	1,448	1,761	82	376	3,673	79	266	
Total of both.....	25	12,353	1,031	64	12	7	1,609	2,100	109	390	4,386	91	267	
Total In-door.....	19	321	47	12	11	3	101	117	17	52	166	36	61	
Total Out-door.....	6	12,032	984	52	1	4	158	1,983	92	338	4,280	55	206	

(Concluded.)

Disease treated.							Deaths from each Disease.																						
Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Veneral Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	" Remittent.	" Continued.	" Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Diseases.	Respiratory Diseases.	Phtisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Veneral Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.
...	16	6	...	7	10	204	407	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	
...	293	98	79	515	274	2,929	5,889	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	3	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	5	14	
...	16	18	1	14	5	48	174	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	3	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	5	14	
...	293	86	78	508	279	3,085	6,122	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	...	6	1	57	171	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	109	39	321	363	99	2,063	3,983	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	11	7	4	13	11	68	166	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	101	32	317	356	89	2,052	3,968	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	28	2	5	13	13	284	688	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4		
...	1,256	143	374	2,829	496	8,482	18,696	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	11	11	...	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	2	27	66		
...	43	55	4	70	43	247	744	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	12	11	...	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	2	27	67		
...	1,241	90	375	2,772	466	8,519	18,635	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	27	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	4	...	3	4	3	86	174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1		
...	334	39	195	710	282	373	6,512	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	3	
...	1	...	...	...	7	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	
...	337	39	198	714	278	3,789	6,677	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	19	...	91	84	68	374	1,558	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	
...	1	...	1	...	2	4	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	
...	18	...	90	84	66	370	1,510	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	218	77	61	308	181	3,589	6,335	...	1	...	3	...	2	1	2	1	1	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	25	
2	4,915	1,680	3,089	14,879	5,172	51,912	1,02,196	...	5	...	6	...	6	2	22	44	3	...	21	8	23	...	2	7	...	12	11	109	289
3	5,133	1,757	3,150	15,187	5,353	55,501	1,08,531	...	6	9	...	8	3	24	45	4	...	24	10	23	...	2	7	...	12	11	117	314	
1	174	257	29	243	225	1,149	2,981	...	6	7	...	8	2	23	44	3	...	22	10	20	...	2	7	...	11	11	102	284	
2	4,959	1,500	3,121	14,944	5,128	54,355	1,05,550	...	2	3	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	15	30	

V. C. VACCINATION.

V. C.—3. Return of Vaccine Operations in the Province of Mysore during the year 1874.

DISTRICTS.	Number of Operators.	Number of Persons vaccinated.			Cost of Operations during the year.	Total Number of Successful Operations recorded to date.	REMARKS.
		Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.			
<i>By Vaccinators.</i>							
Superintendent's Office Establishment	0	0	0	0	240	0	
Bangalore District	12,12,775	783	1,870	15,428	1,611	12,775	
Kolar "	14	11,454	534	1,878	1,498	11,454	
Tumkur "	10	10,568	935	660	1,337	10,568	
Mysore "	14	16,766	485	132	1,882	16,766	
Hassan "	11	12,439	309	212	1,379	12,439	
Shimoga "	9	6,545	521	216	889	6,545	
Kadur "	7	5,628	546	86	760	5,628	
Chitaldroog "	10	11,561	497	325	1,319	11,561	
Total.....	84	87,734	4,610	5,169	10,897	87,734	
<i>By Medical Subordinates.</i>							
Nunddroog Division	22	460	105	10	34	460	
Ashtagram "	5	138	242	3	0	138	
Nagar "	8	560	45	18	0	560	
Total.....	35	1,158	392	31	34	1,158	



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